PROJECT REPORT Team ID: PNT2022TMID03200

Project Name: Skill / Job Recommender Application

1.INTRODUCTION

Having lots of skills but wondering which job will best suit you? Don't need to worry! We have come up with a skill recommender solution through which the fresher or the skilled person can log in and find the jobs by using the search option or they can directly interact with the chatbot and get their dream job.

1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

There has been a sudden boom in the technical industry and an increase in the number of good startups. Keeping track of various appropriate job openings in top industry names has become increasingly troublesome. This leads to deadlines and hence important opportunities being missed. Through this research paper, the aim is to automate this process to eliminate this problem. To achieve this, IBM cloud services like db2, Watson assistant, cluster, kubernetes have been used. A hybrid system of Content-Based Filtering and Collaborative Filtering is implemented to recommend these jobs. The intention is to aggregate and recommend appropriate jobs to job seekers, especially in the engineering domain. The entire process of accessing numerous company websites hoping to find a relevant job opening listed on their career portals is simplified. The proposed recommendation system is tested on an array of test cases with a fully functioning user interface in the form of a web application. It has shown satisfactory results, outperforming the existing systems. It thus testifies to the agenda of quality over quantity

1.2 PURPOSE

With an increasing number of cash-rich, stable, and promising technical companies/startups on the web which are in much demand right now, many candidates want to apply and work for these companies. They tend to miss out on these postings because there is an ocean of existing systems that list millions of jobs which are generally not relevant at all to the users. There is an abundance of choices and not much streamlining. On the basis of the actual skills or interests of an individual, job seekers often find themselves unable to find the appropriate employment for themselves. This system, therefore, approaches the idea from a data point of view, emphasizing more on the quality of the data than the quantity.

2.LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM:

Existing system is not very efficient, it does not benefit the user in maximum way, so the proposed system uses ibm cloud services like db2, Watson virtual assistant, cluster, kubernetes and docker for containerization of the application.

1.Title: Job Recommendation through Progression of Job Selection

Authors: Amber Nigam, Aakash Roy, Hartaran Singh, Harsimran Waila

Description: The task of job recommendation has been invariably solved using either a filter-based technique or through recommender systems where categorical features associated with jobs and candidates are used to generate recommendations. Through this paper, we are introducing a novel machine learning model which uses the candidates' job preference over time to incorporate the dynamics associated with highly volatile job market. In addition to that, our approach comprises several other smaller recommendations that contribute to problems of a) generating serendipitous recommendations b) solving the cold-start problem for new jobs and new candidates. We have used skills as embedded features to derive latent competencies from them, thereby expanding the skills of jobs and candidate to achieve more coverage in the skill domain. Our model has been developed and deployed in a real-world job recommender system and the best performance of the click-through rate metric has been achieved through a blend of machine learning and non-machine learning recommendations. The best results have been achieved through Bidirectional Long Short Term Memory Networks (Bi-LSTM) with Attention for recommending jobs through machine learning that forms a major part of our recommendation.

2. Title: A Recommender System For Open Educational Videos Based On Skill Requirements

Authors: Mohammadreza Tavakoli, Sherzod Hakimov, Ralph Ewerth, Gábor Kismihók Description: In this paper, it suggest a novel method to help learners find relevant open

educational videos to master skills demanded on the labour market. They have built a prototype, which 1) applies text classification and text mining methods on job vacancy announcements to match jobs and their required skills; 2) predicts the quality of videos; and 3) creates an open educational video recommender system to suggest personalized learning content to learners. For the first evaluation of this prototype they focused on the area of data science related jobs. Our prototype was evaluated by in-depth, semi-structured interviews. 15 subject matter experts provided feedback to assess how our recommender prototype performs in terms of its objectives, logic, and contribution to learning. More than 250 videos were recommended, and 82.8% of these recommendations were treated as useful by the interviewees. Moreover, interviews revealed that our personalized video recommender system, has the potential to improve the learning experience.

3. Title: Job Recommendation based in Job Seeker Skills: An Emperical study

Author: Jorge Valverde – Rebazza, Ricardo Puma, Paul Bustios, Nathalia C.silva

Description: In the last years, job recommender systems have become popular since they successfully reduce information overload by generating personal-ized job suggestions. Although in the literature exists a variety of techniques and strategies used as part of job recommender systems, most of them fail to recommending job vacancies that fit properly to the job seekers profiles. Thus, the contributions of this work are threefold, we: i) made publicly available a new dataset formed by a set of job seekers profiles and a set of job vacancies collected from different job search engine sites; ii) put forward the proposal of a framework for job recommendation based on professional skills of job seekers; and iii) carried out an evaluation to quantify empirically the recommendation abilities of two state-of-the-art methods, considering different configurations, within the proposed framework. We thus present a general panorama of job recommendation task aiming to facilitate research and real-world application design regarding this important issue.

4. Title: A Survey of job recommender systems

Authors: Shaha T.Al-Otaibil, Mourad Ykhlet2

Description: The Internet-based recruiting platforms become a primary recruitment channel in most companies. While such platforms decrease the recruitment time and advertisement cost, they suffer from an inappropriateness of traditional information retrieval techniques like the Boolean search methods. Consequently, a vast amount of candidates missed the opportunity of recruiting. The recommender system technology aims to help users in finding items that match their personnel interests; it has a successful usage in e-commerce applications to deal with problems related to information overload efficiently. In order to improve the erecruiting functionality, many recommender system approaches have been proposed. This article will present a survey of e-recruiting process and existing recommendation approaches for building personalized recommender systems for candidates/job matching. References: [1]https://www.researchgate.net/publication/272802616_A_survey_of_job_recommender_systems

[2]https://www.researchgate.net/publication/325697854_Job_Recommendation_based_on_Job_Seeker_Skills_An_Empirical_Study

[3] https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9073723/

[4] https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9155881/

2.2 REFERENCES

Shaha T Al-Otaibi and Mourad Ykhlef. "A survey of job recommender systems". In: International Journal of the Physical Sciences 7.29 (2012), pp. 5127–5142. issn: 19921950. doi: 10.5897/JJPS12.482

• N Deniz, A Noyan, and O G Ertosun. "Linking Person-job Fit to Job Stress: The Mediating Effect of Perceived Person-organization Fit". In: Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences 207 (2015),

pp. 369-376.

