PROJECT REPORT

Project name : Smart solutions for railways

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Indhumathi.C

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1.INTRODUCTION:

PROJECT REVIEW:

This is the system enables the users to book ticket and track the current location of train with a web based application build with node-RED. It uses the IBM IOT Watson cloud platform as its backend.

PURPOSE:

The purpose of this system is to track the current location of train. It saves the passengers time. The QR code generated contains all the information of the passengers. The ticket booking is made online and users can get all details regarding the railways. It has high safety measures and assures the safety of passengers.

2.LITERATURE SURVEY:

The iot solution applied for smart railways makes it easy to grasp the information distributed over a wide railway area. Most of the people choose this transportation mainly for low cost and it gives comfort ability. To increase this comfort zone and to reduce the number of accidents, iot gives complete solution. Most of these accidents occurs at railway gate level crossings.

It also involves monitoring process to detect the fault in sensors.

2.1PROBLEM STATEMENT:

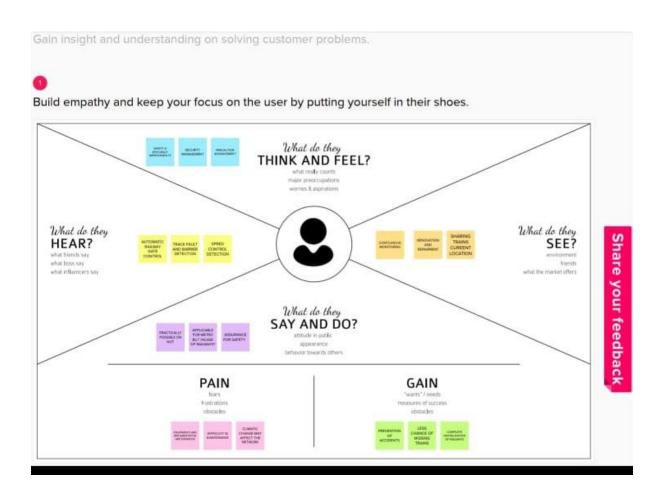
Mostly railwaygates are operated manually by labours this can be digitalized by automatic gate system.

- . It prevents human and vehicle accidents .
- . It assures improved safety and security . Through continous monitoring of speed we can overcome the problems cause by the speed. . Through track fault and barrier object detection can save many lives.

3.IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION:

3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS:

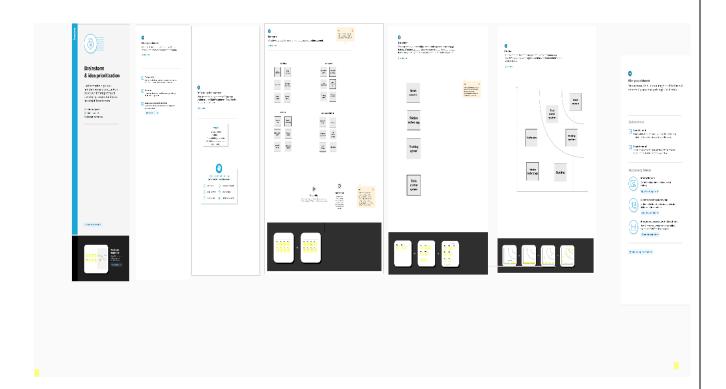
Ideation is the create process of generating, developing, and communicating new ideas, where an is idea understood as a basic element of thought that can be either visual, concrete, or abstract.



3.2 BRAIN STORMING:

brainstorming is one of the most creative ways of problem-solving in which we work on ideas. We can either come up with a new idea or build

on an existing idea as well. Since there is no rule of thumb in brainstorming,
it can be applied individually or in a group.

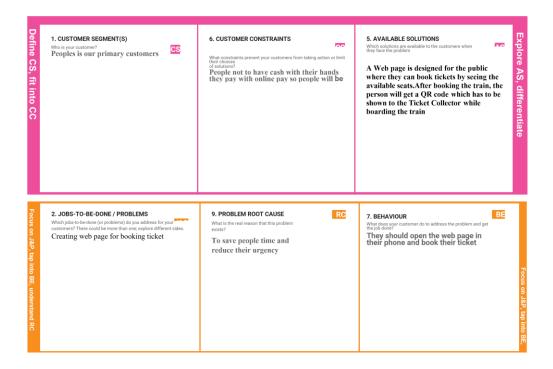


3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION:

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	 Keep track of passengers and schedule their journey accordingly Information about the route cancellation of tickets ,departure time , arrival time ,number of trains available and other such information. Store and retrieve information about the various transactions related to rail travel. Mostly railway gates are operated manually by labours this can be digitalized by automatic gate system.

