

**VISUALIZING AND PREDICTING HEART DISEASES WITH
AN INTERACTIVE DASHBOARD**

Submitted by

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in

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KANCHIPURAM



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University college of engineering, kanchipuram
(A constitution college of Anna University)

(Approved by AICTE and Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)

ACCREDITED BY NAAC WITH “A” GRADE

BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Certified that this project report titled **“VISUALIZING AND PREDICTING HEART DISEASES WITH AN INTERACTIVE DASHBOARD”** is the bonafide work of **“SRINIVASAN S (513419104043), VASANTHAVASAN G (513419104053), SARAVANAN G G (513419104037), FAAYIZ KHAN N (513419104014)”** who carried out the project work under my supervision.

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This Project report is submitted for Autonomous Project Viva-Voce examination held on
.....

INTERNAL EXAMINER

EXTERNAL EXAMINER

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION:

1.1: PROJECT OVERVIEW

The terms "heart disease" and "cardiovascular disease" are frequently used interchangeably. Heart disease is a general term that covers a wide range of heart related medical conditions. The irregular health state that directly affects the heart and all of its components is characterized by these medical conditions. In order to forecast cardiac disease, this study discusses various data mining, big data, and machine learning techniques. Building an important model for the medical system to forecast heart disease or cardiovascular illness requires the use of data mining and machine learning. Our application helps the user in finding out if they have heart disease or not. They can find out by entering details such as their heart rate, cholesterol, blood pressure etc. A dashboard is also attached along with the results for better understanding where they can compare their blood pressure and similar metrics with other users. This project focuses on Random Forest Classifier. The accuracy of our project is 87% for which is better than most other systems in terms of achieving accuracy quickly.

1.2: PURPOSE

This project's goal is to determine, depending on the patient's medical characteristics—such as gender, age, chest pain, fasting blood sugar level, etc.—whether they are likely to be diagnosed with any cardiovascular heart illnesses. The leading cause of death in the developed world is heart disease. Heart disease cases are rising quickly every day, thus it's crucial and worrisome to predict any potential illnesses in advance. This diagnosis is a challenging task that requires accuracy and efficiency. Therefore, there needs to be work done to help prevent the risks of having a heart attack or stroke. It is the main factor in adult deaths. By using a person's medical history, our initiative can identify those who are most likely to be diagnosed with a cardiac condition. It can assist in identifying disease with less medical tests and effective therapies, so that patients can be treated appropriately. It can identify anyone who is experiencing any heart disease symptoms, such as chest pain or high blood pressure. Around the world, machine learning is applied in many different fields. There is no exception in the healthcare sector. Machine learning may be crucial in determining whether locomotor disorders, heart illnesses, and other conditions are present or absent. If foreseen well in advance, such information can offer valuable insights to doctors, who can then customise their diagnosis and course of care for each patient.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM

Heart attack disease is one of the most common problems that results in the loss of a huge number of people. This project is the project that is very helpful to the people from the people, losses and also it is a great point for the savage of the human. First of all, we build models via the machine learning algorithms such as the decision tree, logistic regression, random forest and K neighbors. These are supervised learning algorithms in machine learning. In this project we find out the heart attack disease and normal results of disease on the basis of the different attributes like few of them are age of patient, sex of patient, chest pain type of patient, number of major vessels that are 0 to 3, Resting blood pressure in mm Hg, cholesterol in the mg, fasting blood sugar, and rest ECG. We find out the disease with **86%** accuracy.

2.2 REFERENCES

1. **Title:** Heart Attack Disease Data Analytics and Machine Learning.
 Author: Muhammad Nabeel et al...
2. **Title:** Heart Disease Prediction using Machine Learning and Data Analytics approach
 Author: Sanath Kapoor, Lekhraj Kasar*, Ashutosh Mandole and Dr Jayant Mahajan
3. **Title:** Forecasting of Heart Diseases in Early Stages Using Machine Learning approach
 Author: Khushi Kumari Jha1 et al...

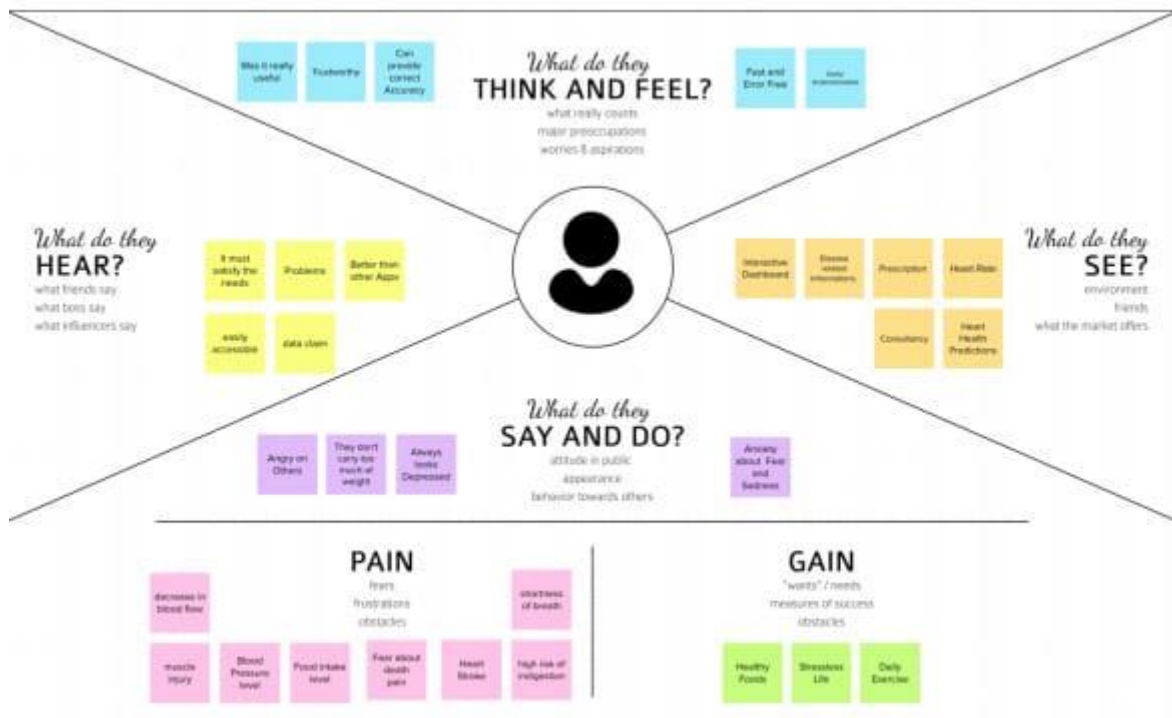
4. **Title:** Ensemble Based Prediction of Cardiovascular Disease Using Bigdata approach
 Author: D.R. Krithika

5. **Title:** Cardiovascular Disease Prediction using Deep Learning
 Author: Paranthaman M et al...

