

Cloud APIs For a Rainy Day

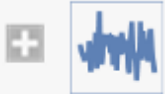


A (long) while back I had the good fortune to take a hiking trip to the western part of Ireland, near Galway and through the Connemara National Park. The scenery was spectacular, but it was the ever-changing weather patterns that really caught my attention. It was not unusual for a single day of hiking to have multiple rain-sun cycles and many days had afternoon rainbows.

```
In[ ]:= csv = Import["University College Galway.csv"];  
csv[[3 ;; 10]] // Grid[#, Frame → All] &
```

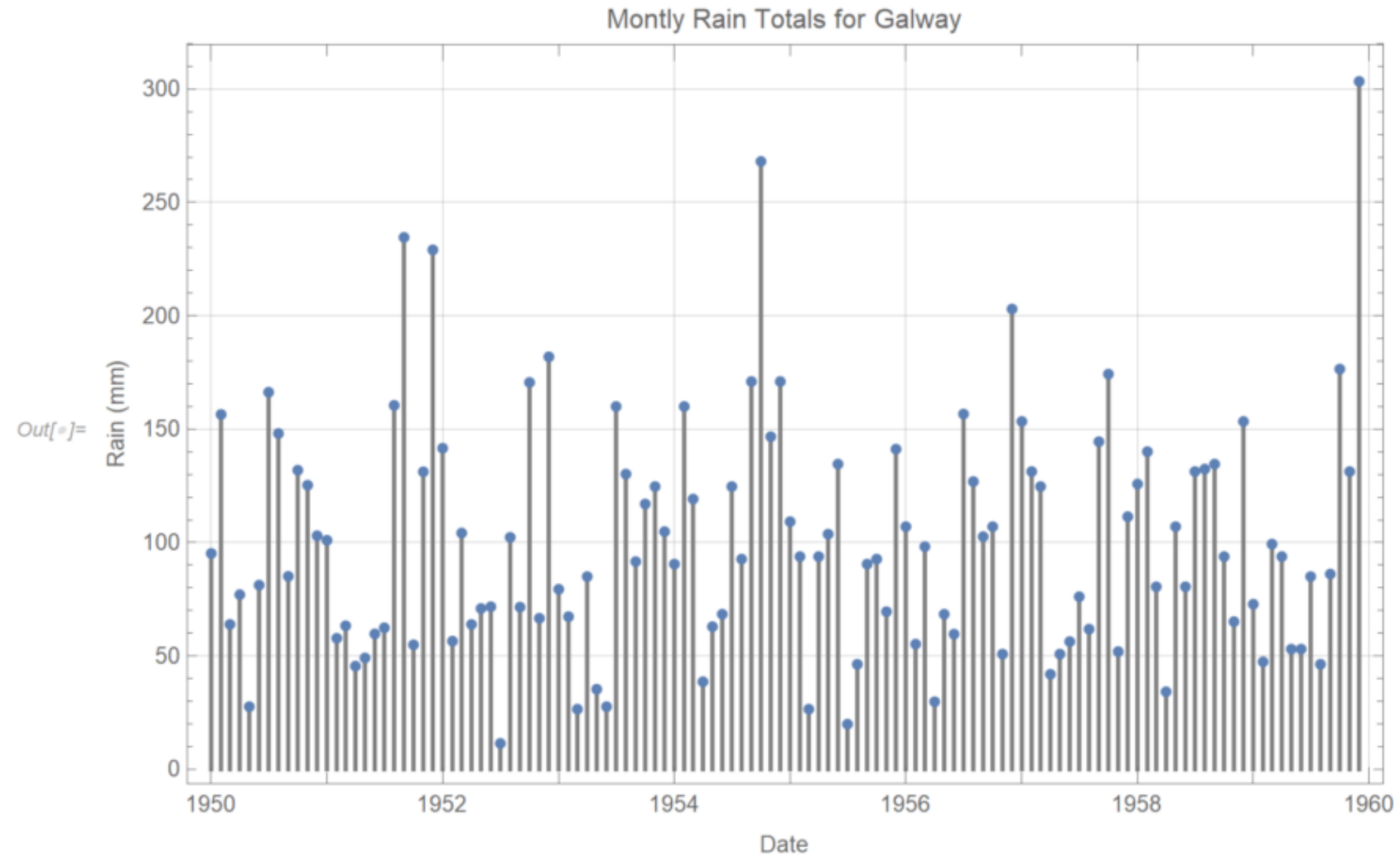
Out[]=

| Year | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1850 | 108.9 | 131.5 | 56.6 | 120.5 | 69.8 | 74.7 | 89.1 | 136.8 | 85.2 | 90.7 | 131.3 | 90.6 |
| 1851 | 163.8 | 92.8 | 86.1 | 69.3 | 42.1 | 114.2 | 107.4 | 155.9 | 66.7 | 141.3 | 87.1 | 71.4 |
| 1852 | 174.9 | 136.5 | 44.4 | 55.7 | 53.6 | 167.7 | 91.3 | 130.2 | 52.8 | 75.8 | 195.3 | 216.7 |
| 1853 | 152.8 | 52.5 | 104.7 | 84.2 | 29.4 | 78.2 | 114.4 | 93.8 | 64.3 | 149.1 | 104.1 | 52.4 |
| 1854 | 133.1 | 53.8 | 57.7 | 24.2 | 117.2 | 104 | 91.7 | 87.7 | 67.3 | 84 | 109.7 | 153 |
| 1855 | 33.9 | 55.5 | 100 | 48.9 | 74.2 | 71.6 | 89 | 115.3 | 56.7 | 111 | 50.6 | 91.3 |
| 1856 | 111.9 | 77.1 | 44.6 | 81.4 | 125.7 | 86 | 62.1 | 101.5 | 92.2 | 72.4 | 70.3 | 124.9 |

```
GalwayRainPlot[{y1_Integer, m1_Integer}, {y2_Integer, m2_Integer}] :=
  DateListPlot[
    TimeSeriesWindow[TimeSeries[
      
      Time: 01 Jan 1850 to 01 Dec 2010  

      Data points: 1932
    ],
      {DateObject[{y1, m1}], DateObject[{y2, m2}]}],
    Filling -> Axis, Joined -> False,
    FillingStyle -> Directive[Gray, AbsoluteThickness[2]],
    GridLines -> Automatic, ImageSize -> Large,
    FrameLabel -> {"Date", "Rain (mm)"},
    PlotLabel -> "Montly Rain Totals for Galway"]
```

```
In[ ]:= GalwayRainPlot[{1950, 1}, {1959, 12}]
```





This raw data is best represented in the Wolfram Language with a [TimeSeries](#) object. We take the data fields from the **csv** expression, generate the monthly dates with **DateRange**, and construct the **TimeSeries** (quick note: a notebook with complete code is provided at the end of this story)