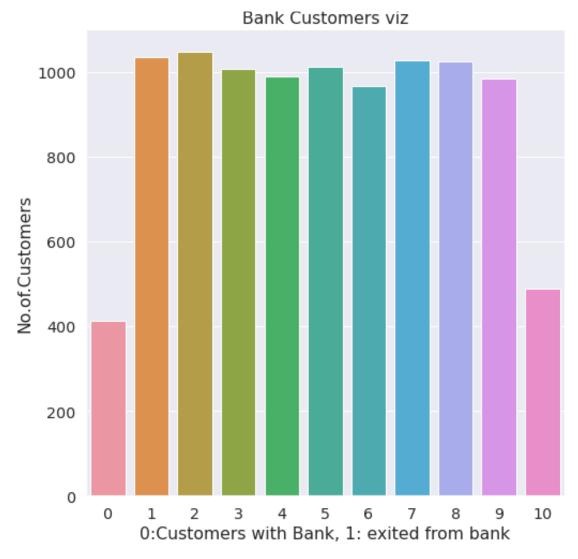
## **Assignment-II**

## Fertilizer recommendation system for disease prediction

Date	27 September 2022
Student name	Gayathiri S K
Student roll number	1919102043
Maximum marks	2 marks

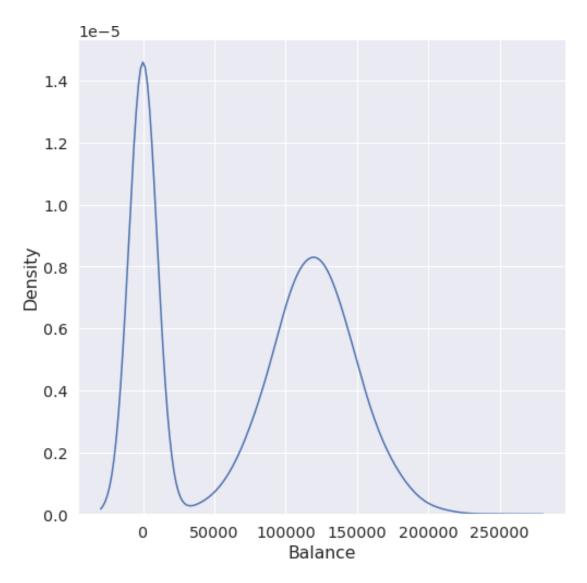
```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
sns.set style('darkgrid')
sns.set(font scale=1.3)
df=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM/Assignment - 2
/Churn_Modelling.csv")
df.head()
   RowNumber
              CustomerId
                            Surname CreditScore Geography Gender
                                                                     Age
0
                                                     France Female
           1
                15634602
                          Hargrave
                                             619
                                                                      42
                               Hill
1
           2
                15647311
                                             608
                                                     Spain Female
                                                                      41
2
           3
                15619304
                               Onio
                                             502
                                                     France
                                                             Female
                                                                      42
3
           4
                15701354
                               Boni
                                             699
                                                     France
                                                             Female
                                                                      39
4
           5
                          Mitchell
                                             850
                                                     Spain Female
                                                                      43
                15737888
                                                 IsActiveMember
   Tenure
             Balance
                      NumOfProducts
                                      HasCrCard
0
        2
                0.00
                                   1
                                              1
                                                               1
1
        1
            83807.86
                                   1
                                              0
                                                               1
2
        8
          159660.80
                                   3
                                              1
                                                               0
3
                                   2
        1
                                                               0
                0.00
                                              0
4
        2
           125510.82
                                   1
                                              1
                                                               1
```

```
EstimatedSalary Exited
0
        101348.88
1
        112542.58
                        0
2
        113931.57
                        1
3
                        0
         93826.63
4
         79084.10
                        0
df.drop(["RowNumber","CustomerId","Surname"],axis=1,inplace=True)
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#
    Column
                     Non-Null Count Dtype
---
    -----
    CreditScore
0
                     10000 non-null int64
    Geography
                     10000 non-null object
2
                     10000 non-null object
    Gender
3
    Age
                     10000 non-null int64
4
                    10000 non-null int64
    Tenure
5
    Balance
                     10000 non-null float64
6
    NumOfProducts
                     10000 non-null int64
7
    HasCrCard
                     10000 non-null int64
8
    IsActiveMember 10000 non-null int64
9
    EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null float64
10 Exited
                     10000 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(7), object(2)
memory usage: 859.5+ KB
#Perform Univariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.countplot(x='Tenure',data=df)
plt.xlabel('0:Customers with Bank, 1: exited from bank')
plt.ylabel('No.of.Customers')
plt.title("Bank Customers viz")
plt.show()
```



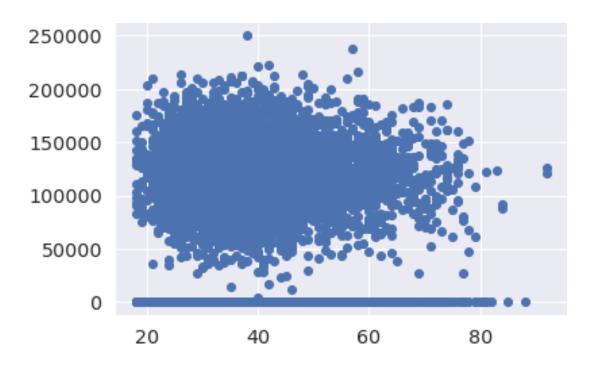
#Perform Univariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(x=df['Balance'])

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa0c03906d0>



#Perform Bivariate Analysis
plt.scatter(df.Age,df.Balance)

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7fa0d35a7dd0>



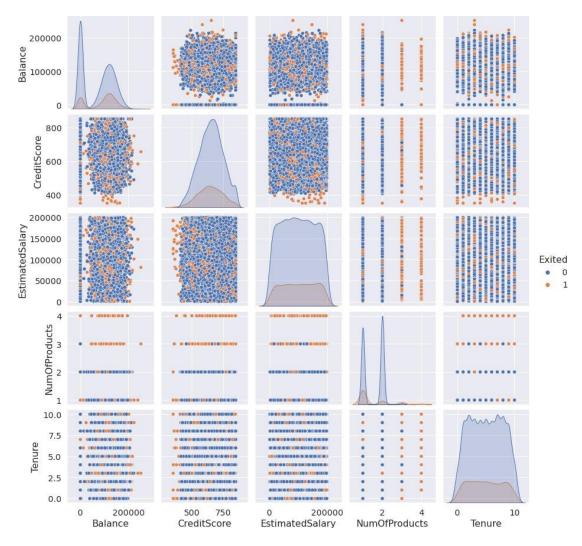
#Perform Bivariate Analysis
df.corr()

	CreditScore	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance \	
CreditScore	1.000000	0.007888	-0.003965	0.000842	0.006268	
Gender	0.007888	1.000000	0.022812	0.003739	0.069408	
Age	-0.003965	0.022812	1.000000	-0.009997	0.028308	
Tenure	0.000842	0.003739	-0.009997	1.000000	-0.012254	
Balance	0.006268	0.069408	0.028308	-0.012254	1.000000	
NumOfProducts	0.012238	0.003972	-0.030680	0.013444	-0.304180	
HasCrCard	-0.005458	-0.008523	-0.011721	0.022583	-0.014858	
IsActiveMember	0.025651	0.006724	0.085472	-0.028362	-0.010084	
EstimatedSalary	-0.001384	-0.001369	-0.007201	0.007784	0.012797	
Exited	-0.027094	0.035943	0.285323	-0.014001	0.118533	
	NumOfProduct:	s HasCrCa	ird IsActi	iveMember	EstimatedSalary	\
CreditScore	0.01223	8 -0.0054	<b>1</b> 58	0.025651	-0.001384	
Gender	0.00397	2 -0.0085	523	0.006724	-0.001369	
Age	-0.03068	0 -0.0117	'21	0.085472	-0.007201	
Tenure	0.01344	4 0.0225	· 83	-0.028362	0.007784	
Balance	-0.30418	0.0148	· 858	-0.010084	0.012797	
NumOfProducts	1.00000	0.0031	.83	0.009612	0.014204	
HasCrCard	0.003183	3 1.0000	. 000	-0.011866	-0.009933	
IsActiveMember	0.00961	2 -0.0118	866	1.000000	-0.011421	
EstimatedSalary	0.01420	4 -0.0099	933 -	-0.011421	1.000000	
Exited	-0.04782	0 -0.0071		-0.156128	0.012097	