2.	Idea / Solution description	 Smart sensors can be used to track important assets, manage passenger flow, and enable predictive maintenance. IoT devices can also monitor the driver's behaviour and can inform about the driving style and idling time. The railway gates are operated by automatic gate system.
3.	Novelty / uniqueness	The uniqueness of our proposed paper is that it helps railways successfully manage passengers safety, operational efficiency and passenger experience.
4.	Social Impact / customer satisfaction	Information regarding train arrival and departure time, no of trains available, train current location makes the customer more satisfied.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	It is the cheapest mode of transportation and attracts many customers.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	lot sensors , vibration and temperature sensor, rail crossing sensors , rail friction sensor , obstacle detecting sensor. These sensors are used for safety and greater reliability .Thus by this proposed solution we can avoid rail line crossing deaths, monitor rail friction , detect obstacles and track maintenance.

3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT:



4.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS:

4.1 Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Mobile no Registration through Gmail
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via OTP Confirmation via Email
FR-3	Journey details	Provides information such from and to details, date and time of travel.
FR-4	Booking process	Choose a correct train.select seats according to your comfort and confirm your reservation by entering the required details.
FR-5	Confirmation	Ticket confirmation is send to your registered email or mobile number and user can download the e-ticket
FR-6	Tracking	User can view the current location of train.
FR-7	Generation	User can use the QR code which is been generated
FR-8	Reporting issue	User can report the issue
FR-9	Feedback	User can feedback their thoughts.

4.2 Non-functional Requirements:

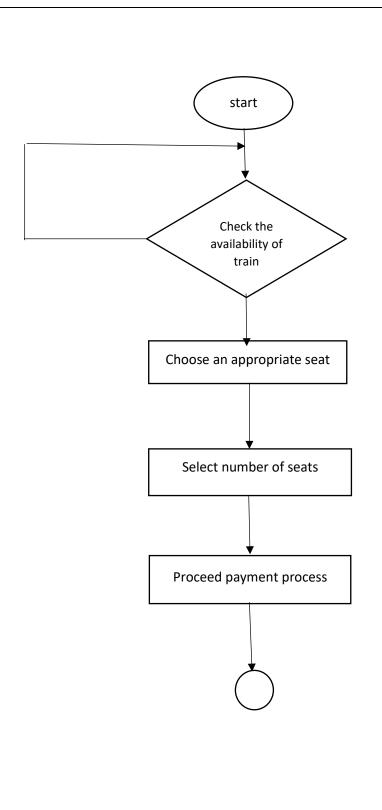
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

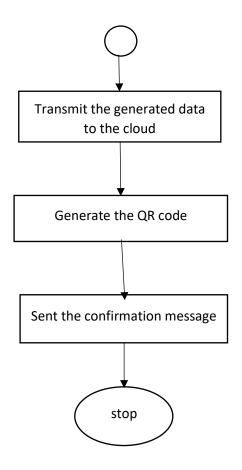
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	the website should be user friendly and easy to use.
NFR-2	Security	Strong security used to protect the user password and details of the passengers .
NFR-3	Reliability	Easily accessible .Updated and modified as per the convenient of user.Less chance of failure while processing
NFR-4	Performance	The request should be accept in a few second Provides real time notification.
NFR-5	Availability	Consistent performance monitoring.It is available for the user whenever needed.
NFR-6	Scalability	It maintain website traffic with no fast loading speed and top security.

5.PROJECT DESIGN:

5.1DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS AND USER STORIES:

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored





User stories:

List all the user stories for the product:

User type	Functional requirements(e pic)	User story number	User story/task	Acceptance criteria	priority	release
Customer (mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	Registration through mobile no Registration through Gmail	I can access my account/dashboard	high	Sprint- 1
	Confirmation	USN-2	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP	I can receive confirmation email	high	Sprint- 1
	login	USN-3	User can login to the application by entering email and password	I can access easily to the dashboard	high	Sprint- 1
	Journey details	USN-4	User can browse the train details	I can view train details	High	Sprint- 1
	Booking process	USN-5	User can book a ticket by entering the details	I can easily check and confirm the seat selected and reserve ticket	high	Sprint- 1

	Confirmation of tickets	USN-6	User can receive booking confirmation message and download the eticket	I can receive confirmation message	high	Sprint- 1
	tracking	USN-7	User can track the current location of trains	I can easily track the location of train	High	Sprint- 2
	Feedback and reporting issue	USN-8	User can share feedback and report any issues	I can give feedback and report any issue	high	Sprint- 2
Customer(web user)	Generation	user	User can use the QR code	I can use the QR code which is been generated	high	Sprint- 1
Customer care executive	Connecting the service provider	executor	User can answer the questions raised by the customers	I can solve the queries of customers	high	Sprint- 2
administrator	Provide details	admin	User can provide details regarding train delays	I can modify or update the data provided by the customer	high	Sprint- 1

