

Assignment -2

| | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Assignment Date | 27 September 2022 | |
| Team ID | PNT2022TMID30074 | |
| Project Name | DemandEst- AI Powered Food Demand Forecaster | |
| Student Name | KOUSAR JAHAN.M | |
| Student Roll Number | 610819205021 | |
| Maximum Marks | 2 Marks | |

Question-1. Download dataset

Solution:

| RowNum | Customer | Surname | CreditS | Geograph | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfPri | HasCrCard | IsActiveM | Estimated | Exited | |
|--------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|--------|-----|--------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--|
| 1 | 15634602 | Hargrave | 619 | France | Female | 42 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101348.9 | 1 | |
| 2 | 15647311 | Hill | 608 | Spain | Female | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 112542.6 | 0 | |
| 3 | 15619304 | Onio | 502 | France | Female | 42 | 8 | 159660.8 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 113931.6 | 1 | |
| 4 | 15701354 | Boni | 699 | France | Female | 39 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 93826.63 | 0 | |
| 5 | 15737888 | Mitchell | 850 | Spain | Female | 43 | 2 | 125510.8 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 79084.1 | 0 | |
| 6 | 15574012 | Chu | 645 | Spain | Male | 44 | 8 | 113755.8 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 149756.7 | 1 | |
| 7 | 15592531 | Bartlett | 822 | France | Male | 50 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 10062.8 | 0 | |
| 8 | 15656148 | Obinna | 376 | Germany | Female | 29 | 4 | 115046.7 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 119346.9 | 1 | |
| 9 | 15792365 | He | 501 | France | Male | 44 | 4 | 142051.1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 74940.5 | 0 | |
| 10 | 15592389 | H? | 684 | France | Male | 27 | 2 | 134603.9 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 71725.73 | 0 | |
| 11 | 15767821 | Bearce | 528 | France | Male | 31 | 6 | 102016.7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 80181.12 | 0 | |
| 12 | 15737173 | Andrews | 497 | Spain | Male | 24 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 76390.01 | 0 | |
| 13 | 15632264 | Kay | 476 | France | Female | 34 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 26260.98 | 0 | |
| 14 | 15691483 | Chin | 549 | France | Female | 25 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 190857.8 | 0 | |
| 15 | 15600882 | Scott | 635 | Spain | Female | 35 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 65951.65 | 0 | |
| 16 | 15643966 | Goforth | 616 | Germany | Male | 45 | 3 | 143129.4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 64327.26 | 0 | |
| 17 | 15737452 | Romeo | 653 | Germany | Male | 58 | 1 | 132602.9 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5097.67 | 1 | |
| 18 | 15788218 | Henderso | 549 | Spain | Female | 24 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 14406.41 | 0 | |
| 19 | 15661507 | Muldrow | 587 | Spain | Male | 45 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 158684.8 | 0 | |
| 20 | 15568982 | Hao | 726 | France | Female | 24 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 54724.03 | 0 | |
| 21 | 15577657 | McDonald | 732 | France | Male | 41 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 170886.2 | 0 | |
| 22 | 15597945 | Dellucci | 636 | Spain | Female | 32 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 138555.5 | 0 | |
| 23 | 15699309 | Gerasimo | 510 | Spain | Female | 38 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 118913.5 | 1 | |
| 24 | 15725737 | Mosman | 669 | France | Male | 46 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 8487.75 | 0 | |
| 25 | 15625047 | Yen | 846 | France | Female | 38 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 187616.2 | 0 | |
| 26 | 15738191 | Maclean | 577 | France | Male | 25 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 124508.3 | 0 | |
| 27 | 15736816 | Young | 756 | Germany | Male | 36 | 2 | 136815.6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 170042 | 0 | |
| 28 | 15700772 | Nebechi | 571 | France | Male | 44 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 38433.35 | 0 | |
| 29 | 15728693 | McWilliam | 574 | Germany | Female | 43 | 3 | 141349.4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100187.4 | 0 | |
| 30 | 15656300 | Lucciano | 411 | France | Male | 29 | 0 | 59697.17 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 53483.21 | 0 | |
| 31 | 15589475 | Azikiwe | 591 | Spain | Female | 39 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 140469.4 | 1 | |
| 32 | 15706552 | Odinakach | 533 | France | Male | 36 | 7 | 85311.7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 156731.9 | 0 | |
| 33 | 15750181 | Sanderso | 553 | Germany | Male | 41 | 9 | 110112.5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 81898.81 | 0 | |
| 34 | 15659428 | Maggard | 520 | Spain | Female | 42 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 34410.55 | 0 | |
| 35 | 15732963 | Clements | 722 | Spain | Female | 29 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 142033.1 | 0 | |
| 36 | 15794171 | Lombardo | 475 | France | Female | 45 | 0 | 134264 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 27822.99 | 1 | |
| 37 | 15788448 | Watson | 490 | Spain | Male | 31 | 3 | 145260.2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 114066.8 | 0 | |
| 38 | 15729599 | Lorenzo | 804 | Spain | Male | 33 | 7 | 76548.6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 98453.45 | 0 | |
| 39 | 15717426 | Armstrong | 850 | France | Male | 36 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 40812.9 | 0 | |
| 40 | 15585768 | Cameron | 582 | Germany | Male | 41 | 6 | 70349.48 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 178074 | 0 | |

Question-2. Load the dataset

Solution:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn

data = pd.read_csv(r'Churn_Modelling.csv')
df.head
```

```
> <bound method NDFrame.head of      RowNumber  CustomerId  Surname  CreditScore  Geography  Gender  Age
0           1    15634602   Hargrave         619      France  Female    42
1           2    15647311     Hill         608       Spain  Female    41
2           3    15619304     Onio         502      France  Female    42
3           4    15701354     Boni         699      France  Female    39
4           5    15737888  Mitchell         850       Spain  Female    43
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
9995      9996    15606229  Obijaku         771      France   Male    39
9996      9997    15569892  Johnstone        516      France   Male    35
9997      9998    15584532     Liu         709      France  Female    36
9998      9999    15682355  Sabbatini        772  Germany   Male    42
9999     10000    15628319   Walker         792      France  Female    28

      Tenure  Balance  NumOfProducts  HasCrCard  IsActiveMember  \
0           2      0.00              1           1                1
1           1  83807.86              1           0                1
2           8 159660.80              3           1                0
3           1      0.00              2           0                0
4           2 125510.82              1           1                1
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
9995        5      0.00              2           1                0
9996       10  57369.61              1           1                1
9997        7      0.00              1           0                1
9998        3  75075.31              2           1                0
9999        4 130142.79              1           1                0

      EstimatedSalary  Exited
0          101348.88        1
1          112542.58        0
2          113931.57        1
3           93826.63        0
4           79084.10        0
...      ...      ...
9995          96270.64        0
9996         101699.77        0
9997          42085.58        1
9998          92888.52        1
9999          38190.78        0

