Project Report

Date	17 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID18534
Project Name	Project - Digital Naturalist - AI Enabled tool forBiodiversity Researchers
Content	The Project Report has a detailed description of the documentation done for the intended project.

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1.INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

- ▶ Biodiversity is the variation among living organisms from different sources including terrestrial, marine and desert ecosystems, and the ecological complexes of which they are a part.
- ▶ Biodiversity includes the number of different organisms and their relative frequencies in an ecosystem. It also reflects the organization of organisms at different levels.
- ▶ The term biodiversity was coined in 1985. It is important in natural as well as artificial ecosystems. It deals with nature's variety, the biosphere. It refers to variabilities among plants, animals and microorganism species.
- ▶ Biodiversity holds ecological and economic significance. It provides us with nourishment, housing, fuel, clothing and several other resources. It also extracts monetary benefits through tourism. Therefore, it is very important to have a good knowledge of biodiversity for a sustainable livelihood.

Importance of Biodiversity

▶ Biodiversity and its maintenance are very important for sustaining life on earth. A few of the reasons explaining the importance of biodiversity are:

Ecological Stability

▶ Every species has a specific role in an ecosystem. They capture and store energy and also produce and decompose organic matter. The ecosystem supports the services without which humans cannot survive. A diverse ecosystem is more productive and can withstand environmental stress.

Economic Importance

- ▶ Biodiversity is a reservoir of resources for the manufacture of food, cosmetic products and pharmaceuticals.
- Crops livestock, fishery, and forests are a rich sources of food.
- Wild plants such as Cinchona and Foxglove plant are used for medicinal purposes.
- ► The national parks and sanctuaries are a source of tourism.

- ▶ Humans should not cause their voluntary extinction. Biodiversity preserves different cultures and spiritual heritage. Therefore, it is very important to conserve biodiversity.
- ▶ A naturalist is someone who studies the patterns of nature, identifies a different kind of flora and fauna in nature. Being able to identify the flora and fauna around us often leads to an interest in protecting wild spaces, and collecting and sharing information about the species we see on our travels is very useful for conservation groups like NCC.
- ▶ When venturing into the woods, field naturalists usually rely on common approaches like always carrying a guidebook around everywhere or seeking help from experienced ornithologists. There should be a handy tool for them to capture, identify and share the beauty to the outside world.
- ► Field naturalists can only use this web app from anywhere to identify the birds, flowers, mammals and other species they see on their hikes, canoe trips and other excursions.
- ▶ In this project, we are creating a web application which uses a deep learning model(Convolutional Neural Network Model), trained on a dataset which contains different species of birds, flowers and mammals (2 subclasses in each for a quick understanding) and get the prediction of the name of the bird/flower/mammal when an image is been given.

1.2 Purpose

The project aims to create an application for the hikers to find the rare species of birds, flowers, and mammals by giving a picture taken by them.

Not only finding the name of the species , but also displaying all the possible description or the information about in every possible aspect.

Species are classified into one of nine Red List Categories: Extinct, Extinct in the Wild, Critically Endangered, Endangered, Vulnerable, Near Threatened, Least Concern, Data Deficient and Not Evaluated. Vulnerable, Endangered and Critically Endangered species are considered to be threatened with extinction.

These categories can be displayed to the user so that the user can learn the importance of the preserving the species in the realm of biodiversity chain.

Whether the species is dangerous or not, can also be predicted or displayed to the user.

If they are dangerous, the naturalist can probably stay away from them and if there are any poisonous flowers (i.e) plants, they can also take down a note of them and be alert.

If there are any medical significances of the plants, and if they contribute to the cure of any disease in the world, the information provided to the naturalists can be helpful.

The unique characteristics of any species can also be noted down by the naturalist while displaying the information about them.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing Problem

For any given research question, ecologists and data scientists should carefully consider the steps that might be required to ensure the relevance and accuracy of Al-generated data for any given research question. To aid this we have summarized our experience into an eight-point list of questions which we recommend researchers ask themselves when using Al classifier naturalists:

- 1. Does the spatial distribution of images fit your needs? Images from social media are often aggregated in areas of high population density or tourist hotspots. If the distribution is biased in some way, could this be accounted for in subsequent analyses?
- 2. Can you filter images before classification? For example, filtering can be done by carefully selecting your source of images, using GPS location, focusing on keywords in image metadata, or using high-level AI classifiers to remove non-target images.
- 3. What is the appropriate taxonomic resolution for your study? This will be driven by your research question, as well as an assessment of the AI naturalist's accuracy. Classifiers will tend to be more accurate at higher taxonomic levels, but this may vary between taxonomic groups.
- 4. What reporting biases exist in your dataset? For example, to what degree are charismatic species over-represented, or nocturnal species under-represented? Can you filter the data, or model the results to account for these biases if they are relevant?
- 5. Do reporting biases change over space or time? We observed significant differences in reporting bias between urban and rural settings, and we anticipate that temporal biases are likely to exist where public interest in elements of the natural environment change over time.
- 6. How will you propagate uncertainty in classifications? Al classifications are associated with a classification score which is indicative of the uncertainty in the identification. This can be used both as a threshold for removing erroneous results, and/or could be included in models to account for variation in uncertainty between observations.

- 7. Is the dataset used to train your AI naturalist a good match to the images being classified? A poor match between training and prediction datasets will result in higher error rates, which may not always be associated with low classification scores.
- 8. Have you adequately documented your dataset? To ensure reproducibility and interoperability ensure that you document the model used for classification, filtering steps used to collate images, and other metadata useful to future researchers, and which may be specified in data standards for Al-generated biodiversity which do not exist at the time of writing.

2.2 References

- 1. Bonnet P., Goëau H., Hang S.T., Lasseck M., Šulc M., Malécot V., Jauzein P., Melet J.-C., You C., Joly A. Plant identification: experts vs. machines in the era of deep learning. In: Joly A., Vrochidis S., Karatzas K., Karppinen A., Bonnet P., editors. *Multimedia Tools and Applications for Environmental & Biodiversity Informatics Multimedia Systems and Applications*. Springer; 2018. pp. 131–149. [Google Scholar]
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- 5. Carranza-Rojas J., Mata-Montero E., Goeau H. *2018 IEEE International Work Conference on Bioinspired Intelligence (IWOBI)* IEEE; 2018. Hidden biases in automated image-based plant identification; pp. 1–9. [Google Scholar]
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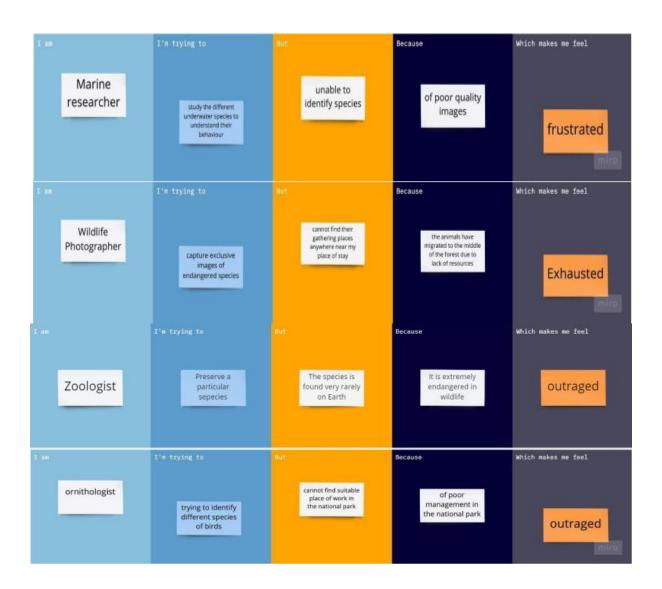
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- 10. Wang A. The Shazam music recognition service. *Commun. ACM.* 2006;49:44–48. [Google Scholar]

