

***IBM NALAIYATHIRAN
(HX8001)***

***PROJECT REPORT On
Smart Farmer - IoT Enabled Smart Farming
Application***

TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID26544

TEAM MEMBERS:

<i>Sl.no</i>	<i>NAME</i>	<i>REGISTER.NO</i>
1.	SINGAREDDY MANEESH	211719106078
2.	PRAVEEN KUMAR	211719106060
3.	YOGESH SAI	211719106098
4.	VENKATESHAN	211719106094

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree Of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

RAJALAKSHMI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Chennai 600025.

INDEX

1. *INTRODUCTION*
2. *LITERATURE SURVEY*
3. *IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION*
4. *REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS*
5. *PROJECT DESIGN*
6. *PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING*
7. *CODING & SOLUTIONING*
8. *TESTING*
9. *RESULTS*
10. *ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES*
11. *CONCLUSION*
12. *FUTURE SCOPE*
13. *APPENDIX*

INTRODUCTION

Internet of Things (IoT) technology has brought revolution to each and every field of common man's life by making everything smart and intelligent. IoT refers to a network of things which make a self configuring network. The development of Intelligent Smart Farming IoT based devices is day by day turning the face of agriculture production by not only enhancing it but also making it cost-effective and reducing wastage. The aim / objective of this report is to propose IoT based Smart Farming System assisting farmers in getting Live Data (Temperature, Soil Moisture) for efficient environment monitoring which will enable them to increase their overall yield and quality of products. The IoT based Smart Farming System being proposed via this report is integrated with Arduino Technology mixed with different Sensors and a Wifi module producing live data feed that can be obtained online using MIT app inventor.

LITERATURE SURVEY

1. TOPIC : IoT-Enabled Smart Agriculture

AUTHOR : Vu Khanh Quy , Nguyen Van Hau , Dang Van

DESCRIPTION : The growth of the global population coupled with a decline in natural resources, farmland, and the increase in unpredictable environmental conditions leads to food security is becoming a major concern for all nations worldwide. These problems are motivators that are driving the agricultural industry to transition to smart agriculture with the application of the Internet of Things (IoT) and big data solutions to improve operational efficiency and productivity. The IoT integrates a

series of existing state-of-the-art solutions and technologies, such as wireless sensor networks, cognitive radio ad hoc networks, cloud computing, big data, and end-user applications. This study presents a survey of IoT solutions and demonstrates how IoT can be integrated into the smart agriculture sector. To achieve this objective, we discuss the vision of IoT-enabled smart agriculture ecosystems by evaluating their architecture (IoT devices, communication technologies, big data storage, and processing), their applications, and research timeline. In addition, we discuss trends and opportunities of IoT applications for smart agriculture and also indicate the open issues and challenges of IoT application in smart agriculture.

2.TOPIC : Smart Farm Monitoring Using Raspberry Pi and Arduino

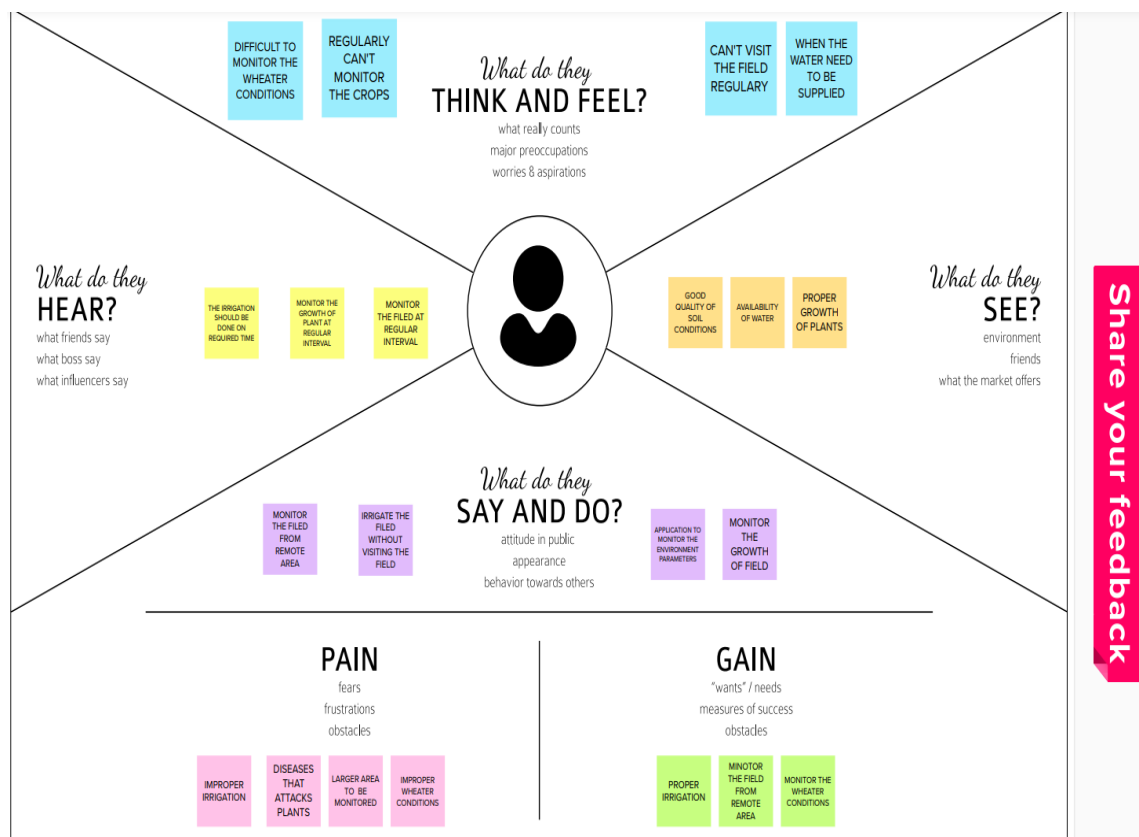
AUTHOR : Siwakorn Jindarat, Pongpisitt Wuttidittachotti