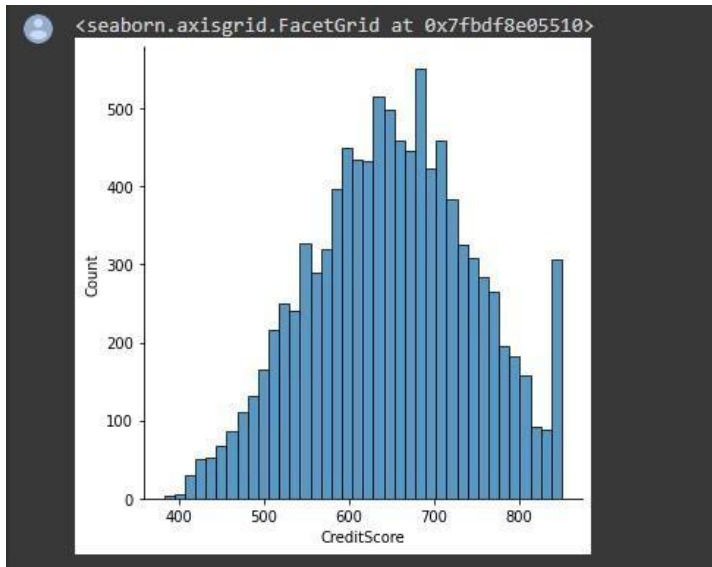
[10000 rows x 14 columns]>
```

Question-3. Perform Below Visualizations.

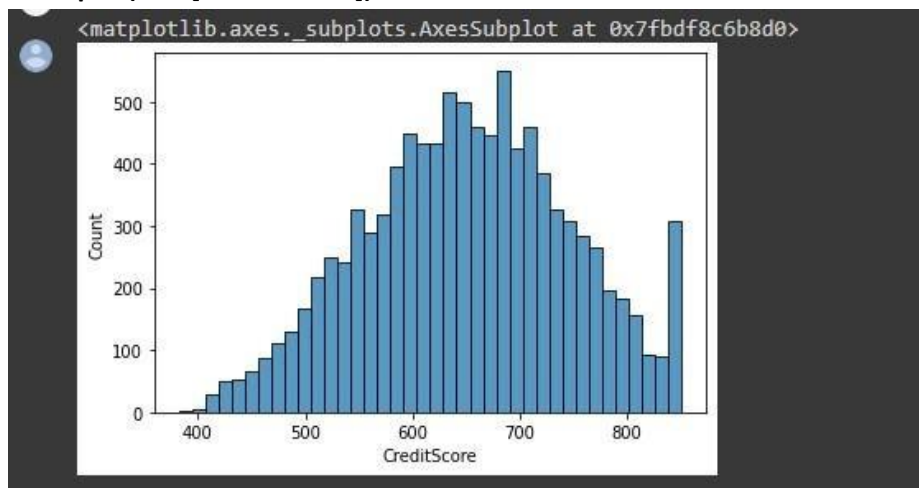
3.1 Univariate Analysis

Solution:

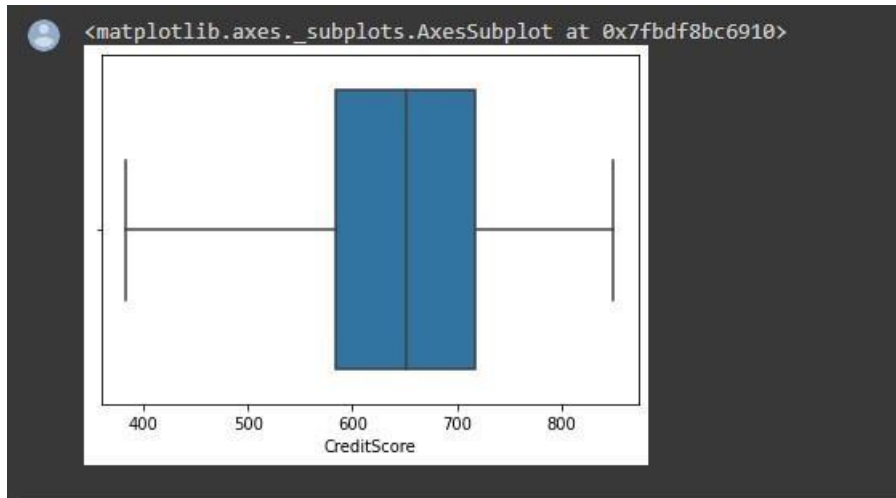
`sns.displot(data['CreditScore'])`



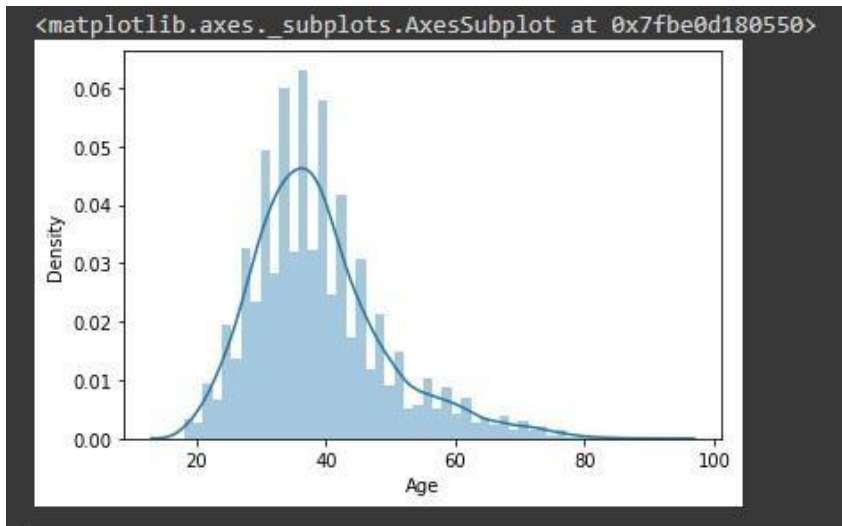
`sns.histplot(data['CreditScore'])`



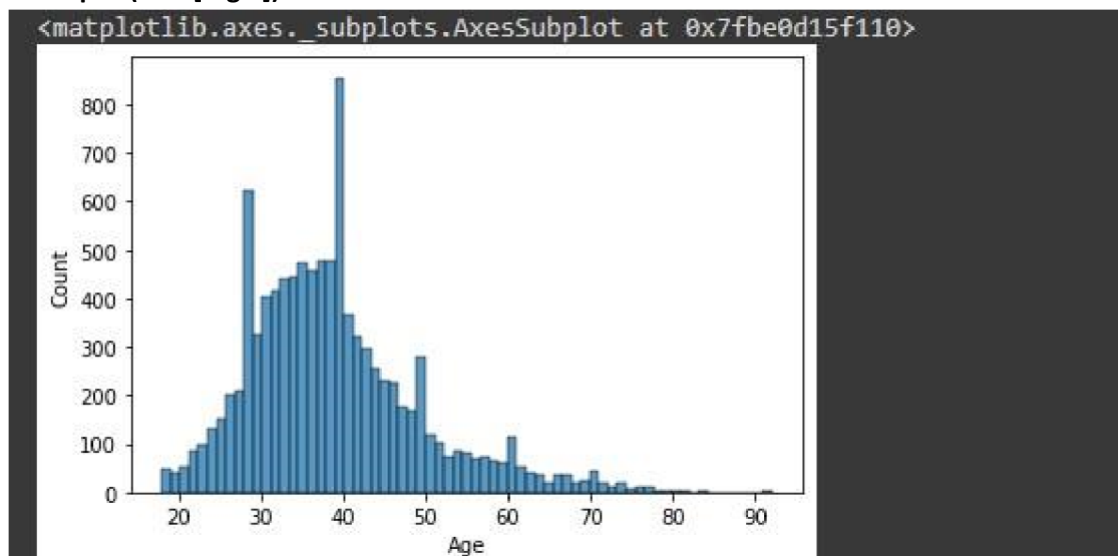
```
sns.boxplot(x = data['CreditScore'])
```



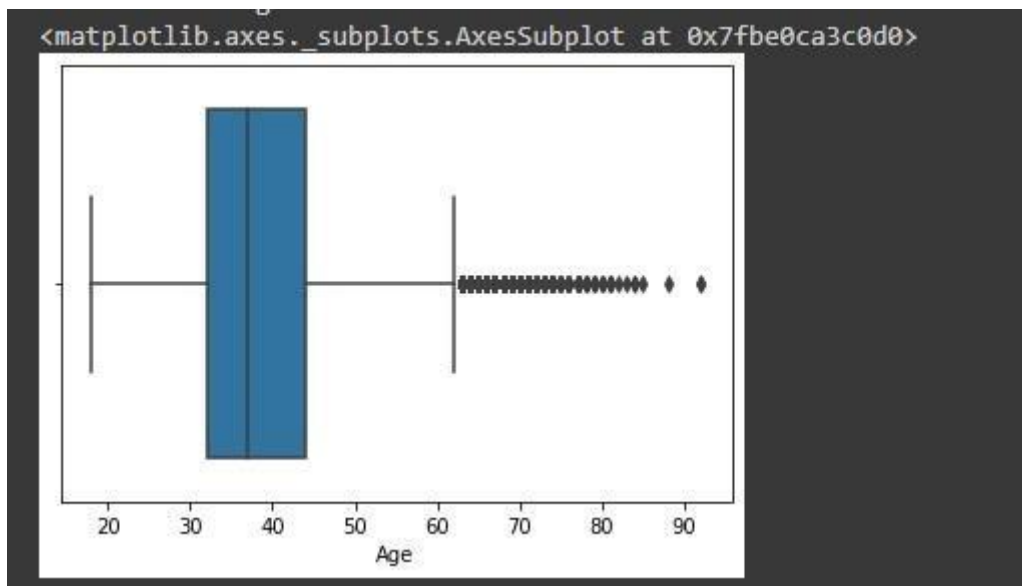
```
sns.distplot(data['Age'])
```



```
sns.histplot(data['Age'])
```



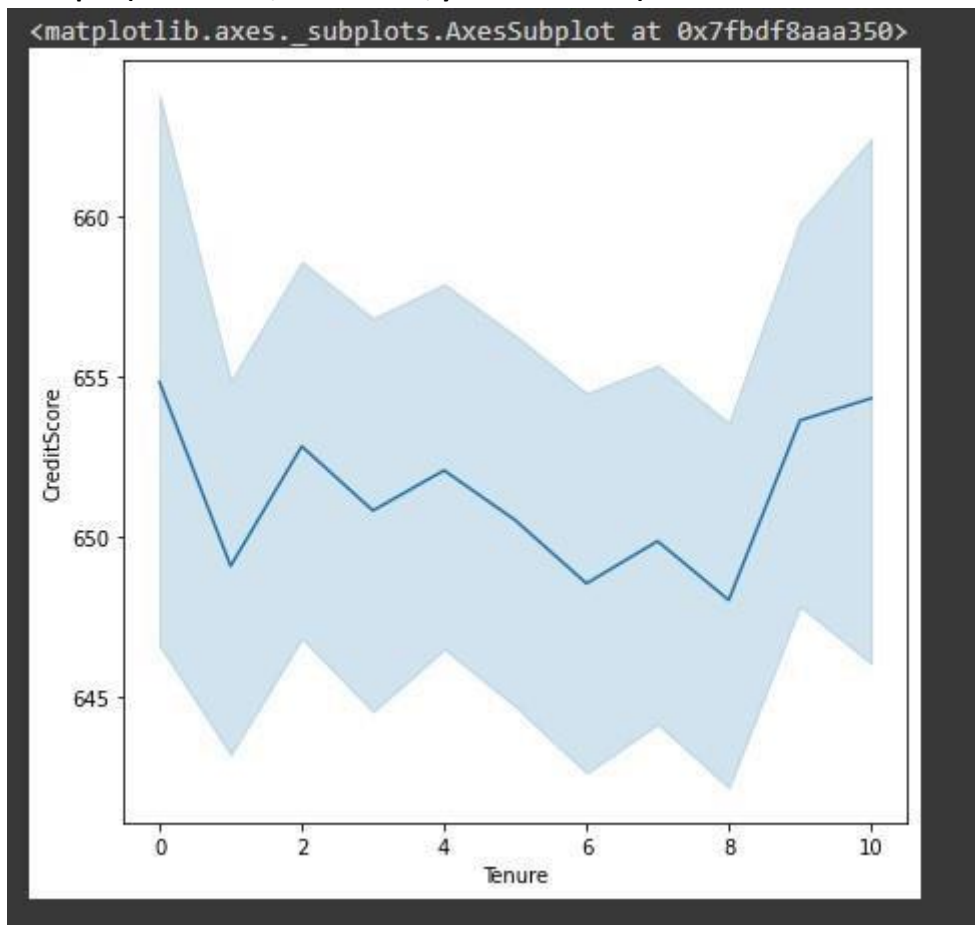
```
sns.boxplot(data['Age'])
```



3.2 Bivariate Analysis

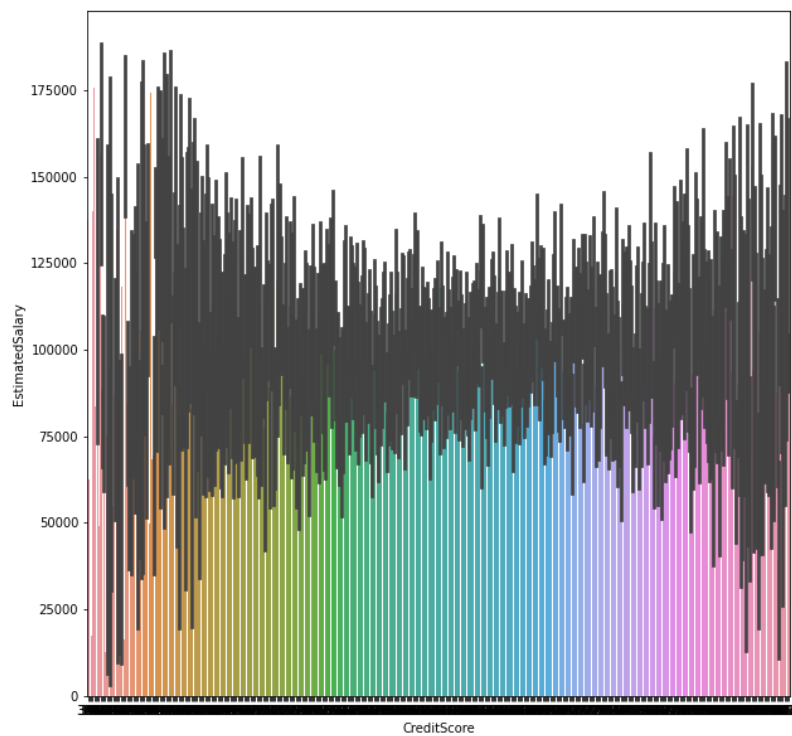
Solution:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))  
sns.lineplot(data = data, x = 'Tenure', y = 'CreditScore')
```