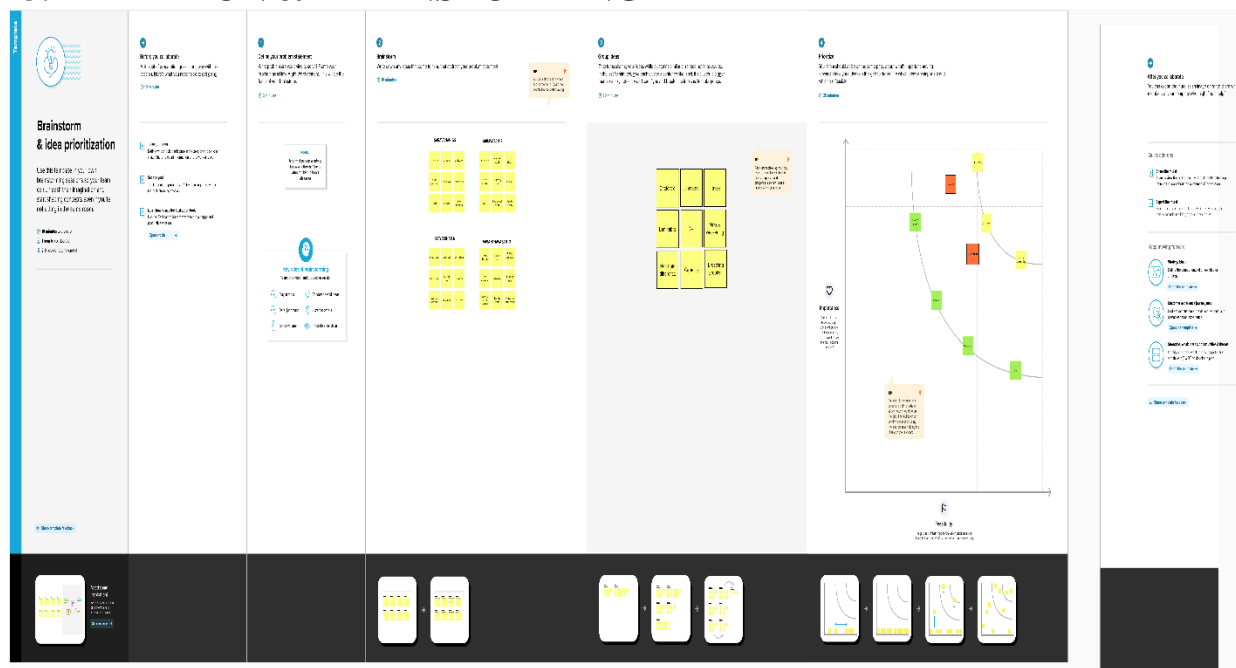
CHAPTER 3

IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS



3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING



3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION

Our application helps the user in finding out if they have heart disease or not. They can find out by entering details such as their heart rate, cholesterol, blood pressure etc. A dashboard is also attached along with the results for better understanding where they can compare their blood pressure and similar metrics with other users. Our application has one of the smoothest user interfaces on the internet making it easy for the user to find their needs quickly and efficiently. And the tool utilizes best machine learning algorithms for better prediction. There's separate sections for viewing treatment options, warning signs of cardiac arrest, risk factors and causes of various types of heart diseases.

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To Develop a interactive dashboard to predict the Heart Disease accurately with few data's given by patient.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Analyzing the patient symptoms and identifying the heart related symptom using cognos analytics.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	It Achieve maximum accuracy to provide prior treatment to the patients and reduce the fatality rate.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	User friendly (anyone can identify the problem using the interactive dashboard). Reduce the cost of the patient.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Data security. It has a huge revenue when it comes to the market.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	It can be used in any Platform (windows, max, etc..) Adding new feature doesn't affect the performance of the system.

3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT

The Problem-Solution Fit simply means that we have found a problem with our customer and that the solution we have realized for it actually solves the customer's problem. It helps entrepreneurs, marketers and corporate innovators identify behavioural patterns and recognize what would work and why. The purpose is to solve complex problems in a way that fits the state of your customers and succeed faster and increase your solution adoption by tapping into existing mediums and channels of behaviour.

Define CS, fit into CC	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) <small>Who is your customer? (i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids)</small> I. Heart Disease affected Patients	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS <small>What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? (i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices)</small> Avoidable medical errors. Low treatable mortality rates. Lack of transparency. Difficulty finding a good doctor. High maintenance costs. The lack of insurance coverage. The shortage of nurses and doctors. A different perspective on solving the shortage crisis.	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS <small>Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? (i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital technology)</small> I. Eliminate the short-term practice of data cleansing. II. Learn how to perform a analysis, visualizations and algorithms effectively. III. Heart disease prediction system aims to exploit data mining techniques on medical data set to assist in the prediction of the heart diseases.	Explore AS, differentiate
	Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS <small>What jobs to be done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one, explore different sides.</small> Quality of Data: The quality of data we have should be accurate and reliable. Obviously, the outcome will solely depend on the data we put into the prediction. If the data is skewed, then the prediction which is dependent on it, will be skewed as well.	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE <small>What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? (i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations)</small> Leading risk factors for heart disease and stroke are high blood pressure, high low-density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol, diabetes, smoking and secondhanded smoke exposure, obesity, unhealthy diet, and physical inactivity. Solutions: Don't smoke or use tobacco, eat a heart-healthy diet, maintain a healthy weight, manage stress, Get regular health screenings.	
Identify strong TR & EM		3. TRIGGERS <small>What triggers customers to act? (i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a news efficient solution in the news)</small> Accuracy of Datasets, Information of ECG and Heart disease related tests for patients.	10. YOUR SOLUTION <small>If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the corners, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the corners and write up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and reaches customer behaviour</small> The use of analytics in healthcare improves care by facilitating preventive care and EDA is a vital step while analysing data. The use of data analytics and virtualization tools to find the risk factors that causes heart disease is considered and predicted using K-means algorithm and the analysis is carried out using a publicly available data for heart disease.	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR 8.1 ONLINE <small>What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7</small> Patients will be a part of virtualization. For example, accessing and seeing all medical records in online. 8.2 OFFLINE <small>What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development</small> I. Emergency stroke II. Surgery III. Regular checkup

CHAPTER 4

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- Users have to register.
- Function to view the homepage by the user.
- Function to display information related to heart diseases on the website.
- Function to provide textboxes to enter medical results.
- Function to predict heart disease using ML model.
- Function to display visualisations of the final results.
- Function to provide dashboard to user