DESCRIPTION : This study aimed to investigate an establishment using an Intelligent System which employed an Embedded System and Smart Phone for chicken farming management and problem solving using Raspberry Pi and Arduino Uno. An experiment and comparative analysis of the intelligent system was applied in a sample chicken farm in this study. The findings of this study found that the system could monitor surrounding weather conditions including humidity, temperature, climate quality, and also the filter fan switch control in the chicken farm. The system was found to be comfortable for farmers to use as they could effectively control the farm anywhere at anytime, resulting in cost reduction, asset saving, and productive management in chicken farming.

IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

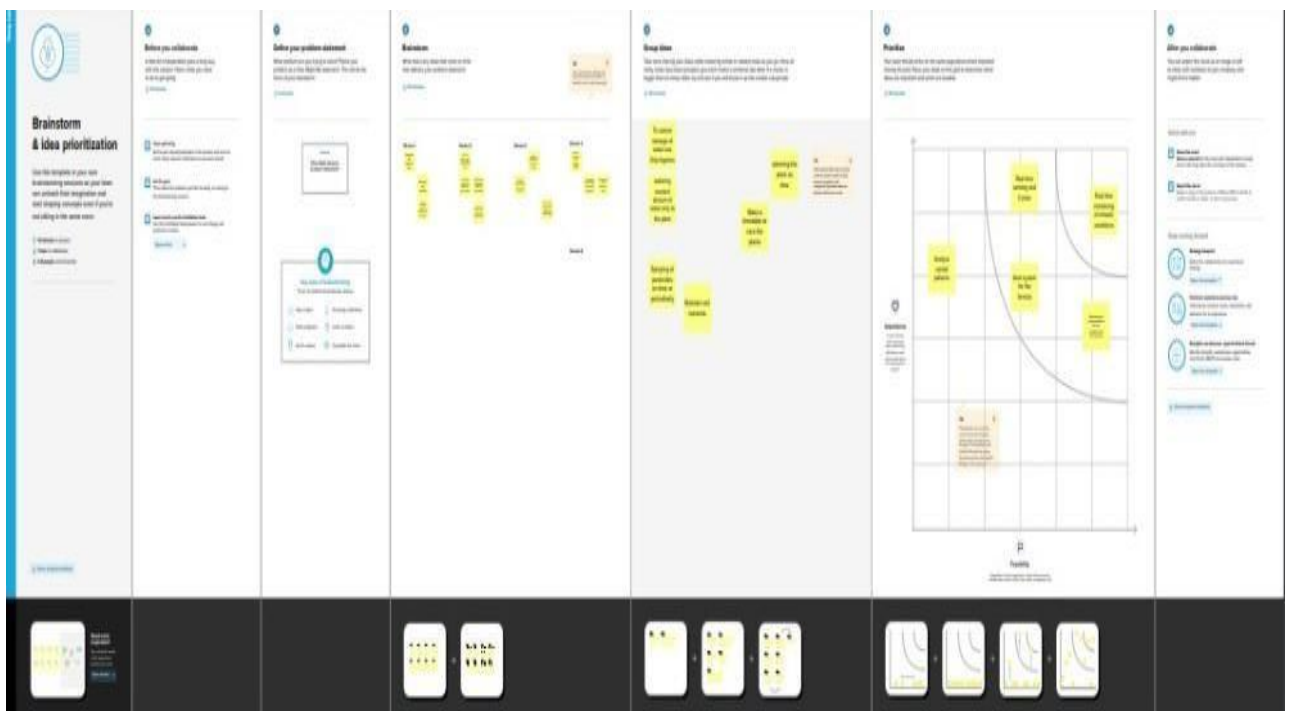
1. Empathy Map Canvas:

An empathy map is a collaborative tool teams can use to gain a deeper insight into their customers. Much like a user persona, an empathy map can represent a group of users, such as a customer segment. The empathy map was originally created by *dave gray* and has gained much popularity within the agile community



2. Ideation & Brainstorming:

Ideation essentially refers to the whole creative process of coming up with and communicating new ideas. Ideation is innovative thinking, typically aimed at solving a problem or providing a more efficient means of doing or accomplishing something. It encompasses thinking up new ideas, developing existing ideas, and figuring out means or methods for putting new ideas into practice. Ideation is similar to a practice known as brainstorming.



