REAL-TIME COMMUNICATION SYSTEM POWERED BY AI FOR SPECIALLY ABLED

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S.No.	Title	Author	Abstract
1.	Communication	Rajat Sharma	The process of communication
	Device for Differently		between marginalized communities
	Abled People: A	Vikrant Bhateja	like deaf-blind-dumb people has
	Prototype Model		always been a matter of great
		S. C. Satapathy	concern and these differently abled
			people are not able to easily
		Swarnima Gupta	communicate their thoughts and
			talks with other people as normal
			people does by using mobile
			phones, etc. So, it is the greatest
			need of this hour to think and act
			upon the development of such
			people as they are also the equal
			part of our society. The proposed
			model in this paper, proposes a
			finely tuned solution to mitigate
			this problem of ever-increasing
			communication gap between
			differently abled people and
			normal people. The architecture of
			this portable device is presented
			and its operations are discussed via
			three embedded algorithms for
			faster, easier, and accurate message
			communication.
2.	Sign Language	Dipalee Golekar	This paper focuses on a review of
	Recognition using		the literature on hand gesture
	Python and OpenCV	Ravindra Bula	techniques and introduces their
			merits and limitations under
		Rutuja Hole	different circumstances. The
			theories of hand segmentation and

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		Sidheshwar	the hand detection system, which
		Katare	employ the Haar cascade classifier,
			may be used to construct hand
		Prof. Sonali Parab	gesture recognition using Python
			and OpenCV. The use of hand
			gestures as a natural interface
			motivates research in gesture
			taxonomies, representations, and
			recognition algorithms, as well as
			software platforms and
			frameworks, all of which are
			briefly covered in this paper. We
			represent a comprehensive review
			of vision-based sign recognition
			algorithms published in the
			previous 16 years, emphasising the
			importance of taking these things
			into consideration in addition to
			the algorithm's recognition
			accuracy when predicting its
			successful in real world
			applications.
3.	Sign Language	Muskan Dhiman	The project aims at building a
	Recognition		machine learning model that will
			be able to classify the various hand
			gestures used for fingerspelling in
			sign language. In this user
			independent model, classification
			machine learning algorithms are
			trained using a set of image data
			and testing is done on a completely
			different set of data. For the image
			dataset, depth images are used,
			which gave better results than
			some of the previous literatures
			[4], owing to the reduced pre-
			processing time. Various machine
			learning algorithms are applied on
			the datasets, including
			Convolutional Neural Network
			(CNN). An attempt is made to
			increase the accuracy of the CNN
			model by pre-training it on the
			Imagenet dataset. However, a
			small dataset was used for pre-
			training, which gave an accuracy
			of 15% during training.
4.	D-Talk: Sign	Bayan	Technology is the most innovative
	Language Recognition	Mohammed Saleh	thing on Earth for every time the
	Language Recognition		
	System for People		clock ticks, researchers, software

	with Disability using	Reem Ibrahim Al-	engineers, programmers, and
	Machine Learning and	Beshr	information technology specialists
	Image Processing	Besin	are always coming up with bright
	image 110cessing	Muhammad	ideas to provide convenience to
		Usman Tariq	everyone. This paper shows how
		Coman rang	artificial intelligence is being used
			to help people who are unable to
			do what most people do in their
			everyday lives. Aligned with
			communication, D-talk is a system
			that allows people who are unable
			to talk and hear be fully understood
			and for them to learn their
			language easier and also for the
			people that would interact and
			communicate with them. This
			system provides detailed hand
			gestures that show the
			interpretation at the bottom so that
			everyone can understand them.
			This research allows the readers to
			learn the system and what it can do
			to people who are struggling with
			what they are not capable of and
			will provide the technical terms on
			how the system works.
5.	An innovative	Anisha Kumar	One of the most precious gifts to a
	communication system		human being is an ability to see,
	for deaf, dumb and	R. Raushan	listen, speak and respond
	blind people.		according to the situations. But
	1 1	S. Aditya	there are some unfortunate ones
		·	who are deprived of this. Making a
		Vishal Kumar	single compact device for people
		Jaiswal	with Visual, Hearing and Vocal
			impairment is a tough job.
			Communication between deaf-
			dumb and normal person have
			been always a challenging task.
			This paper proposes an innovative
			communication system framework
			for deaf, dumb and blind people in
			a single compact device. We
			provide a technique for a blind
			person to read a text and it can be
			achieved by capturing an image
			through a camera which converts a
			text to speech (TTS). It provides a
			way for the deaf people to read a
		i	
1			text by speech to text (STT) conversion technology. Also, it

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			provides a technique for dumb
			people using text to voice
			conversion. The system is provided
			with four switches and each switch
			has a different function. The blind
			people can be able to read the
			words using by Tesseract OCR
			(Online Character Recognition),
			the dumb people can communicate
			their message through text which
			will be read out by espeak, the deaf
			people can be able to hear others
			speech from text. All these
			functions are implemented by the
			use of Raspberry Pi.
6.	A Face Based Real	Ong Chin Ann	The main purpose of this research
	Time Communication	0 2	is to enhance the communication
	for Physically and	Marlene lu	of the disabled community. The
	Speech Disabled	17100110110	proposed model comprises of
	People	Bee Theng Lau	automated real time behaviour
		Dec Theng Laa	monitoring, designed and
			implemented with the ubiquitous
			and affordable concept in mind to
			suit the underprivileged. The
			authors present the prototype
			which encapsulates an automated
			facial expression recognition
			-
			system for monitoring the disabled, equipped with a feature to send
			* * *
			Short Messaging System (SMS)
			for notification purposes. The
			authors adapted the Viola-Jones
			face detection algorithm at the face
			detection stage and implemented
			template matching technique for
			the expression classification and
			recognition stage.