4.2 NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

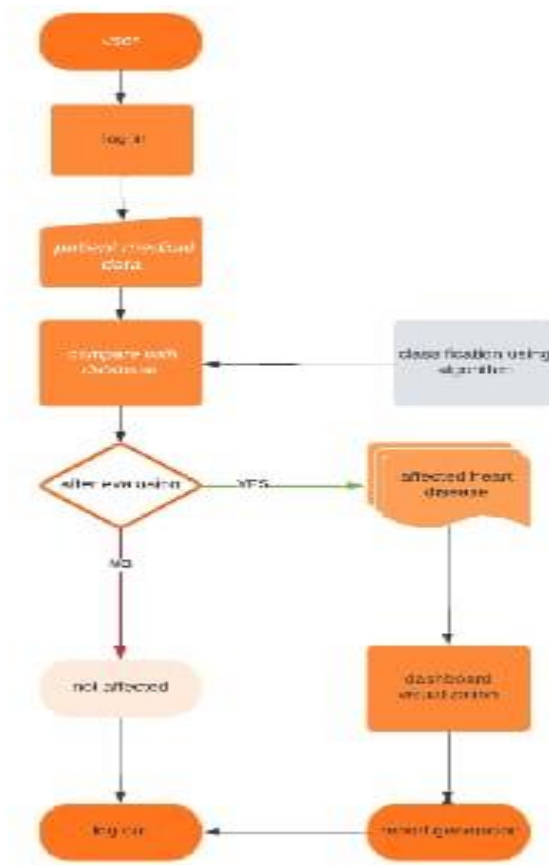
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	The website will utilise better user interface for easy navigation. The process of finding out the results will be smooth and easy for the user.
NFR-2	Security	The website will be protected against SQL injection, DDoS attacks and SHA are used making the website very safe for use.
NFR-3	Reliability	The tool will give accurate and reliable results most of the time.
NFR-4	Performance	The website will be well optimized which includes fast rendering of the pages, providing a bug-free, smooth and hassle-free experience for the user.
NFR-5	Availability	The tool will be available for users most of the time.
NFR-6	Scalability	The system will be scalable enough to support a lot of users at the same time while maintaining optimal performance.

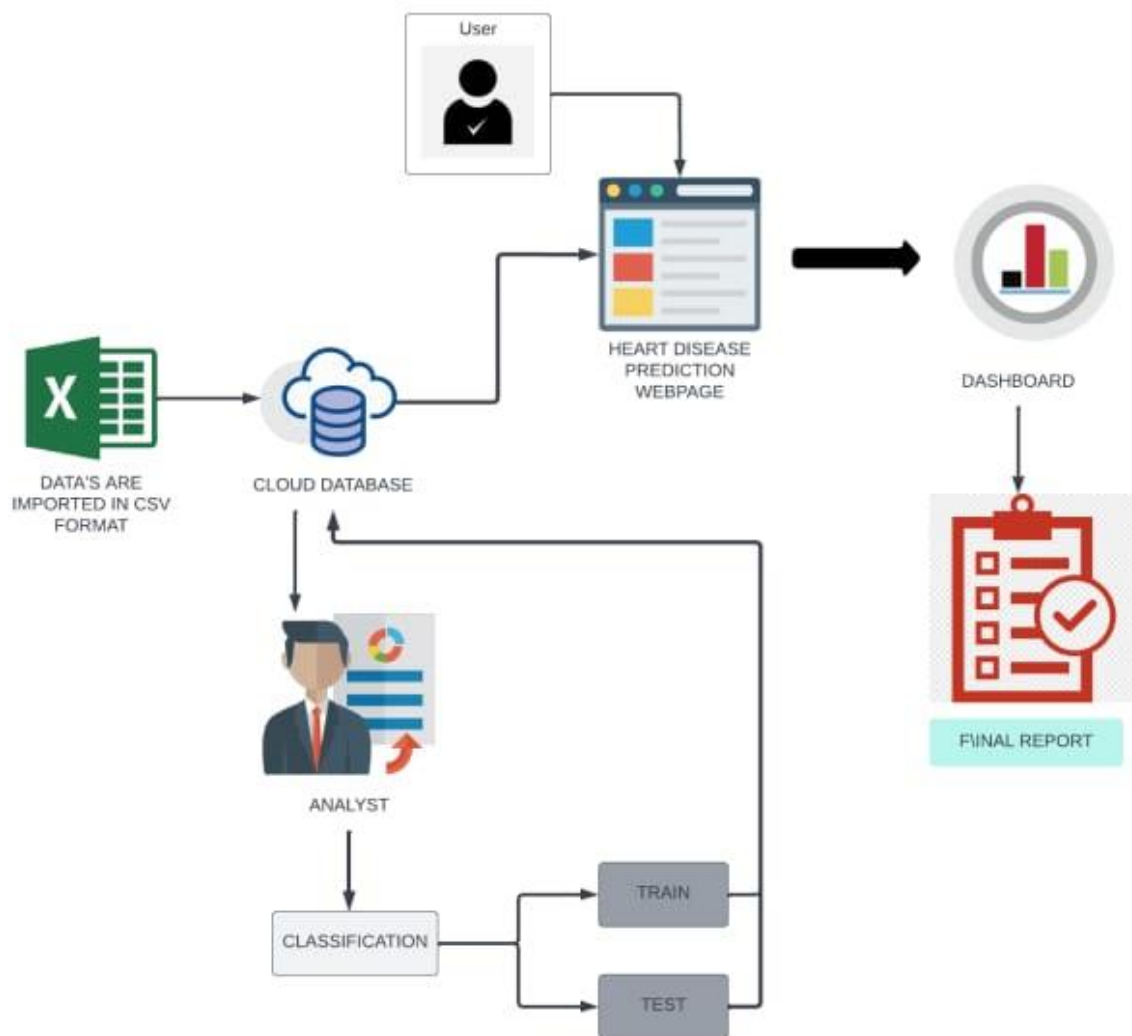
CHAPTER 5

PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS



5.2 SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE



5.3 USER STORIES:

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	I can receive conformation email	Medium	Sprint-1
Customer (Web user)	Login	USN-4	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can access my account using my details	High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard	USN-5	User can view his/her complete medical analysis and accuracy of disease prediction	I can view my medical analysis and accuracy	High	Sprint-2
	Dashboard	USN-6	User can view the accuracy of occurrence of heart disease through report generation	I can view the accuracy of heart disease in the dashboard	high	Sprint-2
Customer Care Executive	Helpdesk	USN-7	As a customer care executive, he/she can view the customer queries.	I can post my queries in the dashboard	Medium	Sprint-3
		USN-8	As a customer care executive, he/she can answer the customer queries	I can get support from helpdesk	High	Sprint-3