2.3 Problem Statement Definition

Problem Statement:

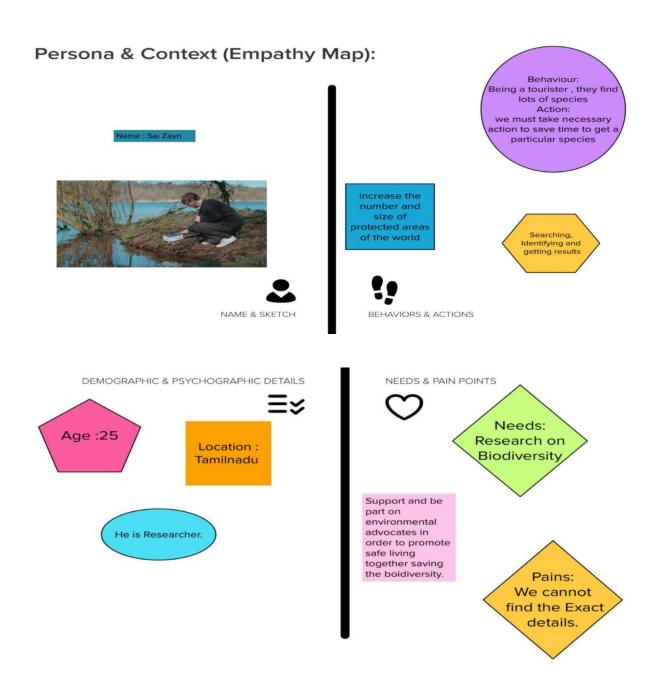
- Biodiversity is the variation among living organisms from different sources including terrestrial, marine and desert ecosystems, and the ecological complexes of which they are a part.
- Biodiversity is the life support system.
- Biodiversity is the variety of different forms of life on earth, including the different plants, animals, micro-organism, the genes they contain & the ecosystem they form.
- Humans should not cause their voluntary extinction. Biodiversity preserves different cultures and spiritual heritage. Therefore, it is very important to conserve biodiversity
- There are millions of species of plant & animals; every single variety could be valuable oneday or the other.
- Human beings cannot exist without the abundance and diversity of these biological resources.
- In this project, we are creating a web application which uses a deep learning model(Convolutional Neural Network Model), trained on a dataset which contains different species of birds, flowers and mammals (2 subclasses in each for a quick understanding) and get the prediction of the name of the bird/flower/mammal when an image is been given.
- 3 Feature Modules in web application: welcome page, upload page and description page
- A dataset is given. Firstly the dataset is downloaded
- Then the dataset is augumented and then a folder for augumented dataset is created through Data Augumentation
- The Data is split into train and test images and then the CNN model is built by data pre-processing and model creation by adding the three layers: Sequential, Dense and Hidden layers.
- Finally the model now created is compiled, fitted and saved in the form of h5 file.
- Now the h5 file is very prominent and can be used for prediction of the images while we upload those images on our web application.

Customer Problem Statement Template:



3.IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming



Brainstorm & idea prioritization

Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

(§ 10 minutes to prepare

2-8 people recommended

Date	19 September 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID1 8534
Project Name	Digital Naturalist - Al Enabled Tool For Biodiversity Researchers
Maximum Marks	4 Marks



Before you collaborate

A little bit of preparation goes a long way with this session. Here's what you need to do to get going.

() 10 minutes

Team gathering
 Define who should participate in the session and send an invite. Share relevant information or pre-work sheed.

Set the goal
Think stout the problem you'll be focusing on solving in the brainstorming session.

Learn how to use the facilitation took
Use the Facilitation Superpowers to run a happy and
productive session.

Open article +



Define your problem statement

What problem are you trying to solve? Frame your problem as a How Might We statement. This will be the focus of your brainstorm.

How might we solve [your problem statement]?







Brainstorm

Write down any ideas that come to mind that address your problem statement.

Shankar

To Create web Application

To Collect the Species images

To Predict The Flower and Plant species

And identify those Species

To Calssify that videos im categories

That will looks the web attractive To Predict The Animals Species

To store and retrieve from database

To build web

Shri Kamal

To identify using object identification

To Detect

the images

in that

videos

To test the CNN model using the images

Create the mobile app

To collect The Flower, plants and Animal Species images

Build the Computer Vision mode

And identify those Species

To upload the information in form of label

> To make category

Soundhar

To collect the videos of Flora and

Use

Computer

Vision

fauna

Flora and fauna

Save and implement the model in Web App

Upload the videos of those Species in Web

To Detect Species

Upload the image in Web app

To collect the all the images

To Build Web app using Flask

To Build CNN model

Shobanram

To implement that Model

To upload the images of any species

The database Are stored with all images

This could be a Handy tool for Bio diversity

The analytics are display about the species

Use Data Visualization using python

To Calssify the different species

The database retrieve that image information

It could detect only the learned objects

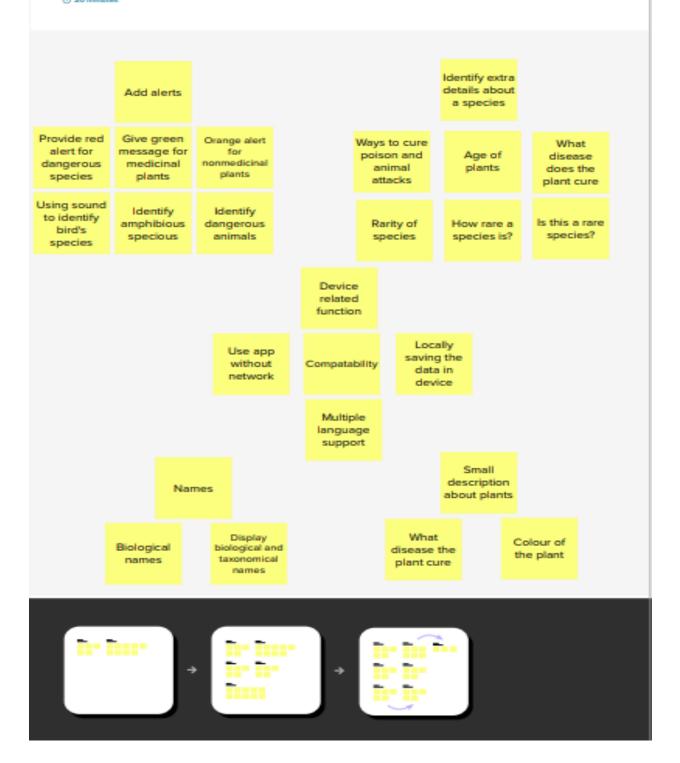




Group ideas

Take turns sharing your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. Once all sticky notes have been grouped, give each cluster a sentence-like label. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you and break it up into smaller sub-groups.