- M Diaby, E Viennet, and T Launay. "Toward the next generation of recruitment tools: An online social network-based job recommender system". In: Proc. of the 2013 IEEE/ACM Int. Conf. on Advances in Social Networks Analysis and Mining, ASONAM 2013 (2013), pp. 821–828. doi: 10. 1145/2492517.2500266.
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2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

"Can an efficient recommender system be modeled for the Job seekers which recommend Jobs with the user's skill set and job domain and also addresses the issue of cold start?".

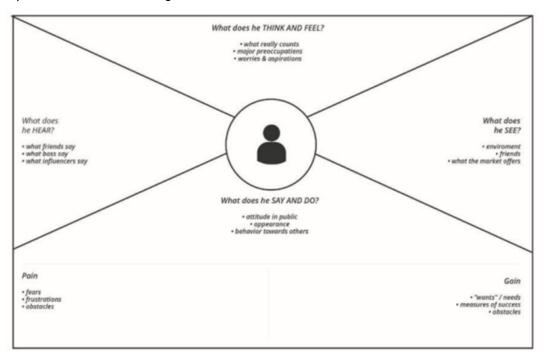
In current situation recruitment s done manually for lakhs of students in which many talented students may lose their opportunities due to different reasons since it is done manually, and company also need the highly talented people from the mass group for their growth. So we have build a cloud application to do this process in a efficient manner.

3. IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 EMPATHY MAP:

An empathy map is a collaborative visualization used to articulate what we know about a particular type of user. It externalizes knowledge about users in order to

- 1) Create a shared understanding of user needs, and
- 2) Aid in decision making

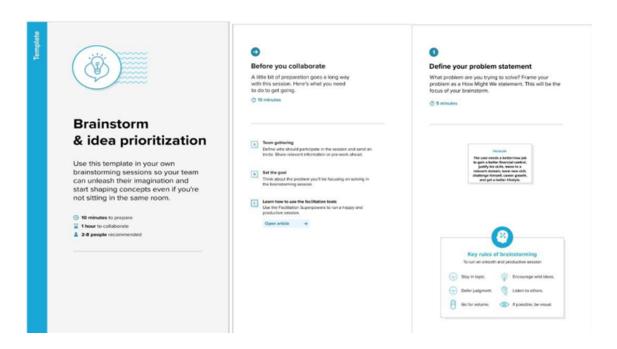


3.2 IDEATION AND BRAINSTROMING

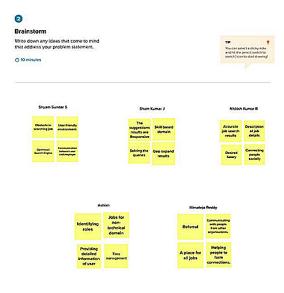
Brainstorm & Idea Prioritization Template:

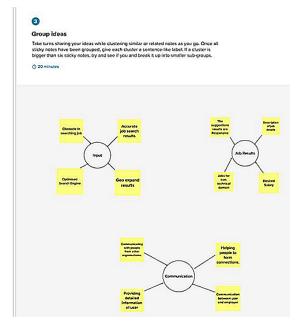
Brainstorming provides a free and open environment that encourages everyone within a team to participate in the creative thinking process that leads to problem solving. Prioritizing volume over value, out-of-the-box ideas are welcome and built upon, and all participants are encouraged to collaborate, helping each other develop a rich amount of creative solutions. Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

STEP 1: Team Gathering, Collaboration and Select the Problem Statement

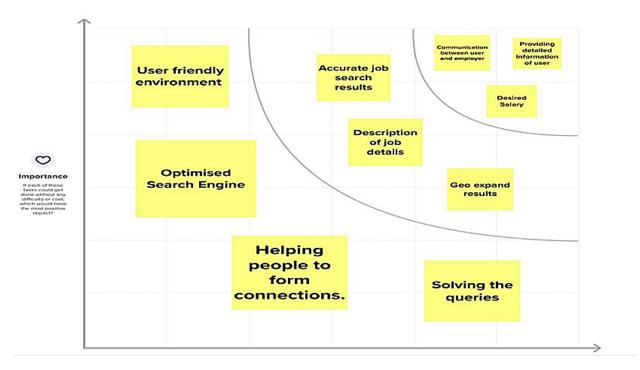


STEP 2: Brainstorm, Idea Listing and Grouping





STEP 3: Idea Prioritization



3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION

Having lots of skills but wondering which job will best suit you? Don't need to worry! We have come up with a skill recommender solution through which the fresher or the skilled person can log in and find the jobs by using the search option or they can directly interact with the chatbot and get their dream job.

To develop an end-to-end web application capable of displaying the current job openings based on the user skillset. The user and their information are stored in the Database. An alert is sent when there is an opening based on the user skillset. Users will interact with the chatbot and can get the recommendations based on their skills. We can use a job search API to get the current job openings in the market which will fetch the data directly from the webpage

3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT

Enables Customers to Trust to their agent about

Feeling comfortable with the solution and the

posting their personal informations.

company's service.