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Administrator	User profile	USN-9	As an admin, he/she can update the health details of users.	I can view my updated health details	High	Sprint-4
		USN-10	As an admin, he/she can add or delete users.	I can access my account / Dashboard when logged in	High	Sprint-4
		USN-11	As an admin, he/she can manage the user details.	I can view the organized data of myself.	High	Sprint-4

CHAPTER 6

PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

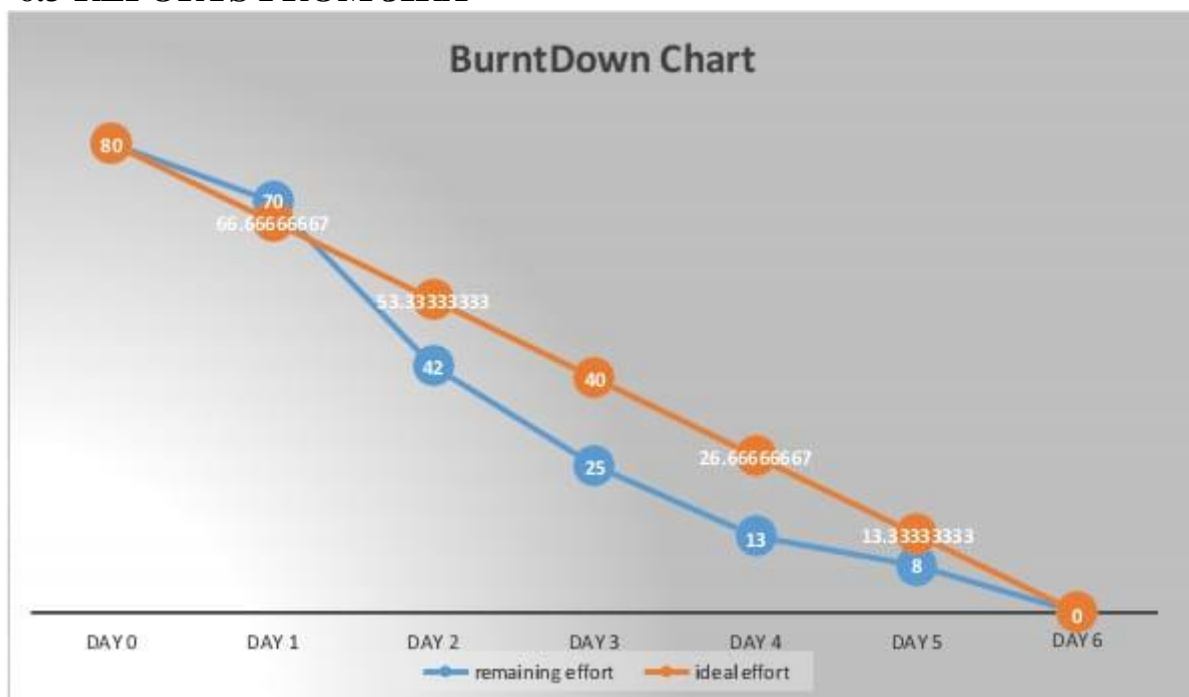
6.1 SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint1	Data Preprocessing and Exploratory Data Analysis(EDA)	USN-1	Data cleaning is implemented to check whether, there are any null values or any outliers are found	10	Medium	Srinivasan S Vasanthavasan G Faayiz khan N Saravanan GG
		USN-2	Testing and Training the data model is implemented using Jupyter notebook	10	High	Srinivasan S Vasanthavasan G Faayiz khan N Saravanan GG
Sprint2	Working with dataset	USN-3	Working with the Dataset. Understand Dataset Load the Dataset Explore the Data Visualize the Data.	20	Medium	Srinivasan S Vasanthavasan G Faayiz khan N Saravanan GG
Sprint3	Data Visualization	USN-4	we plan to create various graphs and charts to highlight the insights and visualizations with the given attributes	20	High	Srinivasan S Vasanthavasan G Faayiz khan N Saravanan GG
Sprint4	Dashboard	USN-5	Dashboard Showing Different Types Of Visuals	15	High	Srinivasan S Vasanthavasan G Faayiz khan N Saravanan GG
		USN-6	User can able to generate Report and Story	5	Medium	Srinivasan S Vasanthavasan G Faayiz khan N Saravanan GG

6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	26 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	02 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	09 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	16 Nov 2022

6.3 REPORTS FROM JIRA



Projects / ihdcario

Backlog

MP
MP
Epic

Insights

▼ HDCRD Sprint 4 11 Nov – 18 Nov (4 issues)

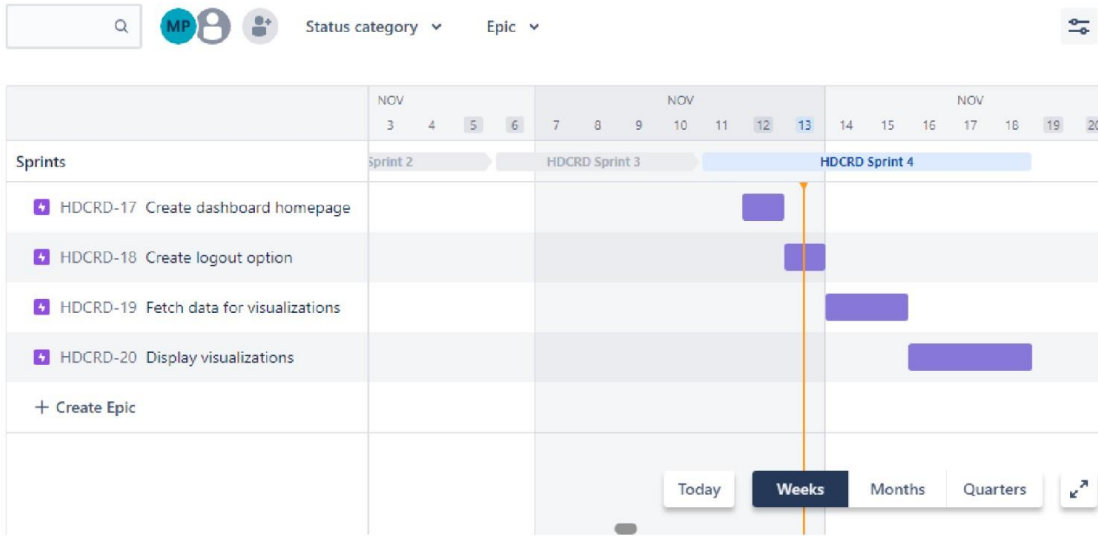
5 5 10 Complete sprint

- HDCRD-13 Dashboard - Homepage 5 DONE
- HDCRD-14 Dashboard - Logout Option 5 DONE
- HDCRD-15 Dashboard - Fetching Data for Visualizations 5 IN PROGRESS
- HDCRD-16 Dashboard - Visualization Pages 5 TO DO

