

**Project design phase -I**

**Solution fit document and solution  
architecture**

<b>DATE</b>	7/10/2022
<b>Team ID</b>	PNT2022TMID18327
<b>Project Name</b>	Emerging Methods for Early Detection of Forest Fires

**Solution fit document**

## Problem-Solution fit canvas 2.0

Purpose / Vision

Define CS, fit into CC	<b>1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)</b> <span>CS</span> <p>This project can be installed by all the central and state governments in order to detect the wildfires or forest fires rapidly.</p>	<b>6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS</b> <span>CC</span> <p>The primary constraint on the fire detection system is to detect a developing fire prior to belt ignition or as quickly as possible thereafter before the onset of rapid flames spread can begin.</p>	<b>5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS</b> <p>There are many solutions exist like thermal imaging, -cam imaging, satellite imaging systems and using sensors etc.</p>
	<b>2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS</b> <span>J&amp;P</span> <p>The existing solutions are less efficient and consuming high power and low accuracy along with latency issues and these problems should be resolved.</p>	<b>9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE</b> <span>RC</span> <p>Forest fires are the one of the random natural disaster that is too hard to identify even with the existing state of the art technology. The fact that more than 20% of complete world CO2 emissions comes from forest fires.</p>	<b>7. BEHAVIOUR</b> <p>The behaviour refers to the manner in which the fire ignites flame develops and finally when the fire starts it continues burning and more fuels are present.</p>
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	<b>3. TRIGGERS</b> <span>TR</span> <p>saving wildlife Area detection Assessing the environmental conditions</p>	<b>10. YOUR SOLUTION</b> <span>SL</span> <p>Forest surveillance using some sensors like fire, temperature, CO2, humidity sensors and many AI/ML and IOT derived solutions can be used to monitor the forest areas and they can alert the forest department if there is any symptoms of forest fire or any other suspicious activities.</p>	<b>8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR</b> <p>online: collect the data and run the algorithm on other software platforms.</p>
	<b>4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER</b> <span>EM</span> <p>BEFORE: Encroachment, loss of diversity, decreased wild life AFTER: Forest surveillance systems can be used to monitor the forest areas so that we can prevent the people and wild lives and economic damage.</p>		<p>offline: when the forest fire occurs, the data will be sent to forest fire department to prevent the forest.</p>



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