PROJECT REPORT

INDUSTRY-SPECIFIC INTELLIGENT FIRE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Team ID	PNT2022TMID33266		
Project Name	Industry Specific Intelligent Fire		
	Management System		

Project Report Submitted By

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project overview

Fire, explosion and toxic release are the three major hazards in the process industry, while fire is the most common one. Increasing number of fire incidents coupled with loss of property has enhanced the demand for automatic intelligent fire alarm systems in residential and commercial buildings. An intelligent fire alarm system is specifically designed to provide advantages such as identification of the fire location, locate any fault in the alarm system wiring, and ensure easier maintenance. This system includes a Gas sensor, Flame sensor and temperature sensors to detect any changes in the

environment. Based on the temperature readings and if any Gases are present the exhaust fans are powered ON. If any flame is detected the sprinklers will be switched on automatically. Emergency alerts are notified to the authorities and Fire station. Moreover, these modern intelligent fire alarm systems are more sensitive as compared to the classic models and are competent to detect false alarms.

1.2 Purpose

The primary purpose of fire alarm system is to provide an early warning of fire so that people can be evacuated & immediate action can be taken to stop or eliminate the fire effect as soon as possible.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing problem

Systems for monitoring fires have typically relied on a single sensor, like smoke or flame. These single sensor systems are unable to differentiate between actual and fictitious fire presence. Energy inefficiency and environmental harm result from relying on a single sensor all day and risking false alarms. Not only do we need a system that is effective in precisely detecting fire, but we also need a smart solution. The smart fire management system incorporates a temperature sensor, a flame sensor, and a gas sensor to enhance the performance of current single sensor systems. Additionally, a reliable network with numerous smart devices connected to different panels is needed for this system.

2.2 References

[1]N N Mahzan, N I M Enzai, N M Zin and K S S K M Noh, "Design of an Arduino-based home fire alarm system with gSM module", 1st International conference on green and Sustainable computing (ICoGeS), 2017.

1. ZHANG Ying-Cong, YU Jing, "Study on the Fire IOT

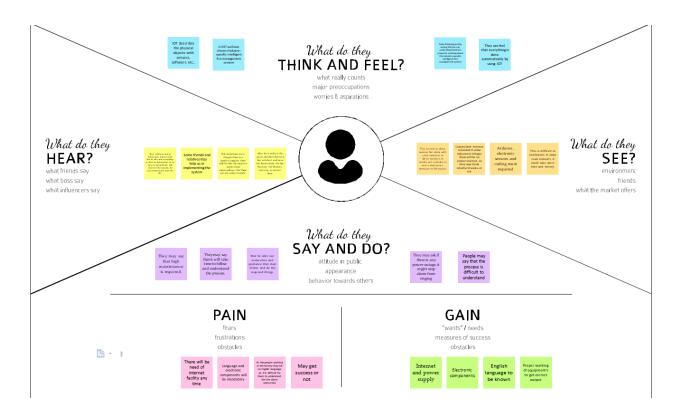
- Development Strategy", Shenyang Fire Research Institute -- Radiant Energy-Sensing Fire Detectors for Automatic Fire Alarm Signaling, US: ANSI/FMRC, pp. FM3260- 2004.
- 2. Public Security, Shenyang 110034, China Shenyang Institute of Engineering, Shenyang 110136, China, 2019. Liu Yunhong Qi Meini,"The Design of Building Fire Monitoring System Based on ZigBee-WiFi Networks", Eighth International Conference on Measuring Technology and Mechatronics Automation, IEEE, 2016, pp-733-735.
- 3. R.A. Sowah, A.R. Ofoli, S.N. Krakani, S.Y. Fiawoo, hardware Design and Web-Based Communication Modules of a Real-Time multisensor Fire Detection and Notification System Using Fuzzy Logic, IEEE Transactions on Industry Applications, 53 (2016) 559-566.

