

Define CS, fit into CC	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids <div>Most of Industry workers who are engaged with gas related productions.</div>	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS CC What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices. <div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> It measures toxic gases in very low concentrations. It has ability to detect wide range of gases. It is difficult to know failure. </div>	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking <div>Testbenches, Quick connectors(They enable a fast and tight"Connection" also on non-round and cast surfaces),Leak tester are some of the available solutions.</div>	Explore AS, differentiate
	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides. <div>Flammable gas leakage may lead to secondary accidents such as fire and explosion, while toxic gas dispersion mainly leads to poisoning casualties lead to death.</div>	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE RC What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations. <div>Behind this gas leakage problem there could be many reasons like atomic Reactions between gas molecules, Material's quality....etc.Even though customers have to do this job then only we can get our end products or needful chemical solutions.</div>	7. BEHAVIOUR BE What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? Directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace) <div>Have a check of ehre it has the sense of Harmful gases such as H2S,Methane,and CO. Will also check for temperature sensor that helps to detect the concentration if the gases present in the atmosphere to avoid hazardous consequences like fire breakouts.</div>	
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand R	3. TRIGGERS TR What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news. <div>Constitution should bring gas leakage indicating system as a mandatory precaution in every factory and industries like fire extinguisher.</div>	10. YOUR SOLUTION SL If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour. <div>We are planning to fit a sensor nearby the gas plants which will detect if there is any leak of gas.If there is a gas leak then we will send a message to admin department and also alarm will be set on so that the workers can know about the leak and run into a safe place.</div>	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR CH 8.1 ONLINE What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7 <div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In online, user can monitor the each sensor and its rates, sensors like temperature,gas,humidity,oxygen,level. Also have the statistical report. Precaution can be altered and users take care of the </div> 8.2 OFFLINE What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development. <div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The have to manually check the leakage of gases when the statistics changes. Handling the critical situation should be taken care of the safety officers. </div>	Identify strong TR & EM
	4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER EM How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design. <div>While facing the problem people may get fatigue,dizziness,severe headache,loss of concentration, loss of consciousness,Afterwards people feel insecurity because of the health issues it's hard for them to lead a normal life.</div>			

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