Exited CreditScore -0.027094

```
Gender
             0.035943
Age
             0.285323
Tenure
             -0.014001
Balance
             0.118533
NumOfProducts -0.047820
HasCrCard
             -0.007138
IsActiveMember -0.156128
EstimatedSalary 0.012097
Exited
              1.000000
#Perform Bivariate Analysis
import statsmodels.api as sm
#define response variable
y = df['CreditScore']
#define explanatory variable
x = df[['EstimatedSalary']]
#add constant to predictor variables
x = sm.add constant(x)
#fit linear regression model
model = sm.OLS(y, x).fit()
#view model summary
print(model.summary())
                       OLS Regression Results
______
Dep. Variable:
                   CreditScore
                                 R-squared:
0.000
Model:
                            0LS
                                 Adj. R-squared:
0.000
Method:
                    Least Squares
                                 F-statistic:
0.01916
Date:
                 Sat, 24 Sep 2022
                                 Prob (F-statistic):
0.890
Time:
                        05:06:19
                                 Log-Likelihood:
59900.
No. Observations:
                           10000
                                 AIC:
1.198e+05
Df Residuals:
                                 BIC:
                            9998
1.198e+05
Df Model:
                              1
Covariance Type:
                       nonrobust
______
                                      t P>|t| [0.025
                  coef std err
```

```
650.7617 1.940 335.407 0.000
const
                                              646.958
654.565
3.06e-05
______
                    132.939 Durbin-Watson:
Omnibus:
2.014
                      0.000 Jarque-Bera (JB):
Prob(Omnibus):
84.242
Skew:
                       -0.072 Prob(JB):
                                                    5.10e-
19
Kurtosis:
                       2.574 Cond. No.
2.32e+05
______
Notes:
[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is
correctly specified.
[2] The condition number is large, 2.32e+05. This might indicate that there
are
strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/tsatools.py:142:
FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of concat except
for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
 x = pd.concat(x[::order], 1)
#Perform Multivariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
sns.pairplot(data=df[["Balance","CreditScore","EstimatedSalary","NumOfProduct
s", "Tenure", "Exited"]], hue="Exited")
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7fa0b00a1b10>
<Figure size 288x288 with 0 Axes>
```



## #Perform Descriptive Statistics df=pd.DataFrame(df)

df=pd.DataFrame(df)
print(df.sum())

CreditScore	6505288
Geography	FranceSpainFranceFranceSpainSpainFranceGermany
Gender	FemaleFemaleFemaleFemaleMaleMaleFemaleMa
Age	389218
Tenure	50128
Balance	764858892.88
NumOfProducts	15302
HasCrCard	7055
IsActiveMember	5151
EstimatedSalary	1000902398.81
Exited	2037
dtype: object	

```
#Perform Descriptive Statistics
print("----Sum Value ---- ")
```

```
print(df.sum(1))
print("-----")
print("----Product Value ----")
print(df.prod())
print("-----")
----Sum Value----
     102015.88
1
      197002.44
    274149.37
94567.63
205492.92
2
3
9995
       97088.64
9996 159633.38
9997 42840.58
9998 168784.83
9999 169159.57
Length: 10000, dtype: float64
----Product Value----
CreditScore 0.0
Age
                0.0
                0.0
Tenure
Balance
Balance 0.0 NumOfProducts 0.0
                0.0
HasCrCard
IsActiveMember 0.0
EstimatedSalary inf
Exited
                 0.0
dtype: float64
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:3:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with
'numeric only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise
TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.
 This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/numpy/core/_methods.py:52:
RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in reduce
 return umr prod(a, axis, dtype, out, keepdims, initial, where)
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:6:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with
'numeric only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise
TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.
```