2.3 Problem Statement Definition

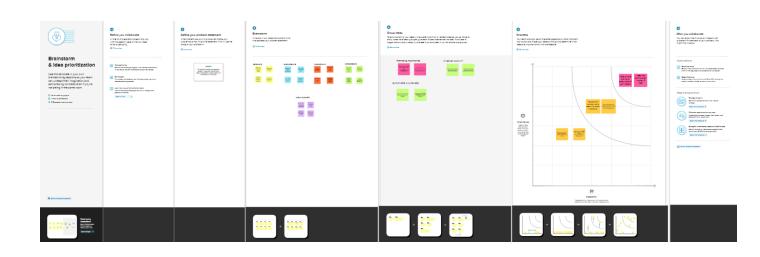
Definition Industry Specific Intelligent fire management system are designed to Prevent fire accidents due to Gas leakage and flame in industry.

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



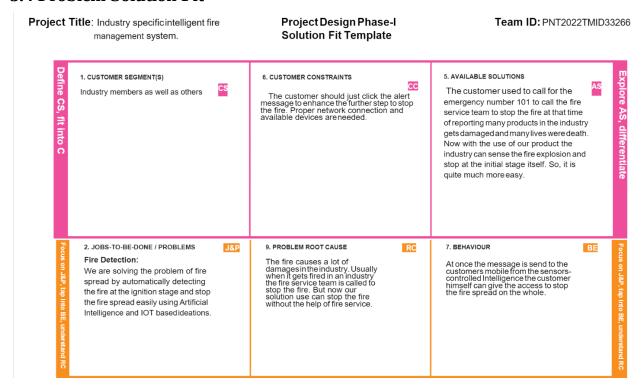
3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming



3.3 Proposed Solution

S. No	Parameter	Descripti
		on
1 .	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To improve the safety management system in industries. Improving the safety management system against the fire accidents in industries.
2	Idea/Solution description	To implement the fire safety management in industry based on IOT using Arduino board with ESP8266 and using some Sensors (smoke, Temperature), LCD display and speaker.
3	Novelty/Uniquene ss	An SMS is sent to fire station with live location .Pre recorded voice assistant guide people to nearby exit.
4	Social Impact/Customer Satisfaction	It early prevents the accident cost by fire in industries. Nearby location so maximum extend more accurate reliability.
5	Business Model (Revenue Model)	This product can be utilized by industries. It is a productive and helpful item in industries for rescuing people from fire accidents and also damage of machines.
6	Scalability of the Solution	It is trying to execute this technique as we need to introduce on Arduino gadget which was modified with an Arduino that takes received signals from sensors. Easy maintenance.

3.4 Problem Solution Fit



4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional requirement

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR	Functional	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)			
No.	Requirement(Epi				
	c)				
FR-	User Registration	Registration through website or			
1		application Registration through			
		Socialmedias Registration through			
		LinkedIN			
FR-	User Confirmation	Verification			
2		viaEmailor			
		OTP			
FR-	User Login	Login through website or App using the			
3		respectiveusername and password			

FR-	User Access	Access the app requirements				
4						
FR-	User Upload	User should be able to upload the data				
5						
FR-	User Solution	Data report should be generated and delivered				
6		to user for every 24 hours				
FR-	User Data Sync	API interface to increase to invoice system				
7						

