Assignment 3

To initialize the GPIO ports on the Raspberry Pi we need to first import the Python library, the initialize the library and setup pin 8 as an output pin.

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO  # Import Raspberry Pi GPIO library

from time import sleep  # Import the sleep function from the time module

GPIO.setwarnings(False)

GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)

GPIO.setup(8, GPIO.OUT, initial=GPIO.LOW)
```

Next we need to turn the LED on and off in 1 second intervals by setting the output pin to either high (on) or low (off). We do this inside a infinite loop so our program keep executing until we manually stop it.

```
while True: # Run forever

GPIO.output(8, GPIO.HIGH) # Turn on

sleep(1)

GPIO.output(8, GPIO.LOW) # Turn off

sleep(1)
```

Combining the initialization and the blink code should give you the following full Python program:

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO # Import Raspberry Pi GPIO library
from time import sleep # Import the sleep function from the time module
GPIO.setwarnings(False) # Ignore warning for now
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD) # Use physical pin numbering
```

```
GPIO.setup(8, GPIO.OUT, initial=GPIO.LOW) # Set pin 8 to be an output pin and set
initial value to low (off)

while True: # Run forever

GPIO.output(8, GPIO.HIGH) # Turn on

sleep(1) # Sleep for 1 second

GPIO.output(8, GPIO.LOW) # Turn off

sleep(1) # Sleep for 1 second
```