

## Project Development Phase Delivery of Sprint 2

Date	01 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID05778
Project Name	Classification of Arrhythmia by Using Deep Learning with 2-D ECG Spectral Image Representation

### Task 1:

#### Model Building:

#### Adding CNN Layers:

##### Code:

```
#ADDING CNN LAYERS

model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu')) #convolution layer
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))) #MaxPooling2D for downsampling the input
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Flatten()) #flatten the dimension of the image
```

#### Adding Dense Layers:

##### Code:

```
#ADDING DENSE LAYERS

model.add(Dense(32)) #deeply connected neural network layers.
model.add(Dense(6, activation='softmax'))
```

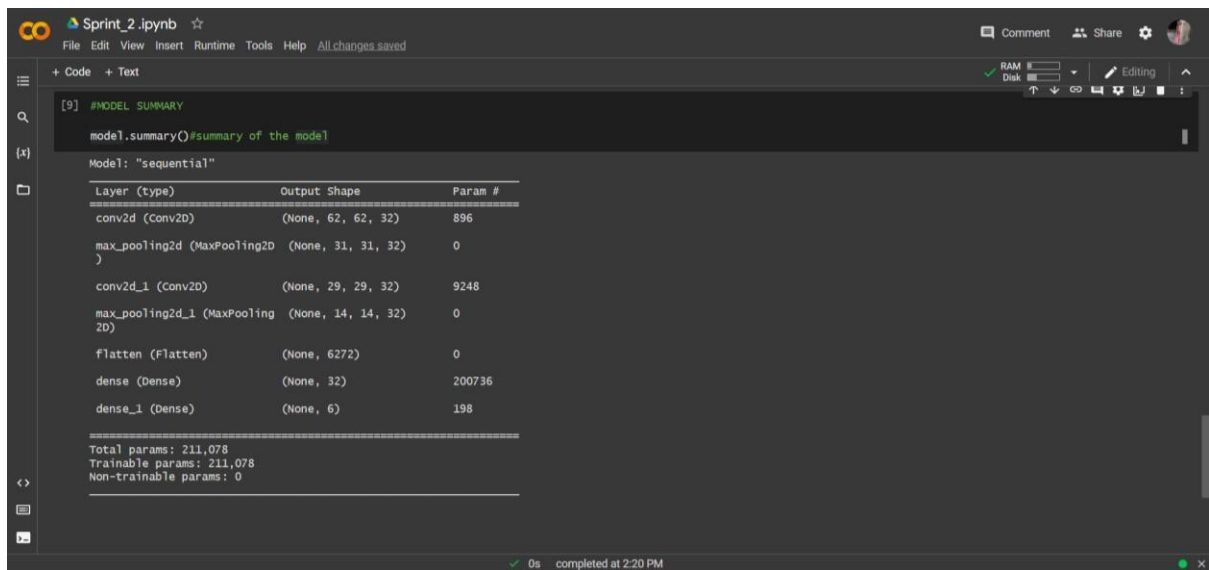
#### Model Summary:

##### Code:

```
#MODEL SUMMARY

model.summary() #summary of the model
```

#### Output:



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with a file named 'Sprint\_2.ipynb'. The code cell contains a call to `model.summary()`, which outputs a summary of the model's architecture. The model is a sequential model with the following layers:

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 32)	9248
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 6272)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 32)	200736
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 6)	198

Summary statistics:  
Total params: 211,078  
Trainable params: 211,078  
Non-trainable params: 0