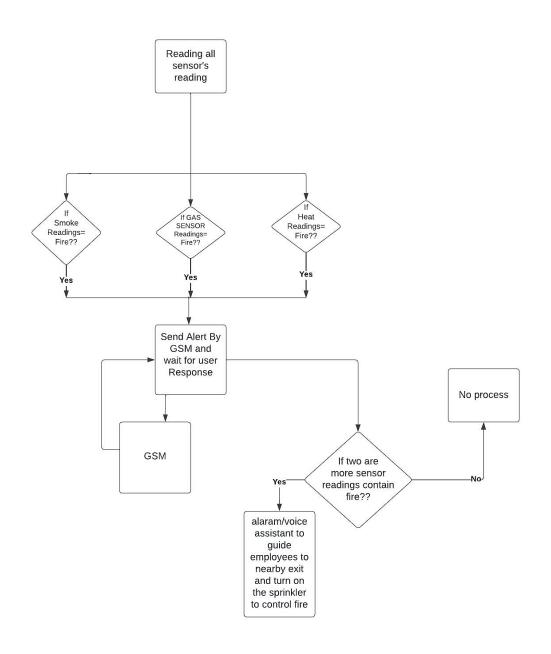
4.2 Non-Functional requirement

FR	Non-Functional	Description			
No.	Requirement				
NF	Usability	Usability requirements includes language			
R-		barriers and localization tasks. Usability can			
1		beassessed by			
		Efficiency of use.			
NF	Security	Access permissions for the particular			
R-		systeminformation may only be changed			
2		by the system's			
		data administrator.			
NF	Reliability	The database update process must roll back all			
R-		related updates when any update fails.			
3					
NF	Performance	The front-page load time must be no more			
R-		than2seconds for users that access the			
4		website using an			
		VoLTE mobile connection.			
NF	Availability	New module deployment must not impact			
R-		frontpage, product pages, and check out			
5		pages availability and mustn't take longer			
		than one hour.			

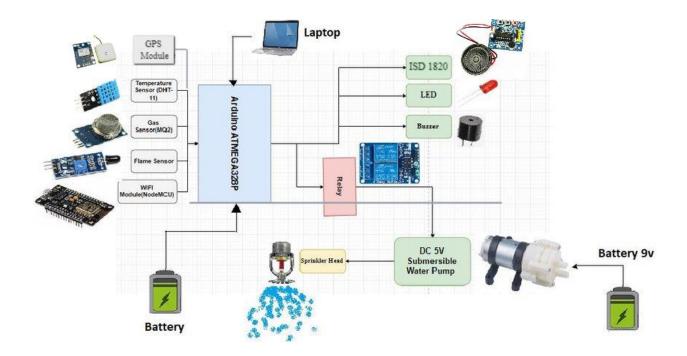
NF	Scalability	We can increase scalability by adding
R-		memory,servers, or disk space. On the other
6		hand, we can compress data, use optimizing
		algorithms.

5. PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 Data Flow Diagram



5.2 Solution Architecture & Technical Architecture



5.3 User Stories

User	Functional	User	User Story / Task	Acceptance	Priority	Release
Туре	Requirement	Story		criteria		
	(Epic)	Number				
Customer	Installation	USN-1	As a user, I can install the fire management device in every sections in the	I can do it by myself	High	Sprint-1
Customer	Power connection	USN-2	floor As a user, I want ensure power supply for all devices	I will ensure it	High	Sprint-2
Customer	Safety	USN-3	As a user, I want to ensure that the device should not be in contact with water	I will ensure that	High	Sprint-3
Customer	Battery Status	USN-4	As a user, I want check the battery status monthly once	I can assure that	Medium	Sprint-4

Customer	Internet	USN-5	As a user, I want to	I will ensure	High	Sprint-5
	Connectivity		check the internet	that		
			connectivity			

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

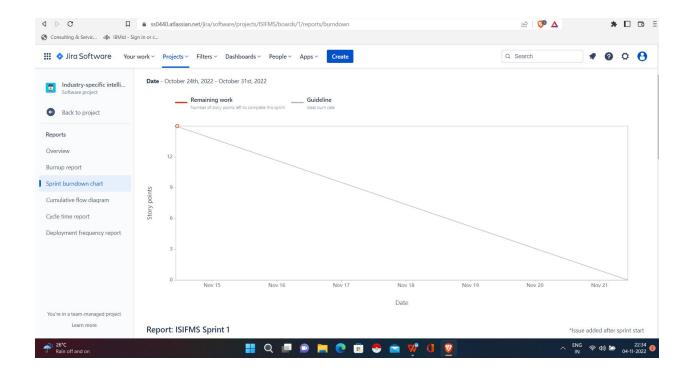
Sprint	Functional Requirement	User Story	User Story / Task	Story Poin	Priority	Team Members
	(Epic)	Numb		ts		
		er				
Sprint-	Registration	USN-1	As a client, I can download the application	5	High	Sudharsun B
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-2	As a client, I can enlist for the application by entering my mobile number, email, password.	5	High	Sudharsun B
Sprint-	Registration	USN-3	As a client, I will get confirmation email or OTP to SMS once I have enrolled for the application	4	High	Sudharsun B
Sprint-2	Login	USN-4	As a client, I can log into the application byentering email and secret code.	5	High	Sridhar R
Sprint-	View	USN-5	As a client, I can see Temperature Readings.	2	Medi um	Sridhar R

