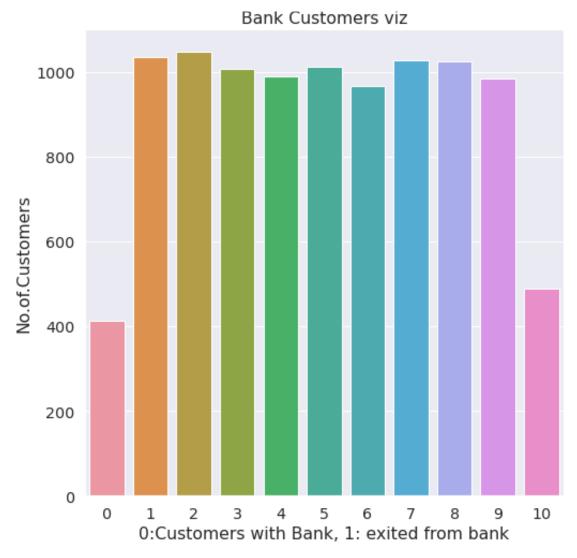
Assignment-II

Fertilizer recommendation system for disease prediction

Date	27 September 2022
Student name	Dheepana K.K
Student roll number	1919102037
Maximum marks	2 marks

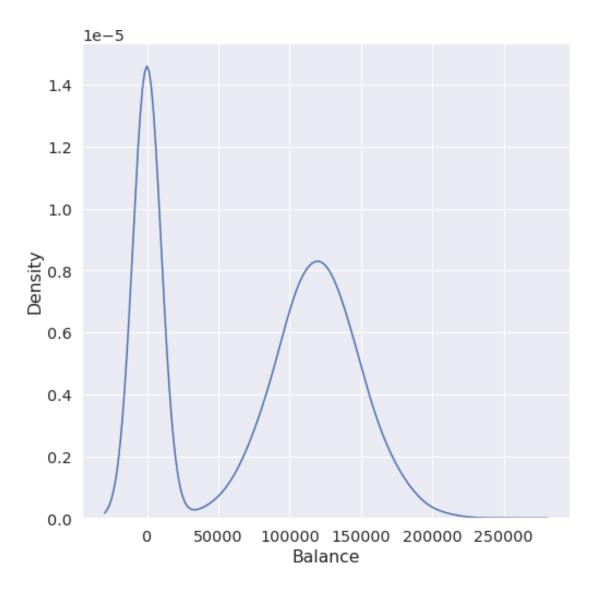
```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
sns.set_style('darkgrid')
sns.set(font_scale=1.3)
df=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/IBM/Assignment - 2
/Churn_Modelling.csv")
df.head()
                           Surname CreditScore Geography Gender
   RowNumber CustomerId
                                                                    Age \
0
                                            619
                                                    France Female
           1
                15634602 Hargrave
                                                                     42
1
           2
                15647311
                              Hill
                                            608
                                                     Spain Female
                                                                     41
2
           3
                15619304
                              Onio
                                            502
                                                    France Female
                                                                     42
3
           4
                                            699
                                                            Female
                                                                     39
                15701354
                              Boni
                                                    France
4
                15737888 Mitchell
                                            850
                                                     Spain Female
                                                                     43
                                     HasCrCard IsActiveMember
                      NumOfProducts
   Tenure
             Balance
0
        2
                0.00
                                  1
                                             1
                                                              1
1
        1
            83807.86
                                  1
                                             0
                                                              1
2
        8 159660.80
                                  3
                                             1
                                                              0
3
        1
                                  2
                                                              0
                0.00
                                             0
4
        2 125510.82
                                  1
                                             1
                                                              1
```

```
EstimatedSalary Exited
0
        101348.88
1
        112542.58
                        0
2
        113931.57
                        1
3
                        0
         93826.63
4
         79084.10
                        0
df.drop(["RowNumber","CustomerId","Surname"],axis=1,inplace=True)
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#
    Column
                     Non-Null Count Dtype
-----
    _____
                     _-----
0
    CreditScore
                     10000 non-null int64
1
    Geography
                     10000 non-null object
2
                     10000 non-null object
    Gender
                     10000 non-null int64
3
    Age
4
                     10000 non-null int64
    Tenure
5
    Balance
                     10000 non-null float64
6
    NumOfProducts
                     10000 non-null int64
7
    HasCrCard
                     10000 non-null int64
    IsActiveMember
                     10000 non-null int64
9
    EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null float64
10 Exited
                     10000 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(7), object(2)
memory usage: 859.5+ KB
#Perform Univariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.countplot(x='Tenure',data=df)
plt.xlabel('0:Customers with Bank, 1: exited from bank')
plt.ylabel('No.of.Customers')
plt.title("Bank Customers viz")
plt.show()
```