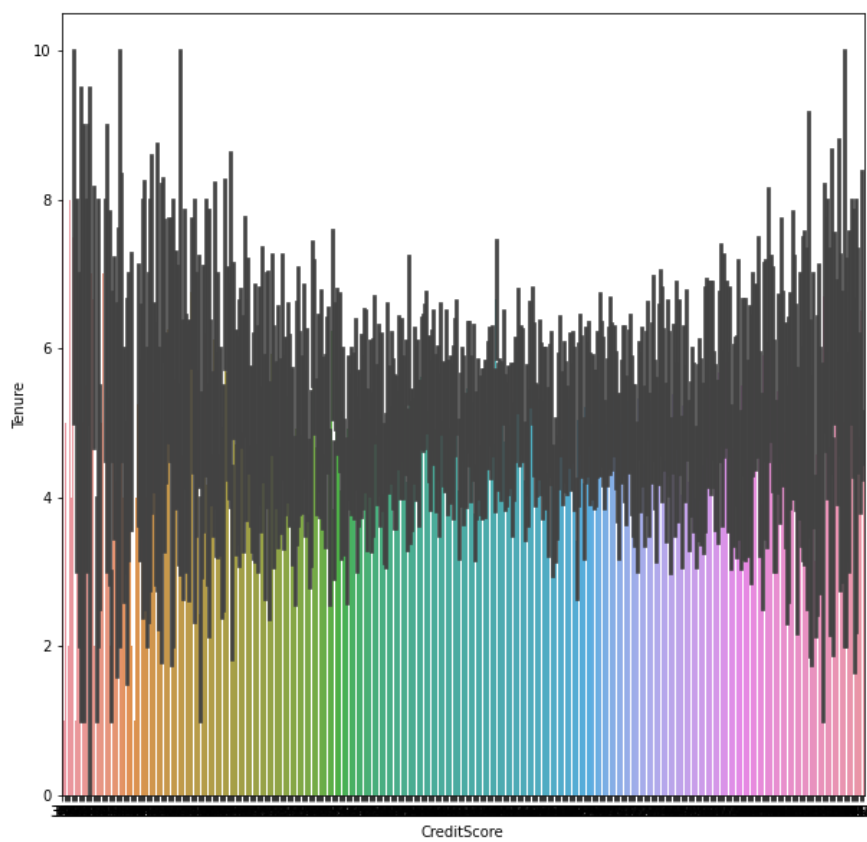
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
```

```
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'EstimatedSalary')
```



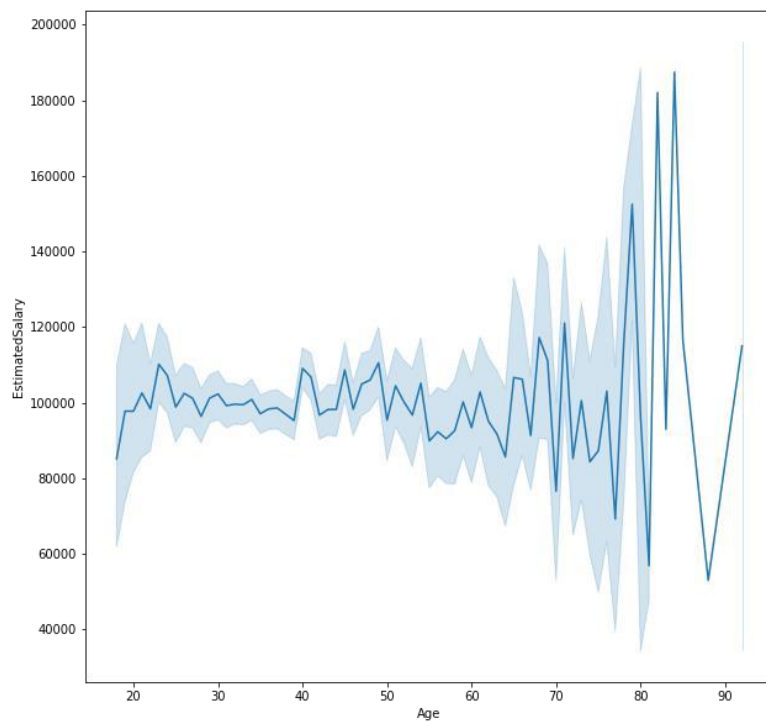
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
```

```
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Tenure')
```



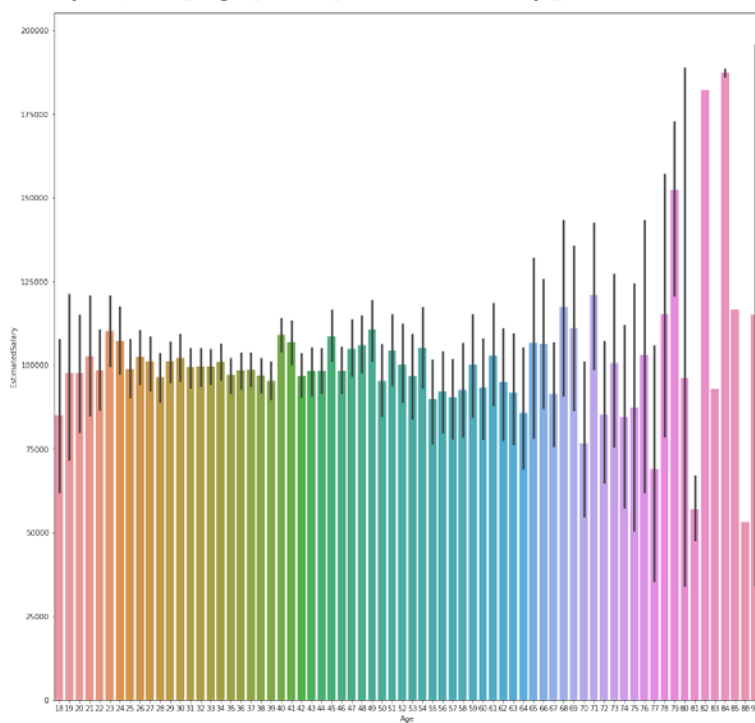
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
```