() 20 minutes

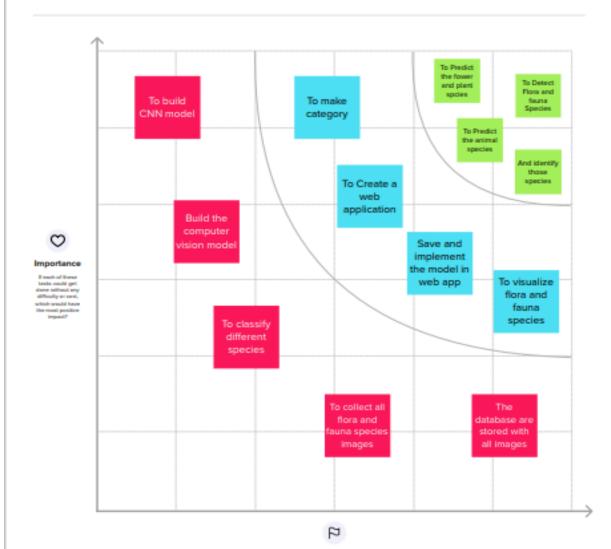




Prioritize

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

① 20 minutes





Regardless of their importance, which tasks are more feasible than others? (Cost, time, effort, complexity, etc.)



3.3 Proposed Solution

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	 ✓ Helps Naturalists and Non-Naturalists users or the common people who go for hikes , canoe trips , excursions to explore the different species of flora and fauna found in that terrain ✓ Provides the name of the different plants and animals along with their names in seven taxonomic ranks namely kingdom, phylum or division, class, order, family, genus and species ✓ Naturalists and Non-Naturalists are shown the characteristics and other fascinating facts about the flora and fauna ✓ Naturalists and Non-Naturalists need to know about the poisonous and dangerous plants and animals in order to stay way from them, medicinal values of plant to use in case of emergencies and rarity of various species of plants, animals and birds so that they can take necessary steps to conserve them.
2.	Idea / Solution description	 ✓ Display biological names of flora and fauna ✓ What type of disease does the plant cure ✓ Show alert messages for plants/ animals using different colours and in which way they are highlighted ✓ Display rarities of the species
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	 ✓ Description about the species ✓ Alerting the user based on rarity of the species found ✓ Complete description about the characteristics of the species

		 ✓ Alert the users if the species is dangerous or not ✓ Giving the medicinal values of plants and its description ✓ Displaying the names in 7 taxonomical levels of each flora and fauna
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	 ✓ Identifying the flora and fauna in our locality / environment helps in improving and understanding biodiversity and the importance of conserving and preserving them for our future generations ✓ Establishment of more national parks and wildlife sanctuaries
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	 ✓ Introducing Subscription can be a major source of revenue for the application ✓ Partnership with many naturalists, universities and scientists around the world
6.	Scalability of the Solution	 ✓ As the application grows more popular, new and innovative features can be added now and then ✓ As the number of users for the application grows steadily, we can introduce the application's version in different languages spoken in different geographical locations ✓ Subscriptions can be classified according to the type of users including the Normal plan, Educational plan, and Business plan

3.4 Problem Solution fit

1. CUSTO

CS, fit into

000

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

CS

Persons those who have interest in biodiversity researches, identifying and classify objects in a frame that contains a large number of objects. On account of increasing computer vision stratagies the rate of accuracy has been increasing significantly. It aims to implement the unique set of rules for

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

nin to

The network issues are the biggest constraints.
The increasing availability of the digital images,
Edited images, coupled with AI techniques for
image classification, presents an exciting
opportunities for the biodiversity researchers to
create a new datasets for species observations.

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

Developing a solution that can be able to identify the correct species, location and the environment for the given input image would

be beneficial

for lots character as well as ornithologist. Merits : interplay between the individual &

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

J&P

One of the maximum struggle faced by using the character are biodiversity, or the form of all the matters on our planet, has been declining at an alarming charge in recent years, in particular because of human sports together with land use adjustments, pollution, weather and all other modifications happened.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

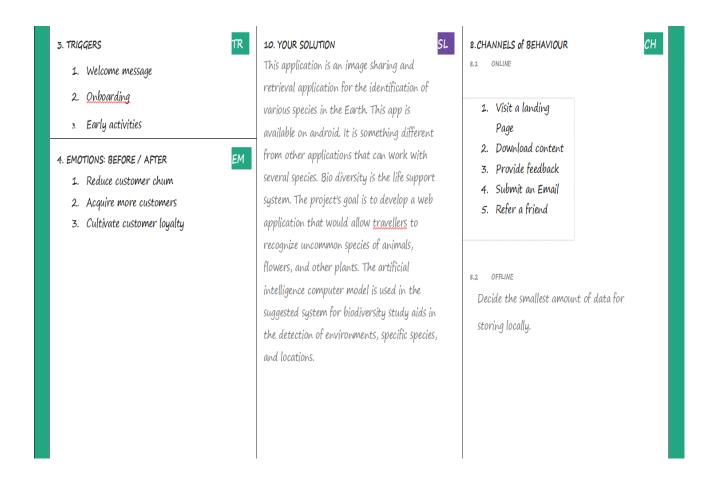
RC

- Field naturalist frequently use triedand-true strategies when exploring the woods, such as always having a guidebook with them
- 2. Asking an expert ornithologist for assistance
- 3. Inadequate documentation.
- 4. Not having a training set with them.

7. BEHAVIOUR

BE

The customers whoever going to spend their time in this application can able to searching the species and find the right species which is an inbuilt technology that performs the right action. They always look for finding the new species.



4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional Requirements

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Gmail
		Registration through Form
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email & OTP
FR-3	Navigation Service	GPS
FR-4	Databas	My SQL & IBM
FR-5	User details	Users are required to register their personal
		details Like name, age, phone no, email,
FR-6	Updating and bug fixing	Updated Based on user feedback
FR-7	Final Output	Final description of the image captured.
FR-8	Alerts	Alerts about dangerous plants and animals (system)

4.2 Non-Functional Requirements

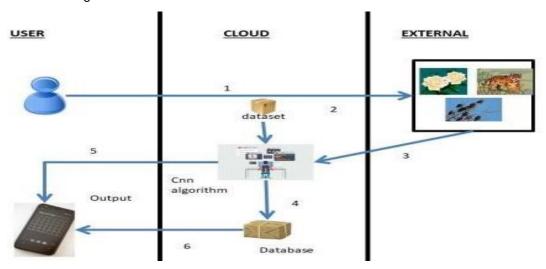
Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

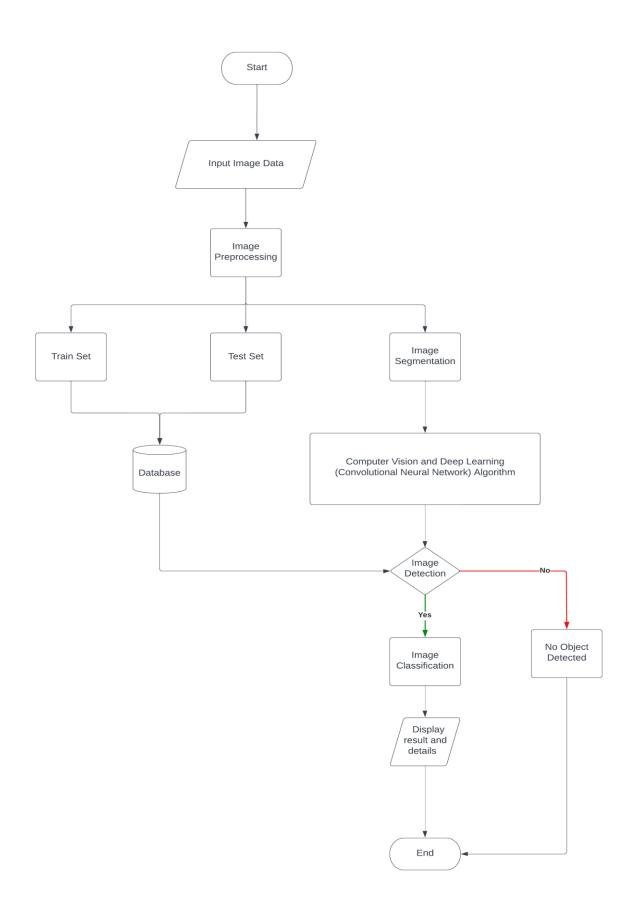
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Efficient for the frequent users. Users can easily understand what the application does and feel satisfied with the system.
NFR-2	Security	SHA-256. Encryptions. AES ETC
NFR-3	Reliability	The system must perform without failure in 80 percent of the time.
NFR-4	Performance	This application supporting 1,000 users per hour must provide 6 seconds or less response time including the rendering of text and images.
NFR-5	Availability	The application will be available 99 % of the time in a month.
NFR-6	Scalability	The application must be scalable enough to support 10,000 visits at the same time while maintaining optimal performance

5. PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 Data Flow Diagrams

- 1. User captures photo using camera
- 2. Dataset contains photos that are used for training and testing
- 3. Photo is sent to CNN for classification and processing based on dataset
- 4. Processed image is checked with database for additional info
- 5. Photo from CNN algorithm is sent to the user
- 6. Matching data from database is sent to the use



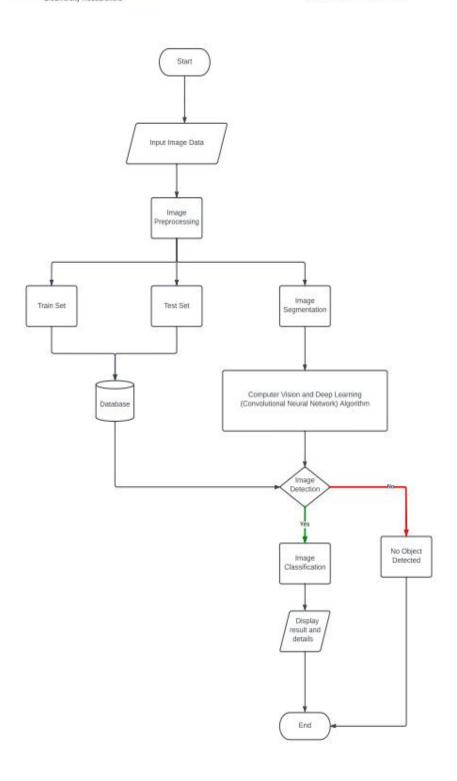


5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture

SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE

Project Name : Digital Naturalist- Al Enabled tool for Biodiversity Researchers

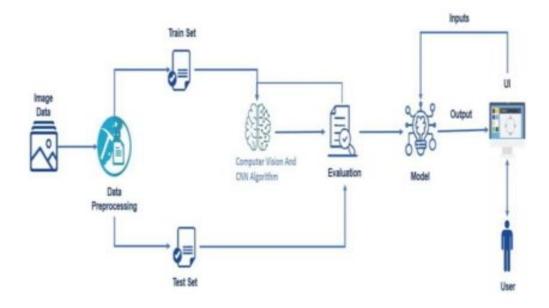
Team ID: PNT2022TMID18534



Technical Architecture:

The Deliverable shall include the architectural diagram as below and the information as per the table 1 & table 2

Reference: https://developer.ibm.com/patterns/ai-powered-backend-system-for-order-processing-during-pandemics/



Guidelines:

- 1. Include all the processes (As an application logic / Technology Block)
- 2. Provide infrastructural demarcation (Local / Cloud)
- 3. Indicate external interfaces (third party API's etc.)
- 4. Indicate Data Storage components / services
- 5. Indicate interface to machine learning models (if applicable)

Table-1: Components & Technologies:

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	How user interacts with application e.g. Web UI, Mobile App, Chatbot etc.	HTML, CSS, JavaScript / Angular JS / React JS etc.
2.	Camera	Capture photos for processing	Normal phone camera
3.	CNN Algorithm	For processing photos	_
4.	Database	Data Type, Configurations etc.	MySQL, etc.
5.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM DB2, IBM Cloudant etc.
6.	File Storage	File storage requirements	IBM Block Storage or Other Storage Service or Local Filesystem
7.	External API-1	Location service	Location or google api

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1	Open-Source Frameworks	Datasets, API, etc	SQL or CSV
2	Security Implementations	List all the security / access controls implemented, use of firewalls etc.	e.g. SHA-256, Encryptions, IAM Controls, OWASP etc.
3	Scalable Architecture	Justify the scalability of architecture (3 – tier, Microservices)	Python , MySQL
4	Availability	Justify the availability of application (e.g. use of load balancers, distributed servers etc.)	Python , MySQL
5	Performance	Design consideration for the performance of the application (number of requests per sec, use of Cache, use of CDN's) etc.	

References:

https://c4model.com/

https://developer.ibm.com/patterns/online-order-processing-system-during-pandemic/

https://www.ibm.com/cloud/architecture

https://aws.amazon.com/architecture https://medium.com/the-internal-startup/how-to-draw-useful-technical-architecturediagrams-2d20c9fda90d

5.3 User Stories

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority
Customer (Mobile user)	Image capture	USN-1	As a user, I can take photos of the plant life, animals and birds	I can take photos when required	High
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive processed information about the type of species	I can see the type of plant or animal or plant	High
		USN-3	As a user, I can share it with others	I can share using share option	Low
	Data process	USN-4	Data must be trained and tested and CNN algorithm must work properly.	I must see the correct processed information	High
	Output	USN-5	As a user, I can see the scientific name of the species	I must see the correct data	High
		USN-6	As a user, I can see the characteristics and alert messages	I must see the correct data	High
Administrator	Manage	USN-1	As a admin I must add various data and edit information	I must edit the data present	High

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

S.No	Milestone	Activities	Team Members
1.	Data Collection	Create Train and TestFolders	Shri Kamal S Soundhararajan S Shobanram R
2.	Image Preprocessing	Import ImageDataGenerat or Library and Configure	Shankar Subramaniyam G Shri Kamal S
3.	Image Preprocessing	Apply ImageDataGenera torfunctionality to Trainand Test set	Shri Kamal S Shankar Subramaniyam G Soundhararajan S
4.	Model Building	Import the required model building libraries	Shankar Subramaniyam G
			Shobanram R
5.	Model Building	Initialize the model	Shankar Subramaniyam G Shobanram R Soundhararajan S
6.	Model Building	Add the convolution layer	Shankar Subramaniyam G Soundhararajan S
7.	Model Building	Add the pooling layer	Shri Kamal S Shankar Subramaniyam G Soundhararajan S
8.	Model Building	Add the flatten layer	Shobanram R Soundhararajan S

9.	Model Building	Adding the dense layers	Shankar SubramaniyamG
			Shobanram R Soundhararajan S
10.	Model Building	Compile the model	Shobanram R Soundhararajan S
11.	Model Building	Fit and save the model	Shri Kamal S Shankar SubramaniyamG Soundhararajan S
12.	Test the model	Import the packages andload the saved model	Soundhararajan SShri Kamal S

6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1		USN-1	Data Collecting and digitalizing for analysing.	3	Medium	SHANKAR SUBRAMANIYAM G
Sprint-1		USN-2	Adding more data to avoid overfitting	2	Medium	SOUNDHARARAJAN S
Sprint-1	Dataset Modelling Phase	USN-3	Building a CNN model using the collected data	5	High	SHRI KAMAL S
Sprint-1		USN-4	Evaluating the model to check the accuracy and precision	3	High	SHOBANRAM R
Sprint-2		USN-5	Home page Creation – Shows the features of our application	1	Low	SHOBANRAM R
Sprint-2	Development Phase	USN-6	Setting up facilities for user to feed the image	2	Medium	SOUNDHARARAJAN S
Sprint-2	- Development Friase	USN-7	Prediction page creation – shows prediction for the user given image	4	Medium	SHANKAR SUBRAMANIYAM G
Sprint-2		USN-8	Model loading – API creation using flask	5	High	SHRI KAMAL S
Sprint-3	Deployment Dhoos	USN-9	Integrating UI & backend – Connecting the front end and backend using API calls	3	Medium	SHOBANRAM R
Sprint-3	- Deployment Phase	USN-10	Cloud deployment – Deployment of application using IBM Cloud	5	High	SHANKAR SUBRAMANIYAM G
Sprint-4	Testing Phose	USN-11	Functional testing – Checking the scalability and robustness of the application	5	High	SHANKAR SUBRAMANIYAM G
Sprint-4	Testing Phase	USN-12	Non-Functional testing – Checking for user acceptance and integration	5	High	SOUNDHARARAJAN S, SHRI KAMAL S

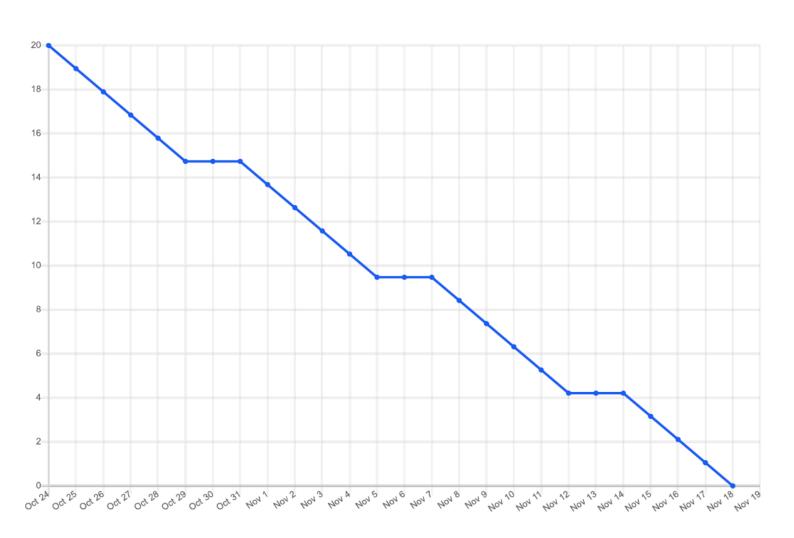
Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	13	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	13	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	12	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	12	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	8	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	8	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	10	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	10	19 Nov 2022

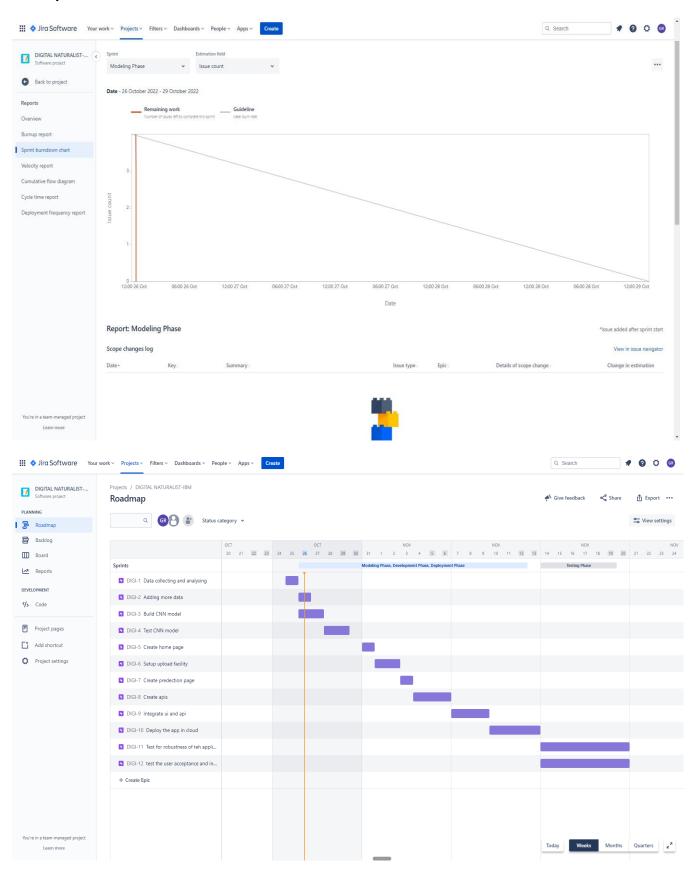
Velocity:

Average Velocity = 61/24 = 2.51

Burndown Chart:



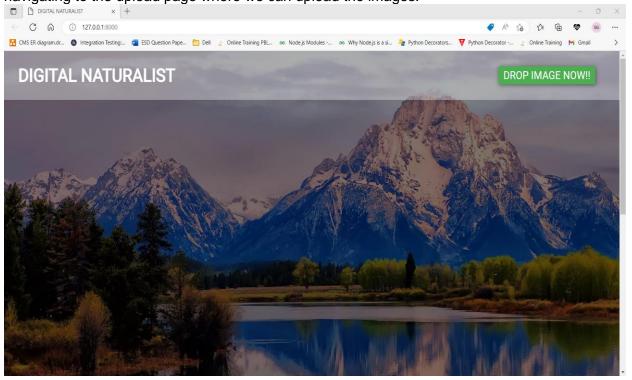
6.3 Reports from JIRA



7.CODING & SOLUTIONING

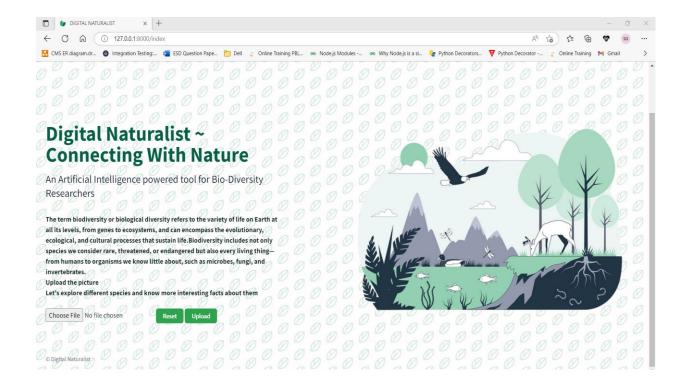
7.1 Feature 1

 A welcome page is designed and a button "DROP THE IMAGE NOW" will be navigating to the upload page where we can upload the images.

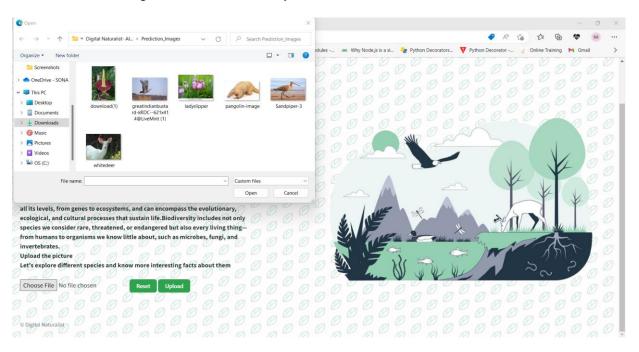


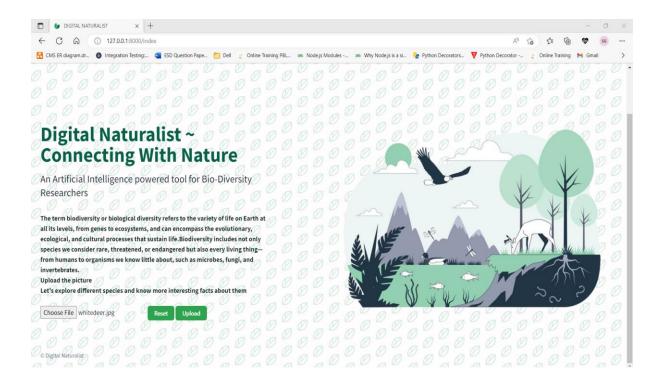
7.2 Feature 2

 The upload page is redirected and an image can be uploaded by clicking Choose File button available and then click Upload button or we can even re-upload or cancel the image already uploaded by clicking Reset button.



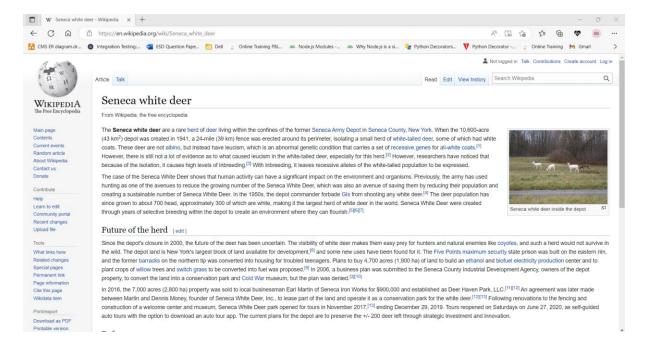
 Now the image is chosen and then the filename of that image is displayed to indicate that this image has been chosen by the user.





7.3 Feature 3

 Click "Upload" button and wait till the Wikipedia webpage is loaded and then finally the webpage is shown.



8.TESTING

8.1 Test Cases

				Date Team ID	17-Nov-22 PNT2022TMID18534								
					Project - Digital Naturalist - Al								
					Project - Digital Naturalist - Al Enabled tool for Biodiversity Researchers								
Test case ID	Feature Type	Component	Test Scenario	Project Name Maximum Marks Pre-Requisite	4 marks Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status	Commnets	TC for Automation(Y/N)	BUG	Executed By
												ID	
					1. E								
			Verify the user is able to viewthe page	Latest web browser Proper Internet Connection	nter the url of the website and click go 2. Ve rify the webpage is loading or not		The webpage should be visible to the user			The test case passed without			
Webpage_TC_00	UI	Home Page				no test data required		The webpage is visible	Pass	any issues	Y	1	Shri Kamal S
				Mobile device	1. E								
			Verify the page is responsive forall devices	Desktop device Tablet device Webbrowser and internet connection	nter the url of the website and click go 2. Ve rify the webpage is loading properly with proper alignments in all the devices		The webpage should be visible to the user	The webpage is visible in all the devices		The test case			
Webpage_TC_00	ui	Home Page	torall devices		alignments in all the devices	no test data required	to the user	in all the devices	Pass	passedwithout any issues	Y	2	Soundhararajan S
			Verify the UI elements	Latest web browser	Enter the url of the website and click go After tha page loaded Successfully click the upload button	Sample Species's images	The webpage should accept	The webpage		The test case			
Webpage_TC_00	UI	Home Page	in upload work	Proper Internet Connection	click the upload button	fortesting	the image from the user	accepts the user input	Pass	passed without any issues	Y	3	Shobanram R
3													
					Enter the url of the website and click go Ve iffy the webpage is loading.								
			Verify the page is responding forevery user action	Latest web browser Proper Internet Connection	rify the webpage is loading and working properly during the upload and reset	Sample Species's images fortesting	The webpage should be stable during the upload and predicting procedure			The test case passed without any issues			
Webpage_TC_00 4	UI	Home Page						The webpage is responding stably	Pass		Y	4	Shankar Subramaniyam G
					Ente the url of the website and click go								
			Verify the app accepts only imageformats	Latest web browser Proper Internet Connection	2. After page loading try to upload non image formats such as pdf, xml, or any audio or video file		The webpage should reject the user input and promts the user to upload proper image data for	The webpage prompted with an error message when wrong filetypeis uploaded		The testcase passed without any issues			
Webpage_TC_00	UI	Home Page				non image data	predecting		Pass		Y	5	Shri Kamal S

