Assignment - 4 LSTM for Text Classification

Assignment submission	30October 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

1. Download the Dataset

2. Import required library

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import seaborn as sns

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

from keras.models import Model

from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, Embedding

from keras.optimizers import RMSprop

from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer

from keras.utils import pad_sequences

from keras.utils import to_categorical

from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping

% matplotlib inline

3. Read dataset and do pre-processing

Load the data into Pandas dataframe

df = pd.read_csv('/content/spam.csv',delimiter=',',encoding='latin-1')

df.head()

	v1	V2	Unnamed: 2	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	ham	Nah I don't think he goes to usf. he lives aro	NaN	NaN	NaN

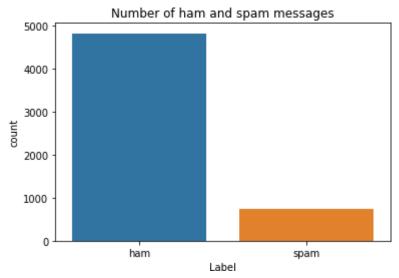
Drop the columns that are not required for the neural network.

```
df.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],axis=1,inplace=True)
df.info()
```

Understand the distribution better.

```
sns.countplot(df.v1)
plt.xlabel('Label')
plt.title('Number of ham and spam messages')
```

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of ham and spam messages')



- Create input and output vectors.
- Process the labels.

X = df.v2

Y = df.v1

le = LabelEncoder()

 $Y = le.fit_transform(Y)$

Y = Y.reshape(-1,1)

Split into training and test data.

 $X_{train}, X_{test}, Y_{train}, Y_{test} = train_{test_split}(X, Y, test_{size} = 0.15)$

Process the data

- Tokenize the data and convert the text to sequences.
- Add padding to ensure that all the sequences have the same shape.
- There are many ways of taking the *max_len* and here an arbitrary length of 150 is chosen.

```
max_words = 1000
max_len = 150
tok = Tokenizer(num_words=max_words)
tok.fit_on_texts(X_train)
```

```
sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
sequences_matrix =pad_sequences(sequences,maxlen=max_len)
```

5. Create Model

• Add Layers (LSTM, Dense-(Hidden Layers), Output)

```
Define the RNN structure.
def RNN():
  inputs = Input(name='inputs',shape=[max_len])
  layer = Embedding(max_words,50,input_length=max_len)(inputs)
  layer = LSTM(64)(layer)
  layer = Dense(256,name='FC1')(layer)
  layer = Activation('relu')(layer)
  layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)
  layer = Dense(1,name='out_layer')(layer)
  layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer)
  model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)
  return model
Call the function and compile the model.
model = RNN()
model.summary()
6. Compile the Model
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(),metrics=['accuracy'])
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
inputs (InputLayer)	[(None, 150)]	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 150, 50)	50000
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 64)	29440
FC1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	16640
activation (Activation)	(None, 256)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
out_layer (Dense)	(None, 1)	257
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 1)	0

Total params: 96,337 Trainable params: 96,337 Non-trainable params: 0

7. Fit the Model

model.fit(sequences_matrix,Y_train,batch_size=128,epochs=10,

validation_split=0.2,callbacks=[EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss',min_delta=0.0001)])

```
Epoch 1/10
. 30/30 [=============] - 11s 286ms/step - loss: 0.3295 - accuracy: 0.8762 - val_loss: 0.1256 - val_accuracy: 0.9757
          <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fadf6edac10>
```

The model performs well on the validation set and this configuration is chosen as the final model.

8. Save The Model

lstm_model.save('text_model.h5')

9. Test The Model

```
test_sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
```

test_sequences_matrix =pad_sequences(test_sequences,maxlen=max_len)

Evaluate the model on the test set.

```
accr = model.evaluate(test_sequences_matrix,Y_test)
```

 $print("Test\ set\ \ Loss: \{:0.3f\}\ \ Accuracy: \{:0.3f\}'.format(accr[0],accr[1]))$

Test set

Loss: 0.061 Accuracy: 0.983