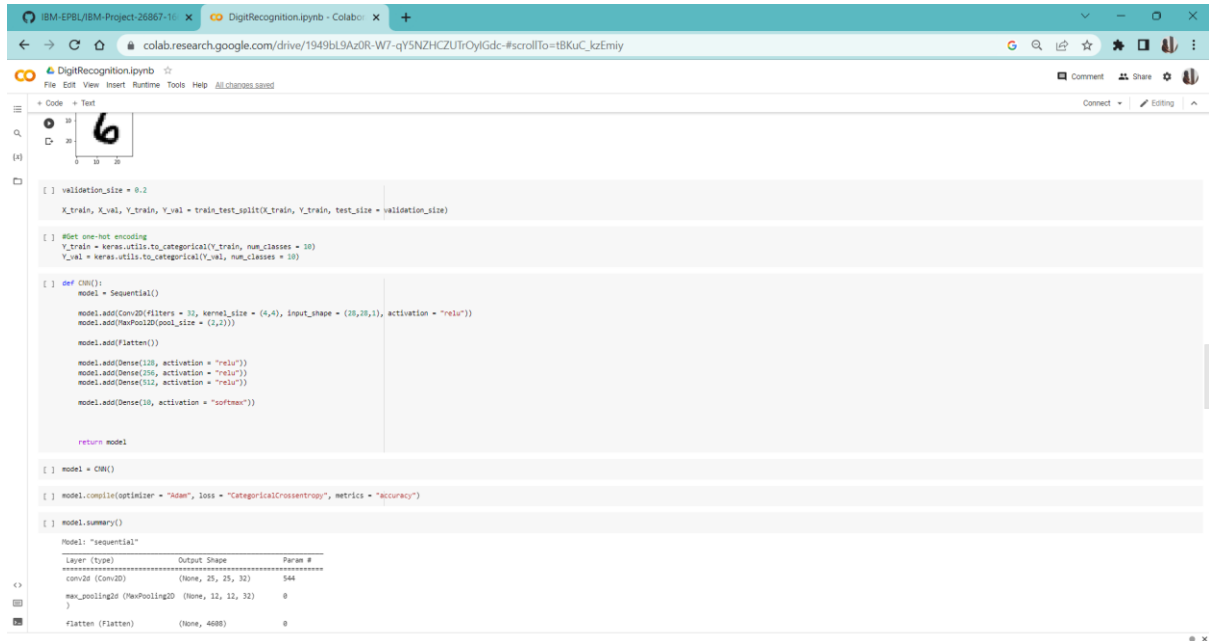


Model Training and evaluation:



```
validation_size = 0.2
X_train, X_val, Y_train, Y_val = train_test_split(X_train, Y_train, test_size = validation_size)

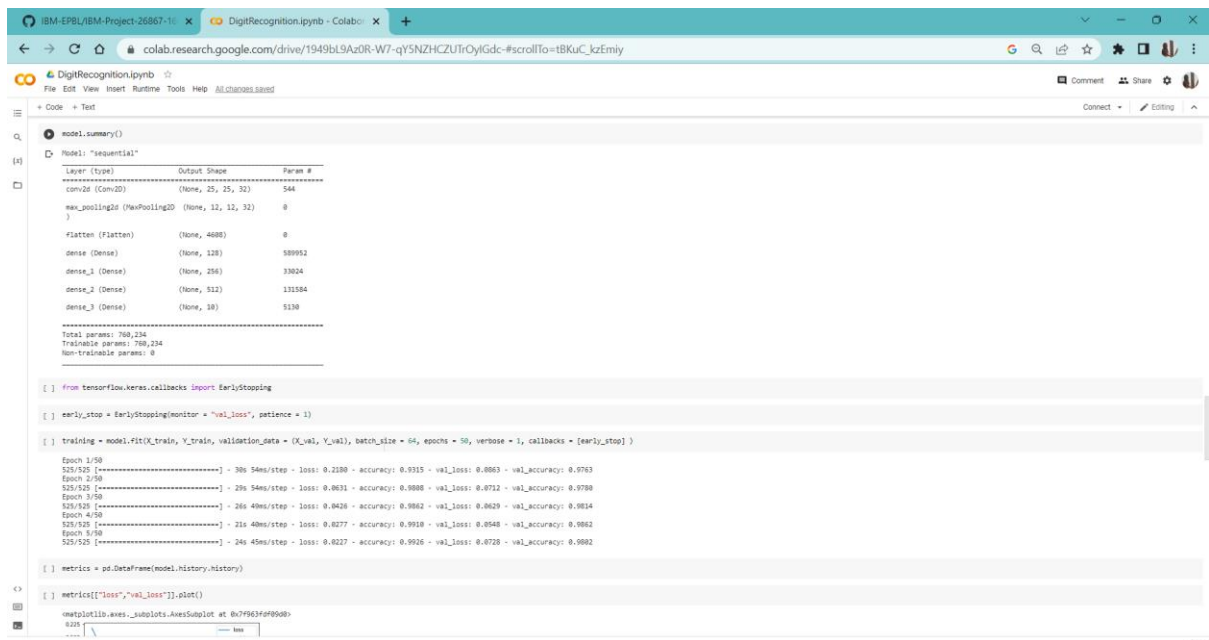
# Set one-hot encoding
Y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(Y_train, num_classes = 10)
Y_val = keras.utils.to_categorical(Y_val, num_classes = 10)

def CNN():
    model = Sequential()
    model.add(Conv2D(filters = 32, kernel_size = (4,4), input_shape = (28,28,1), activation = "relu"))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size = (2,2)))
    model.add(Flatten())
    model.add(Dense(128, activation = "relu"))
    model.add(Dense(256, activation = "relu"))
    model.add(Dense(512, activation = "relu"))
    model.add(Dense(10, activation = "softmax"))
    return model

model = CNN()
model.compile(optimizer = "Adam", loss = "CategoricalCrossentropy", metrics = "accuracy")
model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #

conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 25, 25, 32)	544
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 12, 12, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 4608)	0