## Configure the Learning Process:

### Code:

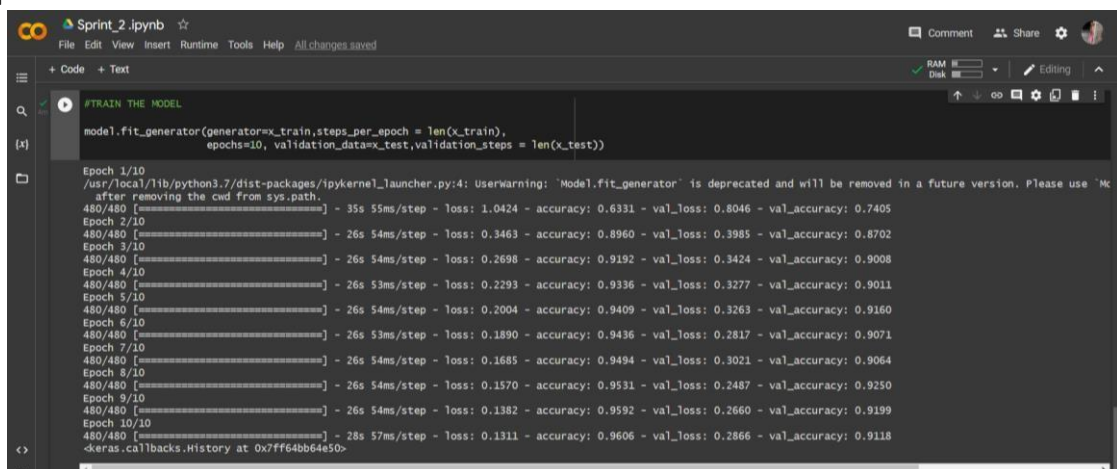
```
#CONFIGURE THE LEARNING PROCESS
model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics=[ 'accuracy'])
```

## Train the Model:

### Code:

```
#TRAIN THE MODEL
model.fit_generator(generator=x_train,steps_per_epoch = len(x_train),
epochs=10, validation_data=x_test,validation_steps = len(x_test))
```

## Output:



The screenshot shows the output of the `model.fit_generator` function. It displays the progress of training over 10 epochs, including the time taken for each epoch, the loss, accuracy, and validation loss and accuracy. A warning message is also visible: "UserWarning: 'Model.fit\_generator' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Please use 'Model.fit' instead." The output shows that the model's performance improves over time, with the loss decreasing and accuracy increasing.

```
Epoch 1/10
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:4: UserWarning: 'Model.fit_generator' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Please use 'Model.fit' instead.
480/480 [=====] - 35s 55ms/step - loss: 1.0424 - accuracy: 0.6331 - val_loss: 0.8046 - val_accuracy: 0.7405
Epoch 2/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 54ms/step - loss: 0.3463 - accuracy: 0.8960 - val_loss: 0.3985 - val_accuracy: 0.8702
Epoch 3/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 54ms/step - loss: 0.2698 - accuracy: 0.9192 - val_loss: 0.3424 - val_accuracy: 0.9008
Epoch 4/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 53ms/step - loss: 0.2293 - accuracy: 0.9336 - val_loss: 0.3277 - val_accuracy: 0.9011
Epoch 5/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 54ms/step - loss: 0.2004 - accuracy: 0.9409 - val_loss: 0.3263 - val_accuracy: 0.9160
Epoch 6/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 53ms/step - loss: 0.1890 - accuracy: 0.9436 - val_loss: 0.2817 - val_accuracy: 0.9071
Epoch 7/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 54ms/step - loss: 0.1685 - accuracy: 0.9494 - val_loss: 0.3021 - val_accuracy: 0.9064
Epoch 8/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 54ms/step - loss: 0.1570 - accuracy: 0.9531 - val_loss: 0.2487 - val_accuracy: 0.9250
Epoch 9/10
480/480 [=====] - 26s 54ms/step - loss: 0.1382 - accuracy: 0.9592 - val_loss: 0.2660 - val_accuracy: 0.9199
Epoch 10/10
480/480 [=====] - 28s 57ms/step - loss: 0.1311 - accuracy: 0.9606 - val_loss: 0.2866 - val_accuracy: 0.9118
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7ff64bb64e50>
```