+ Create Issue

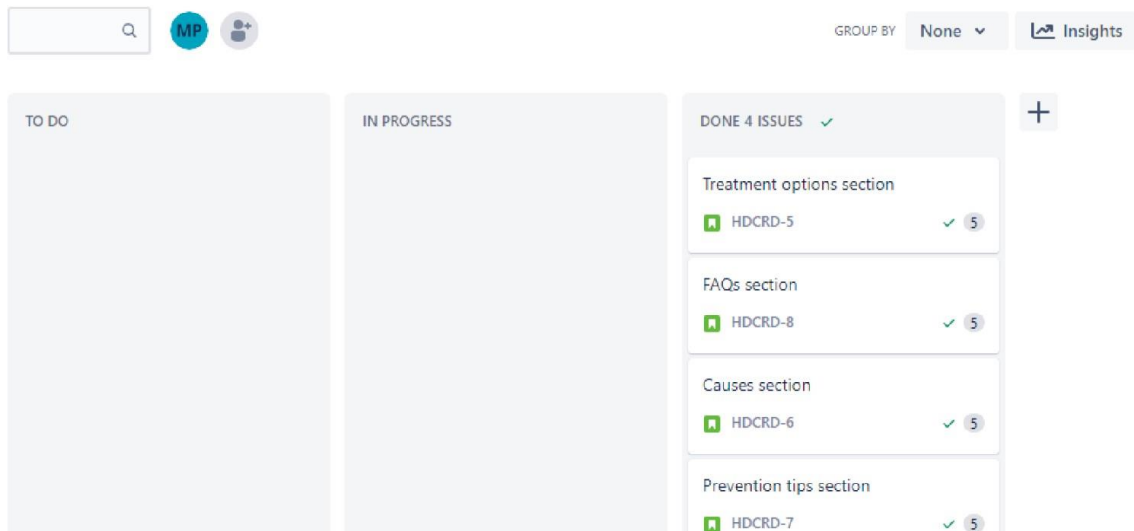
Roadmap

[Give feedback](#) [Share](#) [Export](#) [...](#)



HDCRD Sprint 2

[Light](#) [Star](#) [Clock](#) 0 days remaining [Complete sprint](#) [...](#)



CHAPTER 7

CODING & SOLUTIONING

7.1 FEATURE 1

Prediction Model: When applied to a nonlinear data set, the random forest technique performs better than the decision tree. The collection of decision trees known as a random forest was produced by several root nodes. The random forest algorithm can achieve more accuracy quickly and produce expected results.

Algorithm:

Step 1: Input the required details

Step 2: The model processes the input with the help of random forest algorithm

Step 3: The results are displayed

Webiste Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <meta content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" name="viewport">

  <title>Visualizing and predicting of heart disease</title>
  <meta content="" name="description">
  <meta content="" name="keywords">

  <!-- Favicons -->
  <link href="assets/img/download.jpg" rel="icon">
  <link href="assets/img/download.jpg" rel="apple-touch-icon">

  <!-- Google Fonts -->
  <link
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans:300,300i,400,400i,600,600i,700,700i|Raleway:300,300i,400,400i,500,500i,600,600i,700,700i|Poppins:300,300i,400,400i,500,500i,600,600i,700,700i" rel="stylesheet">

  <!-- Vendor CSS Files -->
```

```

    <link href="assets/vendor/fontawesome-free/css/all.min.css"
rel="stylesheet">
    <link href="assets/vendor/animate.css/animate.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <link href="assets/vendor/bootstrap/css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <link href="assets/vendor/bootstrap-icons/bootstrap-icons.css"
rel="stylesheet">
    <link href="assets/vendor/boxicons/css/boxicons.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <link href="assets/vendor/glightbox/css/glightbox.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <link href="assets/vendor/remixicon/remixicon.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <link href="assets/vendor/swiper/swiper-bundle.min.css" rel="stylesheet">

    <!-- Template Main CSS File -->
    <link href="assets/css/style.css" rel="stylesheet">

    <!-- =====
    * Template Name: Medilab - v4.9.1
    * Template URL: https://bootstrapmade.com/medilab-free-medical-bootstrap-
theme/
    * Author: BootstrapMade.com
    * License: https://bootstrapmade.com/license/
    ===== -->
</head>

<body>

    <!-- ===== Top Bar ===== -->

    <!-- ===== Header ===== -->
    <header id="header" class="fixed-top">
        <div class="container d-flex align-items-center">

            <h1 class="logo me-auto"><a href="index.html">IBM Project</a></h1>
            <!-- Uncomment below if you prefer to use an image logo -->
            <!-- <a href="index.html" class="logo me-auto"></a>-->

            <nav id="navbar" class="navbar order-last order-lg-0">
                <ul>
                    <li><a class="nav-link scrollto active"
href="#hero">Home</a></li>
                    <li><a class="nav-link scrollto"
href="#about">About</a></li>
                    <li><a class="nav-link scrollto"
href="#gallery">Gallery</a></li>
                    <li><a class="nav-link scrollto"
href="https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-2577-1658475332"
target="_blank">Github-rep</a></li>
                </ul>
                <i class="bi bi-list mobile-nav-toggle"></i>
            </nav>

```

```

        <!-- .navbar -->

    </div>
</header>
<!-- End Header -->

<!-- ===== Hero Section ===== -->
<section id="hero" class="d-flex align-items-center">
    <div class="container">
        <h1 style="background-color: aliceblue;">Visualization and
Predicting Heart Disease with an Interactive Dashboard</h1>

        <a href="https://vasivasanth.github.io/heart-disease-prediction-
website/" target="_blank" class="btn-get-started scrollto">Predict</a>
    </div>
</section>
<!-- End Hero -->

<main id="main">

    <!-- ===== Why Us Section ===== -->
    <section id="why-us" class="why-us">
        <div class="container">

            <div class="row">
                <div class="col-lg-4 d-flex align-items-stretch">
                    <div class="content">
                        <h3>What is heart disease?</h3>
                        <p>
                            The term “heart disease” refers to several types
of heart conditions. The most common type of heart disease in the United States
is coronary artery disease (CAD), which affects the blood flow to the heart.
Decreased blood flow can cause a heart attack.
                        </p>
                        <div class="text-center">
                            <a href="https://towardsdatascience.com/heart-
disease-prediction-73468d630cfc" target="_blank" class="more-btn">Learn More <i
class="bx bx-chevron-right"></i></a>
                        </div>
                    </div>
                </div>
                <div class="col-lg-8 d-flex align-items-stretch">
                    <div class="icon-boxes d-flex flex-column justify-
content-center">
                        <div class="row">
                            <div class="col-xl-4 d-flex align-items-
stretch">
                                <div class="icon-box mt-4 mt-xl-0">
                                    <i class="bx bx-receipt"></i>

```



