```
Load Dataset
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df=pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\Gokul\Downloads\Mall_Customers.csv')
df.head()
CustomerID
               Gender Age
                              Annual Income (k$)
                                                     Spending Score (1-100)
0
       1
                                      39
               Male
                      19
                              15
       2
               Male
                      21
                                      81
1
                              15
2
       3
               Female 20
                                      6
                              16
3
       4
               Female 23
                              16
                                      77
       5
               Female 31
                              17
                                      40
Univariate Analysis Visualization
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
plt.plot(df['Annual Income (k$)'])
plt.show()
plt.hist(df['Annual Income (k$)'])
(array([24., 22., 28., 38., 30., 36., 8., 6., 4., 4.]),
 array([ 15., 27.2, 39.4, 51.6, 63.8, 76., 88.2, 100.4, 112.6,
         124.8, 137.]),
 )
```

data=np.array(df['Annual Income (k\$)'])

```
plt.plot(data,linestyle = 'dotted')
[]
sns.boxplot(df['Age'])
C:\Users\govin\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the
following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be
'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or
misinterpretation.
  warnings.warn(
sns.countplot(df['Age'])
C:\Users\govin\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the
following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be
'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or
misinterpretation.
  warnings.warn(
sns.countplot(df['Gender'])
C:\Users\govin\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the
following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be
'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or
misinterpretation.
  warnings.warn(
df['Age'].plot(kind='density')
Bivariate Analysis Visualization
sns.stripplot(x=df['Annual Income (k$)'],y=df['Spending Score (1-100)'])
```

```
plt.scatter(df['Annual Income (k$)'],df['Age'],color='pink')
plt.xlabel("Annual Income (k$)")
plt.ylabel("Age")
Text(0, 0.5, 'Age')
sns.stripplot(x=df['Annual Income (k$)'],y=df['Age'])
sns.violinplot(x ='Annual Income (k$)', y ='Spending Score (1-100)', data = df)
Multivariate Analysis Visualization
sns.pairplot(df)
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
Descriptive Statistics
df.shape
(200, 5)
df.info()
RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199
Data columns (total 5 columns):
      Column
                                     Non-Null Count Dtype
      CustomerID
                                    200 non-null
                                                     int64
 1
      Gender
                                     200 non-null
                                                      object
```

int64

200 non-null

2

Age

3 Annual Income (k\$) 200 non-null int64

4 Spending Score (1-100) 200 non-null int64

dtypes: int64(4), object(1)

memory usage: 7.9+ KB

df.isnull().sum()

CustomerID 0

Gender 0

Age 0

Annual Income (k\$) 0

Spending Score (1-100) 0

dtype: int64

df.describe()

CustomerID Age		Annual Income	(k\$) Spend	Spending Score (1-100)		
count	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000		
mean	100.500000	38.850000	60.560000	50.200000		
std	57.879185	13.969007	26.264721	25.823522		
min	1.000000	18.000000	15.000000	1.000000		
25%	50.750000	28.750000	41.500000	34.750000		
50%	100.500000	36.000000	61.500000	50.000000		
75%	150.250000	49.000000	78.000000	73.000000		
max	200.000000	70.000000	137.000000	99.000000		

df.mean()

CustomerID 100.50

Age 38.85

Annual Income (k\$) 60.56

Spending Score (1-100) 50.20

dtype: float64

df['Age'].mean()

38.85

df.mode()

CustomerID		Gender Age		Annual Income (k\$)		Spending Score (1-100)
0	1	0.0	32.0	54.0	42.0	
1	2	NaN	NaN	78.0	NaN	
2	3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
3	4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
4	5	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
195	196	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
196	197	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
197	198	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
198	199	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
199	200	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

200 rows × 5 columns

df.median()