5.2 SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE:

Solution Requirements:

O IBM Watson IOT platform

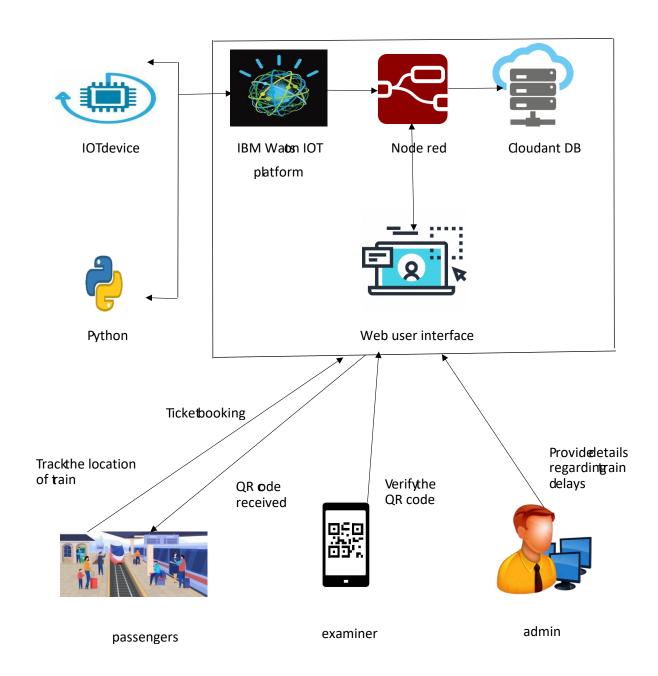
O Node-Red

O Python

O IOT device

O Cloudant DB

• Web user interface



5.3 TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE:

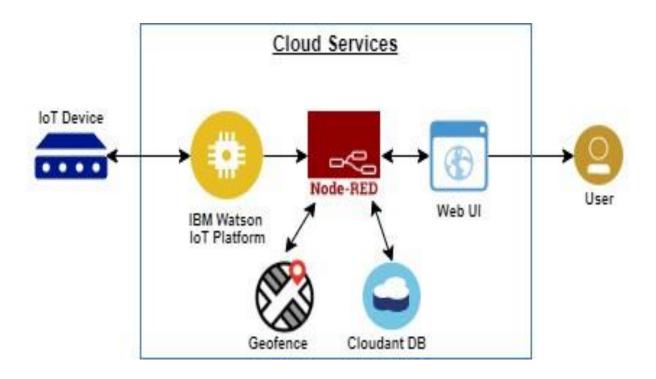


Table-1: Components & Technologies:

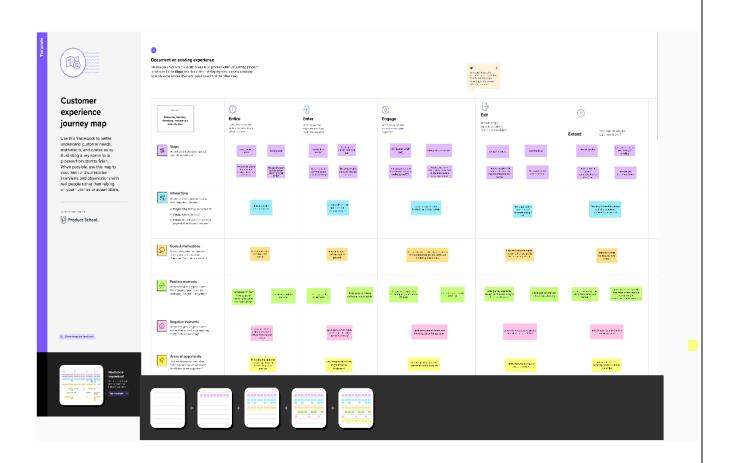
S.	Component	Description	Technology
No			
1.	User Interface	Web UI	IBM Watson, Node- RED,
2.	Application Logic-1	For a process in the application generate random data	Python , IBM Watson
3.	Database	Data Type, Configurations etc.	MySQLetc.
4.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM DB2, IBM Cloudant etc.
5.	File Storage	File storage requirements	IBM Block Storage or Other Storage Service or Local Filesystem
6.	Infrastructure (Server / Cloud)	Application Deployment on Local System / Cloud	Local, Cloud Foundry, Kubernetes, etc.