## Save the Model:

### Code:

```
#SAVE THE MODEL
model.save('ECG.h5')
```

## Test the Model:

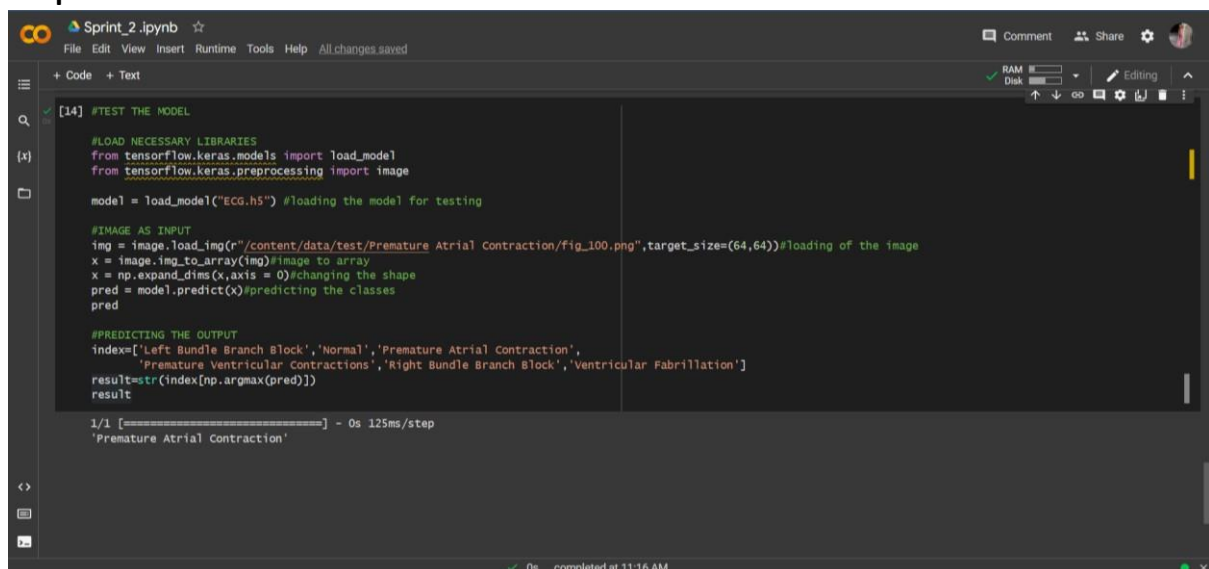
### Code:

```
#TEST THE MODEL

#LOAD NECESSARY LIBRARIES from
tensorflow.keras.models import load_model from
tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
model = load_model("ECG.h5") #loading the model for
testing
#IMAGE AS INPUT img = image.load_img(r"/content/data/test/Premature
Atrial Contraction/ fig_100.png",target_size=(64,64))#loading of the
image x = image.img_to_array(img)#image to array x =
np.expand_dims(x,axis = 0)#changing the shape pred =
model.predict(x)#predicting the classes pred

#PREDICTING THE OUTPUT index=['Left Bundle Branch
Block','Normal','Premature Atrial Contractio n',
        'Premature Ventricular Contractions','Right Bundle Branch Block'
,'Ventricular Fabrillation']
result=str(index[np.argmax(pred)]) result
```

### Output:



```
Sprint_2.ipynb ☆
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
+ Code + Text
[14] #TEST THE MODEL

#LOAD NECESSARY LIBRARIES
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image

model = load_model("ECG.h5") #loading the model for testing

#IMAGE AS INPUT
img = image.load_img(r"/content/data/test/Premature Atrial Contraction/fig_100.png",target_size=(64,64))#loading of the image
x = image.img_to_array(img)#image to array
x = np.expand_dims(x,axis = 0)#changing the shape
pred = model.predict(x)#predicting the classes
pred

#PREDICTING THE OUTPUT
index=['Left Bundle Branch Block','Normal','Premature Atrial Contraction',
        'Premature Ventricular Contractions','Right Bundle Branch Block','Ventricular Fabrillation']
result=str(index[np.argmax(pred)])
result

1/1 [=====] - 0s 125ms/step
'Premature Atrial Contraction'
```

0s completed at 11:16 AM