```

        <h4>Dashboard</h4>
        <hr>
        <p> A dashboard is a visual display of
all of your data. While it can be used in all kinds of different ways, its
primary intention is to provide information at-a-glance, such as KPIs.</p>
        <a
href="https://us3.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?perspective=dashboard&pathRef=.my_fol
ders%2Fheart%2BDisease%2Bdashboard&action=view&mode=dashboard&subView=model00000
18441fd6f46_00000000" target="_blank"> <button>Show</button></a>
        </div>
</div>
<div class="col-xl-4 d-flex align-items-
stretch">
        <div class="icon-box mt-4 mt-xl-0">
        <i class="bx bx-cube-alt"></i>
        <h4>Story</h4>
        <hr>
        <p> A narrative, story, or tale is any
account of a series of related events or experiences, whether nonfictional or
fictiona</p>
        <a
href="https://us3.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?perspective=story&pathRef=.my_folders
%2FStory%2FHeart%2BDisease%2Bstory&action=view&sceneId=model0000018446afb98e_000
00000&sceneTime=9250" target="_blank"> <button>Show</button></a>
        </div>
</div>
<div class="col-xl-4 d-flex align-items-
stretch">
        <div class="icon-box mt-4 mt-xl-0">
        <i class="bx bx-images"></i>
        <h4>Report</h4>
        <hr>
        <p> A report is a document that presents
information in an organized format for a specific audience and purpose. Although
summaries of reports may be delivered orally, complete reports are almost always
in the form
        of written documents</p>
        <a
href="https://us3.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?pathRef=.my_folders%2Fdata%2Bmodule%2
FHeart%2BDisease%2Breport&action=run&prompt=false" target="_blank">
<button>Show</button></a>
        </div>
</div>
</div>
</div>
<!-- End .content-->
</div>
</div>

```

```

        </div>
</section>
<!-- End Why Us Section -->

<!-- ===== About Section ===== -->
<section id="about" class="about">
    <div class="container-fluid">

        <div class="row" style="justify-content: center;" >
            <div class="col-xl-7 col-lg-6 icon-boxes d-flex flex-column
align-items-stretch justify-content-center py-5 px-lg-5">
                <h3>Major objectives of a heart disease predictor</h3>
                <p> The EHDPs predicts the likelihood of patients
getting heart disease. It enables significant knowledge, eg, relationships
between medical factors related to heart disease and patterns, to be
established.

                </p>

                <div class="icon-box">
                    <div class="icon"><i class="fa fa-
heartbeat"></i></div>
                    <h4 class="title"><a href=""> Serum
Cholesterol</a></h4>
                    <p class="description"> A high level of
triglycerides, a type of blood fat related to your diet, also ups your risk of a
heart attack.</p>
                </div>

                <div class="icon-box">
                    <div class="icon"><i class="fa fa-user-
md"></i></div>
                    <h4 class="title"><a href=""> Resting Blood
Pressure</a></h4>
                    <p class="description"> Over time, high blood
pressure can damage arteries that feed your heart. High blood pressure that
occurs with other conditions, such as obesity, high cholesterol or diabetes,
increases your risk even more.</p>
                </div>

                <div class="icon-box">
                    <div class="icon"><i class="fa fa-
stethoscope"></i></div>
                    <h4 class="title"><a href=""> Resting ECG</a></h4>
                    <p class="description"> For people at low risk of
cardiovascular disease, the USPSTF concludes with moderate certainty that the
potential harms of screening with resting or exercise ECG equal or exceed the
potential benefits.</p>
                </div>
            </div>

```

```

        </div>
    </div>

    </div>
</section>
<!-- End About Section -->

<!-- ===== Counts Section ===== -->
<section id="counts" class="counts">
    <div class="container">

        <div class="row">

            <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-6">
                <div class="count-box">

                    <span data-purecounter-start="0" data-purecounter-
end="131.3" data-purecounter-duration="1" class="purecounter"></span>
                    <p>Blood Pressure Average</p>
                </div>
            </div>

            <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-6 mt-5 mt-md-0">
                <div class="count-box">

                    <span data-purecounter-start="0" data-purecounter-
end="249.7" data-purecounter-duration="1" class="purecounter"></span>
                    <p>Cholestrol Average</p>
                </div>
            </div>

            <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-6 mt-5 mt-lg-0">
                <div class="count-box">

                    <span data-purecounter-start="0" data-purecounter-
end="161.94" data-purecounter-duration="1" class="purecounter"></span>
                    <p>Maximum Heart Rate</p>
                </div>
            </div>

            <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-6 mt-5 mt-lg-0">
                <div class="count-box">

                    <span data-purecounter-start="0" data-purecounter-
end="1" data-purecounter-duration="1" class="purecounter"></span>
                    <p>Most Chest Pain Type</p>
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>

```

```

        </div>

    </div>
</section>
<!-- End Counts Section -->

<!-- ===== Gallery Section ===== -->
<section id="gallery" class="gallery">
    <div class="container">

        <div class="section-title">
            <h2>Gallery</h2>
            <p>Attributes Visualization using <b>IBM Cognos
Analytics</b></p>
        </div>
    </div>

    <div class="container-fluid">
        <div class="row g-0">

            <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
                <div class="gallery-item">
                    <a href="assets/img/gallery/Screenshot-2022-11-05.png"
class="galelry-lightbox">
                        
                    </a>
                </div>
            </div>

            <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
                <div class="gallery-item">
                    <a href="assets/img/gallery/Screenshot-2022-10-29.png"
class="galelry-lightbox">
                        
                    </a>
                </div>
            </div>

            <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
                <div class="gallery-item">
                    <a href="assets/img/gallery/Screenshot-2022-10-29
(1).png" class="galelry-lightbox">
                        
                    </a>
                </div>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>

```

```

        </div>

        <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
            <div class="gallery-item">
                <a href="assets/img/gallery/Screenshot-2022-10-29
(2).png" class="galelry-lightbox">
                    
                </a>
            </div>
        </div>

        <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
            <div class="gallery-item">
                <a href="assets/img/gallery/Screenshot-2022-11-05
(1).png" class="galelry-lightbox">
                    
                </a>
            </div>
        </div>

        <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
            <div class="gallery-item">
                <a href="assets/img/gallery/Screenshot-2022-11-05
(2).png" class="galelry-lightbox">
                    
                </a>
            </div>
        </div>

        <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
            <div class="gallery-item">
                <a href="assets/img/gallery/Screenshot-2022-11-05
(4).png" class="galelry-lightbox">
                    
                </a>
            </div>
        </div>

        <div class="col-lg-3 col-md-4">
            <div class="gallery-item">
                <a href="assets/img/gallery/unnamed.png" class="galelry-
lightbox">
                    