CustomerID 100.5

Age 36.0

Annual Income (k\$) 61.5

Spending Score (1-100) 50.0

dtype: float64

```
df['Gender'].value_counts()
Female
           112
Male
             88
Name: Gender, dtype: int64
Handle Missing Values
df.isna().sum()
CustomerID
                               0
Gender
                                0
                                0
Age
Annual Income (k$)
                            0
Spending Score (1-100)
                           0
dtype: int64
Handling Outliers
sns.boxplot(df['Spending Score (1-100)'])
C:\Users\govin\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the
following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be
'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or
misinterpretation.
  warnings.warn(
Q1 = df['Spending Score (1-100)'].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = df['Spending Score (1-100)'].quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
whisker_width = 1.5
lower_whisker = Q1 -(whisker_width*IQR)
upper_whisker = Q3 +(whisker_width*IQR)
```

df['Spending Score (1-100)']=np.where(df['Spending Score

```
(1-100)']>upper_whisker,upper_whisker,np.where(df['Spending Score
(1-100)']<lower whisker,lower whisker,df['Spending Score (1-100)']))
sns.boxplot(df['Spending Score (1-100)'])
C:\Users\govin\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the
following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be
'data', and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or
misinterpretation.
  warnings.warn(
Categorical Variable and Encoding
numeric_data = df.select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
categorical_data = df.select_dtypes(exclude=[np.number])
print("Number of numerical variables: ", numeric_data.shape[1])
print("Number of categorical variables: ", categorical_data.shape[1])
Number of numerical variables: 4
Number of categorical variables: 1
print("Number of categorical variables: ", categorical data.shape[1])
Categorical_variables = list(categorical_data.columns)
Categorical_variables
Number of categorical variables: 1
['Gender']
df['Gender'].value_counts()
Female
            112
Male
             88
Name: Gender, dtype: int64
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
```

```
label = le.fit_transform(df['Gender'])
df["Gender"] = label
df['Gender'].value_counts()
0
     112
1
       88
Name: Gender, dtype: int64
df.head()
                             Annual Income (k$)
CustomerID
               Gender Age
                                                    Spending Score (1-100)
0
       1
                      19
                              15
                                     39.0
               1
1
       2
               1
                      21
                              15
                                     81.0
2
       3
               0
                      20
                              16
                                     6.0
3
       4
               0
                      23
                                     77.0
                              16
4
       5
               0
                      31
                              17
                                     40.0
Independent and Dependent Variables
X = df.drop("Spending Score (1-100)",axis=1)
Y = df['Spending Score (1-100)']
X[:5]
CustomerID
               Gender Age
                             Annual Income (k$)
0
       1
               1
                      19
                              15
       2
                      21
                              15
1
2
       3
               0
                      20
                              16
3
       4
               0
                      23
                              16
       5
4
               0
                      31
                              17
Y[:5]
```

39.0

```
1 81.0
```

2 6.0

3 77.0

4 40.0

Name: Spending Score (1-100), dtype: float64

Scale Independent Variables

Χ

CustomerID		Gende	er Age	Annual Income (k\$)		
0	1	1	19	15		
1	2	1	21	15		
2	3	0	20	16		
3	4	0	23	16		
4	5	0	31	17		
195	196	0	35	120		
196	197	0	45	126		
197	198	1	32	126		
198	199	1	32	137		
199	200	1	30	137		

200 rows × 4 columns

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

object= StandardScaler()

scale = object.fit_transform(X)

print(scale)

- [-1.70609137 1.12815215 -1.28103541 -1.73899919]
- [-1.68877065 -0.88640526 -1.3528021 -1.70082976]
- [-1.67144992 -0.88640526 -1.13750203 -1.70082976]
- [-1.6541292 -0.88640526 -0.56336851 -1.66266033]
- [-1.63680847 -0.88640526 -1.20926872 -1.66266033]
- [-1.61948775 -0.88640526 -0.27630176 -1.62449091]
- [-1.60216702 -0.88640526 -1.13750203 -1.62449091]
- [-1.5848463 1.12815215 1.80493225 -1.58632148]
- [-1.56752558 -0.88640526 -0.6351352 -1.58632148]
- [-1.53288413 -0.88640526 -0.27630176 -1.58632148]
- [-1.5155634 -0.88640526 1.37433211 -1.54815205]
- [-1.49824268 -0.88640526 -1.06573534 -1.54815205]
- [-1.46360123 1.12815215 -1.20926872 -1.54815205]
- [-1.4462805 -0.88640526 -0.27630176 -1.50998262]