#Perform Descriptive Statistics

print("-----")

```
print(df.mean())
print("----")
print("-----")
print(df.median())
print("----")
print("-----")
print(df.mode())
print("----")
-----Mean Value-----
CreditScore
Age
                38.921800
Tenure
                5.012800
            76485.889288
Balance
NumOfProducts
               1.530200
             0.705500
0.515100
HasCrCard
IsActiveMember
EstimatedSalary 100090.239881
Exited
                0.203700
dtype: float64
____
-----Median Value-----
CreditScore 652.000
Age
               37.000
Balance 97198.540
NumOfProducts 1 000
HasCrCard
                1.000
IsActiveMember
                1.000
EstimatedSalary 100193.915
Exited
               0.000
dtype: float64
-----Mode Value-----
  CreditScore Geography Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts \
    850 France Male 37 2 0.0
  HasCrCard IsActiveMember EstimatedSalary Exited
          1 24924.92 0
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:3:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric\_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports until

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:6:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric\_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise

TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

## #Handling with missing Values df.isnull()#Checking values are null

	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts
\							
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False		False	False
3	False					False	False
4	False	False				False	
		• • •				• • •	
9995	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9996	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9997	False	False	False	False	False	False	
			False	False	False	False	False
9999		False					
	HasCrCard	IsActiveMemb	er Esti	.matedSa	lary Ex	cited	
0	False	Fal	se	F	alse F	alse	
1	False	Fal	se	F	alse F	alse	
2	False	Fal	se	F	alse F	alse	
3	False	Fal	se	F	alse F	alse	
4	False	Fal	se	F	alse F	alse	
	• • •						
9995	False	Fal	se	F	alse F	alse	
9996	False	Fal	se	F	alse F	alse	
9997	False	Fal			alse F		
9998	False	Fal			alse F		
9999	False	Fal			alse F		

[10000 rows x 11 columns]

#Handling with missing Values
df.notnull()#Checking values are not null

	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	\
0	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
1	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
2	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
3	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
4	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
	• • •	• • •					• • •	
9995	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9996	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9997	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9998	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9999	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	

	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	True	True	True	True
1	True	True	True	True
2	True	True	True	True
3	True	True	True	True
4	True	True	True	True
		• • •	• • •	• • •
9995	True	True	True	True
9996	True	True	True	True
9997	True	True	True	True
9998	True	True	True	True
9999	True	True	True	True

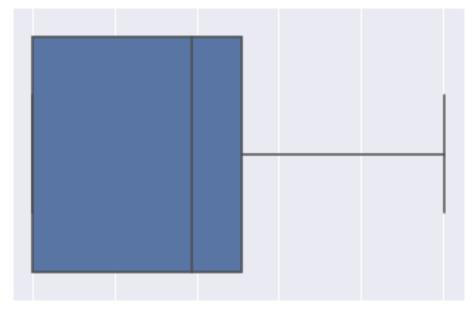
[10000 rows x 11 columns]

#Find outliers & replace the outliers
sns.boxplot(df['Balance'])

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/\_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa0af6dcf90>



0 50000 100000 150000 200000 250000 Balance

```
#Find outliers & replace the outliers
print(np.where(df['Balance']>100000))
                       5, ..., 9987, 9993, 9999]),)
(array([
           2,
#Find outliers & replace the outliers
from scipy import stats
import numpy as np
z = np.abs(stats.zscore(df["EstimatedSalary"]))
print(z)
0
        0.021886
1
        0.216534
2
        0.240687
3
        0.108918
4
        0.365276
          . . .
9995
        0.066419
9996
        0.027988
9997
        1.008643
9998
        0.125231
9999
        1.076370
Name: EstimatedSalary, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
df['Gender'].unique()
array(['Female', 'Male'], dtype=object)
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
df['Gender'].value_counts()
Male
          5457
Female
          4543
Name: Gender, dtype: int64
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
encoding=LabelEncoder()
df["Gender"]=encoding.fit_transform(df.iloc[:,1].values)
df
      CreditScore Geography Gender Age
                                           Tenure
                                                      Balance NumOfProducts \
0
              619
                     France
                                   0
                                       42
                                                2
                                                         0.00
1
              608
                      Spain
                                   2
                                       41
                                                 1
                                                     83807.86
                                                                            1
2
              502
                                       42
                                                 8
                                                                            3
                      France
                                   0
                                                    159660.80
3
              699
                                       39
                                                1
                                                                            2
                      France
                                   0
                                                         0.00
4
                                   2
                                       43
                                                2
                                                    125510.82
                                                                            1
              850
                      Spain
              . . .
                                       . . .
                                               . . .
9995
              771
                      France
                                   0
                                       39
                                                5
                                                         0.00
                                                                            2
9996
                                       35
                                               10
                                                     57369.61
              516
                     France
                                   0
                                                                            1
```