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) 6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINT. 5. AVAILABLE SOLUTION Who is your customer? What constraint prevents your customer Which solutions are available to the from taking action or limiting their choice of solution? customer when they face the problem. Customers who are not able to solve their The problem of contacting the agent and all the problems and They can check FAQ's Session for fast own Problem and in need for a possible procedure in it. solution from their agents/job providers. If the problem is not listed, they can post the problem in new queries section. Which will be further assisted by the agent team. 2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE/PROBLEMS 9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE. 7. BEHAVIOR Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do What is the real reason that the problem What does your customer do to you address for your customers? There could address the problem and get the job exists? be more than one; Explore different sides? done. The only real reason that this problem exists is the lack of This Application Allows Customers to get awareness and ratio of proven results which could create trust They must first Post their resume recommended job according to their skillset issues with their agent. and then wait for 2 hours. They will be able post their resume and wait for They can also use our chatbot to the solution. easily contact our Team. They will also get solutions to their queries They can also refer the FAQ's session. They can also access our FAQ's Section on our website. 3. TRIGGERS 10. YOUR SOLUTION 8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOR What triggers customers to act. ONLINE Our solution involves autonomous system ER RC For a new query they need an onli which does the following: Customers get to know the absolute connectivity to post and receive A personal Help desk which can be accessed through all recommendation to their need. recommendation from our team. the devices which are compatible with browser. Fast Response. Customers can post their queries in the new thread They can also use our chatbot 24/7 section. While they are in online. They can also access the FAQ's Section to see if the 4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE/AFTER problem is already listed OFFLINE How do customers feel when they face They can also view their results progress through their They can Read the messages once it is a problem or a job and afterwards. TM mails.

They will get support from the team until the problem

gets resolved.

received through the cloud app.

offline.

They can access FAQ's while they are

4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT:

Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail
User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP
Chat Bot	A Chat Bot will be there in website to solve user queries and problems related to applying a job, search for a job and much more.
User Login	Login through Form Login through Gmail
User Search	Exploration of Jobs based on job filters and skill recommendations.
User Profile	Updation of the user profile through the login credentials
User Acceptance	Confirmation of the Job.

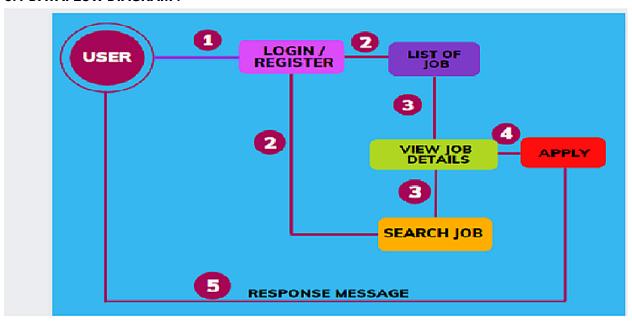
4.2 NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Non functional Requirements are :

- 1. Usability
- 2. Security
- 3. Reliability
- 4. Performance
- 5. Availability
- 6. Scalability

5 PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 DATAFLOW DIAGRAM:

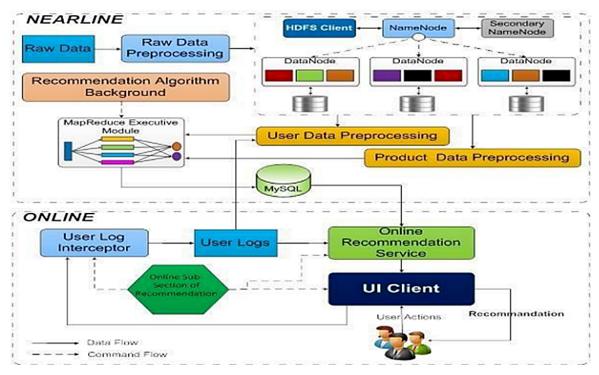


5.2 TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE:

Solution architecture is a complex process – with many sub-processes – that bridges the gap between business problems and technology solutions. Its goals are to:

- Find the best tech solution to solve existing business problems.
- Describe the structure, characteristics, behaviour, and other aspects of the software to project stakeholders.
- Define features, development phases, and solution requirements.
- Provide specifications according to which the solution is defined, managed and delivered.
- Provide the best business require recommend by using the optimised and efficient algorithm
- Differentiate the fake job recommend by fake sites and be aware from the Scammers

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5.3 USER STORIES



6 PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

6.1 SPRINT PLANNING AND EXSTIMATION:

Title	Description
Information Gathering Literature Survey	Referring to the research publications & technical papers, etc.
Create Empathy Map	Preparing the List of Problem Statements and to capture user pain and gains.
Ideation	Prioritise a top ideas based on feasibility and Importance.
Proposed Solution	Solutions including feasibility, novelty, social impact, business model and scalability of solutions.
Problem Solution Fit	Solution fit document.
Solution Architecture	Solution Architecture.
Customer Journey	To Understand User Interactions and experiences with application.
Functional Requirement	Prepare functional Requirement.
Data flow Diagrams	Data flow diagram.
Technology Architecture	Technology Architecture diagram.
Milestone & sprint delivery plan	Activities are done & further plans.
Project Development Delivery of sprint 1,2,3 & 4	Develop and submit the developed code by testing it.

6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE:

SPRINT	TASK	MEMBERS
SPRINT 1	Create Registration page , login	_
	page , Job search portal , job	Srivishnu M
	apply portal in flask	
SPRINT 2	Connect application to ibm db2	Srivishnu M
		Surya V
		Sunil M
		Sudarsan Perumal V
SPRINT 3	Integrate ibm Watson assisstant	Surya V
		Srivishnu M
SPRINT 4	Containerize the app and Deploy	Srivishnu M
	the application in ibm cloud	Surya V
		Sunil M
		Sudarsan Perumal V

6.3 REPORTS FROM JIRA:

Average Age Report.

Created vs Resolved Issues Report.

Pie Chart Report.

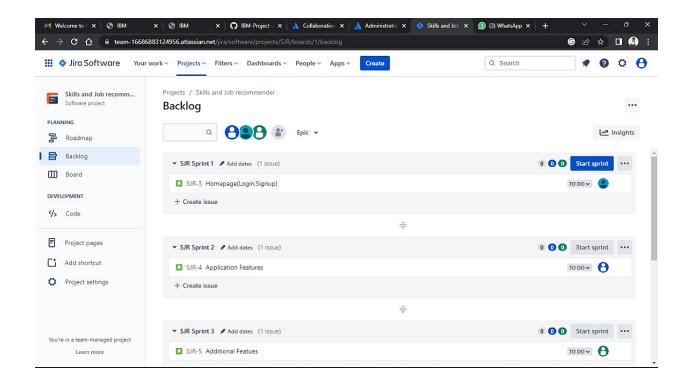
Recently Created Issues Report.