                </a>
            </div>

```

```

        </div>

    </div>

</div>
</section>
<!-- End Gallery Section -->

<!-- ===== Doctors Section ===== -->
<section id="doctors" class="doctors">
    <div class="container">

        <div class="section-title">
            <h2>Team Members</h2>
            <p>Team id - PNT2022TMID40418 </p>
        </div>

        <div class="row">

            <div class="col-lg-6">
                <div class="member d-flex align-items-start">
                    <div class="pic"></div>
                    <div class="member-info">
                        <h4>SRINIVASAN S</h4>
                        <span>Team Leader</span>
                        <p>University College Of Engineering,
Kancheepuram</p>
                        <br>
                        <a href="https://github.com/SRINIVASAN2001"
target="_blank"><i class="fa-brands fa-github" style="font-size:36px;"></i></a>
                        <a
href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/srinivasan-s-bab702216" target="_blank"><i
class="fa-brands fa-linkedin" style="font-size:36px;color:rgb(37, 57,
235);"></i></a>

                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>

            <div class="col-lg-6 mt-4 mt-lg-0">
                <div class="member d-flex align-items-start">
                    <div class="pic"></div>
                    <div class="member-info">
                        <h4>VASANTHAVASAN G</h4>

```

```

        <span>Team Member</span>
        <p>University College Of Engineering,
Kancheepuram</p>

        <br>
        <a href="https://github.com/vasivasanth"
target="_blank"><i class="fa-brands fa-github" style="font-size:36px;"></i></a>
        <a
href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/vasanthavasan-g-936763219" target="_blank"><i
class="fa-brands fa-linkedin" style="font-size:36px;color:rgb(37, 57,
235);"></i></a>

        </div>
    </div>
</div>

    <div class="col-lg-6 mt-4">
        <div class="member d-flex align-items-start">
            <div class="pic"></div>
            <div class="member-info">
                <h4>FAAYIZ KHAN N</h4>
                <span>Team Member</span>
                <p>University College Of Engineering,
Kancheepuram</p>

                <br>
                <a href="https://github.com/khanworks"
target="_blank"><i class="fa-brands fa-github" style="font-size:36px;"></i></a>
                <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/faayiz-
khan-252a36255" target="_blank"><i class="fa-brands fa-linkedin" style="font-
size:36px;color:rgb(37, 57, 235);"></i></a>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>

    <div class="col-lg-6 mt-4">
        <div class="member d-flex align-items-start">
            <div class="pic"></div>
            <div class="member-info">
                <h4>SARAVANAN G G</h4>
                <span>Team Member</span>
                <p>University College Of Engineering,
Kancheepuram</p>

                <br>
                <a href="https://github.com/Ggsaraniv"
target="_blank"><i class="fa-brands fa-github" style="font-size:36px;"></i></a>
                <a
href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/%ED%9E%88%EC%99%80%ED%83%80%EB%A6%AC-

```

```
%E0%B9%80%E0%B8%A5%D0%BA-578740250" target="_blank"><i class="fa-brands fa-  
linkedin" style="font-size:36px;color:rgb(37, 57, 235);"></i></a>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</section>
```

```
<!-- End Doctors Section -->
```

```
</div>
```

```
<div class="swiper-pagination"></div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</div>
```

```
</section>
```

```
</main>
```

```
<script src="assets/vendor/purecounter/purecounter_vanilla.js"></script>
```

```
<script src="assets/vendor/bootstrap/js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js"></script>
```

```
<script src="assets/vendor/glightbox/js/glightbox.min.js"></script>
```

```
<script src="assets/vendor/swiper/swiper-bundle.min.js"></script>
```

```
<script src="assets/vendor/php-email-form/validate.js"></script>
```

```
<!-- Template Main JS File -->
```

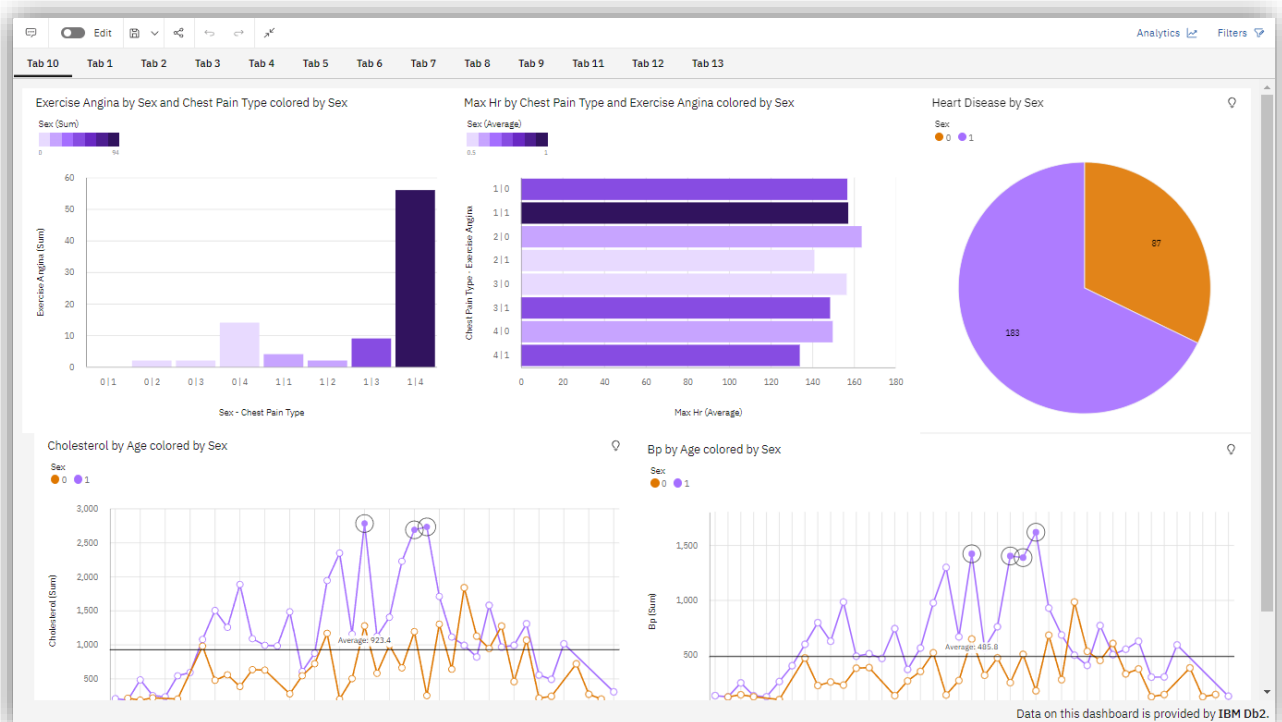
```
<script src="assets/js/main.js"></script>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```


7.2 FEATURE 2

Dashboard: Our application helps the user in finding out if they have heart disease or not. They can find out by entering details such as their heart rate, cholesterol, blood pressure etc. A dashboard is also attached along with the results for better understanding where they can compare their blood pressure and similar metrics with other users.



