DATE	13-11-2022
TEAM ID	PNT2022TMID19111
PROJECT TITLE	IOT based safety gadget for child Safety Monitoring
	and Notification

# **Delivery plan sprint-1**

# **Live Location Tracking:**

GPS is installed on gadget to track its current location can be tracked on android app and via SMS request sent from parent phone to safety gadget. Outputs of live location tracking

# 2) Panic Alert Systems:

Panic alert system on gadget is triggered during panic situation, automatic call and SMS are triggered to parental phone. The alert is also updated to the cloud for purpose of app monitoring. Fig. 4. Outputs of panic alert system.

### 3) Stay Connected Feature:

Stay connected feature is used to trigger call and pre-defined SMS anytime from gadget to parental phone by just pressing a button and also parent can make SMS and call to the gadget anytime.

# 4) Health Monitoring System:

Health monitoring system is implemented using heart beat sensor, temperature sensor which is updated to the cloud and also can be monitored via app. The current value of sensors can be obtained using SMS request sent to gadget from parent phone. Outputs of health monitoring system.

# 5) Gadget Plugged or Unplugged Monitoring: Gadget plug or unplugged is monitored using contact switch installed on smart gadget, as soon as the device is unplugged, an alert is provided to parent phone via SMS and it is also updated to cloud for app monitoring.

#### **GEOFENCING CODE:**

```
Basic Example Code:
import time
def
     stopwatch(secon
     ds,d,lspoint): start
     = time.time()
     time.clock()
     elapsed
     = 0 flag
     = False
     num = 0
      while elapsed < seconds:
           elapsed
           time.time() - start
                 "%02d" %
           print
           elapsed
           if elapsed > d[num] and elapsed < d[num+1]
                and flag == False: x = lspoint[num][0]
                 y =
                lspoint[num]
                [1]
                createpoint(x
```

```
,y) flag =
                True
                print "Shot Taken"
                print
          point_in_poly(x,y,polygon)
          if elapsed > d[num+1]:
                print "Shot
               Taken" flag
                == False
                num = num + 1
                X
               lspoint[num]
                [0]
               lspoint[num]
                [1]
               createpoint(x
                ,y)
               print
          point_in_poly(x,y,polygon)
          time.sleep(1)
def createpoint(x,y):
```

```
crs =
 "point?crs=epsg:27700&field=id:i
nteger" layer =
 QgsVectorLayer(crs, 'points',
 "memory")pr =
layer.dataProvider()
 pt =
 QgsFeature()
point1 =
 QgsPoint(x,y)
 pt.setGeometry(QgsGeometry.fromP
oint(point1))pr.addFeatures([pt])
 # update extent of
 the layer
layer.updateExtent
s()
 # add the
 second pointpt
= QgsFeature()
 QgsMapLayerRegistry.instance().addMapLayers([layer])\\
def point_in_poly(x,y,poly):
```

```
n =
len(poly)
inside =
False
p1x,p1y =
poly[0] for i
in
range(n+1):
  p2x,p2y =
 poly[i % n]if y
  >
 min(p1y,p2y):
    if y \le max(p1y,p2y):
     if x <=
       max(p1x,p2x)
       ):if p1y !=
       p2y:
        xints = (y-p1y)*(p2x-
       p1x)/(p2y-p1y)+p1xif\ p1x==
       p2x \text{ or } x \leq xints:
        inside = not insidep1x,p1y =
```

```
p2x,p2y
```

#### return inside

y1 = y +

```
#### define the polygon
 polygon =
[(512882.78819722467,120811.83924772343),(512960.8443717052)]
6,120809.7007223952),(512960.
 84437170526,120809.7007223952),(512959.77510904113,120754.0
9906386107),(512882.78819722
 467,120756.2375891893)]
 #### set how long the script will run (70 seconds will get
you in and out of geofence) time_seconds = 70
 #### first
coordinatex =
512915
 y = 120728
 #### time intervals, 10 seconds
between shots / or pointsintervals =
int(time seconds / 10)
 lspoint = []
 #### build the list of
coordinates to be plottedfor i in
range(0,intervals+1):
```

```
(i*12.5)
      lspoint.append(
      [x,y1]
#### to build the blocks of time in intervals, so we know the number
of intervals (default is 7),
#### we need a list of time intervals [0,10,20,30 etc] to check
against the clock this list is d, f is thegap ie 10 seconds, a is starting
point (0)
### b is the number of intervals + 1 because the code will
check the the next in the list f = 10
a = 0
b = intervals + 1
d = [x * f \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(a, b)]
### Run the stopwatch, or
start the program!
stopwatch(time_seconds,d,lsp
oint)
```