True. TC. DOI Provisional Foundation of the control														
Laser web concentral benefits and a server Fash, TC, 502 Functional Fash, TC, 503 Functional Laser web processed image and seat and server I. Later web browser 2. They webside should accept the image date and see in toolly you spranged benefits and see in the server I. Later web browser 2. They webside should accept the image date and see in toolly you spranged benefits and see in toolly you spranged benefit and see in tool you spranged benefit and	Flask_TC_001	Functional	Flask app	Verify the flask app use the saved model	Latest web browser Proper Internet Connection	nter the url of the website and click go 2. Verif y the webpage is accepting inputs and predecting according	Sample Species's images fortesting	The webapp should predict the animal property	The webapp predicts the animal accurately	Pass	passed without any issues, but it requires more datasetto prefict the	Y	6	Subrama
1. Latest web townear 2. Proper interior Connection for the section be storage Vurify the uploaded image can be exertived from the storage Vurify the uploaded image can be exertived from the storage Plack TC 000 Functional Plack ago 1. Latest web townear 2. Proper interior connection 2. Proper interior connection 3. Proper interior connection 4. Proper interior connection 4. Proper interior connection 4. Proper interior connection 5. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed without any issues. Verify the app redirect this uses Verify the app redirect this uses Verify the app redirect this uses Search Species images 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 6. Search Species images 7. The testicate passed 8. Search Species images 8. Search Species images 8. Search Species images 9. Search Species i	Flask_TC_002	Functional	Flask app	Verify the uploaded image saved	Proper Internet Connection S torage in the server for storing the uploaded	r the url of the website and click go 2. After page loading try to upload the	Sample Speciet's images fortesting	image data and save it locally on	image	Pass	storage will be a issue in future when the storage	Y	7	
2. Proper Internet Connection 3. Department of the website and click po word the upboaded image can be retrived from the storage Verify the upboaded image can be retrived from the storage 1. Lattest web browser 2. Proper internet connection 3. Department of the website and click 3. Department of the website and click 4. Department connection 5. Department connection 6. Department connection 7. Department connection 8. Department connection 9. Department connection														am K
2. Proger interest connection fine ut of the webstandedick. 3. In the second of the	Flask TC 003	Functional	Flask app	Verify the uploaded image can be retrived from the storage	Proper Internet Connection S torage in the server where the uploaded image can be	nter the url of the website and click go 2. Verif y the webpage is accepting inputs and predecting according	Sample Species's images fortesting	store and retrive the image that is	image	Pass	without any	Y	8	Soundhararajan S
2. Proger internet connection if the unit of the webstandclick. 3. So														
Flask_TC_004 Functional Flask app				to appropriate species's	Proper internet connection S ample Species's images to	r the url of the website and click go. 2. Verif v the page is redirecting to	Sample Species's images fortesting	the appropriate species's			without any			Soundhararajajan

8.2 User Acceptance Testing

1. Purpose of Document

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the Digital Naturalist project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).

2. Defect Analysis

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

Resolution	Low Severity	Medium Severity	High Severity	Subtotal of bugs
By UI	1	2	2	5
By Functionality	0	2	2	4

Duplicate	0	4	7	11
External	0	0	0	0
Fixed	1	4	4	9
Not Reproduced	0	0	0	0
Skipped	0	0	0	0
Won't Fix	0	0	0	0
Totals	2	16	15	29

3. Test Case Analysis

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
User Interface	5	0	0	5
Flask Application	4	0	0	4
Exception Reporting	1	0	0	1
Final Report Output	1	0	0	1
Version Control	2	0	0	2

9.RESULTS

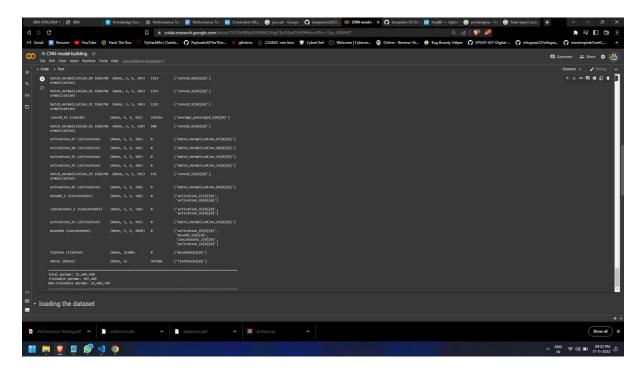
9.1 Performance Metrics

Model Performance Testing:Project team shall fill the following information in model performance testing template

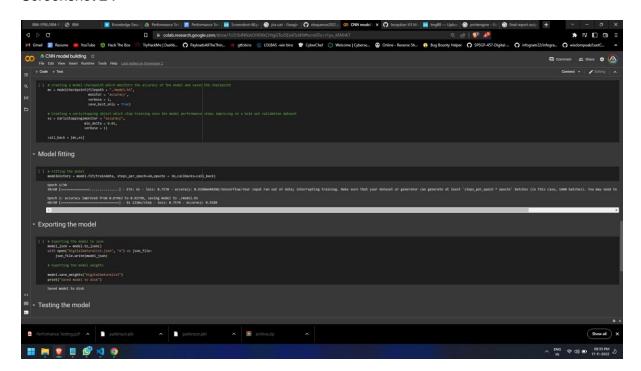
S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot
1.	Model Summary	Total params: 22,109,990	Screenshot 1
		Trainable params: 307,206	
		Non-trainable params: 21,802,784	

2.	Accuracy	Training Accuracy - 92.8%	Screenshot 2
		Validation Accuracy - 85.6%	

Screenshot 1:



Screenshot 2:



10.ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

Advantages:

- Biodiversity contains a wealth of systematic ecological data that helps us understand
 the natural world and its origins. Understanding the importance of Biodiversity is
 achieved through the application.
- Additional information about each and every species is learnt.
- Instant information is available and searching with an image is also very advanced and easy to user or user-friendly.
- The Wikipedia website is like an encyclopedia for knowing details about the specific species that may be bird or flower or mammal.
- Since deep learning is used, the model is highly trained for achieving maximum accuracy with minimal losses.
- Therefore, the prediction will always be correct and can never go wrong.