Resolution Time Report.

Single Level Group By Report.

Time Since Issues Report.

Time Tracking Report.



7.CODING & SOLUTIONING

7.1 Feature 1:

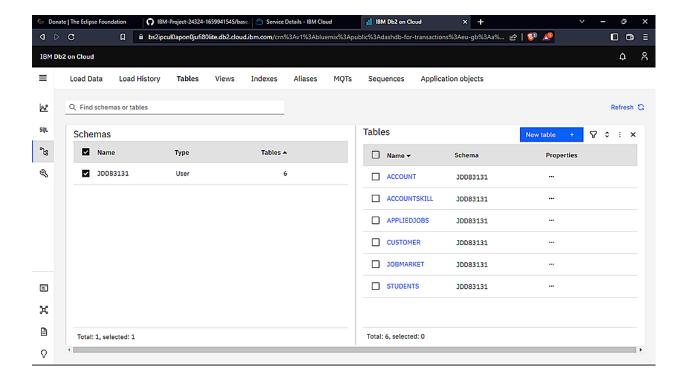
```
App Market
This is one of the feature of our application Skill Pal which provides companies job details for
end users
@app.route('/jobmarket')
def jobmarket():
  jobids = ∏
  jobnames = ∏
  jobimages = []
  jobdescription = []
  sql = "SELECT * FROM JOBMARKET"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  username = session['username']
  print(username)
  #ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  print(joblist)
  while joblist != False:
    jobids.append(joblist[0])
    jobnames.append(joblist[1])
    jobimages.append(joblist[2])
    jobdescription.append(joblist[3])
    joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  jobinformation = []
  cols = 4
  size = len(jobnames)
  for i in range(size):
    col = []
    col.append(jobids[i])
    col.append(jobnames[i])
    col.append(jobimages[i])
    col.append(jobdescription[i])
    jobinformation.append(col)
  print(jobinformation)
```

```
@app.route('/filterjobs')
def filterjobs():
  skill1 = ""
  skill2 = ""
  skill3 = ""
  user = session['username']
  sql = "SELECT * FROM ACCOUNTSKILL WHERE USERNAME = ?"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,user)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  skillres = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  if skillres:
    skill1 = skillres['SKILL1']
    skill2 = skillres['SKILL2']
    skill3 = skillres['SKILL3']
    print(skillres)
    jobids = []
    jobnames = []
    jobimages = []
    jobdescription = []
    sql = "SELECT * FROM JOBMARKET"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    username = session['username']
    print(username)
    #ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
    print(joblist)
    while joblist != False:
      jobids.append(joblist[0])
      jobnames.append(joblist[1])
      jobimages.append(joblist[2])
      jobdescription.append(joblist[3])
      joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
    jobinformation = []
```

```
cols = 4
    size = len(jobnames)
    print("$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$4",skill1,skill2,skill3)
   for i in range(size):
     col = []
\mathsf{print}(\mathsf{man})
@@@@@@@@@@@@@,jobdescription[i])
      if jobdescription[i].lower() == skill1.lower() or jobdescription[i].lower() == skill2.lower() or
jobdescription[i].lower() == skill3.lower():
       col.append(jobids[i])
       col.append(jobnames[i])
       col.append(jobimages[i])
       col.append(jobdescription[i])
       jobinformation.append(col)
print("a)
@@@@@@@@@@@@",jobinformation)
    return render_template('jobmarket.html', jobinformation = jobinformation)
7.2 Feature 2:
ChatBot (using IBM Watson)
This chat bot feature provides help tooltip for end users if any help needed for users
<script>
    window.watsonAssistantChatOptions = {
     integrationID: "9be41b76-06b0-426f-8469-962f2963cdb6", // The ID of this integration.
     region: "au-syd", // The region your integration is hosted in.
        serviceInstanceID: "76838ca2-a227-4f56-b180-94f01901cdbf", // The ID of your service
instance.
     onLoad: function(instance) { instance.render(); }
     setTimeout(function(){
     const t=document.createElement('script');
              t.src="https://web-chat.global.assistant.watson.appdomain.cloud/versions/" +
(window.watsonAssistantChatOptions.clientVersion || 'latest') + "/WatsonAssistantChatEntry.js";
     document.head.appendChild(t);
    });
   </script>
```

7.3 Database:

We user IBM DB2 for our database, below are the tables we used with the parameters given.



8.TESTING

8.1 Test Cases:

We tested for various validations. Tested all the features with using all the functionalities. Tested the data base storage and retrieval feature too.

Testing was done in phase 1 and phase 2, where issues found in phase1 were fixed and then tested again in phase2.

8.2 User Acceptance Testing:

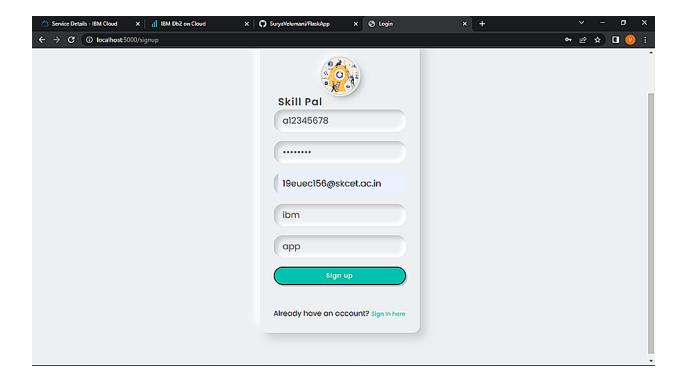
Real world testing was also done, by giving to remote users and asking them to use the application. Their difficulties were fixed and tested again until all the issues were fixed.

9.RESULTS

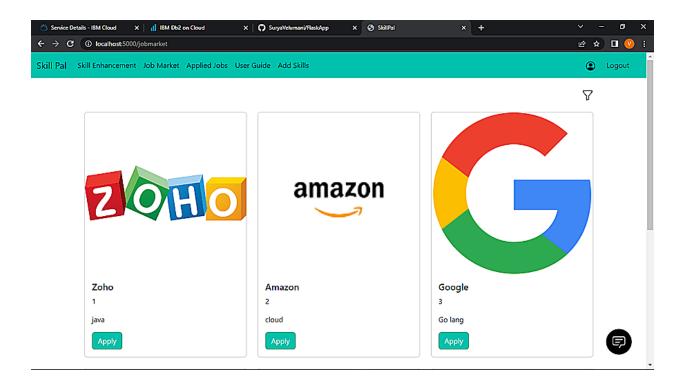
9.1	Perfo	mance	Metrics:
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Sign In Page :

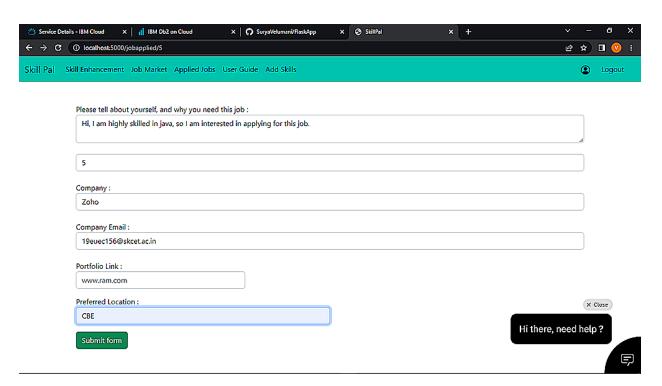
Sign Up page with validations :



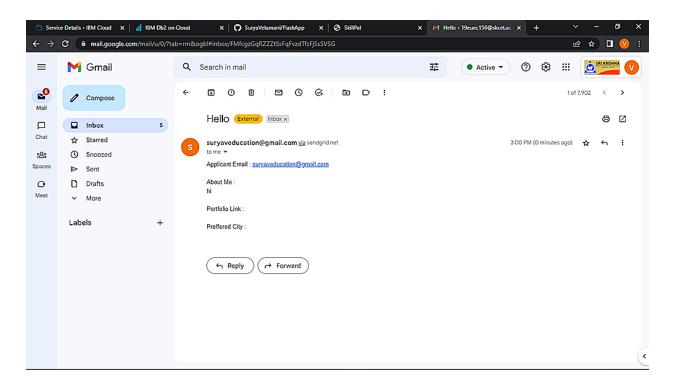
Job Market Page (Filter Option Available) :



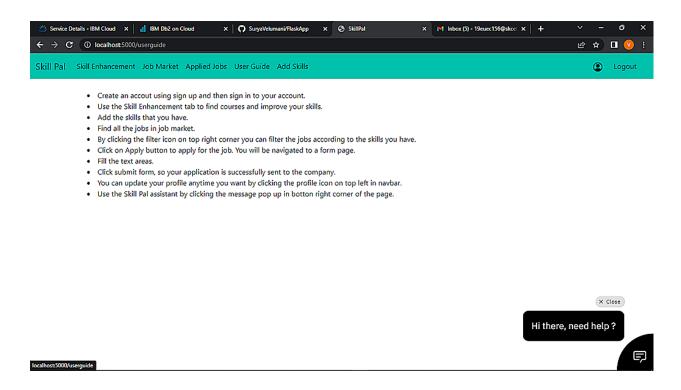
Job Application:



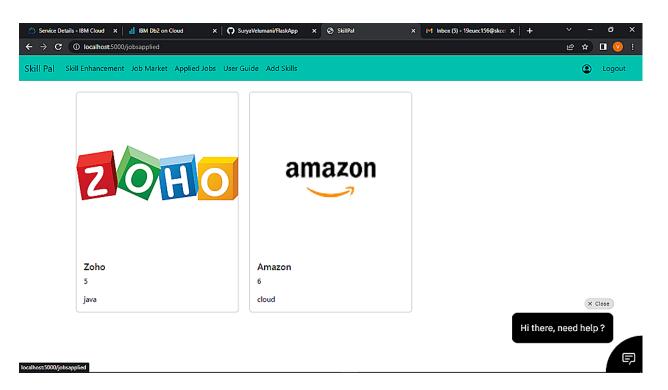
Email On Registration:



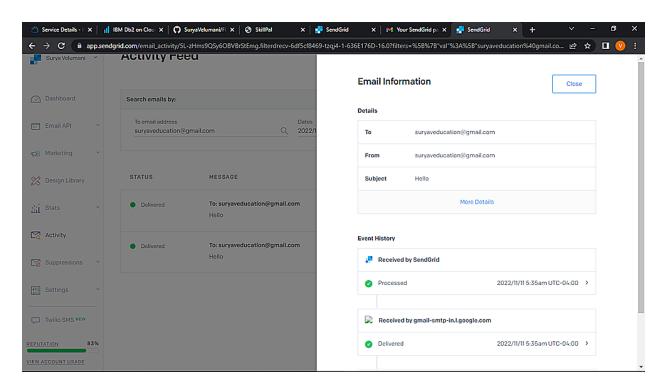
User Guide:

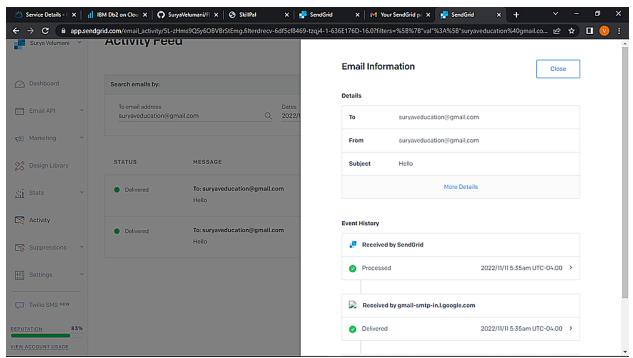


Applied Jobs:

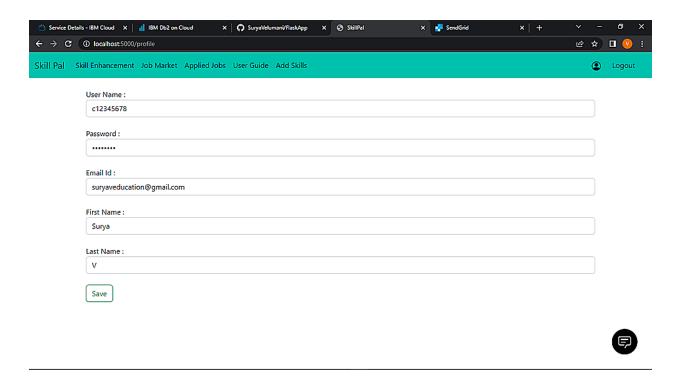


Send Grid:

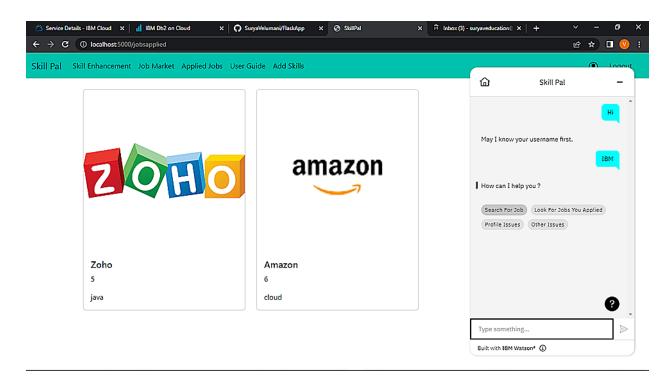




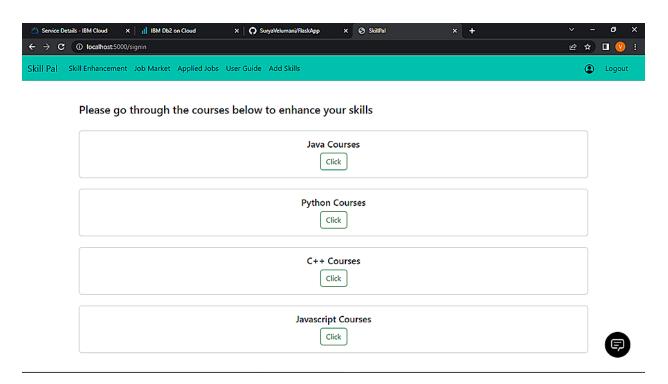
Edit Profile:



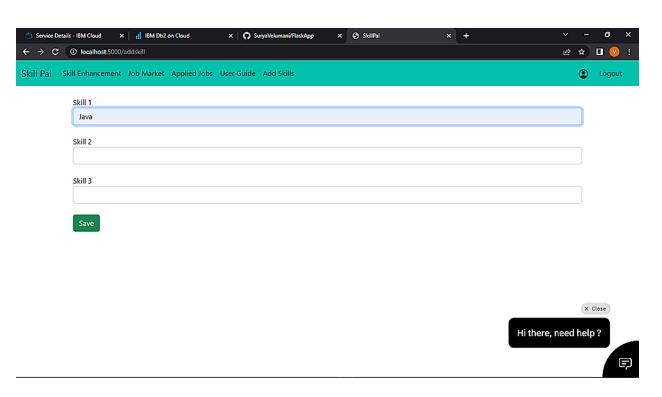
Chatbot:



Skill Enhancement:



Add Skills:



10. ADVANTAGE AND DISADVANTAGE

ADVANTAGE:

It helps candidates to search the job which perfectly suites them and make them aware of all the job openings.

It help recruiters of the company to choose the right candidates for their organisations with appropriate skills.

Since it is cloud application, it does require any installation of softwares and is portable.

DISADVANTAGE:

It is costly.

Uninterrupted internet connection is required for smooth functioning of application.

11. CONCLUSION

We have used ibm cloud services like db2, cloud registry, kubernetes, Watson assistant to create this application, which will be very usefull for candidates who are searching for job and as well as for the company to select the right candidate for their organization. This app will help people find jobs that could match their skills.

12. FUTURE SCOPE

Future directions of our work will focus on performing a more exhaustive evaluation considering a greater amount of methods and data as well as a comprehensive evaluation of the impact of each professional skill of a job seeker on the received job recommendation. We can use machine learning technicques to recommend data in a efficient way.