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

S.n o	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	open-source frameworks used for the project	Node-RED
2.	Security Implementations	Strong firewall used to protect user password and data	WEB UI

3.	Scalable Architecture	It should work without negative issue and maintain website traffic	Node-RED(WEB UI)
4.	Availability	It should be available for the user whenever they need	Node-RED(WEB UI)
5.	Performance	The request should be accept in a few second and allow user to use	Node-RED(WEB UI)

5.3 CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE JOURNEY MAP:



6.PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING:

6.1 MILESTONE AND ACTIVITY LIST:

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TITLE	DESCRIPTION	DATE
Literature	Literature survey on the selected project &gathering	17 September
survey and	information by referring the technical papers ,research	2022
information	publications etc	
gathering		
Prepare	Prepare Empathy map canvas to capture the user pains &	17 September
empathy map	gains ,prepare list of problem statements	2022
Ideation	List by organizing the brainstorming session and prioritize	8 October 2022
	the top 3 ideas based on the feasibility& importance	
Proposed	Prepare the proposed solution document ,which includes	29 September
solution	the novelty, feasibility of idea ,business model social	2022
	impact, scalability of solution, etc	
Problem	Prepare problem-solution fit document	20 October 2022
solution fit		
Solution	Prepare solution architecture document	20 October 2022
architecture		
Customer	Prepare the customer journey maps to understand the	20 October 2022
journey	user interactions& experiences with the applications	

Data flow diagrams	Draw the data flow diagrams	20 October 2022
	and submit for review	
Technology Architecture	Architecture diagram	20 October 2022
Prepare Milestone	Prepare the milestone	23 October 2022
&Activity list	&activity list of the project	
Project Development-	Develop &submit the	In progress
Delivery of sprint-1,2,3&4	developed code by testing it	

6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE:

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

Sprin t	Functional requirements(epic)		User story /task	Story points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint -1	Registration	USN-1	A user can register through the website	2	High	
Sprint -1	Confirmation	USN-2	Confirmation message is received through email or otp through phone	1	High	Indhumathi
Sprint -2	booking	USN-3	A user can book their seat through the web	2	Low	Gopika
Sprint -2	Confirmation	USN-4	A QR code is generated and send through the user	2	Medium	
Sprint -3	verification	USN-5	A ticket collector is verified Through the QR code	1	High	Shanmugapriya
Sprint -4	Location tracking	USN-6	A Gps location of the train is show in the web	2	high	Pavithra

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart:

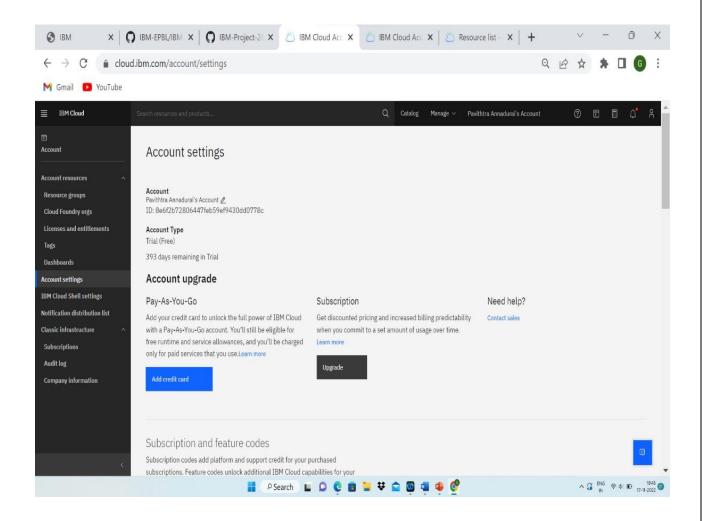
Sprint	Total Story points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date(planned)	Story Points completed (as on planned End date)	Sprint Release Date		
Sprint- 1	20	6 Days	24 oct 2022	29 oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022		
Sprint- 2	20	6 Days	31 oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 NOV 2022		
Sprint- 3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022		
Sprint- 4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	14 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022		

Velocity: Imagine we have a 6 -Day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

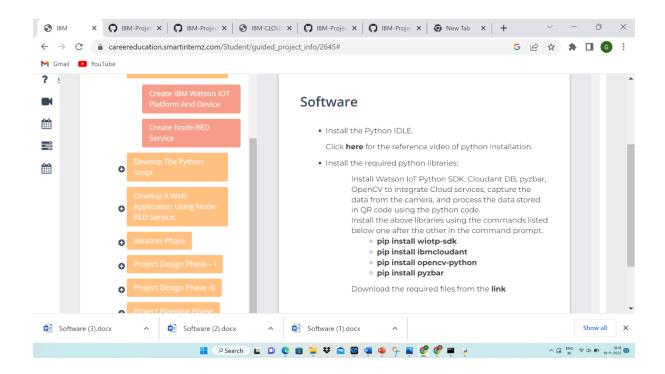
AV = Sprint duration/Velocity = 20/06 = 3.333