PROPOSED SOLUTION

To provide efficient decision support system using wireless sensor network which handle different activities of farm and gives useful information related to farm such as Soil moisture, Temperature and Humidity

content . Smart Agricultural System solutions provide an integrated IoT platform in agriculture that allows farmers to use different types of sensors and used to collect the information of various parameter and analyse real- time data in order to make informed decisions. IoT based smart framing for Live Monitoring of Temperature and Soil Moisture has been proposed using Arduino and Cloud Computing . The System has high efficiency and accuracy in fetching the live data of temperature and soil moisture. The IoT based smart farming System being proposed via this report will assist farmers in increasing the agriculture yield

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	IoT devices	Sensors and Wifi module.
FR-2	Software	Web UI, Node-red, IBM Watson, MIT app

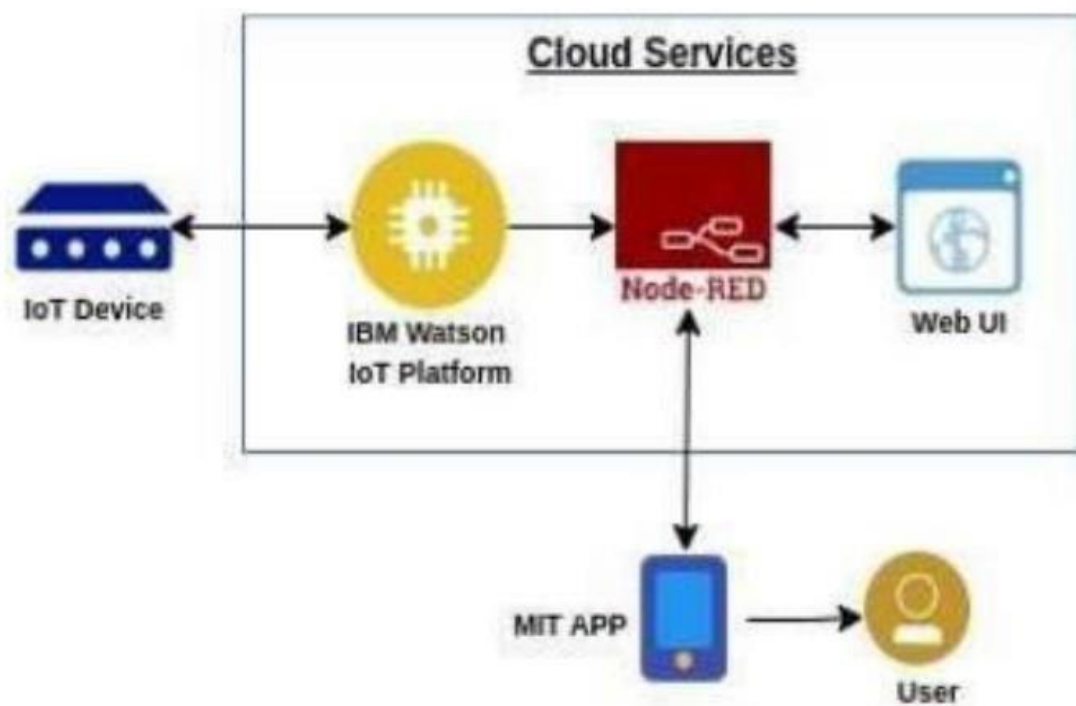
Non-functional Requirements:

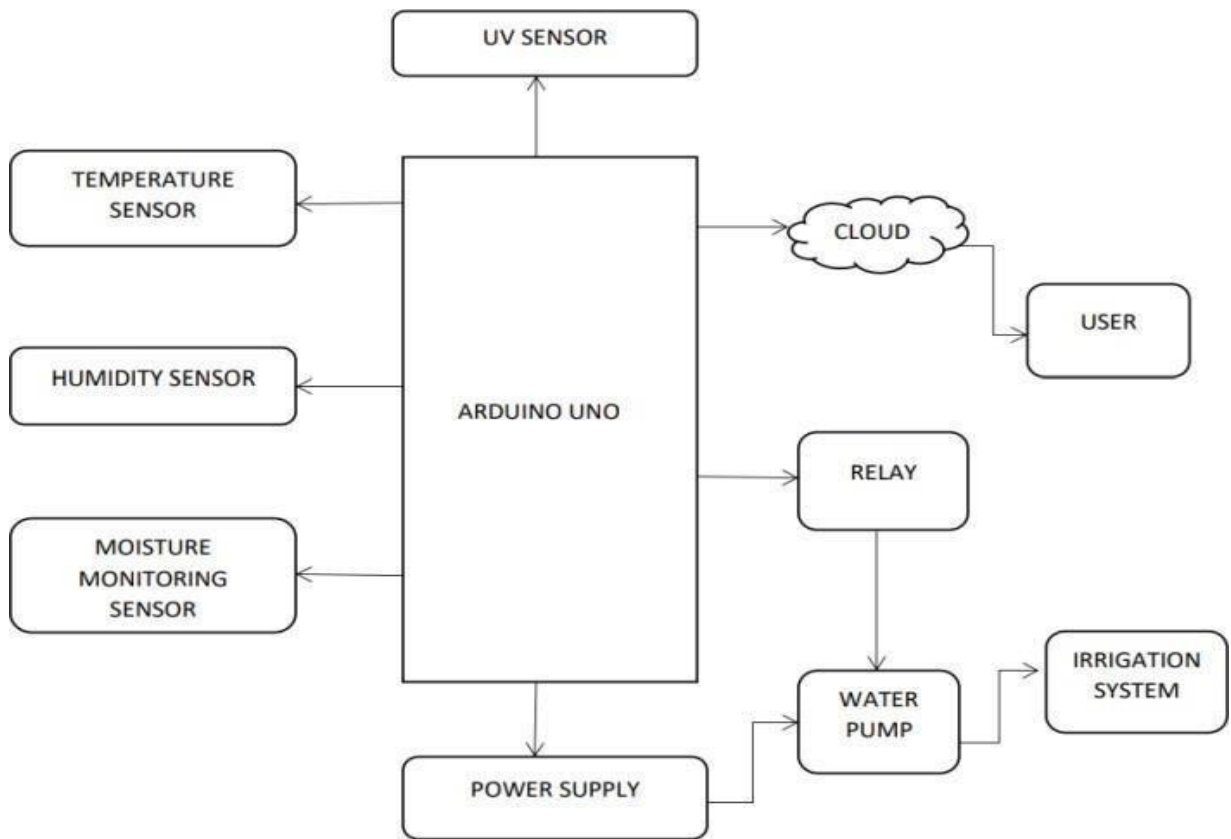
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Time consumability is less, Productivity is high.
NFR- 2	Security	It has high level of security features due to integration of sensor data

