

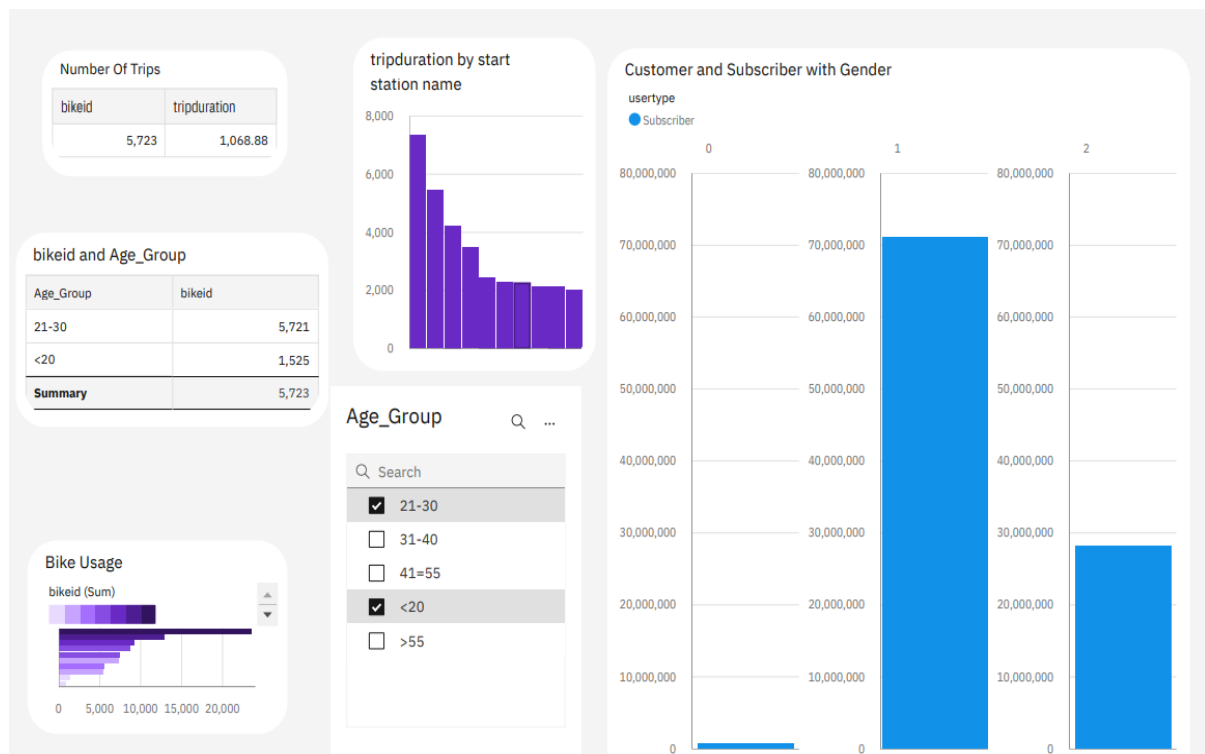
Project Development Phase Sprint 3

Date	07 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID22565
Team Lead	Mahesh S M
Team Members	Pranav M Kabilraj S Robert Samuel J
Project Name	A New hint to transportation – Analysis of the NYC bike share system.
Maximum Marks	20 Marks

Creating a dashboard including all the visualizations created in the cognos platform:

This dashboard has the charts including

- i) **Number of trips**
- ii) **Customer and Subscriber percentage with gender**
- iii) **Bike Usage**
- iv) **BikeId and Age Group**
- v) **Trip duration by start station name**



Visualization Charts using Python:

Finding the number of trips per bike:

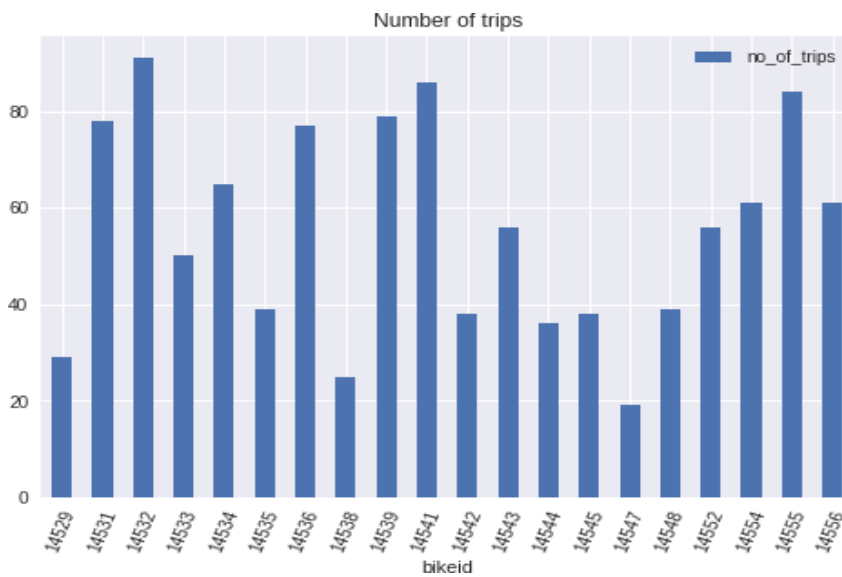
```
trips = pd.DataFrame() #creating a dataframe
```

```
trips['no_of_trips'] = df.groupby("bikeid")["bikeid"].count() #finding the number of trips by each bike
```

```
trips['avg_duration'] = df.groupby("bikeid")["tripduration"].mean() #avg duration of the trips
```

```
trips_graph=trips.head(20)
```

```
trips_graph.plot.bar(x="bikeid", y="no_of_trips", rot=70, title="Number of trips")
```



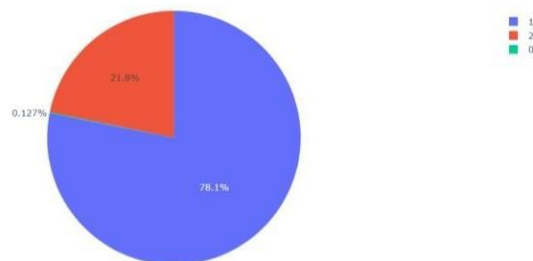
Gender Variation:

```
plt.pie(values = df_bike['Gender'].value_counts(),
```

```
names =df_bike['Gender'].value_counts().index,
```

```
title ="Gender Variation")
```

Gender Variation



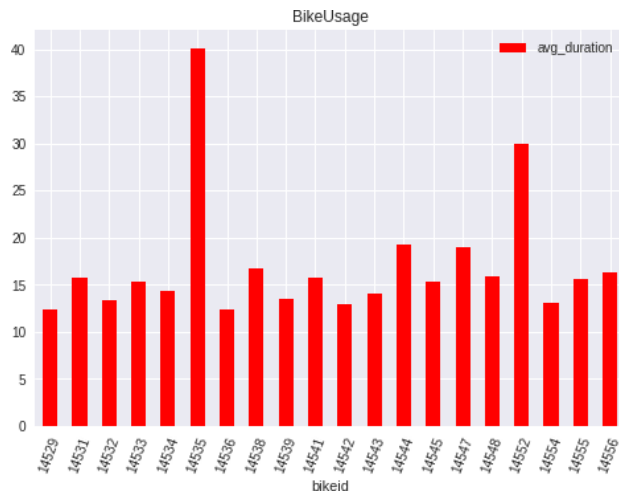
Percentage of Subscribers and Customers:

Subscribers vs Customers



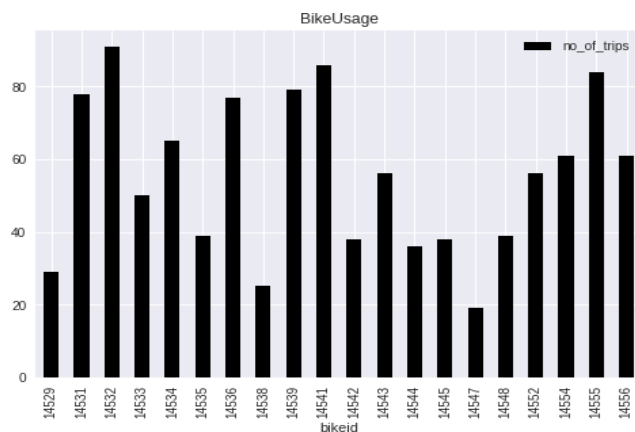
Bike Usage Based on Average Duration:

```
trips_graph.plot.bar(x="bikeid", y="avg_duration", rot=70, title="BikeUsage",color="red")
```



Bike Usage Based on No of Trips:

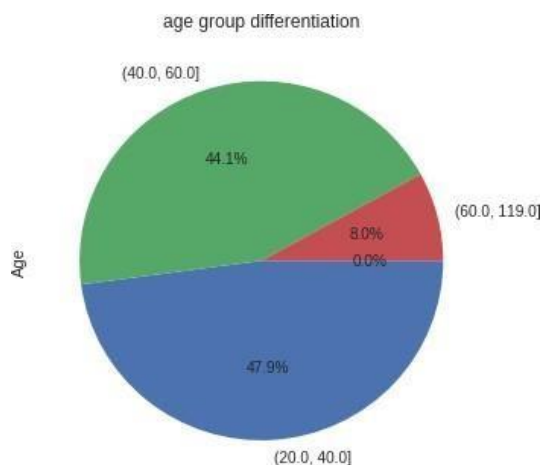
```
trips_graph.plot.bar(x="bikeid", y="no_of_trips", rot=90, title="BikeUsage",color="black")
```



Age Group Differentiation:

```
agegroup = pd.cut(df['Age'], bins=bins).value_counts()
```

```
agegroup.plot.pie(autopct="%.1f%%",title='age group differentiation',counterclock=False);
```



Top 10 Start Station:

```
most=pd.DataFrame()

most_graph=pd.DataFrame()

most['name']=df["start station name"].value_counts().index
most['count']=df["start station name"].value_counts().values

most_graph=most.head(15)

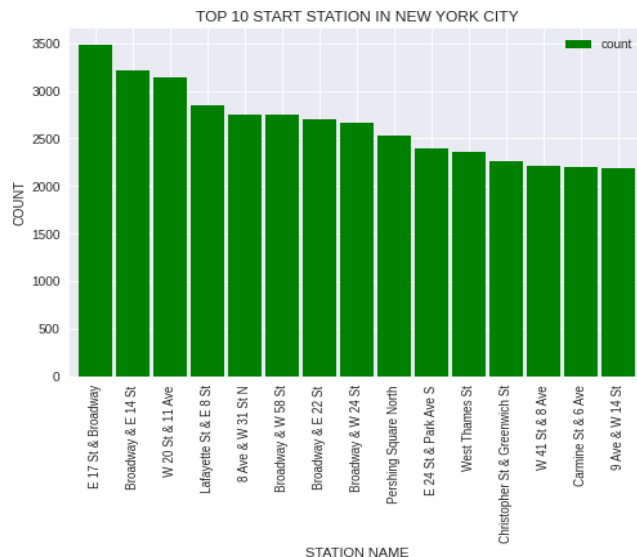
most_graph.plot.bar(x="name", y="count", width=0.9,rot=90, title="BikeUsage",color="green")

plt.xlabel("STATION NAME")

plt.ylabel("COUNT")

plt.title("TOP 10 START STATION IN NEW YORK CITY")

plt.show()
```



Finding the Peak Hours of Travel:

```
ind=peak_hour["Hour"].value_counts().index
y=peak_hour["Hour"].value_counts().values

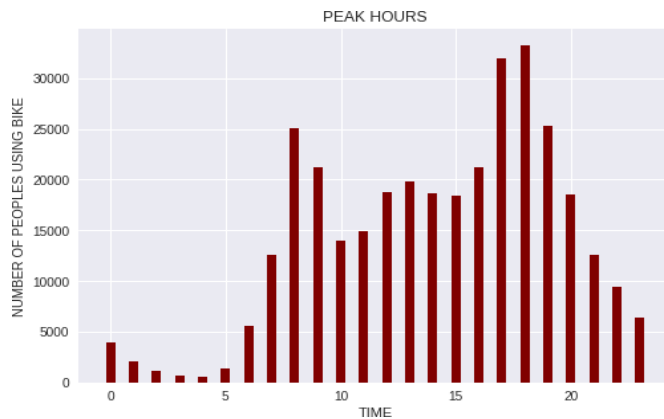
plt.bar(ind, y, color='maroon', width = 0.4)

plt.xlabel("TIME")

plt.ylabel("NUMBER OF PEOPLES USING BIKE")

plt.title("PEAK HOURS")

plt.show()
```



Bike Trend for the month June:

#converting string to datetime object

```
df['starttime'] = pd.to_datetime(df['starttime'])
```

#since we are dealing with single month, we grouping by days

#using count aggregation to get number of occurrences i.e, total trips per day

```
start_time_count = df.set_index('starttime').groupby(pd.Grouper(freq='D')).count()
```

#we have data from July month for only one day which is at last row, lets drop it

```
start_time_count.drop(start_time_count.tail(1).index, axis=0, inplace=True)
```

#again grouping by day and aggregating with sum to get total trip duration per day

#which will used while plotting

```
trip_duration_count = df.set_index('starttime').groupby(pd.Grouper(freq='D')).sum()
```

#again dropping the last row for same reason

```
trip_duration_count.drop(trip_duration_count.tail(1).index, axis=0, inplace=True)
```

#plotting total rides per day

#using start station id to get the count

```
fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(25,10))
```

```
ax.bar(start_time_count.index, 'start station id', data=start_time_count, label='Total riders')
```

#bbox_to_anchor is to position the legend box

```
ax.legend(loc="lower left", bbox_to_anchor=(0.01, 0.89), fontsize='20')
```

```
ax.set_xlabel('Days of the month June 2018', fontsize=30)
```

```
ax.set_ylabel('Riders', fontsize=40)
```

```
ax.set_title('Bikers trend for the month June', fontsize=50)
```

#creating twin x axis to plot line chart is same figure

```
ax2=ax.twinx()
```

#plotting total trip duration of all user per day

```
ax2.plot('tripduration', data=trip_duration_count, color='y', label='Total trip duration', marker='o', line
width=5, markersize=12)
```

```
ax2.set_ylabel('Time duration', fontsize=40)
```

```
ax2.legend(loc="upper left", bbox_to_anchor=(0.01, 0.9), fontsize='20')
```

```

ax.set_xticks(trip_duration_count.index)
ax.set_xticklabels([i for i in range(1,31)])

#tweeking x and y ticks labels of axes1
ax.tick_params(labelsize=30, labelcolor='#eb4034')
#tweeking x and y ticks labels of axes2
ax2.tick_params(labelsize=30, labelcolor='#eb4034')

plt.show()

```

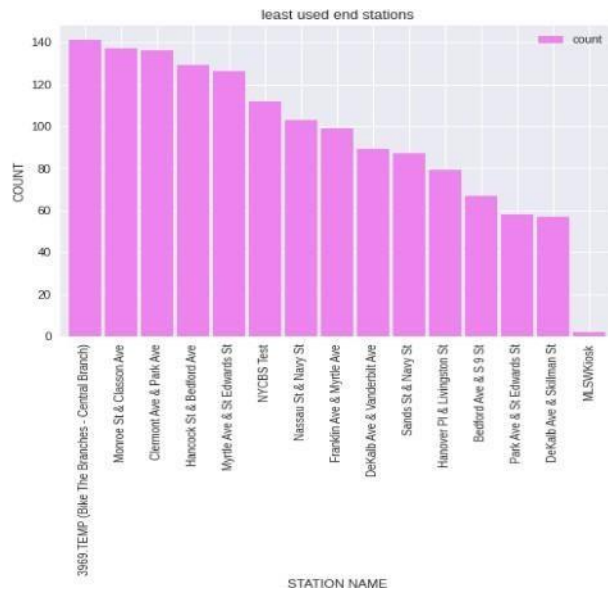


Least Used End Stations:

```

least=pd.DataFrame()
least_graph=pd.DataFrame()
least['name']=df["end station name"].value_counts().index
least['count']=df["end station name"].value_counts().values
least_graph=least.tail(15)
least_graph
least_graph.plot.bar(x="name", y="count", width=0.9,rot=90, title="BikeUsage",color="violet")
plt.xlabel("STATION NAME")
plt.ylabel("COUNT")
plt.title("least used end stations")
plt.show()

```



Same start and end location Vs Different start and end location:

#number of trips that started and ended at same station

```
start_end_same = df[df['start station name'] == df['end station name']].shape[0]
```

#number of trips that started and ended at different station

```
start_end_diff = df.shape[0]-start_end_same
```

```
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
```

```
ax.pie([start_end_same,start_end_diff], labels=['Same', 'Different'], autopct='%1.2f%%', textprops={'fontstyle': 'italic'})
```

```
ax.set_title('Same start and end location vs Different start and end location', fontsize=20)
```

```
circle = Circle((0,0), 0.6, facecolor='white')
```

```
ax.add_artist(circle)
```

```
plt.show()
```

Same start and end location vs Different start and end location