13.APPENDIX

```
Source Code:
from turtle import st
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, url_for, session
import ibm_db
conn =
from flask_mail import Mail, Message
import ibm_boto3
from ibm_botocore.client import Config, ClientError
COS_ENDPOINT=
COS_API_KEY_ID=
COS_INSTANCE_CRN=
# Create resource https://s3.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
cos = ibm_boto3.resource("s3",
  ibm_api_key_id=COS_API_KEY_ID,
  ibm_service_instance_id=COS_INSTANCE_CRN,
  config=Config(signature_version="oauth"),
  endpoint_url=COS_ENDPOINT
)
app = Flask(_name_)
def multi_part_upload(bucket_name, item_name, file_path):
  try:
    print("Starting file transfer for {0} to bucket: {1}\n".format(item_name, bucket_name))
    # set 5 MB chunks
    part_size = 1024 * 1024 * 5
    # set threadhold to 15 MB
    file_threshold = 1024 * 1024 * 15
```

```
# set the transfer threshold and chunk size
    transfer_config = ibm_boto3.s3.transfer.TransferConfig(
      multipart_threshold=file_threshold,
      multipart_chunksize=part_size
    )
    # the upload_fileobj method will automatically execute a multi-part upload
    # in 5 MB chunks for all files over 15 MB
    with open(file_path, "rb") as file_data:
      cos.Object(bucket_name, item_name).upload_fileobj(
         Fileobj=file_data,
         Config=transfer_config
      )
    print("Transfer for {0} Complete!\n".format(item_name))
  except ClientError as be:
    print("CLIENT ERROR: {0}\n".format(be))
  except Exception as e:
    print("Unable to complete multi-part upload: {0}".format(e))
@app.route('/uploadResume', methods = ['GET', 'POST'])
def upload():
 if request.method == 'POST':
   bucket='sv-demoibm1'
   name_file = session['username']
   name_file += '.png'
   filenameis = request.files['file']
   filepath = request.form['filepath']
   f = filepath
   f = f+filenameis.filename
   print("-----,f)
   multi_part_upload(bucket,name_file,f)
   return redirect(url_for('dashboard'))
 if request.method == 'GET':
   return render_template('upload.html')
mail = Mail(app) # instantiate the mail class
```

```
app.config['MAIL_SERVER']='smtp.sendgrid.net'
app.config['MAIL_PORT'] = 465
app.config['MAIL_USERNAME'] = 'apikey'
app.config['MAIL_USE_TLS'] = False
app.config['MAIL_USE_SSL'] = True
mail = Mail(app)
@app.route('/')
def home():
  return redirect(url_for('signin'))
@app.route('/dashboard')
def dashboard():
  return render_template('dashboard.html')
@app.route('/userguide')
def userquide():
  return render_template('userguide.html')
@app.route('/addskill')
def addskill():
  skill1 = ""
  skill2 = ""
  skill3 = ""
  user = session['username']
  sql = "SELECT * FROM ACCOUNTSKILL WHERE USERNAME = ?"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,user)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  skillres = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  if skillres:
    skill1 = skillres['SKILL1']
    skill2 = skillres['SKILL2']
    skill3 = skillres['SKILL3']
    print(skillres)
    return render_template('addSkill.html', skill1=skill1,skill2=skill2,skill3=skill3)
  else:
    return render_template('addSkill.html', skill1=skill1,skill2=skill2,skill3=skill3)
@app.route('/editskill', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def editskill():
```

```
usernameskill = session['username']
  sql = "SELECT * FROM ACCOUNTSKILL WHERE USERNAME = ?"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,usernameskill)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  skillres = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  if skillres:
    msg = ""
    skill11 = request.form['skill1']
    skill21 = request.form['skill2']
    skill31 = request.form['skill3']
    print(skill11,"---",skill21,"--",skill31)
     sql = "UPDATE ACCOUNTSKILL SET SKILL1 = ?, SKILL2 = ?, SKILL3 = ? WHERE USERNAME
= ?:"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,skill11)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,2,skill21)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,3,skill31)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,4,usernameskill)
    print("::::,sql)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    msg = "Saved Successfully!"
    return render_template('addSkill.html',msg = msg, skill1=skill11,skill2=skill21,skill3=skill31)
  else:
    msg = ""
    skill12 = request.form['skill1']
    skill22 = request.form['skill2']
    skill32 = request.form['skill3']
    print("-----,",usernameskill )
    sql = "INSERT INTO ACCOUNTSKILL VALUES (?,?,?,?)"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,usernameskill)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,2,skill12)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,3,skill22)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,4,skill32)
    print("::::",sql)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    msg = "Saved Successfully!"
    return render_template('addSkill.html',msg = msg, skill1=skill12,skill2=skill22,skill3=skill32)
@app.route('/jobmarket')
```

```
def jobmarket():
  jobids = ∏
  jobnames = []
  jobimages = []
  jobdescription = []
  sql = "SELECT * FROM JOBMARKET"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  username = session['username']
  print(username)
  #ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  print(joblist)
  while joblist != False:
    jobids.append(joblist[0])
    jobnames.append(joblist[1])
    jobimages.append(joblist[2])
    jobdescription.append(joblist[3])
    joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  jobinformation = []
  cols = 4
  size = len(jobnames)
  for i in range(size):
    col = []
    col.append(jobids[i])
    col.append(jobnames[i])
    col.append(jobimages[i])
    col.append(jobdescription[i])
    jobinformation.append(col)
  print(jobinformation)
  return render_template('jobmarket.html', jobinformation = jobinformation)
@app.route('/filterjobs')
def filterjobs():
  skill1 = ""
  skill2 = ""
  skill3 = ""
```

```
user = session['username']
sql = "SELECT * FROM ACCOUNTSKILL WHERE USERNAME = ?"
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,user)
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
skillres = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
if skillres:
  skill1 = skillres['SKILL1']
  skill2 = skillres['SKILL2']
  skill3 = skillres['SKILL3']
  print(skillres)
 jobids = []
 jobnames = []
 jobimages = []
  jobdescription = []
  sql = "SELECT * FROM JOBMARKET"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  username = session['username']
  print(username)
  #ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  print(joblist)
  while joblist != False:
    jobids.append(joblist[0])
    jobnames.append(joblist[1])
    jobimages.append(joblist[2])
    jobdescription.append(joblist[3])
    joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  jobinformation = []
  cols = 4
  size = len(jobnames)
  print("$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$4",skill1,skill2,skill3)
  for i in range(size):
    col = ∏
```

```
@@@@@@@@@@@@@,jobdescription[i])
       if jobdescription[i].lower() == skill1.lower() or jobdescription[i].lower() == skill2.lower() or
jobdescription[i].lower() == skill3.lower():
       col.append(jobids[i])
       col.append(jobnames[i])
       col.append(jobimages[i])
       col.append(jobdescription[i])
       jobinformation.append(col)
print("a)
@@@@@@@@@@@@",jobinformation)
    return render_template('jobmarket.html', jobinformation = jobinformation)
@app.route('/signin', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def signin():
 msg = "
 if request.method == 'POST':
   username = request.form['username']
    password = request.form['password']
    sql = "SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE username =?"
   stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    if account:
      passCheck = "SELECT UPASSWORD FROM ACCOUNT WHERE username =?"
      stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, passCheck)
      ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
      ibm_db.execute(stmt)
      result = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
      passWordInDb = result["UPASSWORD"]
      if passWordInDb == password:
        session['loggedin'] = True
        #session['id'] = account['UID']
       session['username'] = account['USERNAME']
       msg = 'Logged in successfully!'
       return render_template('dashboard.html', msg = msg)
      else:
       msg = 'Incorrect username / password !'
```

```
msg = 'Incorrect username / password!'
    " if account:
      session['loggedin'] = True
      session['id'] = account['id']
      session['username'] = account['username']
      msg = 'Logged in successfully!'
      return render_template('index.html', msg = msg) "
  return render_template('signin.html', msg = msg)
def applyJob():
  print("-----Function Called")
@app.route('/profile', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def profile():
  user = session['username']
  sql = "SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE USERNAME = ?"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,user)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  usernameInUser = account['USERNAME']
  userPassword = account['UPASSWORD']
  userEmail = account['EMAILID']
  firstName = account['FIRSTNAME']
  lastName = account['LASTNAME']
  print(account)
                                              return
                                                               render_template('profile.html',
usernameInUser=usernameInUser,userPassword=userPassword,userEmail=userEmail,firstNam
e=firstName,lastName=lastName)
@app.route('/editProfile', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def editProfile():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    msg = ""
    username = request.form['usernameInUser']
    password = request.form['userPassword']
    email = request.form['userEmail']
```