NFR- 3	Reliability	<i>Accuracy of data and hence it is Reliable.</i>
NFR- 4	Performance	<i>Performance is high and highly productive.</i>
NFR- 5	Availability	<i>With permitted network connectivity the application is accessible.</i>
NFR- 6	Scalability	<i>It is perfectly scalable and many new constraints can be added.</i>

PROJECT DESIGN





User Stories

Type	Requirement	User Story Number	Acceptance criteria	Priority	
(Mobile use	Registration		As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password and confirming my password.	I can access my account/ dashboard	igh Spri
			As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I registered for the application	igh	

				confirmation email & click confirm.		Spri
					igh	
(Web user)	Login		As a user, I can log into the application by entering email password.	I can register & access the dashboard with Login		Spri
	credentials		As a user, I can register for the application through mobile application	Temperature and Humidity detail	ium	Spri
					ium	Spri
			include the check roles of access and then move to the manage modules.	smart farming application system.		
					igh	
Executive			with the software.	store in cloud services.		Spri
			As a user once view the manage modules this describes the			

	IOT devices		manage system admins and Manage Roles of user and etc		iumSpri
	Log out			Sign out	igh
					Spri

PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation


Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Interfacing Sensors and Motor Pump and IBM cloud	USN-1	Develop a python Code to Interface Sensors and Motor Pump and IBM cloud.	20	High	YOGESH SAI (Member 4)
Sprint-2	Node-Red	USN-2	Develop a we b Application <u>Using a Node-Red</u> .	20	High	SINGAREDDY MANEESH (Leader)
Sprint-3	Mobile Application	USN-3	Develop a mobile Application using MIT-App Inventor.	20	High	VENKATESHAN R (Member 3)
Sprint-4	Integration & Testing	USN-4	Integrating Python Script, Web application & Mobile App	20	Medium	PRAVEEN KUMAR (Member 2)

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	11 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	17 Nov 2022

CODING & SOLUTIONING

Python Code:

- For Connecting IBM Cloud
- For NODE RED
- Weather Map Information  MIT App Inventor

Python Code

```

import wiotp.sdk.device
import time import os
import datetime import
random myconfig = {
    "identity": {
        "orgId": "9sg3zy",
        "typeId": "NodeMCU",
        "deviceId": "12345"
    },
    "auth": {
        "token": "IHk35N47uKF_vjA+C)"
    }
}

client = wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myconfig, logHandlers=None)
client.connect() def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Message received from IBM IoT platform: %s" %
cmd.data['command']) m=cmd.data['command']
if(m=="motoron"):
    print("motor is switched on")
elif(m=="motoroff"):
    print("motor is switched OFF")
print(" ") while True:

```

```

    soil=random.randint(0,100)    temp=random.randint(-
20,125)    hum=random.randint(0,100)

    myData={'soil_moisture':soil, 'temperature':temp, 'humidity':hum}
    client.publishEvent(eventId="status", msgFormat="json", data=myData,
qos=0, onPublish=None)

    print("Published    data    Successfully:    %s",    myData)

time.sleep(2)

    client.myCommandCallback = myCommandCallback client.disconnect
()
```

```

import wiotp.sdk.device
import time
import os
import datetime
import random
myconfig = {
    "identity": {
        "orgId": "9ag3zy",
        "typeId": "NodeMCU",
        "deviceId": "12345"
    },
    "auth": {
        "token": "IHk35N47uKF_v3A+C"
    }
}
client = wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myconfig, logHandlers=None)
client.connect()
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Message received from IBM IoT platform: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    m=cmd.data['command']
    if(m=="motoron"):
        print("Motor is switched on")
    elif(m=="motorexoff"):
        print("Motor is switched OFF")
    print(" ")
while True:
    soil=random.randint(0,100)
    temp=random.randint(-20,125)
    hum=random.randint(0,100)
    myData={'soil_moisture':soil, 'temperature':temp, 'humidity':hum}
    client.publishEvent(eventId="status", msgFormat="json", data=myData, qos=0, onPublish=None)
    print("Published data Successfully: %s", myData)
    time.sleep(2)
    client.myCommandCallback = myCommandCallback
client.disconnect ()
```

