Project Development Phase Model Performance Test

Date	19 November 2022	
Team ID	PNT2022TMID33248	
Project Name	Early Detection of Chronic Kidney Disease using Machine Learning	
Maximum Marks	10 Marks	

Model Performance Testing:

Project team shall fill the following information in model performance testing template.

S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot
1.	Metrics	Regression Model: MAE - , MSE - , RMSE - , R2 score -	See below
		Classification Model: Confusion Matrix - , Accuray Score- & Classification Report -	
2.	Tune the Model	Hyperparameter Tuning - Validation Method -	See below

1. Metrics

macro avg

weighted avg

0.99

0.98

0.98

0.98

0.98

0.98

Random Forest Model:

```
Random Forest Classifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rd clf = RandomForestClassifier(criterion = 'entropy', max depth = 11, max features = 'auto', min samples leaf = 2, min samples s
rd_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
# accuracy score, confusion matrix and classification report of random forest
rd_clf_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, rd_clf.predict(X_test))
print(f"Training Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier is {accuracy_score(y_train, rd_clf.predict(X_train))}"))
print(f"Test Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier is {rd_clf_acc} \n")
print(f"Classification Report :- \n {classification_report(y_test, rd_clf.predict(X_test))}")
Training Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier is 0.9964285714285714
Test Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier is 0.9833333333333333
Confusion Matrix :-
[[72 0]
[ 2 46]]
Classification Report :-
                         recall f1-score support
             precision
                 0.97
                         1.00
                                   0.99
         0
                                              72
                 1.00
                         0.96
                                   0.98
                                              48
   accuracy
                                   0.98
                                             120
```

2. Tune the Model:

Hyperparameter Tuning:

- The number of features is important and should be tuned in random forest classification.
- Initially all parameters in the dataset are taken as independent values to arrive at the dependent decision of Chronic Kidney Disease or No Chronic Kidney Disease.
- But the result was not accurate so used only 8 more correlated values as independent values to arrive at the dependent decision of Chronic Kidney Disease or not.

Validation Method:

It involves partitioning the training data set into subsets, where one subset is held out to test the performance of the model. This data set is called the validation data set.

As our model already shows a good accuracy without overfitting and underfitting, no tuning is required for random forest model.