CHAPTER 8

RESULTS

8.1 PERFORMANCE METRICS

1. Hours worked: 50 hours
2. Stick to Timelines: 100%
3. Stay within budget: 100%
4. Consistency of the product: 95%
5. Efficiency of the product: 95%
6. Quality of the product: 100%

CHAPTER 9

ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGES:

- Smooth User Interface
- Accuracy is achieved quickly

DISADVANTAGES:

- Random forest can be used for both classification and regression tasks, but it is not more suitable for Regression tasks.

CHAPTER 10

CONCLUSION

This overview of the project conveys the idea that numerous methods have been investigated for diagnosing cardiovascular disease. Big data, machine learning, and data mining can be used to great success to analyse the prediction model with the highest degree of accuracy. The primary goal of this project is to diagnose cardiovascular disease or heart disease utilizing a variety of techniques and procedures to obtain a prognosis.

CHAPTER 11

FUTURE SCOPE

A future update shall comprise of section for viewing renowned cardiologists and scan centers in their city. The obtained output can be further processed and sent to smart devices to provide necessary assistance. Constant monitoring can provide necessary data to recommend to consult a doctor in case of an emergency. In Future more new classification is used to predict the datasets from effectively. Here, we used Random Forest Classifier to predict the accuracy which gives 86% than other predictive models.

CHAPTER 12

APPENDIX

PROJECT DEMONSTRATION LINK:

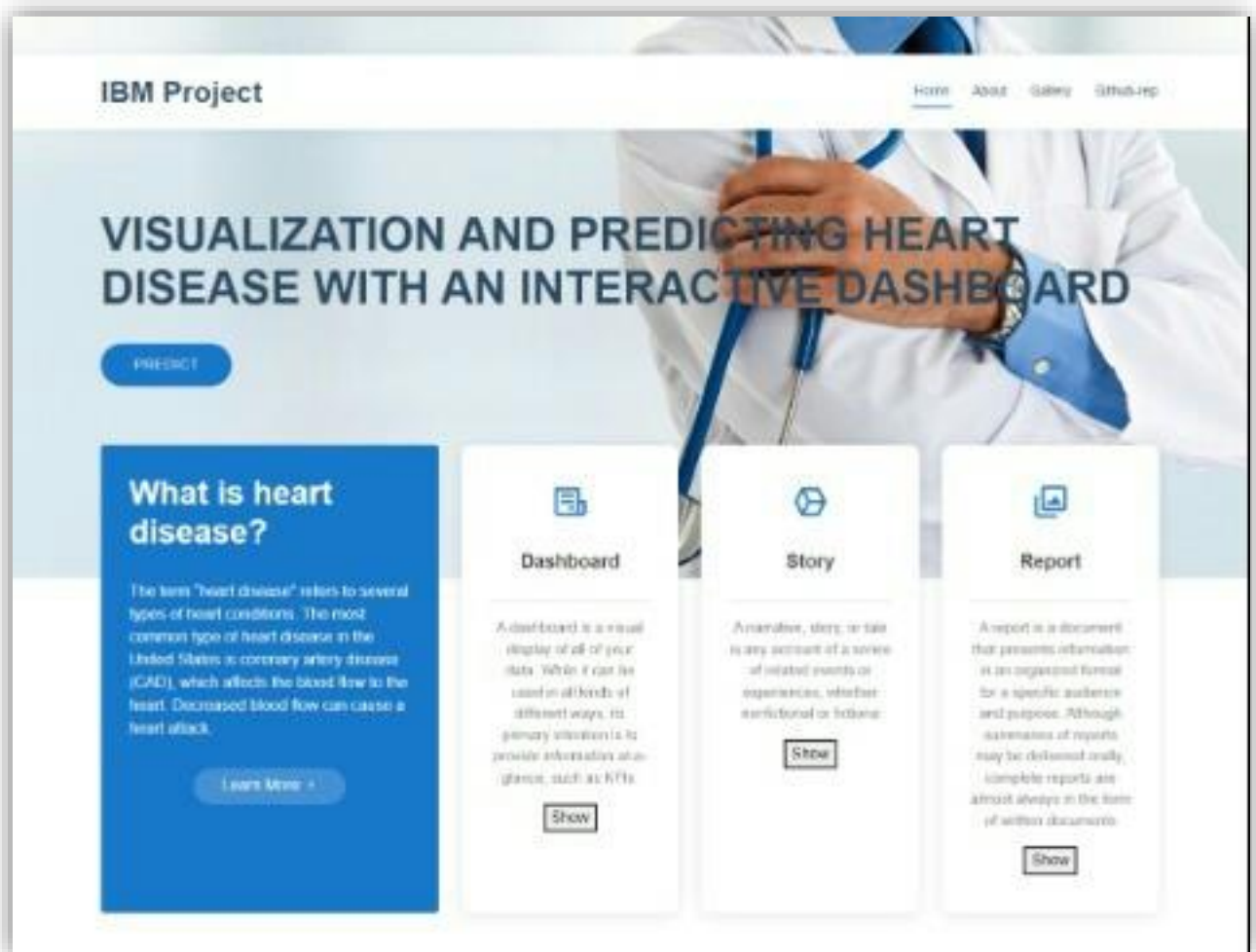
<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1bXaJ1XyV7lkna2QAnki9pnMCNMdLLY5E/view?usp=sharing>

GITHUB LINK: <https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-2577-1658475332>

WEBSITE LIVELINK:

[WEBSITE DEMO LIVE LINK](#)

APPENDIX A1: SCREENSHOTS



Major objectives of a heart disease predictor

The EHDPs predicts the likelihood of patients getting heart disease. It enables significant knowledge, eg. relationships between medical factors related to heart disease and patterns, to be established.



Serum Cholesterol

A high level of triglycerides, a type of blood fat related to your diet, sets up your risk of a heart attack.



Resting Blood Pressure

Over time, high blood pressure can damage arteries that feed your heart. High blood pressure that occurs with other conditions, such as obesity, high cholesterol or diabetes, increases your risk even more.



Resting ECG

For people at low risk of cardiovascular disease, the USPSTF concludes with moderate certainty that the potential harms of screening with resting or exercise ECG equal or exceed the potential benefits.

0

Blood Pressure Average

0

Cholesterol Average

0

Maximum Heart Rate

0

Mild Chest Pain Type

Gallery

Attributes Visualization using IBM Cognos Analytics