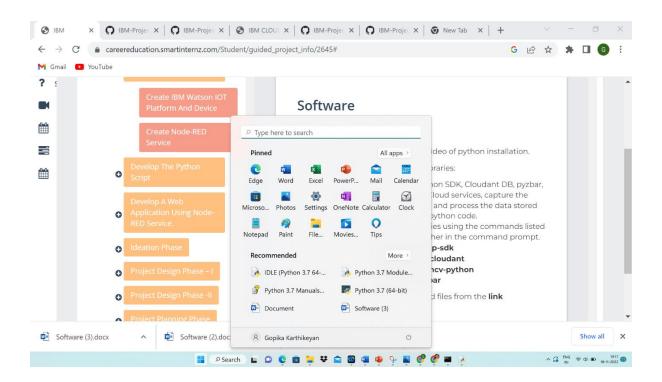
7.PREREQUISITES:

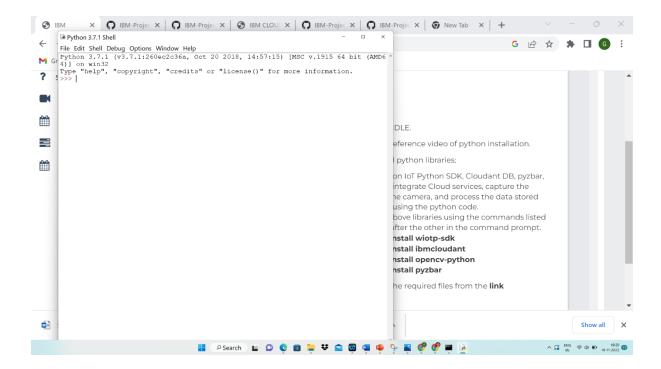
7.1 IBM CLOUD SERVICE:



7.2 SOFTWARE:

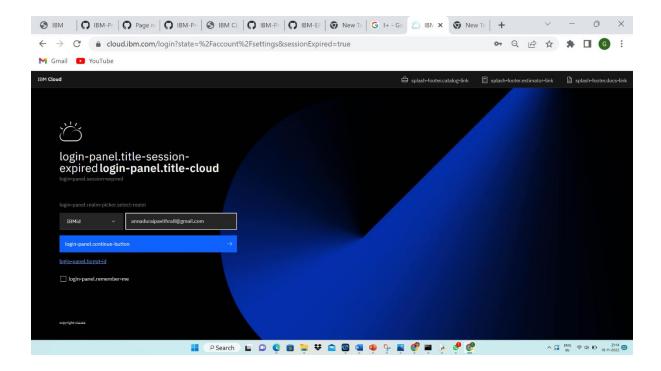


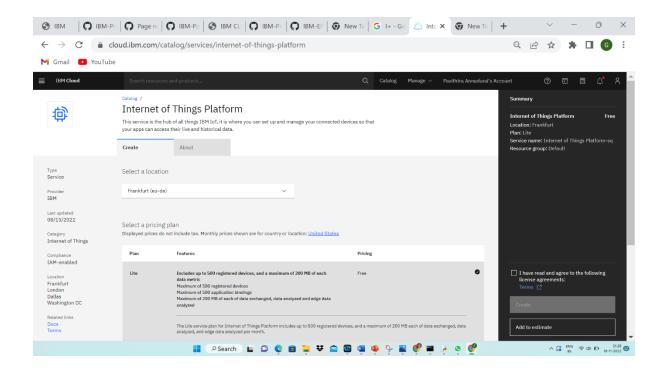


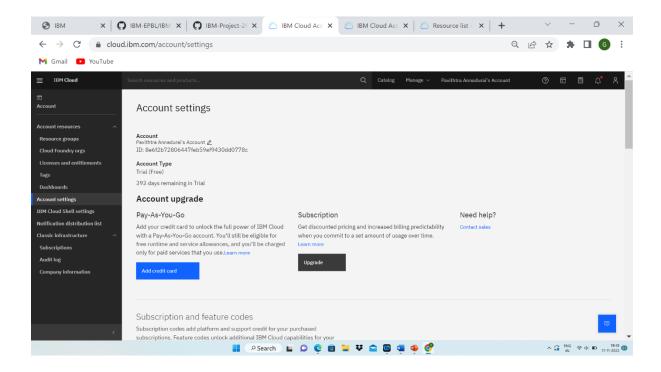


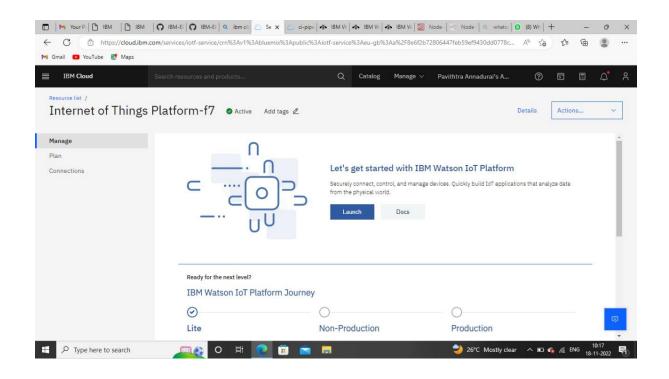
8.CREATE AND CONFIGURE IBM CLOUD SERVICE:

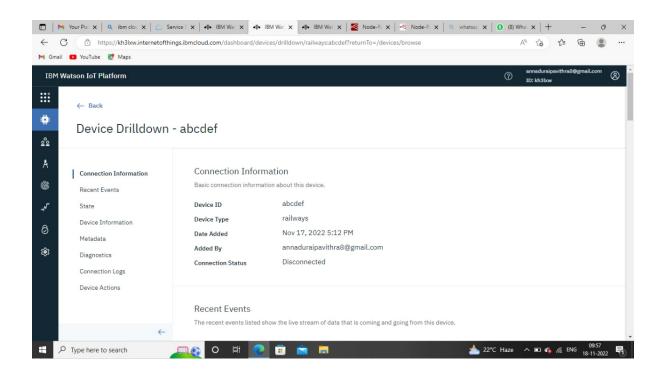
8.1 IBM WATSON PLATFORM:



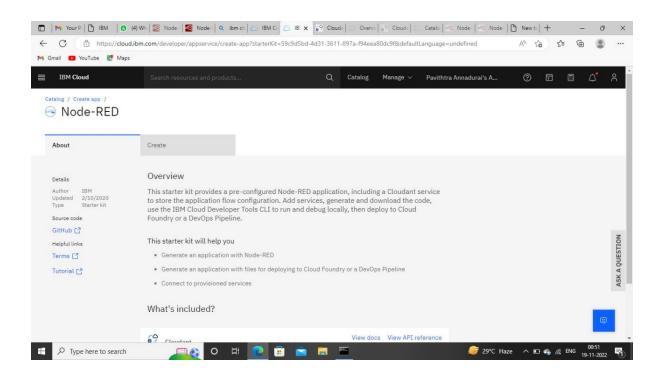


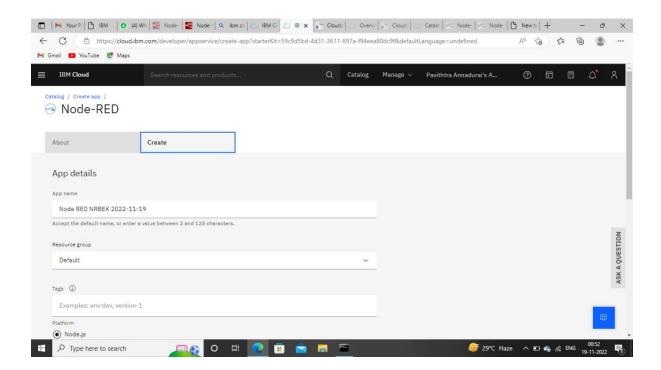


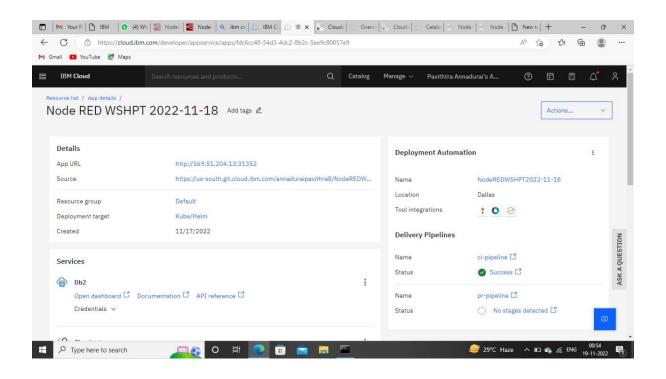


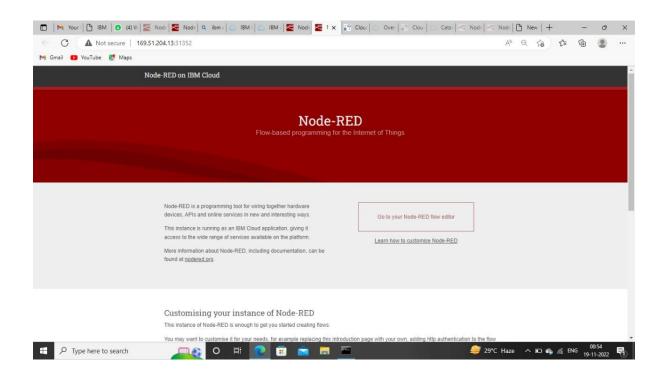


8.2 NODE-RED SERVICE:









9.CODING AND SOLUTIONING:

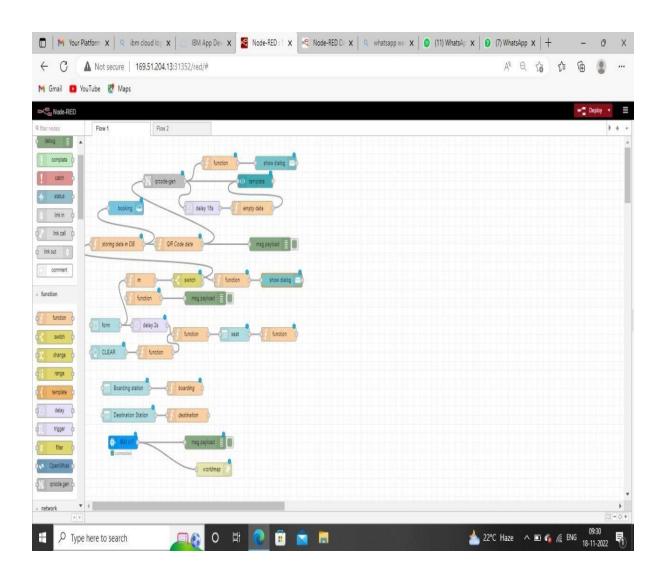
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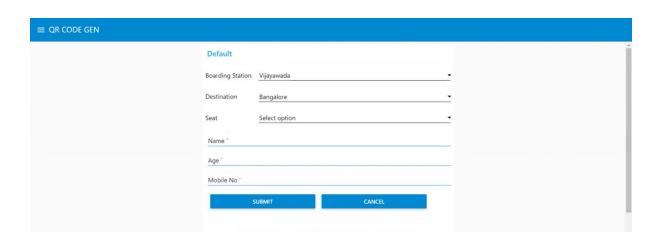
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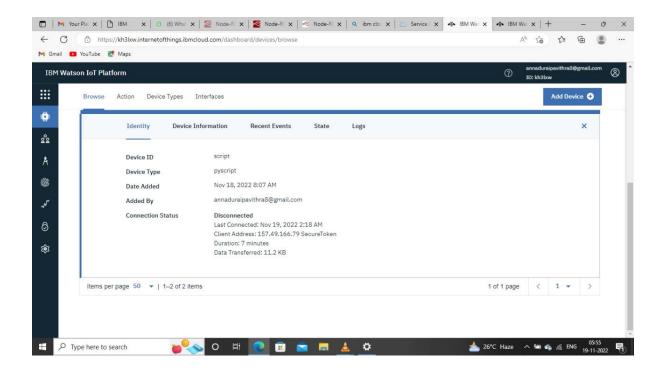
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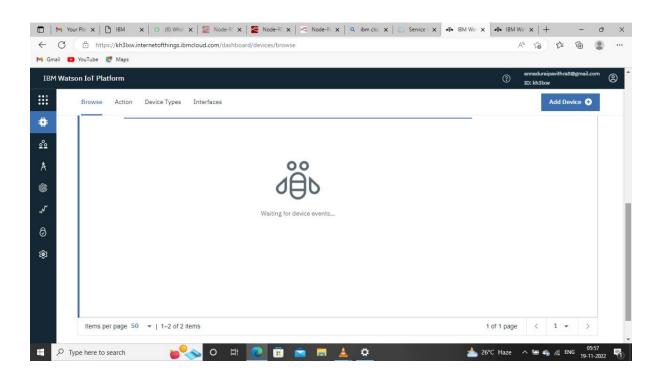
10.TESTING:

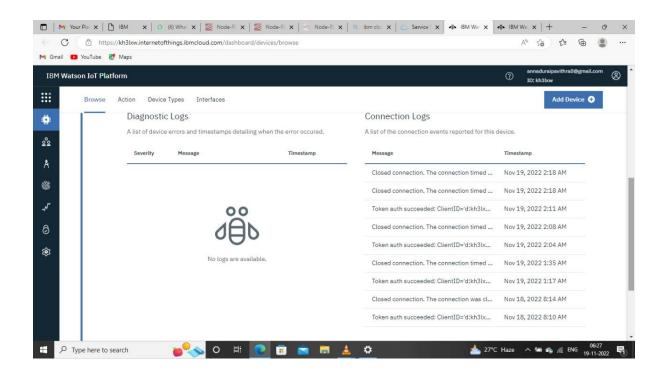
WEB APPLICATION USING NODE RED:

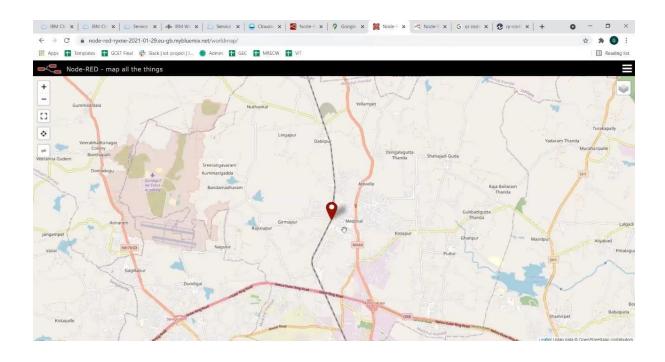












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import time
import randon
myConfig = {
    "identity": {
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                                                      Run Module F5
"Try": ""
"orgId": "kh3lxw",
"typeId": "pyscript",
"deviceId": "script"
                               },
"auth": {
    "token": "XFbQaps87Lb0xzGr_h"
   def myCommandCallback (cmd):
    print ("Message received from IBM IoT Platform: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    m=cmd.data['command']
    client = wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myConfig, logHandlers=None)
   client.connect()
     def pub (data):
                              (data): | client.publishEvent(eventId="status", msgFormat="json", data=myData, qos=0, onPublish=None)    print ("Published data Successfully: %s", myData)
  while True:
    myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6387448, 'lon': 78.4754555,
    pub (myData)
    time.sleep (3)
    #myData={'name': 'Train2', 'lat': 17.6387448, 'lon': 78.4754336)
    #time.sleep (3)
    myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6341908, 'lon': 78.4744722}
    pub (myData)
                                  pub(myua.a,
time.sleep(3)
myData={'name': 'Trainl', 'lat': 17.6340889, 'lon': 78.4745052}
                                 myData=" name: 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6340609, lon': 76.4743022; pub (myData) time.sleep (3) myData=('hame': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6248626, 'lon': 78.4720259) nub (myData)
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11.RESULTS:

11.1 PERFORMANCE METRICES:



12.ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES:

12.1 ADVANTAGES:

Easily accessible to anyone.passengers can save time by avoid standing in queue and avoid missing of trains .User can track the current location of train.Explore train routes while traveling.passenger details are displayed just by scanning the QR code.Achieving high safety measures. Safest journey experience by real time monitoring.

12.2 DISADVANTAGES:

Network issue may affect the continuous monitoring system. Network and technical may occur .uneducated people may not have knowledge about this application.

13.CONCLUSION:

}

An IOT based smart solutions for railways using Watson IOT platform, Watson simulator, IBM cloud and Node-RED.

```
14.APPENDIX:

SOURCE CODE:

import wiotp.sdk.device
import time
import random

myConfig = {
    "identity": {
        "orgId": "kh3lxw",
        "typeId": "pyscript",
        "deviceId":"script"

},
    "auth": {
        "token": "XFbQaps87Lb0xzGr_h"
    }
```

```
def myCommandCallback (cmd):
       print ("Message received from IBM IoT Platform: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
       m=cmd.data['command']
client = wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myConfig, logHandlers=None)
client.connect()
def pub (data):
       client.publishEvent(eventId="status", msgFormat="json", data=myData, qos=0,
onPublish=None)
       print ("Published data Successfully: %s", myData)
while True:
       myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6387448, 'lon': 78.4754336}
       pub (myData)
       time.sleep (3)
       #myData={'name': 'Train2', 'lat': 17.6387448, 'lon': 78.4754336)
       #pub (myData)
       #time.sleep (3)
       myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6341908, 'lon': 78.4744722}
       pub(myData)
       time.sleep(3)
       myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6340889, 'lon': 78.4745052}
       pub (myData)
       time.sleep (3)
       myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6248626, 'lon': 78.4720259}
       pub (myData)
       time.sleep (3)
       myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6188577, 'lon': 78.4698726}
```

```
pub (myData)
time.sleep (3)
myData={'name': 'Train1', 'lat': 17.6132382, 'lon': 78.4707318}
pub (myData)
time.sleep (3)
client.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
client.disconnect ()
```

OUTPUT: