SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON

Date	05 NOV 2022
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Project Name	NUTRITION ASSISTANT
	APPLICATION

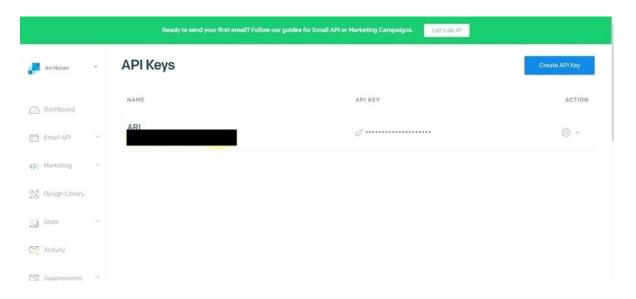
STEP 1:

REQUIREMENTS:

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

STEP 2:

Create an API key



STEP 3:

INSTALL

PAKAGE: > pip installsendgrid

SETP 4:

SEND EMAIL

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
2
3 from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
4
  message = Mail (
5
6
       from email='from email@example.com',
       to_emails='to@example.com',
8
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
       html_content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
       sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID API KEY'))
12
      response = sg.send(message)
13
       print (response.status_code)
14
      print (response.body)
      print (response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17
      print (e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
      def __init__(self, response):
24
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                           on a urllib.build_opener()
          :type response: urllib response object
          self._status_code = response.getcode()
          self._headers = response.info()
      def status code (self):
          :return: integer, status code of API call
      def body (self):
          :return: response from the API
```

```
def headers (self):
       :return: dict of response headers
       return self. headers
       :return: dict of response from the API
       if self.body:
           return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
   methods = ('delete', 'get', 'patch', 'post', 'put')
   def init (self,
                 host,
                 request headers=None,
                url path=None,
                append slash=False,
        :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
https://api.sendgrid.com)
        :type host: string
        :param request_headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
           :type request headers: dictionary
84
           :param version: The version number of the API.
                           Subclass build versioned url for custom
  behavior.
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
87
                           (e.g. client. ("/v3"))
           :type version: integer
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
           self.host = host
           self.request headers = request headers or {}
94
           self. url path = url path or []
           self.append slash = append slash
           self.timeout = timeout
        def build versioned url(self, url):
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
104
               (e.g. client. ('/v3'))
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
            :type url: string
107
109
            return '()/v()()'.format(self.host, str(self. version),
  url)
110
111
        def build url(self, query params):
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
115
           :type query_params: dictionary
117
            ur1 = ""
118
            while count < len(self. url path):
121
122
123
124
125
            if self.append slash:
                url += 1/1
126
127
            if query params:
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
                url = '{)?()'.format(url, url values)
131
132
133
134
135
136
137
138
        def update headers(self, request headers):
139
140
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
142
            :type request headers: dictionary
143
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
147
```

```
:param name: Name of the url segment
           :type name: string
           url path = self. url path + [name] if name else
 self. url path
                          request headers=self.request headers,
                          url path=url path,
                          append slash=self.append slash,
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
            :type request: urllib.Request object
170
            :type timeout: float
            :return: urllib response
174
            timeout = timeout or self.timeout
175
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
176
178
179
                logger.debug('(method) Response: (status)
```

```
method=request.get method(),
                    status=exc.status code,
                    body=exc.body))
184
186
               (e.g. /your/api/(variable value)/call)
              Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
190
              in your url, you must use this method.
191
            :param name: Name of the url segment
           :type name: string
194
195
196
           return self. build client (name)
198
        def getattr (self, name):
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
              You can also add a version number by using
  .version(<int>)
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
           :return: mixed
            if name == 'version':
               def get version(*args, **kwargs):
                   :param args: dict of settings
211
                   :param kwargs: unused
```

```
212
                    :return: string, version
213
214
                    self. version = args[0]
215
216
                return get version
217
            if name in self.methods:
                method = name.upper()
221
                def http request (
223
                        request body=None,
224
                        query params=None,
                        request headers=None,
227
229
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
  propagated to
230
                        urllib client
                    :type timeout: float
232
                    :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
  merged into
233
                        current client object state
234
                    :type request headers: dict
235
                    :param query params: HTTP query parameters
                    :type query params: dict
236
237
                    :param request body: HTTP request body
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
238
239
                    :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                    1 request headers:
```

```
243
                        self. update headers (request headers)
244
245
                    if request body is None:
246
                        data = None
247
248
249
                        if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
                            data = request body.encode('utf-8')
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
                             data =
   json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
258
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request (
                        self. build url(query params),
                        headers=self.request headers,
263
                        data=data,
264
265
                    request.get method = lambda: method
266
                    logger.debug('[method] Request: (url)'.format(
268
                        method=method,
                        url=request.get full url()))
270
                    request.data:
271
                        logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                             data=request.data))
                    logger.debug('HEADERS: (headers)'.format(
273
274
                        headers=request.headers))
275
```

```
276
                   response = Response(
                       self. make request (opener, request,
 timeout=timeout)
278
279
                   logger.debug('(method) Response: (status)
                       method=method,
                       status=response.status code,
                       body=response.body))
284
                  return response
              return http_request
288
      def getstate (self):
           return self. dict
      def setstate (self, state):
```

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