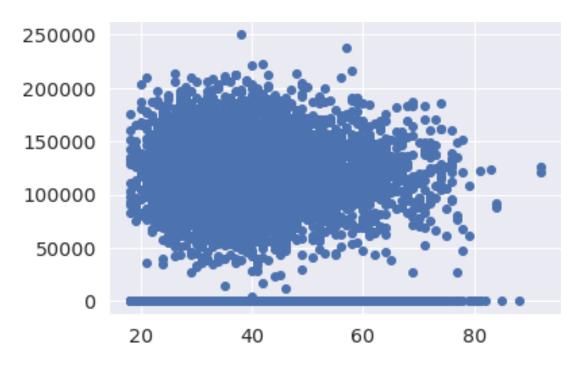
#Perform Univariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(x=df['Balance'])

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa0c03906d0>



#Perform Bivariate Analysis
plt.scatter(df.Age,df.Balance)

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7fa0d35a7dd0>



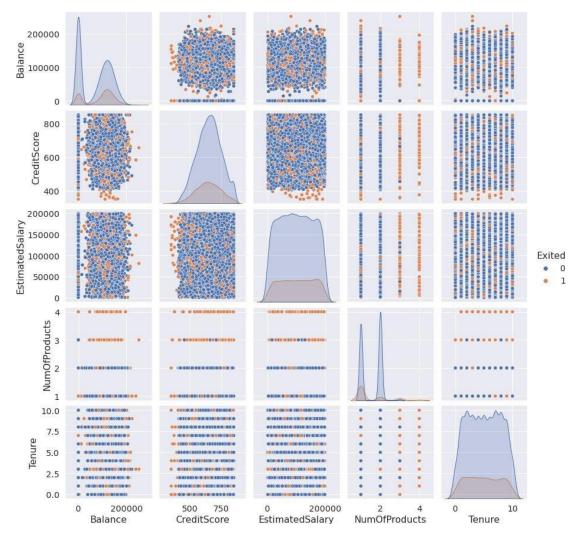
#Perform Bivariate Analysis
df.corr()

	CreditScore	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance \	
CreditScore	1.000000	0.007888	-0.003965	0.000842	0.006268	
Gender	0.007888	1.000000	0.022812	0.003739	0.069408	
Age	-0.003965	0.022812	1.000000	-0.009997	0.028308	
Tenure	0.000842	0.003739	-0.009997	1.000000	-0.012254	
Balance	0.006268	0.069408	0.028308	-0.012254	1.000000	
NumOfProducts	0.012238	0.003972	-0.030680	0.013444	-0.304180	
HasCrCard	-0.005458	-0.008523	-0.011721	0.022583	-0.014858	
IsActiveMember	0.025651	0.006724	0.085472	-0.028362	-0.010084	
EstimatedSalary	-0.001384	-0.001369	-0.007201	0.007784	0.012797	
Exited	-0.027094	0.035943	0.285323	-0.014001	0.118533	
	NumOfProduct	s HasCrCa	ard IsAct	iveMember	EstimatedSalary	\
CreditScore	NumOfProduct 0.01223			iveMember 0.025651	EstimatedSalary -0.001384	\
CreditScore Gender		38 -0.0054	158		•	\
	0.01223	38 -0.0054 72 -0.0085	158 523	0.025651	-0.001384	\
Gender	0.01223 0.00397	38 -0.0054 72 -0.0085 30 -0.0117	158 523 721	0.025651 0.006724	-0.001384 -0.001369	\
Gender Age	0.01223 0.00397 -0.03068	38 -0.0054 72 -0.0085 30 -0.0117 44 0.0225	158 523 721 583	0.025651 0.006724 0.085472	-0.001384 -0.001369 -0.007201	\
Gender Age Tenure	0.01223 0.00397 -0.03068 0.01344	38 -0.0054 72 -0.008 30 -0.011 34 0.022 30 -0.014	158 523 721 583 358	0.025651 0.006724 0.085472 -0.028362	-0.001384 -0.001369 -0.007201 0.007784	\
Gender Age Tenure Balance	0.01223 0.00397 -0.03068 0.01344 -0.30418	-0.0054 -0.0089 -0.0117 -0.0229 -0.0148 -0.0033	158 523 721 583 358	0.025651 0.006724 0.085472 -0.028362 -0.010084	-0.001384 -0.001369 -0.007201 0.007784 0.012797	\
Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts	0.01223 0.00397 -0.03068 0.01344 -0.30418 1.00000	-0.0054 -0.0089 -0.0117 -0.0229 -0.0148 -0.0033 -0.0000	158 523 721 583 358 183	0.025651 0.006724 0.085472 -0.028362 -0.010084 0.009612	-0.001384 -0.001369 -0.007201 0.007784 0.012797 0.014204	\
Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard	0.01223 0.00397 -0.03068 0.01344 -0.30418 1.00000 0.00318	-0.0054 -0.0085 -0.0117 -0.0225 -0.0148 -0.0033 -0.006 -0.0118	158 523 721 583 358 183 900	0.025651 0.006724 0.085472 -0.028362 -0.010084 0.009612 -0.011866	-0.001384 -0.001369 -0.007201 0.007784 0.012797 0.014204 -0.009933	\
Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMember	0.01223 0.00397 -0.03068 0.01344 -0.30418 1.00006 0.00318	-0.0054 -0.0085 -0.0117 -0.0225 -0.0148 -0.0033 -0.0118 -0.0118 -0.0099	158 523 721 583 358 183 900 366	0.025651 0.006724 0.085472 -0.028362 -0.010084 0.009612 -0.011866 1.000000	-0.001384 -0.001369 -0.007201 0.007784 0.012797 0.014204 -0.009933 -0.011421	\

