EXCEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING(AUTONOMOUS)

Mambakkam - Medavakkam Main Rd, Ponmar, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600127

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING. WEB PHISHING DETECTION (ASSIGNMENT 3)

DATE : 06-11-2022

PROBLEM: TO PERFORM ABALONE AGE PREDICTION

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OUTPUT:

SCREENSHOTS:

1.Download the dataset

2. Load the dataset into the tool

In [1]: import pandas as pd import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np

In [2]: data=pd.read_csv("abalone.csv")
 data.head()

Out[2]: Sex Length Diameter Height Whole weight Shucked weight Viscera weight Shell weight Rings 0 M 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.5140 0.2245 0.1010 0.150 1 M 0.350 0.265 0.090 0 2255 0.0995 0.0485 0.070 0.420 0.135 0.6770 0.2565 0.1415 0.210 9 0.365 0.125 0.5160 0.2155 0.1140 0.155 10 1 0.330 0.255 0.080 0.2050 0.0895 0.0395

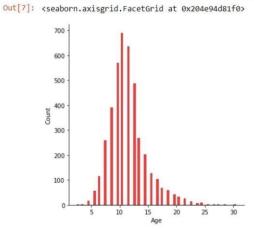
We have to add the "Age" column using "Rings" data. We just have to add '1.5' to the ring data

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_weight	Age
0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	16.5
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070	8.5
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210	10.5
3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155	11.5
4	- 1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	8.5

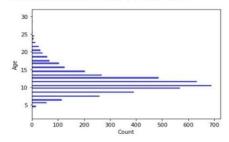
3. Perform Below Visualizations

Univariate Analysis

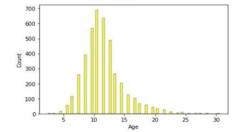
```
In [7]: sns.displot(data["Age"], color='red')
```



```
In [8]: sns.histplot(y=data.Age,color='blue')
Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Count', ylabel='Age'>
```

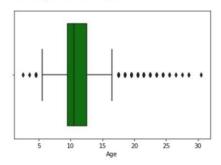


```
In [9]: sns.histplot(x=data.Age,color='yellow')
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Count'>
```



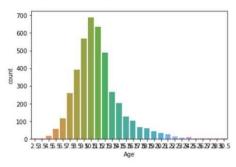
```
In [10]: sns.boxplot(x=data.Age,color='green')
```

Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age'>



In [11]: sns.countplot(x=data.Age)

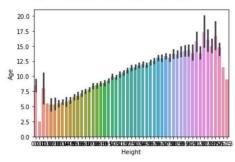
Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='count'>



Bi-Variate Analysis

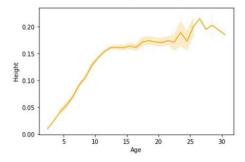
In [12]: sns.barplot(x=data.Height,y=data.Age)

Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Height', ylabel='Age'>



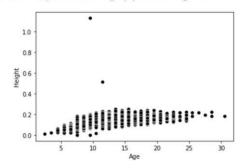
In [13]: sns.lineplot(x=data.Age,y=data.Height, color='orange')

Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Height'>



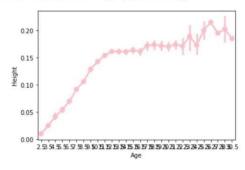
In [14]: sns.scatterplot(x=data.Age,y=data.Height,color='black')

Out[14]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Height'>



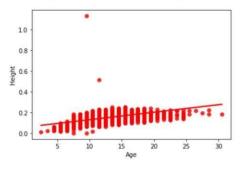
In [15]: sns.pointplot(x=data.Age, y=data.Height, color="pink")

Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Height'>

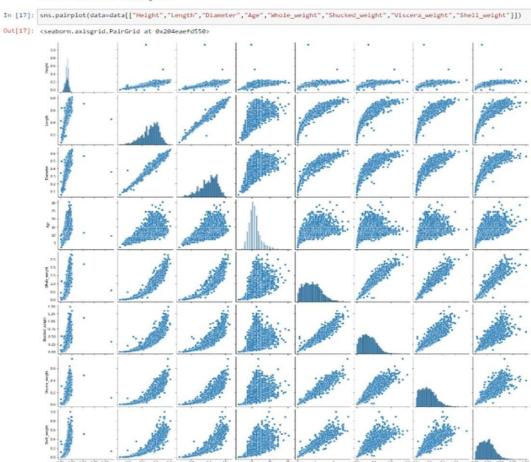


In [16]: sns.regplot(x=data.Age,y=data.Height,color='red')

Out[16]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Height'>



Multi-Variate Analysis



4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

In [18]: data.describe(include='all')

Out[18]:

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_weight	Age
count	4177	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000
unique	3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
top	M	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
freq	1528	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
mean	NaN	0.523992	0.407881	0.139516	0.828742	0.359367	0.180594	0.238831	11.433684
std	NaN	0.120093	0.099240	0.041827	0.490389	0.221963	0.109614	0.139203	3.224169
min	NaN	0.075000	0.055000	0.000000	0.002000	0.001000	0.000500	0.001500	2.500000
25%	NaN	0.450000	0.350000	0.115000	0.441500	0.186000	0.093500	0.130000	9.500000
50%	NaN	0.545000	0.425000	0.140000	0.799500	0.336000	0.171000	0.234000	10.500000
75%	NaN	0.615000	0.480000	0.165000	1.153000	0.502000	0.253000	0.329000	12.500000
max	NaN	0.815000	0.650000	1.130000	2.825500	1.488000	0.760000	1.005000	30.500000

5. Check for Missing values and deal with them \P

In [19]: data.isnull().sum()

Out[19]: Sex
Length
Diameter
Height
Whole_weight
Shucked_weight
Viscera_weight
Shell_weight
Age Age dtype: int64

6. Find the outliers and replace them outliers

```
In [20]: outliers=data.quantile(q=(0.25,0.75))
    outliers
```

Out[20]:

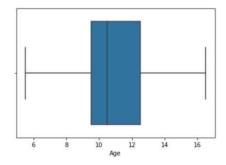
	Length	Diameter	Height	wnoie_weight	Snucked_weight	viscera_weight	Snell_weight	Age
0.25	0.450	0.35	0.115	0.4415	0.186	0.0935	0.130	9.5
0.75	0.615	0.48	0.165	1.1530	0.502	0.2530	0.329	12.5

```
In [21]:
    a = data.Age.quantile(0.25)
    b = data.Age.quantile(0.75)
    c = b - a
    lower_limit = a - 1.5 * c
    data.median(numeric_only=True)
```

Out[21]: Length 0.5450 Diameter 0.4250 Height Whole_weight 0.7995 Shucked_weight 0.3360 Viscera_weight 0.1710 Shell_weight 0.2340 10.5000 Age dtype: float64

```
In [22]: data['Age'] = np.where(data['Age'] < lower_limit, 7, data['Age'])
sns.boxplot(x=data.Age,showfliers = False)</pre>
```

Out[22]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age'>



7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

In [23]: data.head()

Out[23]:

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_weight	Age
0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	16.5
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070	8.5
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210	10.5
3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155	11.5
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	8.5

