Exercises

Answer the questions or complete the tasks outlined in bold below, use the specific method described if applicable.

```
** What is 7 to the power of 4?**
print(7**4);
     2401
Double-click (or enter) to edit
** Split this string:**
 s = "Hi there Sam!"
*into a list. *
s="Hi there dad!"
s=s.split()
print(s);
     ['Hi', 'there', 'dad!']
** Given the variables:**
 planet = "Earth"
 diameter = 12742
** Use .format() to print the following string: ** The
 diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.
planet = "Earth"
diameter = 12742
planet = "Earth"
diameter = 12742 print(
'The diameter of {} is
```

```
{} kilometers.'
.format(planet,diameter
));
     The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.
** Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello" **
1st = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
lst = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
a=lst[3][1][2]; print(a)
     'hello'
** Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be annoying/tricky **
d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]
d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
print(d['k1'][3]["tricky"][3]['target'][3])
     'hello'
** What is the main difference between a tuple and a list? **
# Tuple is immutable #Tuples
operations are safe.
#Tuples consumes less memory.
** Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form: **
 user@domain.com
So for example, passing "user@domain.com" would return: domain.com
def domainGet(email):
    print("Your domain is: " + email.split('@')[-1])
email = input("Please enter your email: >")
domainGet(email)
```

domainGet('user@domain.com')

```
'domain.com'
```

** Create a basic function that returns True if the word 'dog' is contained in the input string. Don't worry about edge cases like a punctuation being attached to the word dog, but do account for capitalization. **

```
def findDog(st):
    if 'dog' in st.lower():
        print("True")
    else:
        print("False")
st = "Is there a dog here?"
findDog(st)
findDog('Is there a dog here?')
     True
** Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Again
ignore edge cases. **
value = 'This dog runs faster than the other dog dude!';
def countdogs(value):
    count = 0 for word in
    value.lower().split():
        if word == 'dog' or word == 'dogs':
            count = count + 1
            print(count)
countdogs(value)
```

Problem

2

*You are driving a little too fast, and a police oficer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3 possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, the result is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases. *

```
def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):
    if is_birthday:
        speeding = speed - 5
    else:
        speeding = speed
    if speeding > 80:
        return 'Big
        Ticket'
    elif speeding > 60:
        return 'Small Ticket'
    else:
        return 'No Ticket'
caught_speeding(81,True)
     'Big Ticket'
caught_speeding(81,False)
     'Small Ticket'
```

Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees) and using a for loop retreive each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```
mylist=[10000,20000,15000,20000,10000]
sum=0 for i in mylist: sum+=i;
print(sum)
```

Create two dictionaries in Python:

First one to contain fields as Empid, Empname, Basicpay Second dictionary to contain fields as DeptName, DeptId.

Combine both dictionaries.

X