Disadvantages:

- Our application does not have login or signup page such that the user can't register themselves for the application.
- Since we used flask framework, the need for database is less and also due to absence of login module, database is not used currently.
- Dataset is limited to only 6 species in our application, but in a real-time scenario, the datasets required for training the model will be extravagantly huge.
- Database or API can be used for fetching details/description about each and every species but in our application, we haven't used them.

11.CONCLUSION

A web application satisfying the needs of customers within a limited dataset is built successfully with all the code developed and also user acceptance testing is performed.

It is an application for the hikers to find the rare species of birds, flowers, and mammals by giving a picture taken by them.

Not only finding the name of the species, but also displaying all the possible description or the information about in every possible aspect. Species are classified into one of nine Red List Categories: Extinct, Extinct in the Wild, Critically Endangered, Endangered, Vulnerable, Near Threatened, Least Concern, Data Deficient and Not Evaluated.

Vulnerable, Endangered and Critically Endangered species are considered to be threatened with extinction.

These categories can be displayed to the user so that the user can learn the importance of the preserving the species in the realm of biodiversity chain.

Whether the species is dangerous or not, can also be predicted or displayed to the user.

If they are dangerous, the naturalist can probably stay away from them and if there are any poisonous flowers (i.e) plants, they can also take down a note of them and be alert. If there are any medical significances of the plants, and if they contribute to the cure of any disease in the world, the information provided to the naturalists can be helpful.

The unique characteristics of any species can also be noted down by the naturalist while displaying the information about them.

Thus, the web application is run with no hurdles and it predicts all the images that are classified in our dataset.

12.FUTURE SCOPE

The web application can be introduced with login module making the application catering to the needs of a wide variety of users.

Naturalists may need the application to be developed for almost all the discovered species of flora and fauna in the world to be predict with the help of a CNN model.

Database is also required but that can be handled with IBM Cloud.

The information displayed can also be more intense and deep for each and every species covering all the possible facts about them.

The information about medicinal plants can also be used for preparing vaccines and can be use of greater help to humankind.

13.APPENDIX

GITHUB LINK:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-26473-1660027397

PROJECT DEMO LINK:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1YIXkjsTMqYYvjPtt1hpYZTZTKBp0k3z0/view?usp=share link

SOURCE CODE:

app.py

```
from __future__ import division, print function
import numpy as np
predictions = ["Corpse Flower",
def upload():
```

welcome.html

```
js"></script>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="swiper.min.css">
  ink
  <title>DIGITAL NATURALIST </title>
        </section>
  </section>
       <div>
```

```
<div class="counter" data-target="60000">0</div>
           <h3>Visitors</h3>
       </div>
           </div>
           <div>
                   <h3>Followers</h3>
               </div>
                      <h3>Likes</h3>
                  </div>
                          <div class="counter" data-target="5000">0</div>
                          <h3>Connections</h3>
   </section>
               <span><i class="fa fa-phone">&nbsp; 123-456-789</i></span>
info@digitalnature4u.com</i></span>
           </div>
              <a href="#"><i class="fa fa-instagram"></i></a>
              <a href="#"><i class="fa fa-twitter"></i></a>
              <a href="#"><i class="fa fa-voutube"></i></a>
           <h2>Get to know us</h2><br>
               <a href="#">About us
               <a href="#">Culture</a>
               <a href="#">Blog</a>
               <a href="#">Careers</a>
               <a href="#">Contact us</a>
       </div>
```

```
<div class="footer-section links">
              <a href="#">Privacy</a>
              <a href="#">Terms</a>
           </div>
       Copyrights © 2020-2040 DIGITAL NATURALIST, All Rights
   </div>
</div>
          var swiper = new Swiper('.swiper-container', {
              el: '.swiper-pagination',
<script src="js/main.js"></script>
   <script type="text/javascript">
   </script>
</html>
```

welcome.css

```
:root{
    --transWhite: #fdfdfd5c;
    --themeBlue: #013781;
    --themeGreen: #4caf50;
    --themeOrangeSelect: #c00202;
    --offWhite: #F4F4F4;
    --offBlack: #313131;
    --shapeShadow: 1px 2px 10px #00000078;
}
body{
    width: 100%;
    margin: 0;
```

```
body div, section, article, header, button{
button{
h2.secHeading{
button.viewAll{
button.viewAll:hover{
section.hero{
section.hero div.hero-text{
```

```
section.hero div.hero-text p{
header h1{
header h1 a{
header section#login{
header section#login a{
```

```
header section#login a#login:hover{
header section#login a#signup{
header section#login a#signup:hover{
   grid-template-columns: repeat(5, 1fr);
@media(max-width: 700px) {
       grid-template-columns: repeat(2, 1fr);
```

```
font-size: 1.2rem;
}
.footer .footer-content .links ul a:hover{
    color: white;
    margin-left: 15px;
    transition: all .3s;
}
.footer .footer-bottom{
    background: #343a40;
    color: #686868;
    height: 50px;
    width: 100%;
    text-align: center;
    position: absolute;
    bottom: 0px;
    left: 0px;
    padding-top: 10px;
}
```

index.html

```
Researchers
processes that sustain life.Biodiversity includes not only species we
humans to organisms we know little about, such as microbes, fungi, and
know more interesting facts about them <br/>
               <!DOCTYPE html>
            <q\>
            </div>
         </div>
src="https://i.ibb.co/vwhxYCg/animals.png">
         </div>
               href="https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-26473-
document.getElementById("uploadedimg").addEventListener("change",
validateFile)
function validateFile(){
 const allowedExtensions = ['jpg','png'],
```

```
sizeLimit = 1_000_000;
const { name:fileName, size:fileSize } = this.files[0];
const fileExtension = fileName.split(".").pop();
if(!allowedExtensions.includes(fileExtension)){
    alert("Only image files - .jpg, .jpeg, .png, .tiff ");
    this.value = null;
}else if(fileSize > sizeLimit) {
    alert("file size too large")
    this.value = null;
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

style.css

```
both
both;
@-webkit-keyframes slide-in-bottom {
```

```
transform: translateY(0);
-webkit-transform: translateY(-6px);
```

```
@keyframes bounce-top {
        -webkit-transform: translateY(-6px);
```

```
@-webkit-keyframes fade-in {
@keyframes fade-in {
   box-sizing: border-box
html {
   -moz-tab-size: 4;
html {
body {
body {
```

```
Arial, sans-serif, 'Apple Color Emoji', 'Segoe UI Emoji';
hr {
abbr[title] {
strong {
kbd,
pre,
samp {
Menlo, monospace;
small {
sub,
sup {
```

```
.upload {
serif, "Apple Color Emoji", "Segoe UI Emoji";
 background-color: #2c974b;
.upload:focus {
 background-color: #298e46;
```