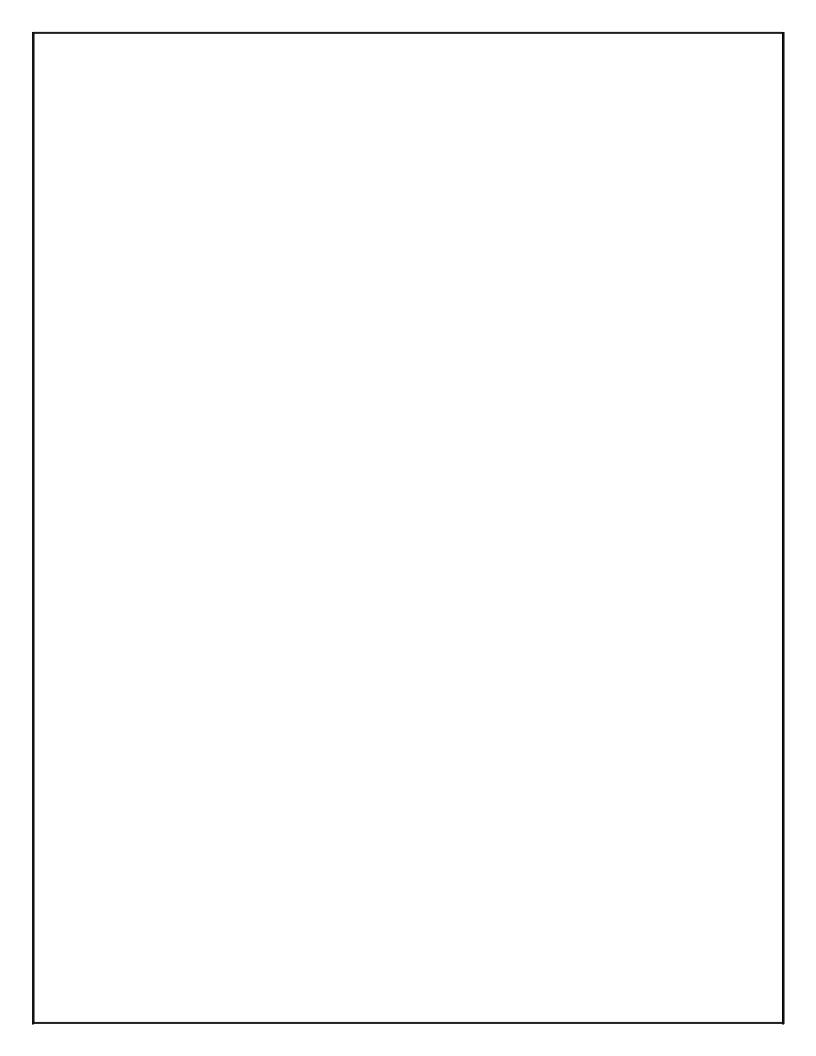
In [24]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

lab = LabelEncoder()
data.Sex = lab.fit_transform(data.Sex)

data.head()

Out[24]:

5	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole_weight	Shucked_weight	Viscera_weight	Shell_weight	Age
0	2	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	16.5
1	2	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070	8.5
2	0	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210	10.5
3	2	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155	11.5
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	8.5



8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables

```
In [25]: y = data["Sex"]
         y.head()
Out[25]: 0
            0
         Name: Sex, dtype: int32
In [26]: x=data.drop(columns=["Sex"],axis=1)
         x.head()
Out[26]:
           Length Diameter Height Whole_weight Shucked_weight Viscera_weight Shell_weight Age
         0 0.455 0.365 0.095 0.5140 0.2245
                                                             0.1010 0.150 16.5
         1 0.350
                    0.265 0.090
                                    0.2255
                                                 0.0995
                                                             0.0485
                                                                        0.070 8.5
         2 0.530 0.420 0.135
                                0.6770
                                                0.2565
                                                             0.1415
                                                                      0.210 10.5
         3 0 440
                   0.365 0.125
                                    0.5160
                                                 0.2155
                                                             0 1140
                                                                        0 155 11 5
                                0.2050
                                                                    0.055 8.5
         4 0.330 0.255 0.080
                                                 0.0895
                                                             0.0395
```

