

## PROJECT TITLE : ANALYTICS FOR HOSPITAL HEALTH CARE DATA

### PROJECT DESIGN PHASE-I : SOLUTION FIT TEMPLATE

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Define CS, fit into CC	<b>1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)</b> <span>CS</span> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>❖ Patients who are in emergency.</li><li>❖ Patients who are in the necessity of resources such as (oxygen cylinders,etc...)</li></ul>	<b>6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS</b> <span>CC</span> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>❖ Manipulation of customer records.</li><li>❖ Continuous network connections.</li><li>❖ Proper maintenance.</li></ul>	<b>5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS</b> <span>AS</span> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>❖ Analytics for healthcare produced only the EMR and EHR results.</li><li>❖ Every record is comprised of one modifiable file, which means that doctors can implement changes over time with no paperwork and no danger of data replication.</li></ul>	Explore AS, differentiate
	<b>2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS</b> <span>J&amp;P</span> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>❖ To make plan of Resource allocation.</li><li>❖ Prediction of LOS.</li><li>❖ Make use of/Manage resources effectively during pandemic times.</li></ul>	<b>9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE</b> <span>RC</span> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>❖ Unoptimized available resources.</li><li>❖ Spread of infection to doctors/nurses.</li></ul>	<b>7. BEHAVIOUR</b> <span>BE</span> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>❖ To acquire necessary data to analyse the LOS of a patient.</li><li>❖ To allocate the necessary resources.</li></ul>	

Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC

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<p><b>3. TRIGGERS</b> <span>TR</span></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ Providing optimized treatment.</li> <li>❖ Accurate updation of available resources.</li> <li>❖ Reduce the waiting time of the patients incase of emergencies.</li> </ul>	<p><b>10. YOUR SOLUTION</b> <span>SL</span></p> <p>To observe and predict the improvement of efficiency of the healthcare management in a hospital and identifying the LOS - risk can have their treatment plan optimized to minimize LOS and lower the chance of staff infection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ To get prior knowledge of LOS can aid in logistics such as room and bed allocation planning.</li> <li>❖ The length of stay is divided into 11 different classes ranging from 0-10 days to more than 100 days.</li> <li>❖ To predict the Length of Stay for each patient accurately on case by case basis so that the Hospitals can use this information for optimal resource allocation and better functioning.</li> </ul>	<p><b>8.CHANNELS OF BEHAVIOUR</b> <span>CH</span></p> <p><b>8.1 ONLINE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ Analysis of Data collected.</li> <li>❖ Accessing Application's features.</li> </ul> <p><b>8.2 OFFLINE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ Data collection.</li> <li>❖ Implementing the Suggestions provided by the application.</li> </ul>
<p><b>4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER</b> <span>EM</span></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ Unreliable —&gt; Trustworthy</li> <li>❖ Negative —&gt; Positive</li> <li>❖ Insecure —&gt; Secure</li> </ul>		