```
sns.lineplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])
```

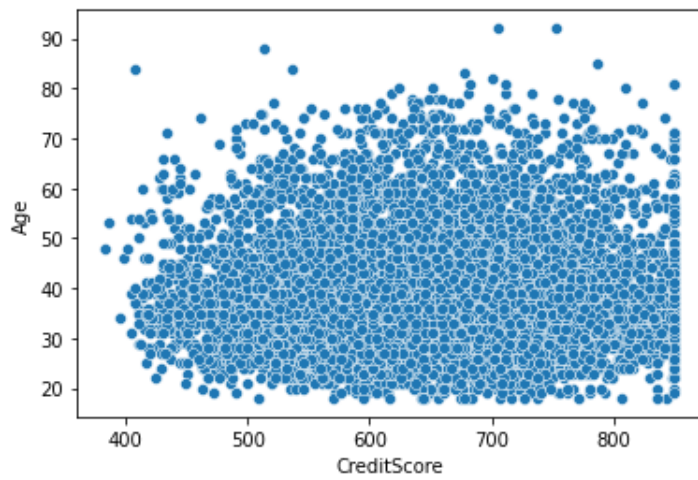


```
plt.figure(figsize=(17,17))
```

```
sns.barplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])
```

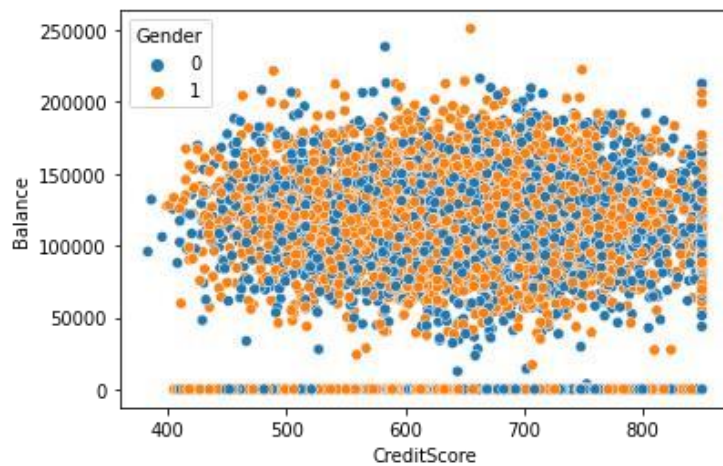


```
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Age')
```

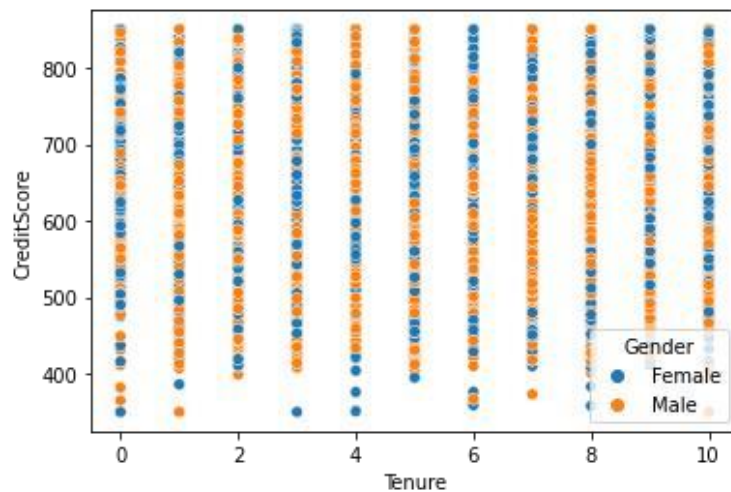



3.3 Multivariate Analysis

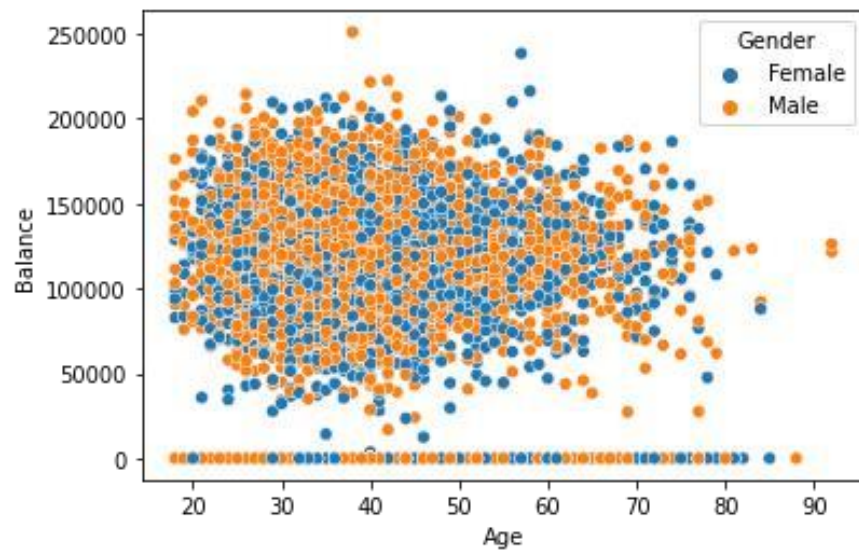
Solution: `sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Balance', hue = 'Gender')`



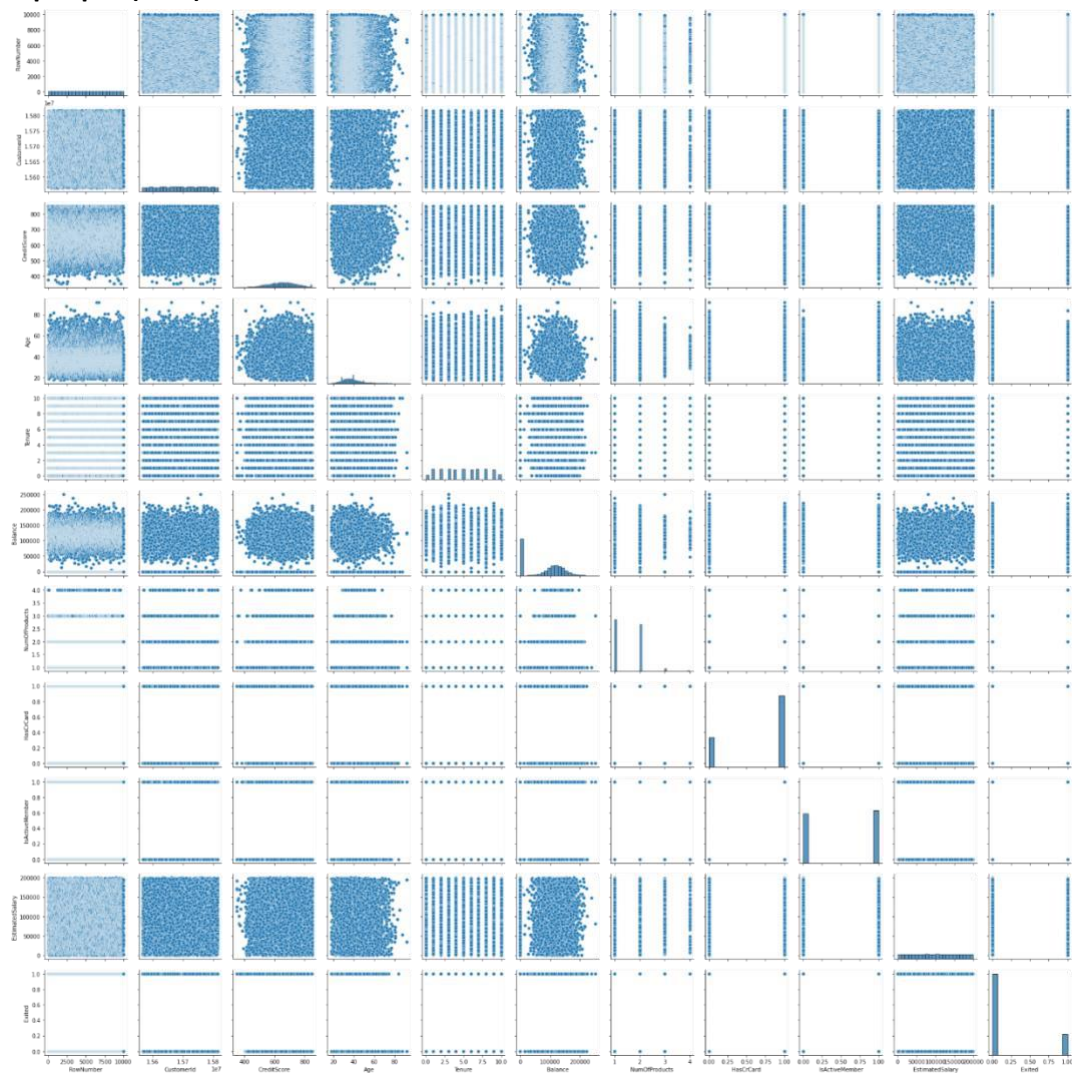
`sns.scatterplot(data['Tenure'], data['CreditScore'], hue = data['Gender'])`




