SMS SPAM CLASSIFICATION

In [1]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns from sklearn.model selection import train test split from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder In [2]: from tensorflow.keras.models import Model from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import RMSprop from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import sequence from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping %matplotlib inline

READ DATASET AND DO PREPROCESSING

In [3]: df = pd.read csv(r'spam.csv',encoding='latin-1') In [4]: df.head() Out[4]: v1 Unnamed: 2 Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4 Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ... NaN NaN NaN ham 1 NaN NaN NaN ham Ok lar... Joking wif u oni... spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina... NaN NaN NaN 3 ham U dun say so early hor... U c already then say... NaN NaN NaN Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro... NaN NaN NaN ham

In [5]:

```
df.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],axis=1,inplace=True)
                                                                          In [6]:
df.info()
RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
Data columns (total 2 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
   v1
             5572 non-null
                             object
1 v2
            5572 non-null object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 87.2+ KB
                                                                          In [7]:
sns.countplot(df.v1)
plt.xlabel('x-axis')
plt.title('Number of ham and spam messages')
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/ decorators.py:43: FutureWarni
ng: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the o
nly valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments wit
hout an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.
  FutureWarning
                                                                         Out[7]:
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of ham and spam messages')
```

CREATE INPUT VECTORS AND PROCESS LABELS

```
In [8]:
X = df.v2
Y = df.v1

In [9]:
le = LabelEncoder()
Y = le.fit_transform(Y)

In [10]:
Y = Y.reshape(-1,1)
```

SPLIT THE TRAINING AND TESTING DATA

```
In [11]:
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.20)
```

PROCESS THE DATA

```
In [12]:
max_words = 1000
max_len = 150

In [13]:
tok = Tokenizer(num_words=max_words)
tok.fit_on_texts(X_train)

In [14]:
sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
sequences_matrix = sequence.pad_sequences(sequences, maxlen=max_len)
```

CREATE MODELS AND ADD LAYERS

In [15]: def RNN(): inputs = Input(name='inputs', shape=[max len]) layer = Embedding(max words, 50, input length=max len) (inputs) layer = LSTM(128) (layer) layer = Dense(256, name='FC1') (layer) layer = Activation('relu')(layer) layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)layer = Dense(1, name='out layer')(layer) layer = Activation('tanh')(layer) model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer) return model In [16]: model = RNN()In [17]: model.summary() Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
inputs (InputLayer)	[(None, 150)]	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 150, 50)	50000
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 128)	91648
FC1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	33024
activation (Activation)	(None, 256)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
out_layer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257

FIT THE MODEL

```
In [20]:
model.fit(sequences matrix, Y train, batch size=128, epochs=100,
validation split=0.2, callbacks=[EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', min delta=0.
0001)])
Epoch 1/100
racy: 0.9778 - mse: 0.0358 - mae: 0.1438 - val loss: 0.1271 - val accuracy: 0
.9832 - val mse: 0.0568 - val mae: 0.2060
Epoch 2/100
racy: 0.9885 - mse: 0.0607 - mae: 0.2129 - val loss: 0.1175 - val accuracy: 0
.9821 - val mse: 0.0766 - val mae: 0.2416
                                                             Out[20]:
                                                              In [21]:
test sequences = tok.texts to sequences(X test)
test sequences matrix = sequence.pad sequences(test sequences, maxlen=max len)
                                                              In [22]:
accr = model.evaluate(test_sequences_matrix,Y_test)
35/35 [============= ] - 3s 92ms/step - loss: 0.1390 - accura
cy: 0.9821 - mse: 0.0779 - mae: 0.2393
                                                              In [23]:
print('Test set\n Loss: {:0.3f}\n Accuracy:
{:0.3f}'.format(accr[0],accr[1]))
Test set
 Loss: 0.139
 Accuracy: 0.982
```

SAVE THE MODEL

In [24]:

model.save(r"C:\Users\aruna\OneDrive\Desktop\model lSTM.h5")

TEST THE MODEL

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