- [-1.39431833 -0.88640526 -0.27630176 -1.43364376]
- [-1.3769976 1.12815215 -0.27630176 -1.39547433]
- [-1.35967688 1.12815215 -0.99396865 -1.39547433]
- [-1.32503543 1.12815215 -0.56336851 -1.3573049]

```
[-1.29039398 1.12815215 -0.70690189 -1.24279661]
```

- [-1.25575253 1.12815215 -0.27630176 -1.24279661]
- [-1.22111108 -0.88640526 -1.13750203 -1.20462718]
- [-1.20379036 1.12815215 1.51786549 -1.16645776]
- [-1.18646963 -0.88640526 -1.28103541 -1.16645776]
- [-1.16914891 1.12815215 1.01549866 -1.05194947]

- [-1.11718674 -0.88640526 -1.28103541 -1.05194947]
- [-1.08254529 -0.88640526 -0.6351352 -1.01378004]
- [-1.06522456 -0.88640526 -0.20453507 -0.89927175]
- [-1.04790384 -0.88640526 -1.3528021 -0.89927175]
- [-1.01326239 1.12815215 -1.06573534 -0.86110232]
- [-0.99594166 1.12815215 0.65666521 -0.82293289]
- [-0.97862094 -0.88640526 -0.56336851 -0.82293289]
- [-0.94397949 -0.88640526 -1.06573534 -0.82293289]
- [-0.90933804 -0.88640526 -0.85043527 -0.78476346]
- [-0.89201732 -0.88640526 -0.70690189 -0.78476346]
- [-0.87469659 -0.88640526 -0.56336851 -0.78476346]

- [-0.84005514 1.12815215 -0.41983513 -0.70842461]
- [-0.82273442 -0.88640526 -0.56336851 -0.67025518]
- [-0.80541369 1.12815215 1.4460988 -0.67025518]
- [-0.77077224 1.12815215 0.58489852 -0.67025518]
- [-0.73613079 1.12815215 2.16376569 -0.63208575]
- [-0.71881007 -0.88640526 -0.85043527 -0.55574689]
- [-0.70148935 1.12815215 1.01549866 -0.55574689]
- [-0.68416862 1.12815215 2.23553238 -0.55574689]
- [-0.6668479 1.12815215 -1.42456879 -0.55574689]
- [-0.64952717 -0.88640526 2.02023231 -0.51757746]

- [-0.597565 1.12815215 -1.49633548 -0.47940803]
- [-0.56292355 -0.88640526 2.091999 -0.47940803]
- [-0.54560282 1.12815215 -1.42456879 -0.47940803]
- [-0.5282821 -0.88640526 -0.49160182 -0.47940803]
- [-0.51096138 1.12815215 2.23553238 -0.4412386]
- [-0.47631993 -0.88640526 1.51786549 -0.40306917]
- [-0.4589992 -0.88640526 1.51786549 -0.40306917]
- [-0.44167848 1.12815215 1.4460988 -0.25039146]

- [-0.42435775 1.12815215 -0.92220196 -0.25039146]
- [-0.3897163 1.12815215 0.08253169 -0.25039146]
- [-0.37239558 -0.88640526 -1.13750203 -0.25039146]
- [-0.33775413 1.12815215 1.30256542 -0.25039146]
- [-0.3204334 1.12815215 -0.06100169 -0.25039146]
- [-0.30311268 1.12815215 2.02023231 -0.25039146]
- [-0.26847123 -0.88640526 -1.28103541 -0.25039146]
- [-0.25115051 1.12815215 0.65666521 -0.25039146]
- [-0.21650906 -0.88640526 -1.20926872 -0.13588317]
- [-0.19918833 -0.88640526 -0.34806844 -0.09771374]

