SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON

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Project Name	NUTRITION ASSISTANT APPLICATION

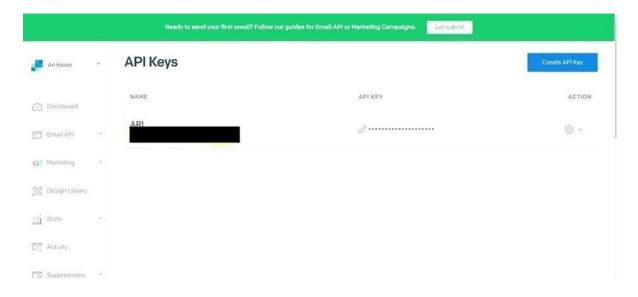
STEP 1:

REQUIREMENTS:

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

STEP 2:

Create an API key



STEP 3:

PAKAGE: > pip installsendgrid

SETP 4:

SEND EMAIL

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
1 import os
2 from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
3 from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
5 message = Mail (
6
       from email='from email@example.com',
       to emails='to@example.com',
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
8
      html_content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
      sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID_API_KEY'))
12
       response = sg.send(message)
13
     print(response.status_code)
14
      print (response.body)
15
      print (response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17
      print (e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
      def __init__(self, response):
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                           on a urllib.build opener()
          :type response: urllib response object
          self._status_code = response.getcode()
          self._body = response.read()
          self. headers = response.info()
      def status code (self):
          :return: integer, status code of API call
      def body(self):
          :return: response from the API
44
```

```
def headers (self):
       :return: dict of response headers
       return self. headers
       :return: dict of response from the API
       if self.body:
           return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
   def init (self,
                 request headers=None,
                url_path=None,
                append_slash=False,
       :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
https://api.sendgrid.com)
       :type host: string
       :param request headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
           :type request headers: dictionary
           :param version: The version number of the API.
  behavior.
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
87
           :type version: integer
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
           self.request headers = request headers or ()
           self. url path = url path or []
           self.append slash = append slash
          self.timeout = timeout
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
104
               (e.g. client. (1/v31))
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
            :type url: string
            return '()/v()()'.format(self.host, str(self. version),
  url)
110
        def build url(self, query params):
111
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
115
            :type query_params: dictionary
117
118
            ur1 = ""
            while count < len(self. url path):
121
                url += '/()'.format(self._url_path[count])
124
            If self.append slash:
126
127
128
            guery params:
129
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
131
132
133
134
135
                url = '()()'.format(self.host, url)
136
137
138
        def _update_headers(self, request_headers):
139
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
            :type request headers: dictionary
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
147
```

```
:param name: Name of the url segment
            :type name: string
154
            url path = self. url path + [name] if name else
  self. url path
                           request headers=self.request headers,
158
                           url path=url path,
                           append slash=self.append slash,
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
            :type request: urllib.Request object
172
            :return: urllib response
174
175
176
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
179
                exc. cause = None
                 logger.debug('(method) Response: (status)
```

```
method=request.get method(),
                   status=exc.status code,
                  body=exc.body))
                raise exc
184
               (e.g. /your/api/(variable value)/call)
              Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
190
              in your url, you must use this method.
191
           :param name: Name of the url segment
           :type name: string
194
195
196
       def getattr (self, name):
              (e.g. client.name.name.method())
              You can also add a version number by using
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
204
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
206
               def get version (*args, **kwargs):
                   :param args: dict of settings
210
                   :param kwargs: unused
```

```
213
                    self. version = args[0]
                    return self._build_client()
217
219
            if name in self.methods:
               method = name.upper()
221
               def http_request(
223
                        request_body=None,
224
                        query params=None,
                        request headers=None,
227
229
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
 propagated to
230
                        urllib client
231
                    :type timeout: float
232
                    :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
 merged into
233
                        current client object state
234
                    :type request_headers: dict
235
                    :param query_params: HTTP query parameters
236
                    :type query params: dict
237
                    :param request body: HTTP request body
238
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                    :param kwargs:
240
                    ! request_headers:
```

```
243
                        self. update headers (request headers)
244
245
                    if request body is None:
                        data = None
249
                         if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
                             data = request body.encode('utf-8')
254
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
                             data =
   json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request(
                        self. build url (query params),
                        headers=self.request headers,
263
                        data=data,
264
                     request.get method = lambda: method
                     logger.debug('[method] Request: [url]'.format(
                         method=method,
                         url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                        logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                             data=request.data))
273
                     logger.debug('HEADERS: (headers)'.format(
274
                         headers=request.headers))
275
```

```
276
                   response = Response(
                       self. make request (opener, request,
timeout=timeout)
278
279
                   logger.debug('(method) Response: (status)
                       method=method,
                       status=response.status code,
                       body=response.body))
284
                return response
286
              return http_request
292
      def getstate (self):
        return self. dict
294
295
```