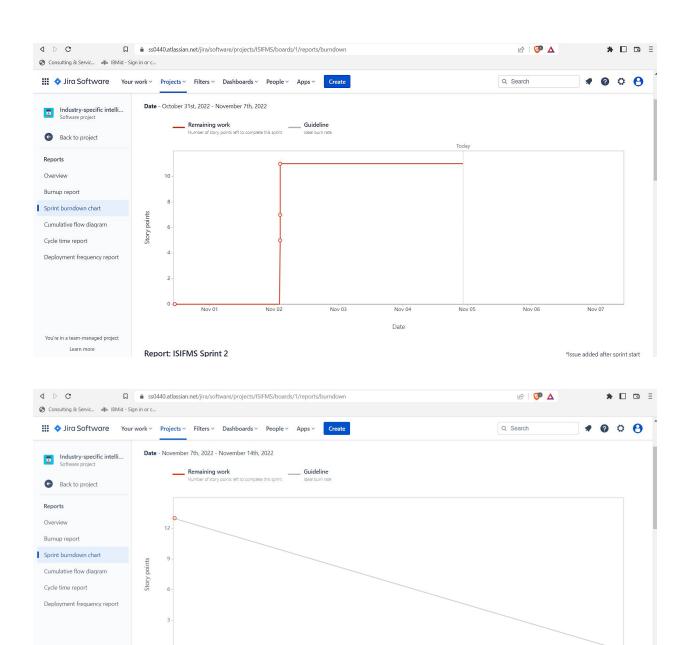
Sprint -2	View	USN-6	As a client, I can see any flame is detected in the industry.	4	High	Thirupathi R
Sprint-	Actions	USN-7	As a client, I will have on and off button for operate sprinklers.	1	Medi um	Vengade sh G

Sprint	Functional	User	User Story / Task	Story	Priority	Team
	Requirement	Story		Points		Members
	(Epic)	Number				
			As a user, I will			
Sprint-3	Actions	USN-8	have an proper	2	Medium	Vengadesh
			system for the			G
			conveyance of			J
			alert messages			
			with accurate			
			location.			
			As a			
Sprint-3	Management	USN-9	Administrator I	5	High	
			can store the			Sridhar R
			data in cloud			
			database.			
			As a tester , I can			
Sprint-4	Testing	USN-10	check whether the	5	High	Vengadesh
			sensors are working			G
			properly.			
			As a tester I can			
Sprint-4	Testing	USN-11	check whether the	5	High	Varun
			sprinklers are			kumar R
			working well and the			
			warning messages			
			are sent to			
			respective persons			
			with locations.			

			As a tester I can get			
Sprint-4	Testing	USN-12	the appropriate	5	High	Varun
			readings of the			kumar R
			Temperature.			