```
9997
           709
                 France
                            0
                               36
                                              0.00
                                          75075.31
9998
           772
                           1 42
                                                             2
                Germany
                                      3
9999
           792
                 France
                               28
                                      4 130142.79
                                                             1
     HasCrCard IsActiveMember EstimatedSalary Exited
0
                         1
                                101348.88
           1
1
           0
                         1
                                112542.58
                                              0
2
           1
                         0
                                113931.57
                                              1
3
                         0
                                              0
           0
                                 93826.63
4
           1
                         1
                                 79084.10
                                              0
9995
                         0
                                96270.64
                                              0
           1
                                              0
9996
           1
                         1
                                101699.77
                                              1
9997
           0
                         1
                                 42085.58
           1
                         0
                                              1
9998
                                 92888.52
9999
           1
                                 38190.78
                                              0
[10000 rows x 11 columns]
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
#Split the data into Dependent & Independent Variables
print("-----")
X=df.iloc[:,1:4]
print(X)
print("-----")
print("-----Independent Variables -----")
Y=df.iloc[:,4]
print(Y)
print("-----")
------Dependent Variables
     Age Tenure
                 Balance
     42
            2
                    0.00
0
1
     41
            1 83807.86
            8 159660.80
2
     42
3
     39
            1
                    0.00
4
     43
             2 125510.82
     . . .
           . . .
                   . . .
           5
     39
9995
                    0.00
9996
     35
            10 57369.61
            7
9997
     36
                    0.00
9998
     42
            3
               75075.31
            4 130142.79
9999
     28
[10000 rows x 3 columns]
-----Independent Variables-----
0
1
      1
```

```
2
3
        2
4
        1
9995
        2
9996
       1
9997
       1
9998
        2
9999
        1
Name: NumOfProducts, Length: 10000, dtype: int64
#Scale the independent Variables
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
object= StandardScaler()
# standardization
scale = object.fit transform(df)
print(scale)
[[-0.32622142 0.29351742 -1.04175968 ... 0.97024255 0.02188649
   1.97716468]
 [-0.44003595 0.19816383 -1.38753759 ... 0.97024255 0.21653375
  -0.50577476]
 [-1.53679418 0.29351742 1.03290776 ... -1.03067011 0.2406869
   1.97716468]
 [ 0.60498839 -0.27860412  0.68712986  ...  0.97024255 -1.00864308
   1.97716468
 [ 1.25683526  0.29351742  -0.69598177  ...  -1.03067011  -0.12523071
   1.97716468]
 [ 1.46377078 -1.04143285 -0.35020386 ... -1.03067011 -1.07636976
  -0.50577476]]
#Split the data into training & testing
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
#Split the data into training & testing
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y,
test_size=4,random_state=4)
x train
      const EstimatedSalary
2558
        1.0
                  137903.54
7642
        1.0
                  121765.00
8912
       1.0
                  109470.34
3319
       1.0
                     2923.61
6852
       1.0
                    7312.25
. . .
        . . .
                   7666.73
9085.00
456
       1.0
6017
        1.0
709
        1.0
                 147794.63
```

```
8366
        1.0
                   102515.42
1146
                    54776.64
        1.0
[9996 rows x 2 columns]
#Split the data into training & testing
x_test
      const EstimatedSalary
1603
        1.0
                    23305.85
8713
        1.0
                    41248.80
                   143317.42
4561
        1.0
6600
        1.0
                   174123.16
#Split the data into training & testing
y_train
2558
        727
7642
        811
8912
        623
3319
        430
6852
        600
       . . .
456
        733
6017
        487
709
        686
8366
        637
1146
        614
Name: CreditScore, Length: 9996, dtype: int64
#Split the data into training & testing
y_test
1603
        576
8713
        786
4561
        562
6600
        505
Name: CreditScore, dtype: int64
```