```
sns.scatterplot(data['Age'], data['Balance'], hue = data['Gender'])
```



```
sns.pairplot(data)
```



Question-4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution: `data.mean(numeric_only
= True)`

```
RowNumber      5.000500e+03  
CustomerId     1.569094e+07  
CreditScore    6.505288e+02  
Age            3.892180e+01  
Tenure         5.012800e+00  
Balance        7.648589e+04  
NumOfProducts  1.530200e+00  
HasCrCard      7.055000e-01  
IsActiveMember 5.151000e-01  
EstimatedSalary 1.000902e+05  
Exited         2.037000e-01  
dtype: float64
```

`data.median(numeric_only = True)`

```
RowNumber      5.000500e+03  
CustomerId     1.569074e+07  
CreditScore    6.520000e+02  
Age            3.700000e+01  
Tenure         5.000000e+00  
Balance        9.719854e+04  
NumOfProducts  1.000000e+00  
HasCrCard      1.000000e+00  
IsActiveMember 1.000000e+00  
EstimatedSalary 1.001939e+05  
Exited         0.000000e+00  
dtype: float64
```

`data['CreditScore'].mode()`

```
0    850  
dtype: int64
```

`data['EstimatedSalary'].mode()`

```
0    24924.92  
dtype: float64
```

`data['HasCrCard'].unique()`

```
array([1, 0])
```

`data['Tenure'].unique()`

```
array([ 2,  1,  8,  7,  4,  6,  3, 10,  5,  9,  0])
```

data.std(numeric_only=True)

```
RowNumber      2886.895680
CustomerId      71936.186123
CreditScore      96.653299
Age             10.487806
Tenure          2.892174
Balance        62397.405202
NumOfProducts    0.581654
HasCrCard        0.455840
IsActiveMember   0.499797
EstimatedSalary 57510.492818
Exited          0.402769
dtype: float64
```

data.describe()

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | CreditScore | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary | Exited |
|-------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| count | 10000.00000 | 1.000000e+04 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.00000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 |
| mean | 5000.50000 | 1.569094e+07 | 650.528800 | 38.921800 | 5.012800 | 76485.889288 | 1.530200 | 0.70550 | 0.515100 | 100090.239881 | 0.203700 |
| std | 2886.89568 | 7.193619e+04 | 96.653299 | 10.487806 | 2.892174 | 62397.405202 | 0.581654 | 0.45584 | 0.499797 | 57510.492818 | 0.402769 |
| min | 1.00000 | 1.556570e+07 | 350.000000 | 18.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 1.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.000000 | 11.580000 | 0.000000 |
| 25% | 2500.75000 | 1.562853e+07 | 584.000000 | 32.000000 | 3.000000 | 0.000000 | 1.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.000000 | 51002.110000 | 0.000000 |
| 50% | 5000.50000 | 1.569074e+07 | 652.000000 | 37.000000 | 5.000000 | 97198.540000 | 1.000000 | 1.00000 | 1.000000 | 100193.915000 | 0.000000 |
| 75% | 7500.25000 | 1.575323e+07 | 718.000000 | 44.000000 | 7.000000 | 127644.240000 | 2.000000 | 1.00000 | 1.000000 | 149388.247500 | 0.000000 |
| max | 10000.00000 | 1.581569e+07 | 850.000000 | 92.000000 | 10.000000 | 250898.090000 | 4.000000 | 1.00000 | 1.000000 | 199992.480000 | 1.000000 |

data['Tenure'].value_counts()

```
2      1048
1      1035
7      1028
8      1025
5      1012
3      1009
4       989
9       984
6       967
10      490
0       413
Name: Tenure, dtype: int64
```

Question-5. Handle the Missing values.

Solution: `data.isnull().any()`