6.2 Reports from JIRA





Nov 08

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Nov 10

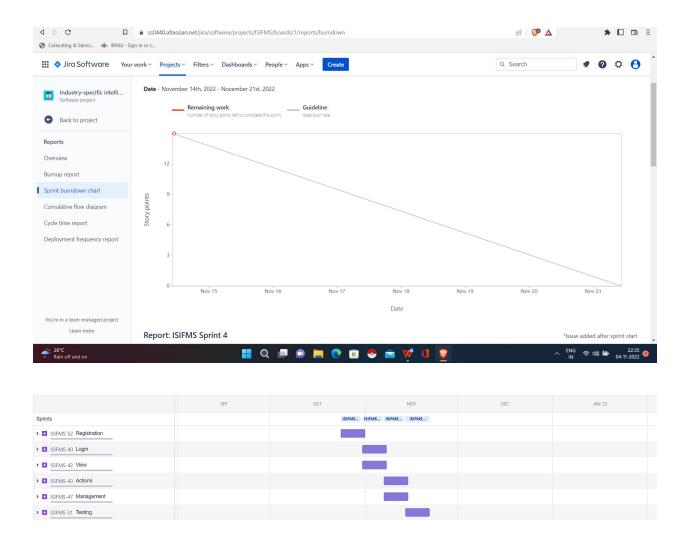
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7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

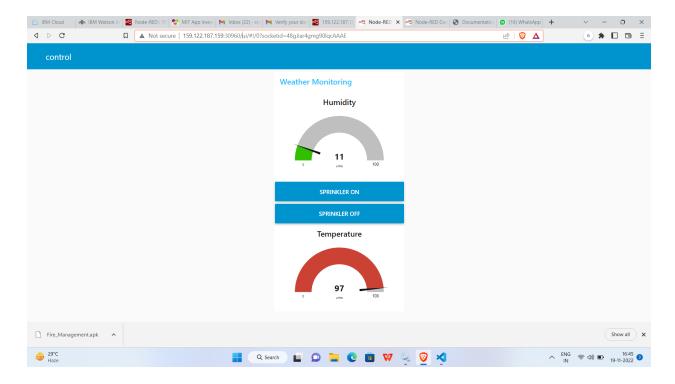
7.1 Feature 1

1 IoT device

2 IBM Watson Platform

8.1 TESTING AND RESULTS

8.1 Test Cases



9. ADVANTAGES

- 1 Reduced installation cost.
- 2 They monitor 24/7.
- 3 Improved security in homes, industries and Offices
- 4 It pin points location of the fire.

10. DISADVANTAGES

- 1 Heat detectors are not considered as life saving devices
- because they aresensitive only to heat.
 - 2 High battery or current consumption will need for these detectors.
 - 3 Control pannel may need to be replaced if it becomes damaged.

11. CONCLUSION

This gas leakage device has numerous industrial applications in addition to home security. In the past, industrial and residential fires and gas leaks have caused extensive damage and losses. If the right steps are not taken promptly, gas leaks and fire outbreaks can expand rapidly and cause considerably greater loss of life and property. So, in this case, we suggested a system that alerts us to gas and fire outbreaks and identifies them so that the appropriate steps can be done to manage them.

12. FUTURE SCOPE

The function of smoke detectors and alarms is evolving from simple smoke detection to combination detectors and multicriteria detectors. The identification of more combustion byproducts, such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, and nitrogen dioxide, in addition to heat and particulate matter, will be possible in the future with multicriteria detection. Within the next ten years, video image detection (VID), which enables the isolation and detection of the picture of smoke or flame from within a room or place using analytics, will become more widely used. The VID system would also be capable of detecting the presence of a person inside the area and, through integration with the notification appliances, would be able to provide an exit route.

13. APPENDIX

13.1 Source Code

import time
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random

Provide your IBM Watson Device Credential

organization = "7qysjg"

```
deviceType = "VENGADESH"
deviceId = "VENGAD123"
authMethod = "use-token-auth"
authToken = "2001VENGAD"
# Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
 print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
 status=cmd.data['command']
if status=="lighton":
  print ("led is on")
else :
print ("led is off")
 #print(cmd)
  deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id":
deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
 except Exception as e:
  print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud
as an event of type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
```

```
#Get Sensor Data from DHT11
  temp=random.randint(0,100)
 Humid=random.randint(0,100)
  data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid }
   #print data
  def myOnPublishCallback():
     print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s
%%" % Humid, "to IBM Watson")
       success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
  if not success:
  print("Not connected to IoTF")
   time.sleep(1)
    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
```

OUTPUT:

Github Link:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-2290-1658469331