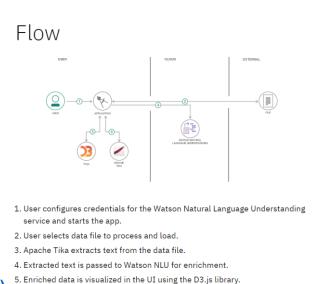
Project Design Phase-II Data Flow Diagram & User Stories

| Date | 19 October 2022 |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Team ID | PNT2022TMID25508 |
| Project Name | A NOVEL METHOD FOR HANDWRITTEN |
| | DIGIT RECOGNITION |
| Maximum Marks | 4 Marks |

Data Flow Diagrams:

Example: (Simplified)

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.



Example: DFD Level 0 (Industry Standard) Feature Convolution Prediction Pre Training Image Set Extraction Neural model Processing Network **Training Phase** Feature Convolution Classified Test Pre Image Set Processing Extraction Neural Result Network **Testing Phase**

User Stories

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

| User Type | Functional Requirement (Epic) | User Story Number | User Story / Task | Acceptance criteria | Priority | Release |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|----------|----------|
| Transcription analyst | Pre Processing | USN-1 | Noise in the digital handwritten image can be reduced. | It uses noise filters. | High | Sprint-1 |
| | | USN-2 | Blurred image can be modified. | Sobel filter can be used to sharpen the image. | High | Sprint-3 |
| | Feature Extraction | USN-3 | How the features can be identified. | By extracting the foreground image from background image. | Low | Sprint-2 |
| | | USN-4 | How shape edges can be detected. | Curves of the letters can be found. | Medium | Sprint-1 |
| | | USN-5 | How words are recognized based on sizes. | By identifying the size of the word. | High | Sprint-3 |
| | Prediction | USN-6 | How letters are predicted. | By comparing the features of each letter with the features of actual letters. | High | Sprint-4 |
| | | USN-7 | How capital and small letters identified. | By separating bigger font images with smaller font images. | Low | Sprint-2 |
| | Classified result | USN-8 | How the prediction seperates the identification of the digital letter. | It seperates as correctly predicted image and wrongly predicted image. | Medium | Sprint-4 |
| | | USN-9 | How the words are predicted. | Once the letters are correctly predicted it uses a dictionary to identify the words. | High | Sprint-1 |