## **IMAGE PREPROCESSING**

We use Keras' ImageDataGenerator class to perform data augmentation. i.e, we are using some kind of parameters to process our collected data.

The word "augment" means to make something "greater" or "increase" something (in this case, data), the Keras ImageDataGenerator class actually works by: Accepting a batch of images used for training.

Taking this batch and applying a series of random transformations to each image in the batch (including random rotation, resizing, shearing, etc.). the original batch with the new, randomly transformed batch.

Training the CNN on this randomly transformed batch (i.e., the original data itself is not used for training).

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		] from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator									
		t	rain_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,shear_range=0.2,zoom_range=0.2,horizontal_fliq	o=Tr	rue)						
		t	est_datagen=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)								
<b>&gt;</b> 32s	[1]		rom google.colab import drive rive.mount(' <u>/content/drive</u> ')								
		Mo	ounted at /content/drive			co. I		.п.			
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		D	ata_trainpath='/content/drive/MyDrive/Dataset/TRAIN_SET'								
		D	ata_testpath='/content/drive/MyDrive/Dataset/TEST_SET'								
		x	train = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(Data_trainpath,target_size=(64,64),batch_size=5,colo	or_n	ode='rgb',c	lass_	mode='	sparse	e')		
		F	ound 1711 images belonging to 3 classes.								
		х	_test = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(Data_testpath,target_size=(64,64),batch_size=5,color_	mod	le='rgb',cla	ss_mo	de='sp	arse'	)		
		Fo	ound 929 images belonging to 3 classes.								