Exited CreditScore -0.027094

```
0.035943
Gender
Age
             0.285323
Tenure
            -0.014001
Balance
             0.118533
NumOfProducts -0.047820
HasCrCard
             -0.007138
IsActiveMember -0.156128
EstimatedSalary 0.012097
Exited
              1.000000
#Perform Bivariate Analysis
import statsmodels.api as sm
#define response variable
y = df['CreditScore']
#define explanatory variable
x = df[['EstimatedSalary']]
#add constant to predictor variables
x = sm.add constant(x)
#fit linear regression model
model = sm.OLS(y, x).fit()
#view model summary
print(model.summary())
                       OLS Regression Results
______
Dep. Variable:
                   CreditScore R-squared:
0.000
Model:
                            OLS Adj. R-squared:
0.000
Method:
                   Least Squares
                                 F-statistic:
0.01916
Date:
                 Sat, 24 Sep 2022
                                 Prob (F-statistic):
0.890
Time:
                        05:06:19
                                 Log-Likelihood:
59900.
No. Observations:
                           10000
                                 AIC:
1.198e+05
Df Residuals:
                           9998
                                 BIC:
1.198e+05
Df Model:
                              1
Covariance Type:
                       nonrobust
______
                  coef std err t
                                             P>|t| [0.025
```

```
650.7617 1.940 335.407 0.000 646.958
const
654.565
3.06e-05
______
                    132.939 Durbin-Watson:
Omnibus:
2.014
                        0.000 Jarque-Bera (JB):
Prob(Omnibus):
84.242
Skew:
                         -0.072 Prob(JB):
                                                        5.10e-
19
Kurtosis:
                         2.574 Cond. No.
2.32e+05
Notes:
[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is
correctly specified.
[2] The condition number is large, 2.32e+05. This might indicate that there
are
strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/tsatools.py:142:
FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of concat except
for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
 x = pd.concat(x[::order], 1)
#Perform Multivariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
sns.pairplot(data=df[["Balance","CreditScore","EstimatedSalary","NumOfProduct
s", "Tenure", "Exited"]], hue="Exited")
<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7fa0b00a1b10>
<Figure size 288x288 with 0 Axes>
```



#Perform Descriptive Statistics

df=pd.DataFrame(df)
print(df.sum())

CreditScore	6505288
Geography	FranceSpainFranceFranceSpainSpainFranceGermany
Gender	FemaleFemaleFemaleFemaleMaleMaleFemaleMa
Age	389218
Tenure	50128
Balance	764858892.88
NumOfProducts	15302
HasCrCard	7055
IsActiveMember	5151
EstimatedSalary	1000902398.81
Exited	2037
dtype: object	

```
#Perform Descriptive Statistics
print("----Sum Value ---- ")
```

```
print(df.sum(1))
print("-----")
print("----Product Value ----")
print(df.prod())
print("-----
-----Sum Value-----
     102015.88
1
      197002.44
    274149.37
2
3
       94567.63
       205492.92
9995
       97088.64
9996 159633.38
9997 42840.58
9998 168784.83
9999 169159.57
Length: 10000, dtype: float64
----Product Value----
CreditScore 0.0
                0.0
Age
                0.0
Tenure
Balance
                0.0
NumOfProducts 0.0
                0.0
HasCrCard
IsActiveMember 0.0
EstimatedSalary inf
                  0.0
Exited
dtype: float64
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:3:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with
'numeric only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise
TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.
  This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports
until
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/numpy/core/ methods.py:52:
RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in reduce
  return umr_prod(a, axis, dtype, out, keepdims, initial, where)
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:6:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with
```