else:

```
fname = request.form['firstName']
    lname = request.form['lastName']
    sql = "UPDATE ACCOUNT SET UPASSWORD = ?, EMAILID = ?, FIRSTNAME = ?, LASTNAME =
? WHERE USERNAME = ?;"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,password)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,2,email)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,3,fname)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,4,Iname)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,5,username)
    print("::::,sql)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    msg = "Saved Successfully!"
                                        render_template('profile.html',
                               return
                                                                         msg
                                                                                      msg,
usernameInUser=username,userPassword=password,userEmail=email,firstName=fname,lastNa
me=Iname)
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
  session.pop('loggedin', None)
  session.pop('username', None)
  return redirect(url_for('signin'))
@app.route('/signup', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def signup():
  msg = "
  if request.method == 'POST':
    username = request.form['username']
    password = request.form['password']
    email = request.form['email']
    fname = request.form['fname']
    lname = request.form['Iname']
    sql = "SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE username =?"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    if account:
      msg = 'Account already exists!'
    else:
```

```
insert_sql = "INSERT INTO ACCOUNT VALUES (?,?,?,?)"
      prep_stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, insert_sql)
      ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, username)
      ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 2, password)
      ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 3, email)
      ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 4, Iname)
      ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 5, fname)
      ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
      msg = 'Data inserted successfully'
 return render_template('signup.html', msg = msg)
@app.route('/jobapplied/<int:jobid>')
def jobappliedFunction(jobid):
 jobid = jobid
 sql = "SELECT JOBCOMPANY FROM JOBMARKET WHERE JOBID =?"
 stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
 ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,jobid)
 ibm_db.execute(stmt)
 result = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
 jobname = result['JOBCOMPANY']
 sql = "SELECT COMPANY_EMAIL FROM JOBMARKET WHERE JOBID =?"
 stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
 ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,jobid)
 ibm_db.execute(stmt)
 result = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
 jobemail = result['COMPANY_EMAIL']
 print("-----JOB APPLIED-----",jobid)
   return render_template('fillapplication.html',jobid = jobid, jobname = jobname, jobemail =
jobemail)
@app.route('/appliedjob', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def appliedjob():
 username = session['username']
 passCheck = "SELECT EMAILID FROM ACCOUNT WHERE username =?"
 stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, passCheck)
 ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
 ibm_db.execute(stmt)
 result = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
 fromEmail = result["EMAILID"]
```

```
msgcontent = request.form['reasoncontent']
  emailJob = request.form['jobEmailForm']
  portfolioLink = request.form['portfolio']
  city = request.form['citypreffered']
  appliedJobId = request.form['appliedJobId']
  print("-----,appliedJobId)
  insert_sql = "INSERT INTO APPLIEDJOBS VALUES (?,?)"
  prep_stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, insert_sql)
  ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, username)
  ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 2, int(appliedJobId))
  ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
  msg = Message('Hello',sender = fromEmail,recipients = [emailJob])
  msg.body = "Applicant Email: " + fromEmail + "\n" + "\nAbout Me: \n" + msgcontent + "\n" +
"\nPortfolio Link: " + portfolioLink + "\n" + "\nPreffered City: " + city
  mail.send(msg)
  return redirect(url_for('jobsapplied'))
@app.route('/jobsapplied')
def jobsapplied():
  jobids1 = ∏
  jobinformation = []
  sql = "SELECT * FROM APPLIEDJOBS WHERE USERNAME = ?"
  stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
  username = session['username']
  print(username)
  ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
  ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  print(joblist)
  while joblist != False:
    print("-----",joblist)
    jobids1.append(joblist[1])
    joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
  print(jobids1)
  for x in range(len(jobids1)):
    jobids = []
    jobnames = []
```

```
jobimages = []
   jobdescription = □
   sql = "SELECT * FROM JOBMARKET WHERE JOBID = ?"
   stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
   ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,jobids1[x])
   ibm_db.execute(stmt)
   joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
   print(">>>>>>,ijoblist)
   while joblist != False:
     jobids.append(joblist[0])
     jobnames.append(joblist[1])
     jobimages.append(joblist[2])
     jobdescription.append(joblist[3])
     joblist = ibm_db.fetch_tuple(stmt)
   cols = 4
   size = len(jobnames)
   for i in range(size):
     col = []
     col.append(jobids[i])
     col.append(jobnames[i])
     col.append(jobimages[i])
     col.append(jobdescription[i])
jobinformation.append(col)
     print(jobinformation)
 print("///////",jobinformation)
 return render_template('appliedjobs.html', jobinformation = jobinformation)
#00C1AB
GitHub & Project Demo Link:
GitHub Link: https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-24324-1659941545
Project Demonstration Video Link:
Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1blNo-AO6rfKTRw8jWt-JcejE-
JPeAvbM/view?usp=share_link
Youtube: https://youtu.be/17RajGW8KCw
```