Running of programs

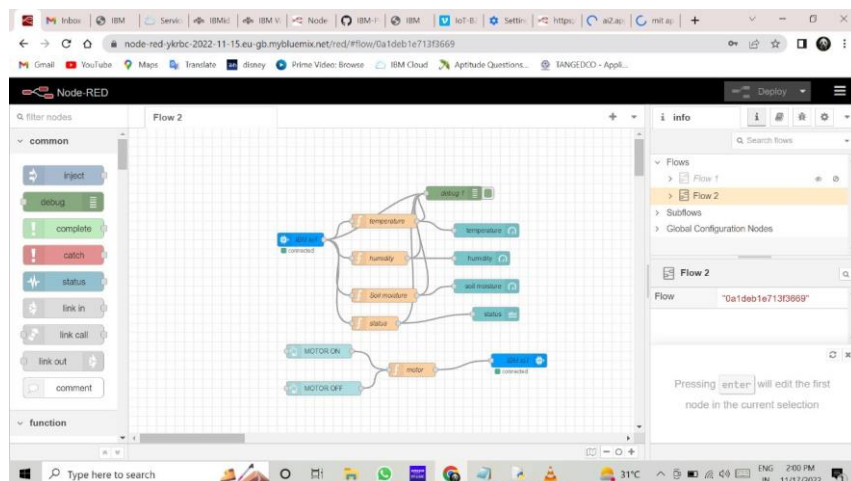
```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 74, 'temperature': 29, 'humidity': 98)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 36, 'temperature': 7, 'humidity': 69)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 20, 'temperature': 77, 'humidity': 56)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 72, 'temperature': 103, 'humidity': 59)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 77, 'temperature': -12, 'humidity': 12)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 49, 'temperature': 46, 'humidity': 34)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 13, 'temperature': 102, 'humidity': 29)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 33, 'temperature': 12, 'humidity': 32)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 47, 'temperature': 101, 'humidity': 86)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 2, 'temperature': 94, 'humidity': 26)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 81, 'temperature': 81, 'humidity': 73)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 69, 'temperature': 18, 'humidity': 97)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 96, 'temperature': 107, 'humidity': 20)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 8, 'temperature': 84, 'humidity': 30)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 77, 'temperature': 91, 'humidity': 99)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 13, 'temperature': 78, 'humidity': 29)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 0, 'temperature': 75, 'humidity': 26)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 6, 'temperature': 105, 'humidity': 22)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 72, 'temperature': 49, 'humidity': 16)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 4, 'temperature': 113, 'humidity': 94)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 14, 'temperature': 84, 'humidity': 82)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 72, 'temperature': 20, 'humidity': 65)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 73, 'temperature': 111, 'humidity': 58)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 58, 'temperature': 97, 'humidity': 50)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 48, 'temperature': -5, 'humidity': 62)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 91, 'temperature': 107, 'humidity': 22)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 39, 'temperature': 13, 'humidity': 83)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 76, 'temperature': 38, 'humidity': 53)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 43, 'temperature': 19, 'humidity': 17)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 80, 'temperature': 118, 'humidity': 66)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 93, 'temperature': -2, 'humidity': 6)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 71, 'temperature': 19, 'humidity': 62)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 45, 'temperature': 59, 'humidity': 84)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 52, 'temperature': 101, 'humidity': 12)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 33, 'temperature': 24, 'humidity': 74)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 16, 'temperature': 11, 'humidity': 0)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 93, 'temperature': 93, 'humidity': 59)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 44, 'temperature': 96, 'humidity': 67)
Published data Successfully: %s ('soil_moisture': 54, 'temperature': 33, 'humidity': 52)
```

TESTING & RESULTS

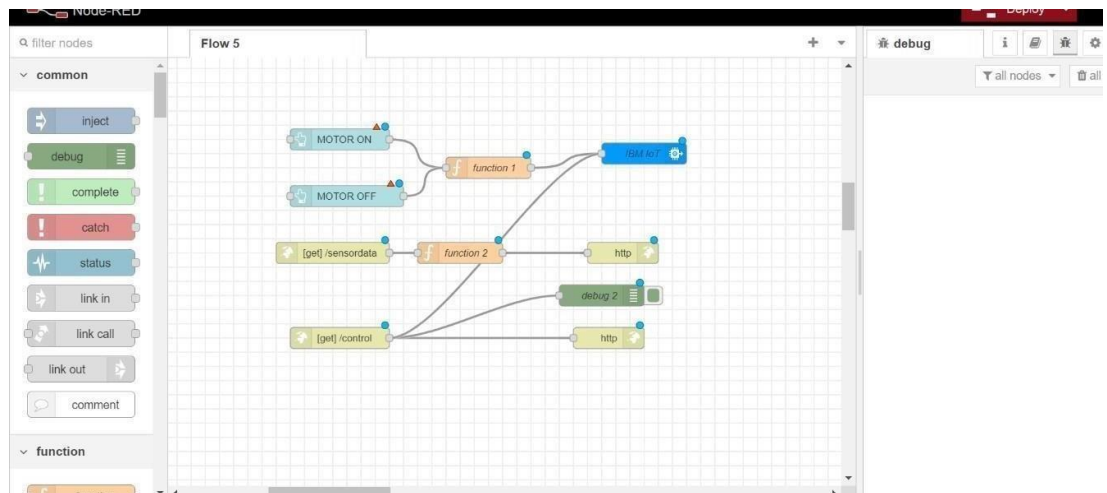
NODE RED Flow Connections

- *Interfacing IBM Cloud*
- *Intefacing & Getting Sensor Datas*
- *Connecting MIT App Inventor Δ Weather Map Parameters*