'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

```
#Perform Descriptive Statistics
print("------Mean Value-----")
```

```
print(df.mean())
print("----")
print("-----")
print(df.median())
print("----")
print("-----")
print(df.mode())
print("----")
-----Mean Value-----
CreditScore
Age
                  38.921800
Tenure
                  5.012800
Balance
NumOfProducts
              76485.889288
                 1.530200
HasCrCard
                  0.705500
               0.515100
IsActiveMember
EstimatedSalary 100090.239881
Exited
                  0.203700
dtype: float64
_____
-----Median Value-----
CreditScore 652.000
                 37.000
Age
Tenure
                  5.000
Balance 97198.540
NumOfProducts 1.000
HasCrCard
                  1.000
IsActiveMember
                  1.000
EstimatedSalary 100193.915
Exited
                  0.000
dtype: float64
-----Mode Value-----
  CreditScore Geography Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts \
0
        850 France Male 37 2 0.0
  HasCrCard IsActiveMember EstimatedSalary Exited
   1 1 24924.92
0
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:3:
FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with
'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise
TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.
 This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports
until
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:6:
```

FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise

TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.

#Handling with missing Values df.isnull()#Checking values are null

,	CreditScore	e Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts
\ 0	False	e False	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	e False	False	False	False	False	False
2	False		False			False	
3	False		False			False	
4		e False					
	• • •					• • •	• • •
9995	False	e False	False	False	False	False	False
9996	False	e False	False	False	False	False	False
9997	False					False	
9998		e False				False	
9999	False		False			False	
	HasCrCard	IsActiveMemb	er Esti	.matedSa	lary Ex	cited	
0	False	Fal	.se	F	alse F	alse	
1	False	Fal	.se	F	alse F		
2	False	Fal	.se	F	alse F	alse	
3	False	Fal	se		alse F		
4	False	Fal			alse F		
	• • •	•					
9995	False	Fal		F		alse	
9996	False	Fal			alse F		
9997	False	Fal			alse F		
9998	False	Fal			alse F		
9999	False	Fal			alse F		
	1 4130	ı aı			013C 1	4130	

[10000 rows x 11 columns]

#Handling with missing Values df.notnull()#Checking values are not null

	CooditCooo	Caaananhu	Candan	۸	Tanuna	Dalamas	N. mOfDood at a	`
	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	\
0	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
1	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
2	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
3	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
4	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
• • •	• • •	• • •				• • •	• • •	
9995	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9996	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9997	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9998	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	
9999	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	

	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	True	True	True	True
1	True	True	True	True
2	True	True	True	True
3	True	True	True	True
4	True	True	True	True
		• • •	•••	• • •
9995	True	True	True	True
9996	True	True	True	True
9997	True	True	True	True
9998	True	True	True	True
9999	True	True	True	True

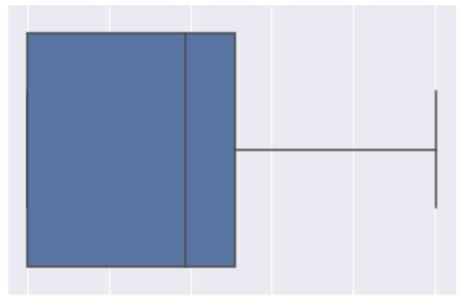
[10000 rows x 11 columns]

#Find outliers & replace the outliers
sns.boxplot(df['Balance'])