```
RowNumber      False
CustomerId      False
Surname         False
CreditScore     False
Geography       False
Gender          False
Age            False
Tenure          False
Balance         False
NumOfProducts  False
HasCrCard       False
IsActiveMember  False
EstimatedSalary False
Exited          False
dtype: bool
```

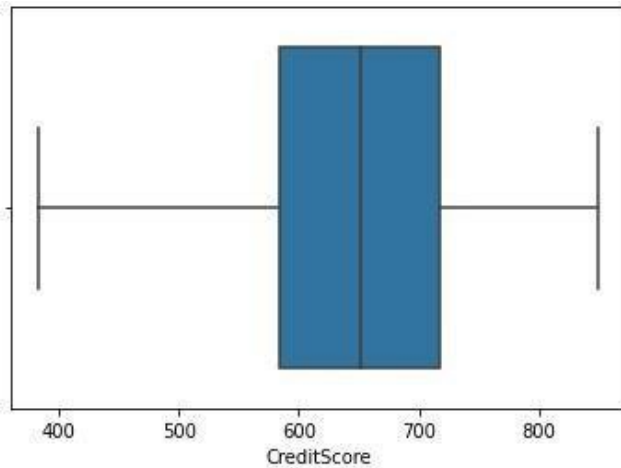
`data.isnull().sum()`

```
RowNumber      0
CustomerId      0
Surname         0
CreditScore     0
Geography       0
Gender          0
Age            0
Tenure          0
Balance         0
NumOfProducts  0
HasCrCard       0
IsActiveMember  0
EstimatedSalary 0
Exited          0
dtype: int64
```

Question-6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution: `sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])` **#Outlier detection**

- box plot



`fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (5,3))` **#Outlier detection - Scatter plot**
`ax.scatter(data['Balance'], data['Exited'])`

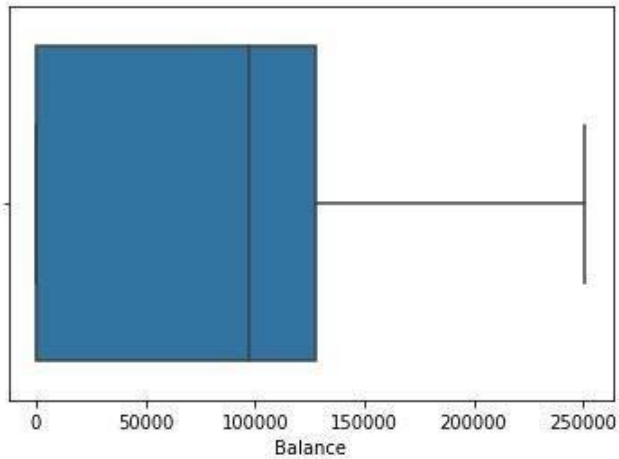
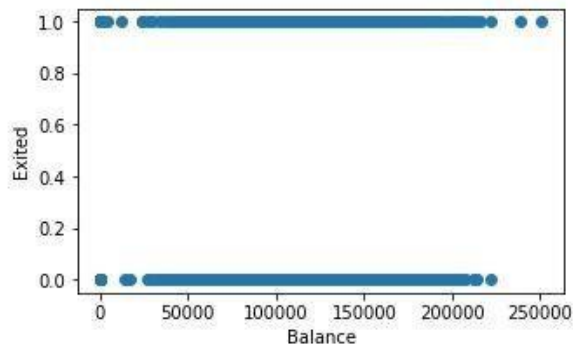
x-axis label

`ax.set_xlabel('Balance')`

y-axis label `ax.set_ylabel('Exited')`

`plt.show()`

`sns.boxplot(x=data['Balance'])`



```
from scipy import stats    #Outlier detection – zscore
zscore = np.abs(stats.zscore(data['CreditScore']))
print(zscore)
print('No. of Outliers : ', np.shape(np.where(zscore>3)))
```

```
0      0.332952
1      0.447540
2      1.551761
3      0.500422
4      2.073415
...
9995   1.250458
9996   1.405920
9997   0.604594
9998   1.260876
9999   1.469219
Name: CreditScore, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
No. of Outliers : (1, 0)
```

```
q = data.quantile([0.75,0.25]) q
```

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary | Exited |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|---------|-------------|-----------|--------|------|--------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|--------|
| 0.75 | 7500.25 | 15753233.75 | 2238.25 | 718.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 44.0 | 7.0 | 127644.24 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 149388.2475 | 0.0 |
| 0.25 | 2500.75 | 15628528.25 | 773.75 | 584.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 32.0 | 3.0 | 0.00 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 51002.1100 | 0.0 |

iqr = q.iloc[0] - q.iloc[1] iqr

```
RowNumber      4999.5000
CustomerId      124705.5000
Surname         1464.5000
CreditScore     134.0000
Geography       1.0000
Gender          1.0000
Age            12.0000
Tenure         4.0000
Balance        127644.2400
NumOfProducts   1.0000
HasCrCard       1.0000
IsActiveMember  1.0000
EstimatedSalary 98386.1375
Exited         0.0000
dtype: float64
```

u = q.iloc[0] + (1.5*iqr) u

```
RowNumber      1.499950e+04
CustomerId      1.594029e+07
Surname         4.435000e+03
CreditScore     9.190000e+02
Geography       2.500000e+00
Gender          2.500000e+00
Age            6.200000e+01
Tenure         1.300000e+01
Balance        3.191106e+05
NumOfProducts   3.500000e+00
HasCrCard       2.500000e+00
IsActiveMember  2.500000e+00
EstimatedSalary 2.969675e+05
Exited         0.000000e+00
dtype: float64
```

l = q.iloc[1] - (1.5*iqr)

l

```
RowNumber      -4.998500e+03
CustomerId      1.544147e+07
Surname        -1.423000e+03
CreditScore     3.830000e+02
Geography       -1.500000e+00
Gender          -1.500000e+00
Age            1.400000e+01
Tenure         -3.000000e+00
Balance        -1.914664e+05
NumOfProducts   -5.000000e-01
HasCrCard       -1.500000e+00
IsActiveMember  -1.500000e+00
EstimatedSalary -9.657710e+04
Exited         0.000000e+00
dtype: float64
```



```

Q1 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.25) #Outlier detection - IQR
Q3 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.75) iqr = Q3 - Q1 print(iqr)
upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr
count = np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] > upper)) count
= count + np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] < lower))
print('No. of outliers : ', count)

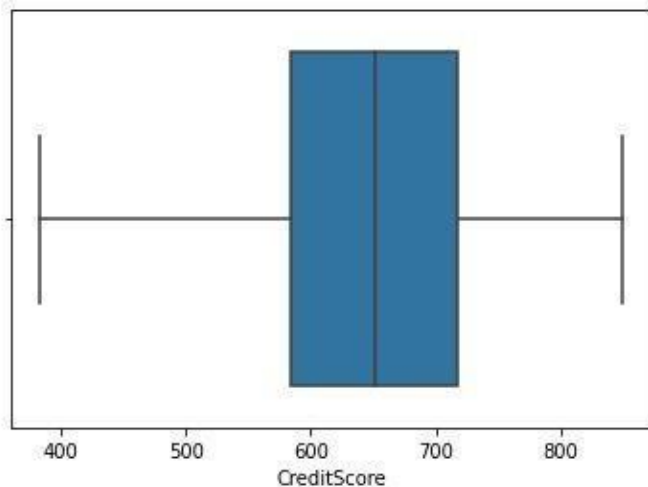
98386.1375
No. of outliers : 0

```

```

data['CreditScore'] = np.where(np.logical_or(data['CreditScore']>900, data['CreditScore']<383), 65
0, data['CreditScore']) sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])

```