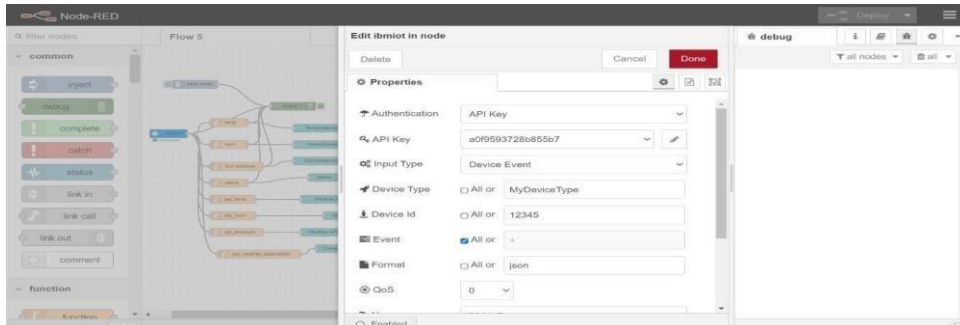
Flow:1



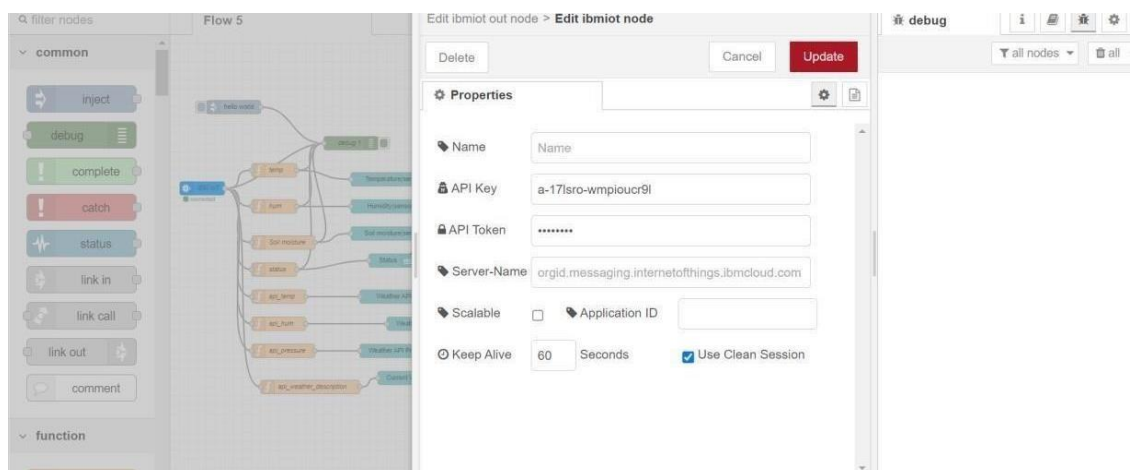
Flow:2



Flow:1 Configuring All Nodes With IBM IOT Platform



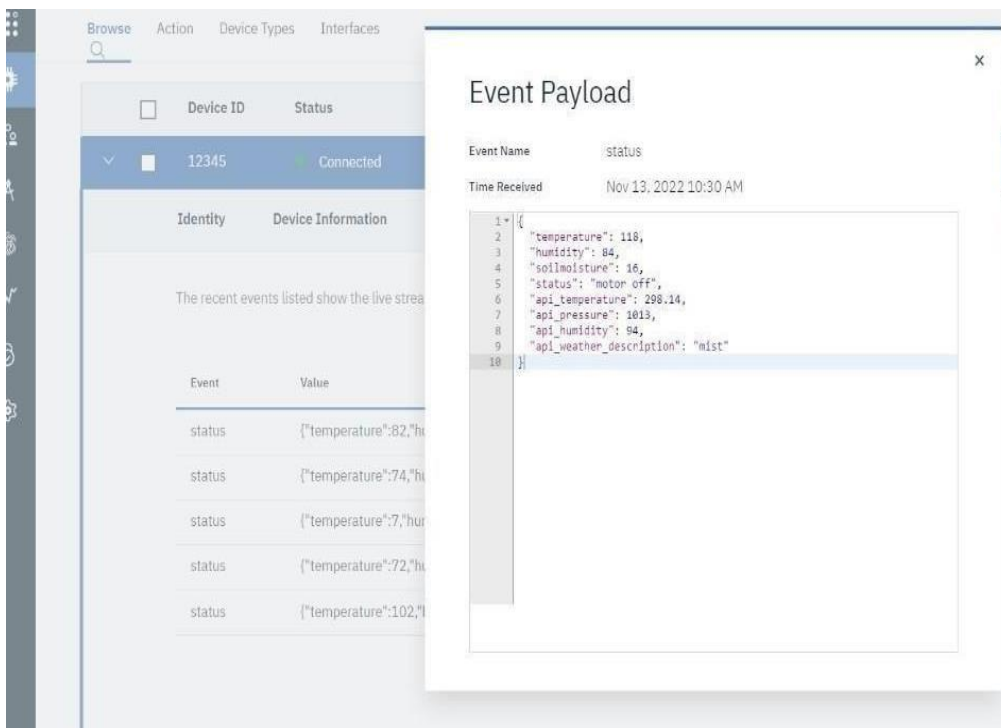
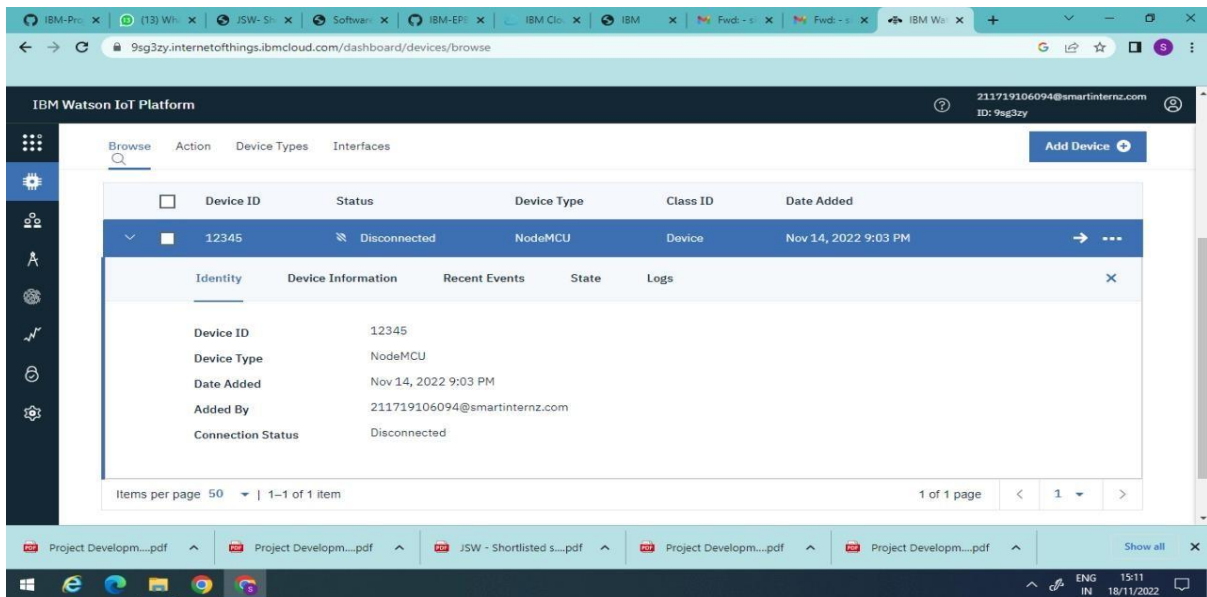
Flow:2 Configuring All Nodes With IBM IOT Platform