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa0af6dcf90>



0 50000 100000 150000 200000 250000 Balance

```
#Find outliers & replace the outliers
print(np.where(df['Balance']>100000))
                       5, ..., 9987, 9993, 9999]),)
(array([
           2,
#Find outliers & replace the outliers
from scipy import stats
import numpy as np
z = np.abs(stats.zscore(df["EstimatedSalary"]))
print(z)
0
        0.021886
1
        0.216534
2
        0.240687
3
        0.108918
4
        0.365276
          . . .
9995
        0.066419
9996
        0.027988
9997
        1.008643
9998
        0.125231
9999
        1.076370
Name: EstimatedSalary, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
df['Gender'].unique()
array(['Female', 'Male'], dtype=object)
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
df['Gender'].value counts()
Male
          5457
Female
          4543
Name: Gender, dtype: int64
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
encoding=LabelEncoder()
df["Gender"]=encoding.fit_transform(df.iloc[:,1].values)
df
      CreditScore Geography Gender
                                      Age
                                           Tenure
                                                      Balance NumOfProducts \
0
              619
                     France
                                   0
                                       42
                                                2
                                                         0.00
                                                                           1
                                   2
                                                                           1
1
              608
                      Spain
                                       41
                                                1
                                                    83807.86
2
              502
                                   0 42
                                                8
                                                                           3
                     France
                                                   159660.80
3
              699
                     France
                                   0 39
                                                1
                                                         0.00
                                                                           2
4
              850
                      Spain
                                   2
                                       43
                                                2
                                                   125510.82
                                                                           1
              . . .
                                               . . .
                                                          . . .
9995
              771
                     France
                                   0
                                       39
                                                5
                                                         0.00
                                                                           2
9996
              516
                     France
                                   0
                                       35
                                               10
                                                    57369.61
                                                                           1
```

```
709
                              36
9997
                France 0
                                    7
                                            0.00
9998
                              42
           772
                           1
                                    3
                                         75075.31
                Germany
9999
           792
                France
                              28
                                     4 130142.79
    HasCrCard IsActiveMember EstimatedSalary Exited
0
           1
                        1
                               101348.88
1
           0
                        1
                               112542.58
                                            0
2
           1
                        0
                               113931.57
                                            1
3
                        0
                                            0
           0
                                93826.63
4
           1
                        1
                                79084.10
                                            0
                                    . . .
9995
           1
                        0
                               96270.64
                                            0
                        1
9996
           1
                               101699.77
                                            0
9997
           0
                        1
                                42085.58
                                            1
9998
           1
                        0
                                92888.52
                                            1
           1
                        0
                                            0
9999
                                38190.78
[10000 rows x 11 columns]
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
#Split the data into Dependent & Independent Variables
print("-----")
X=df.iloc[:,1:4]
print(X)
print("-----")
print("-----")
Y=df.iloc[:,4]
print(Y)
print("-----")
Dependent Variables_____
    Age Tenure
                Balance
     42
                   0.00
0
           2
1
     41
            1 83807.86
2
     42
            8 159660.80
3
     39
           1
                   0.00
4
     43
            2 125510.82
     . . .
           . . .
                   . . .
9995
     39
           5
                   0.00
9996
     35
           10 57369.61
9997
            7
                   0.00
     36
9998
     42
            3
               75075.31
            4 130142.79
9999
     28
[10000 rows x 3 columns]
<u>-</u>
-----Independent Variables-----
0
1
      1
```

```
3
       2
4
       1
9995
       2
9996
       1
9997
       1
9998
       2
9999
       1
Name: NumOfProducts, Length: 10000, dtype: int64
#Scale the independent Variables
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
object= StandardScaler()
# standardization
scale = object.fit transform(df)
print(scale)
[[-0.32622142 0.29351742 -1.04175968 ... 0.97024255 0.02188649
   1.97716468]
 -0.50577476]
 [-1.53679418 0.29351742 1.03290776 ... -1.03067011 0.2406869
  1.97716468]
 [ 0.60498839 -0.27860412  0.68712986  ...  0.97024255 -1.00864308
  1.97716468]
 [ 1.25683526  0.29351742  -0.69598177  ...  -1.03067011  -0.12523071
  1.97716468]
 [ 1.46377078 -1.04143285 -0.35020386 ... -1.03067011 -1.07636976
  -0.50577476]]
#Split the data into training & testing
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
#Split the data into training & testing
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y,
test_size=4,random_state=4)
x_{train}
     const EstimatedSalary
2558
       1.0
                  137903.54
7642
       1.0
                 121765.00
8912
       1.0
                 109470.34
3319
       1.0
                   2923.61
6852
                  7312.25
      1.0
. . .
       . . .
                 7666.73
9085.00
456
       1.0
6017 1.0
                147794.63
709
       1.0
```

2

3

```
8366
        1.0
                   102515.42
1146
        1.0
                    54776.64
[9996 rows x 2 columns]
#Split the data into training & testing
x_test
      const EstimatedSalary
1603
        1.0
                    23305.85
8713
        1.0
                    41248.80
4561
        1.0
                   143317.42
6600
        1.0
                   174123.16
#Split the data into training & testing
y_train
2558
        727
7642
        811
8912
        623
3319
        430
6852
        600
       . . .
456
        733
6017
        487
709
        686
8366
        637
1146
        614
Name: CreditScore, Length: 9996, dtype: int64
#Split the data into training & testing
y_test
1603
        576
8713
        786
4561
        562
6600
        505
Name: CreditScore, dtype: int64
```