```

upper = data.Age.mean() + (3 * data.Age.std()) #Outlier detection - 3 sigma lower
= data.Age.mean() - (3 * data.Age.std()) columns = data[ (
data['Age'] > upper ) | ( data['Age']<lower ) ]
print('Upper range : ', upper) print('Lower range : ', lower) print('No.
of Outliers : ', len(columns))

Upper range : 70.38521935511383
Lower range : 7.458380644886169
No. of Outliers : 133

```

```

columns = ['EstimatedSalary', 'Age', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'Tenure', 'CreditScore']
#After outlier removal

```

```

for i in columns:
    Q1 = data[i].quantile(0.25)
    Q3 = data[i].quantile(0.75)
    iqr = Q3 - Q1 upper=Q3 + 1.5
    * iqr lower=Q1 - 1.5 *
    iqr

```

```

count = np.size(np.where(data[i] > upper)) count
= count + np.size(np.where(data[i] < lower))
print('No. of outliers in ', i, ' : ', count)

No. of outliers in EstimatedSalary : 0
No. of outliers in Age : 0
No. of outliers in Balance : 0
No. of outliers in NumOfProducts : 0
No. of outliers in Tenure : 0
No. of outliers in CreditScore : 0

```

Question-7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

Solution:

```

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder
le = LabelEncoder() oneh = OneHotEncoder() data['Surname'] =
le.fit_transform(data['Surname']) data['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
data['Geography'] = le.fit_transform(data['Geography']) data.head()

```

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary | Exited |
|---|-----------|------------|---------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|--------|
| 0 | 1 | 15634602 | 1115 | 619 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101348.88 | 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 15647311 | 1177 | 608 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 112542.58 | 0 |
| 2 | 3 | 15619304 | 2040 | 502 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 113931.57 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 | 15701354 | 289 | 699 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 93826.63 | 0 |
| 4 | 5 | 15737888 | 1822 | 850 | 2 | 0 | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 79084.10 | 0 |

Question-8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables split the data in X and Y

Solution:

```

x      # independent values (
inputs)  x = data.iloc[:, 0:13]

```

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary |
|------|-----------|------------|---------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|
| 0 | 1 | 15634602 | 1115 | 619 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101348.88 |
| 1 | 2 | 15647311 | 1177 | 608 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 112542.58 |
| 2 | 3 | 15619304 | 2040 | 502 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 113931.57 |
| 3 | 4 | 15701354 | 289 | 699 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 93826.63 |
| 4 | 5 | 15737888 | 1822 | 850 | 2 | 0 | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 79084.10 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 9995 | 9996 | 15606229 | 1999 | 771 | 0 | 1 | 39 | 5 | 0.00 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 96270.64 |
| 9996 | 9997 | 15569892 | 1336 | 516 | 0 | 1 | 35 | 10 | 57369.61 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101699.77 |
| 9997 | 9998 | 15584532 | 1570 | 709 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 7 | 0.00 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 42085.58 |
| 9998 | 9999 | 15682355 | 2345 | 772 | 1 | 1 | 42 | 3 | 75075.31 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 92888.52 |
| 9999 | 10000 | 15628319 | 2751 | 792 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 4 | 130142.79 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 38190.78 |

10000 rows x 13 columns

```

y          # dependent values
(output)   y = data['Exited']

0          1
1          0
2          1
3          0
4          0
..
9995       0
9996       0
9997       1
9998       1
9999       0
Name: Exited, Length: 10000, dtype: int64

```

Question-9. Scale the independent variables

Solution:

```

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
sc = StandardScaler() x_scaled = sc.fit_transform(x) x_scaled

```

```
array([[ -1.73187761, -0.78321342, -0.46418322, ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255,  0.02188649],
       [ -1.7315312 , -0.60653412, -0.3909112 , ..., -1.54776799,
        0.97024255,  0.21653375],
       [ -1.73118479, -0.99588476,  0.62898807, ...,  0.64609167,
       -1.03067011,  0.2406869 ],
       ...,
       [  1.73118479, -1.47928179,  0.07353887, ..., -1.54776799,
        0.97024255, -1.00864308],
       [  1.7315312 , -0.11935577,  0.98943914, ...,  0.64609167,
       -1.03067011, -0.12523071],
       [  1.73187761, -0.87055909,  1.4692527 , ...,  0.64609167,
       -1.03067011, -1.07636976]])
```

Question-10. Split x and y into Training and Testing

Solution:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
```

x_train

```
array([[ 0.92889885, -0.79703192, -1.47580983, ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255, -0.77021814],
       [ 1.39655257,  0.71431365, -1.58808148, ...,  0.64609167,
       -1.03067011, -1.39576675],
       [-0.4532777 ,  0.96344969, -0.24082173, ..., -1.54776799,
        0.97024255, -1.49965629],
       ...,
       [-0.60119484, -1.62052514, -0.36136603, ...,  0.64609167,
       -1.03067011,  1.41441489],
       [ 1.67853045, -0.37403866,  0.72589622, ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255,  0.84614739],
       [-0.78548505, -1.36411841,  1.3829808 , ...,  0.64609167,
       -1.03067011,  0.32630495]])
```

x_train.shape

```
(7000, 13)
```

x_test

```
array([[ 1.52229946, -1.04525042,  1.39834429, ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255,  1.61304597],
       [-1.42080128, -0.50381294, -0.78208925, ...,  0.64609167,
        -1.03067011,  0.49753166],
       [-0.90118604, -0.7932923 ,  0.41271742, ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255, -0.4235611 ],
       ...,
       [ 1.49216178, -0.14646448,  0.6868966 , ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255,  1.17045451],
       [ 1.1758893 , -1.29228727, -1.38481071, ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255, -0.50846777],
       [ 0.08088677, -1.38538833,  1.11707427, ...,  0.64609167,
        0.97024255, -1.15342685]])
```

x_test.shape

```
(3000, 13)
```

y_train

```
7681    1
9031    0
3691    0
202     1
5625    0
..
9225    0
4859    0
3264    0
9845    0
2732    1
Name: Exited, Length: 7000, dtype: int64
```

y_test

```
9394    0
898     1
2398    0
5906    0
2343    0
..
4004    0
7375    0
9307    0
8394    0
5233    1
Name: Exited, Length: 3000, dtype: int64
```