Execution of python program

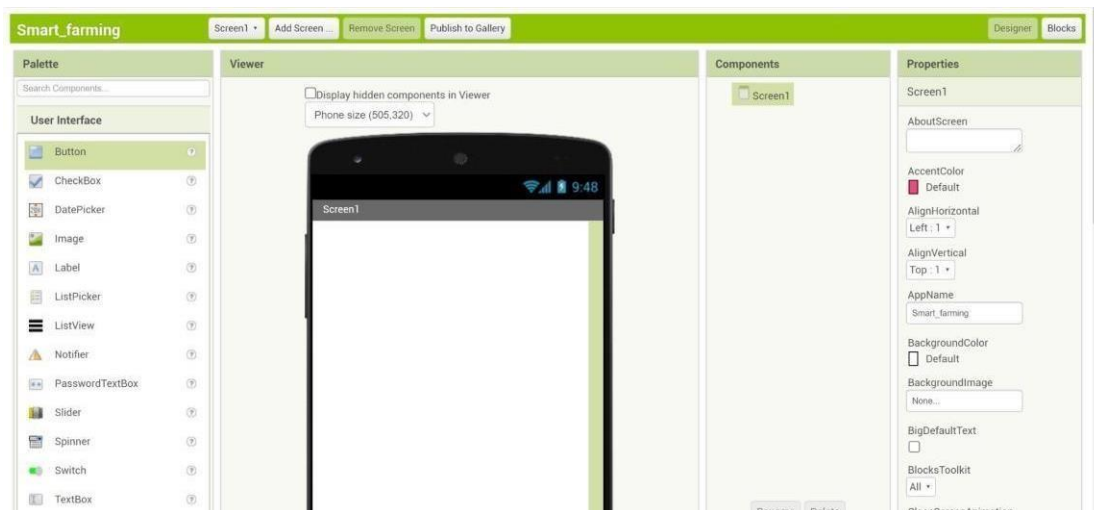
```
erature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 2, 'humidity': 93, 'soilmoisture': 52, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tempe
rature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 100, 'humidity': 100, 'soilmoisture': 63, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_te
mperature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': -3, 'humidity': 9, 'soilmoisture': 28, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tempe
rature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 96, 'humidity': 93, 'soilmoisture': 24, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': -5, 'humidity': 64, 'soilmoisture': 99, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 8, 'humidity': 40, 'soilmoisture': 24, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tempe
rature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 15, 'humidity': 25, 'soilmoisture': 70, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 116, 'humidity': 59, 'soilmoisture': 65, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 72, 'humidity': 71, 'soilmoisture': 13, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 104, 'humidity': 82, 'soilmoisture': 90, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 63, 'humidity': 82, 'soilmoisture': 98, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 27, 'humidity': 57, 'soilmoisture': 21, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': 107, 'humidity': 57, 'soilmoisture': 44, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
Published data Successfully: %s {'temperature': -15, 'humidity': 67, 'soilmoisture': 41, 'status': 'motor off', 'api_tem
perature': 298.14, 'api_pressure': 1013, 'api_humidity': 94, 'api_weather_description': 'mist'}
```