9. Scale the independent variables

3 -0.699476 -0.432149 -0.347099

```
In [27]: from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
          X_Scaled = pd.DataFrame(scale(x), columns=x.columns)
         X_Scaled.head()
Out[27]:
               Length Diameter Height Whole_weight Shucked_weight Viscera_weight Shell_weight
                                                                                               Age
                                                                      -0.726212
          0 -0.574558 -0.432149 -1.064424
                                          -0.641898
                                                         -0.607685
                                                                                 -0.638217 1.577830
          1 -1.448986 -1.439929 -1.183978
                                           -1.230277
                                                         -1.170910
                                                                       -1.205221
                                                                                  -1.212987 -0.919022
          2 0.050033 0.122130 -0.107991 -0.309469
                                                         -0.463500 -0.356690
                                                                                 -0.207139 -0.294809
```

-0.607600

-0.602294 0.017298

-0 648238

4 -1.615544 -1.540707 -1.423087 -1.272086 -1.215968 -1.287337 -1.320757 -0.919022

10. Split the data into training and testing

-0.637819

```
In [28]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         X_Train, X_Test, Y_Train, Y_Test = train_test_split(X_Scaled, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
In [29]: X_Train.shape,X_Test.shape
Out[29]: ((3341, 8), (836, 8))
In [30]: Y_Train.shape,Y_Test.shape
Out[30]: ((3341,), (836,))
In [31]: X_Train.head()
                Length Diameter
                                 Height Whole_weight Shucked_weight Viscera_weight Shell_weight
          3141 -2.864726 -2.750043 -1.423087 -1.622870 -1.553902 -1.583867 -1.644065 -1.543234
          3521 -2.573250 -2.598876 -2.020857
                                           -1.606554
                                                         -1.551650
                                                                      -1.565619 -1.626104 -1.387181
                                                      1.041436
          883 1.132658 1.230689 0.728888 1.145672
                                                                    0.286552 1.538726 1.577830
          3627 1.590691 1.180300 1.446213
                                            2.164373
                                                          2.661269
                                                                       2.330326
                                                                                  1.377072 0.017298
         2106 0.591345 0.474853 0.370226 0.432887 0.255175 0.272866 0.906479 1.265723
In [32]: X_Test.head()
Out[32]:
                Length Diameter
                                 Height Whole weight Shucked weight Viscera weight Shell weight
                                                                                              Age
          668 0.216591 0.172519 0.370226 0.181016 -0.368878 0.569396 0.690940 0.953617
          1580 -0.199803 -0.079426 -0.466653
                                            -0.433875
                                                          -0.443224
                                                                       -0.343004
                                                                                 -0.325685 -0.606915
         3784 0.799543 0.726798 0.370226 0.870348 0.755318 1.764639 0.565209 0.329404
          463 -2.531611 -2.447709 -2.020857
                                           -1.579022
                                                         -1.522362
                                                                      -1.538247 -1.572219 -1.543234
         2615 1.007740 0.928354 0.848442 1.390405 1.415417 1.778325 0.996287 0.641511
In [33]: Y_Train.head()
Out[33]: 3141
          3521
         883
         2106
         Name: Sex, dtype: int32
```

11. Build the Model

```
In [35]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=10,criterion='entropy')

In [36]: model.fit(X_Train,Y_Train)

Out[36]: RandomForestClassifier(criterion='entropy', n_estimators=10)

In [37]: y_predict = model.predict(X_Test)

In [38]: y_predict_train = model.predict(X_Train)
```

12. Train the Model

```
In [39]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,confusion_matrix,classification_report

In [40]: print('Training accuracy: ',accuracy_score(Y_Train,y_predict_train))

Training accuracy: 0.980544747081712
```

13.Test the Model

```
In [41]: print('Testing accuracy: ',accuracy_score(Y_Test,y_predict))
Testing accuracy: 0.5526315789473685
```

14. Measure the performance using Metrics

```
In [43]: print(classification_report(Y_Test,y_predict))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.42	0.46	0.44	249
1	0.74	0.77	0.76	291
2	0.47	0.41	0.44	296
accuracy			0.55	836
macro avg	0.54	0.55	0.55	836
weighted avg	0.55	0.55	0.55	836

*******THANKING

YOU***********************