- [-0.14722616 1.12815215 -1.49633548 -0.05954431]

- [-0.09526399 -0.88640526 -0.49160182 -0.02137488]
- [-0.07794326 1.12815215 -1.06573534 -0.02137488]
- [-0.04330181 -0.88640526 -0.85043527 -0.02137488]
- [-0.02598109 1.12815215 0.65666521 0.01679455]
- [-0.00866036 1.12815215 -1.3528021 0.01679455]

- [0.14722616 1.12815215 2.091999 0.09313341]

- [0.3204334 -0.88640526 0.87196528 0.24581112]

- $[\ 0.3897163 \quad -0.88640526 \quad 0.08253169 \quad 0.32214998]$

- $[\ 1.04790384\ -0.88640526\quad \ 1.23079873\quad \ 0.70384427]$
- [1.08254529 1.12815215 -1.42456879 0.78018313]

- [1.15182818 1.12815215 0.22606507 0.97103028]

- [1.22111108 1.12815215 0.08253169 1.00919971]

- [1.34235616 1.12815215 -0.85043527 1.04736914]

- [1.53288413 -0.88640526 0.15429838 1.61991057]

- [1.6541292 -0.88640526 -0.27630176 2.26879087]

- [1.70609137 1.12815215 -0.49160182 2.91767117]

X_scaled=pd.DataFrame(scale,columns=X.columns)

X_scaled

CustomerID		Gender Age		Annual Income (k\$)			
0	-1.7234	112	1.1281	52	-1.4245	569	-1.738999
1	-1.7060	091	1.1281	52	-1.2810	035	-1.738999
2	-1.6887	771	-0.8864	105	-1.3528	802	-1.700830
3	-1.6714	450	-0.8864	105	-1.137	502	-1.700830
4	-1.6542	129	-0.8864	105	-0.5633	369	-1.662660
195	1.6541	29	-0.8864	105	-0.2763	302	2.268791
196	1.6714	50	-0.8864	105	0.4413	65	2.497807
197	1.6887	71	1.1281	52	-0.491	602	2.497807
198	1.7060	91	1.1281	52	-0.491	602	2.917671
199	1.7234	12	1.1281	52	-0.635	135	2.917671

200 rows × 4 columns

KMeans Clustering Algorithm

Train and Test Split

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

split the dataset

X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, Y, test_size=0.20, random_state=0)

X_train.shape

(160, 4)

X_test.shape

(40, 4)

```
Y_train.shape
(160,)
Y_test.shape
(40,)
Build the Model
x = df.iloc[:,[3,4]].values
#training the K-means model on a dataset
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=5, init='k-means++', random_state= 42)
y_predict= kmeans.fit_predict(x)
#visulaizing the clusters
plt.scatter(x[y_predict == 0, 0], x[y_predict == 0, 1], s = 100, c = 'blue', label = 'Cluster 1') #for first cluster
plt.scatter(x[y_predict == 1, 0], x[y_predict == 1, 1], s = 100, c = 'green', label = 'Cluster 2') #for second
cluster
plt.scatter(x[y_predict== 2, 0], x[y_predict == 2, 1], s = 100, c = 'red', label = 'Cluster 3') #for third cluster
plt.scatter(x[y_predict == 3, 0], x[y_predict == 3, 1], s = 100, c = 'cyan', label = 'Cluster 4') #for fourth
cluster
plt.scatter(x[y_predict == 4, 0], x[y_predict == 4, 1], s = 100, c = 'magenta', label = 'Cluster 5') #for fifth
cluster
plt.scatter(kmeans.cluster centers [:, 0], kmeans.cluster centers [:, 1], s = 300, c = 'yellow', label =
'Centroid')
plt.title('Clusters of customers')
plt.xlabel('Annual Income (k$)')
plt.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```