IBM Watson IoT Platform Device Connect & Live Data

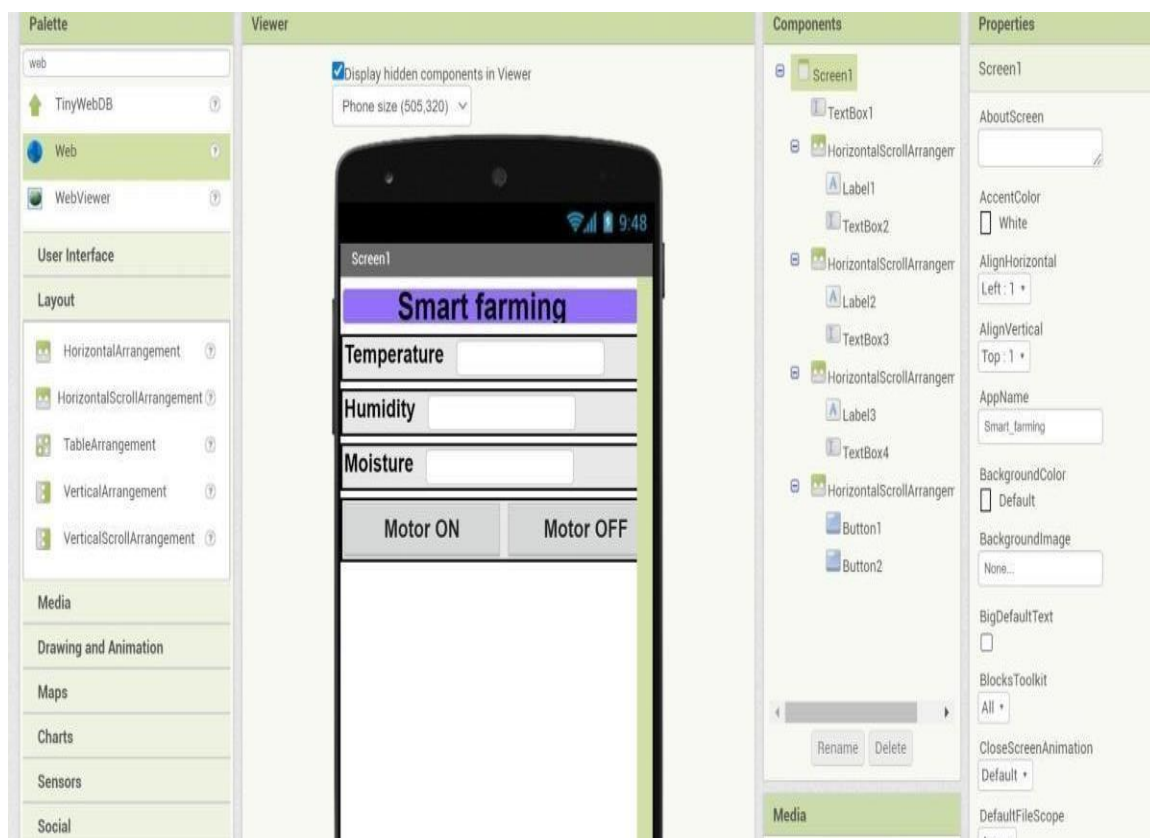


MIT APP INVENTOR

Step 1: Login Into MIT App Inventor



Step 2: Create Your User Interface By Using the Preset Tools



Step 3: Live Output In Mobile Application

A screenshot of a web-based control interface for a smart farming system. At the top is a purple header bar with the text "Smart farming" in white. Below the header, there are three rows of data: "Temperature" with a value of "-5", "Humidity" with a value of "31", and "Moisture" with a value of "61". Each value is displayed next to a light gray rectangular box. At the bottom of the interface are two gray buttons: "Motor ON" on the left and "Motor OFF" on the right.

Smart farming	
Temperature	-5
Humidity	31
Moisture	61
<div><div>Motor ON</div><div>Motor OFF</div></div>	

Advantages :

A remote control system can help in working irrigation system valves dependent on schedule. Irrigating remote farm properties can be exceptionally troublesome and labor-intensive. It gets hard to comprehend when the valves were started and whether the ideal measure of water was distributed. For situations where a quick reaction is required, manual valve actuation may not be conceivable constantly. Thus, remote observing and control of irrigation systems, generators or wind machines or some other motor- driven hardware become the next logical step. Various sensors will help to increase the productivity and customers can be benefited

Disadvantages:

- Cost
- Reliability
- Increased channel maintenance

CONCLUSION:

IoT based SMART FARMING SYSTEM for Live Monitoring of Temperature and Soil Moisture has been proposed using Arduino and Cloud Computing . The System has high efficiency and accuracy in fetching the live data of temperature and soil

moisture. The IoT based smart farming System being proposed via this report will assist farmers in increasing the agriculture yield and take efficient care of food production as the System will always provide helping hand to farmers for getting accurate live feed of environmental temperature and soil moisture with more than 99% accurate results.

FUTURE SCOPE

Future work would be focused more on increasing sensors on this system to fetch more data especially with regard to Pest Control and by also integrating GPS module in this system to enhance this Agriculture IoT Technology to full-fledged Agriculture Precision ready product

APPENDIX

<https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-22516-1659853453>

DEMO VIDEO LINK

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DW9RyOOi1rtYXc3rvsqPISHeXZuHZNYM/view?usp=drive_sdk