```
model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #

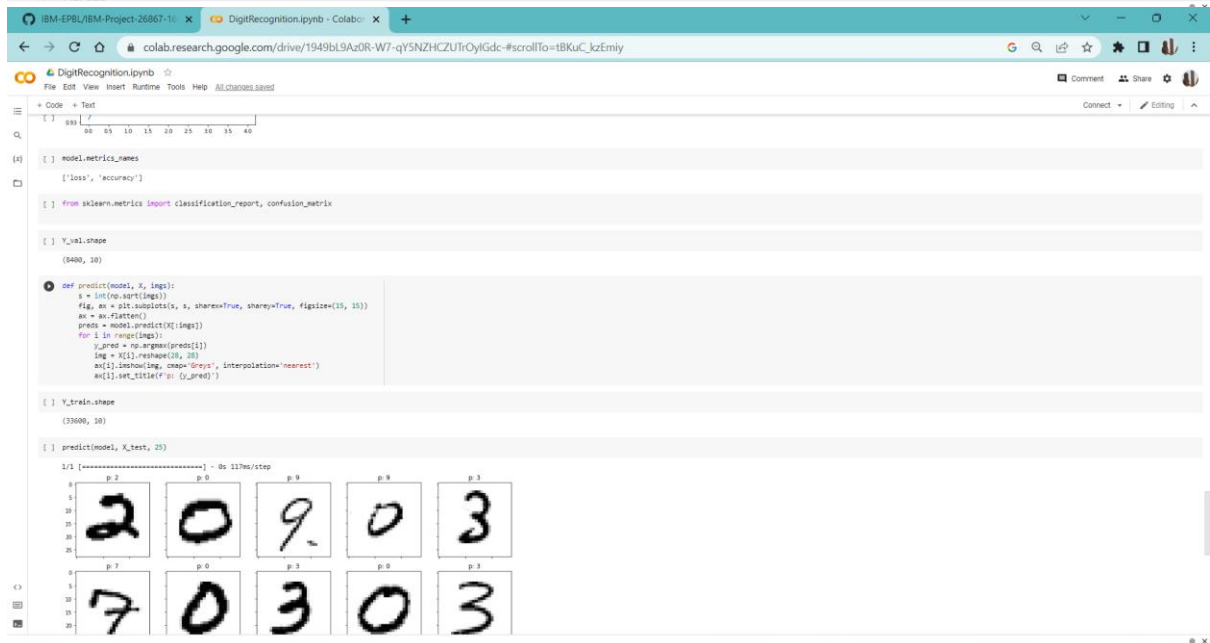
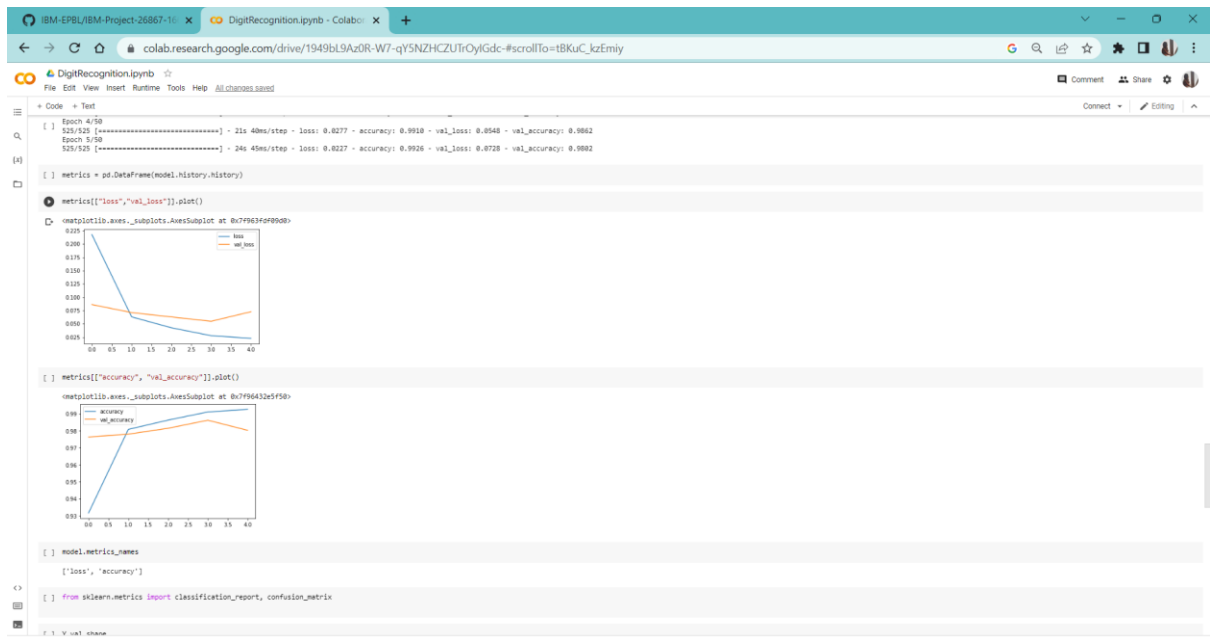
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 25, 25, 32)	544
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 12, 12, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 4608)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	589952
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	33024
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 512)	131584
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	5130

Total params:	789,234	
Trainable params:	789,234	
Non-trainable params:	0	

```
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor = "val_loss", patience = 1)

training = model.fit(X_train, Y_train, validation_data = (X_val, Y_val), batch_size = 64, epochs = 50, verbose = 1, callbacks = [early_stop])

metrics = pd.DataFrame(model.history.history)
metrics[["loss", "val_loss"]].plot()
```



The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook interface. The notebook title is 'DigitRecognition.ipynb'. The code cell contains the following Python code:

```
[ ] y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
y_pred = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)

875/875 [=====] - 7s Bm/step

[ ] filename = "submission.csv"
y_pred = pd.Series(y_pred, name='label')
sub = pd.concat([pd.Series(range(1, 28001), name='ImageID'), y_pred], axis=1)
sub.to_csv(filename, index=False)
```

The output of the code is a 4x5 grid of handwritten digits. Each digit is shown in a small square with a predicted digit 'p' below it. The predicted digits are: 7, 0, 5, 0, 5 in the first row; 5, 2, 4, 0, 4 in the second row; 3, 3, 1, 9, 0 in the third row; and 9, 1, 1, 5, 7 in the fourth row.