Assignment 2: Data Visualization and Preprocessing

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```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

2. Load the data set

```
In [4]:
    df = pd.read_csv(r"./Churn_Modelling.csv")
```

In [5]: df.head()

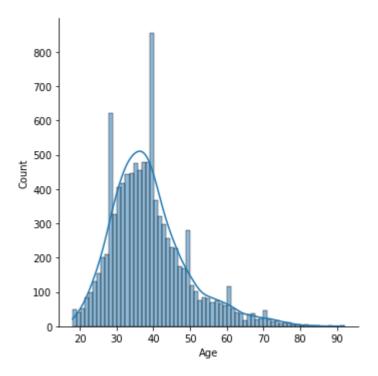
| Out[5]: | | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance |
|---------|---|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|
| | 0 | 1 | 15634602 | Hargrave | 619 | France | Female | 42 | 2 | 0.00 |
| • | 1 | 2 | 15647311 | Hill | 608 | Spain | Female | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | 15619304 | Onio | 502 | France | Female | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 |
| 3 | 3 | 4 | 15701354 | Boni | 699 | France | Female | 39 | 1 | 0.00 |
| • | 4 | 5 | 15737888 | Mitchell | 850 | Spain | Female | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 |
| • | | | | | | | | | | + |

3. Data Visualizations

3.1. Univariate Analysis

```
In [6]: sns.displot(df['Age'], kde=True)
```

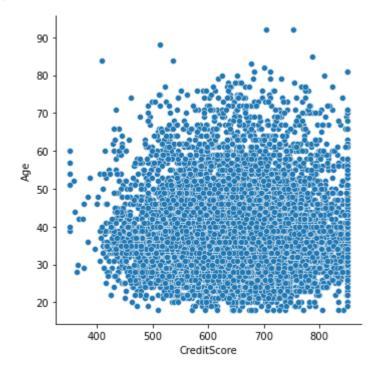
Out[6]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1f63a02fa30>



3.2. Bi - Variate Analysis

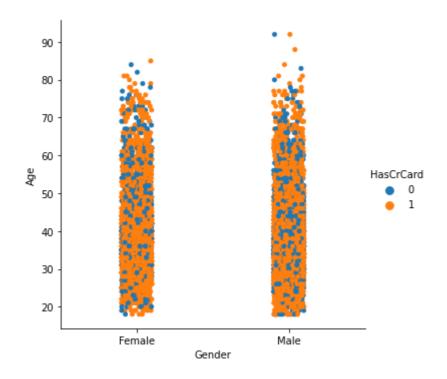
```
In [7]: sns.relplot(x='CreditScore', y='Age', data=df)
```

Out[7]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1f63a024160>



```
In [8]: sns.catplot(x='Gender', y='Age', hue='HasCrCard', data=df)
```

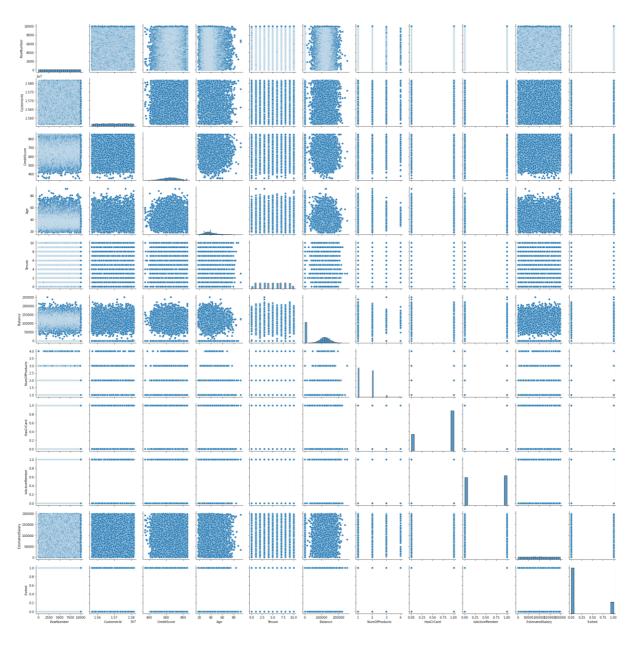
Out[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1f647affeb0>



3.3. Multi - Variate Analysis

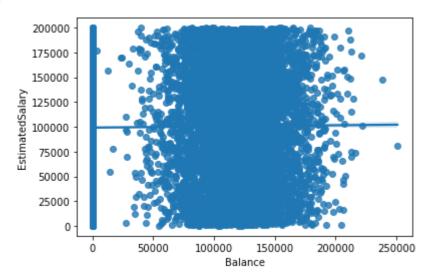
```
In [9]:
sns.pairplot(df)
```

Out[9]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1f6483b69a0>



In [10]: sns.regplot(x='Balance', y='EstimatedSalary', data=df)

 ${\tt Out[10]:} \quad {\tt <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Balance', ylabel='EstimatedSalary'>} \\$



4. Descriptive Statistics

df.describe()

| _ | | | - |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| \cap | . — | 111 | - 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | CreditScore | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumO |
|-------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| count | 10000.00000 | 1.000000e+04 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 100 |
| mean | 5000.50000 | 1.569094e+07 | 650.528800 | 38.921800 | 5.012800 | 76485.889288 | |
| std | 2886.89568 | 7.193619e+04 | 96.653299 | 10.487806 | 2.892174 | 62397.405202 | |
| min | 1.00000 | 1.556570e+07 | 350.000000 | 18.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | |
| 25% | 2500.75000 | 1.562853e+07 | 584.000000 | 32.000000 | 3.000000 | 0.000000 | |
| 50% | 5000.50000 | 1.569074e+07 | 652.000000 | 37.000000 | 5.000000 | 97198.540000 | |
| 75% | 7500.25000 | 1.575323e+07 | 718.000000 | 44.000000 | 7.000000 | 127644.240000 | |
| max | 10000.00000 | 1.581569e+07 | 850.000000 | 92.000000 | 10.000000 | 250898.090000 | |
| 4 | | | | | | | > |

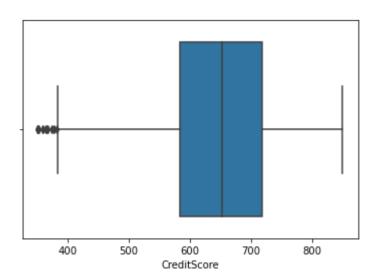
5. Handle the Missing values

```
In [12]:
          df.isnull().sum()
         RowNumber
                             0
Out[12]:
         CustomerId
                             0
         Surname
         CreditScore
                             0
         Geography
         Gender
         Age
         Tenure
         Balance
         NumOfProducts
         HasCrCard
         IsActiveMember
         EstimatedSalary
                             0
         Exited
         dtype: int64
```

6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

```
In [13]: sns.boxplot(x='CreditScore',data=df)
```

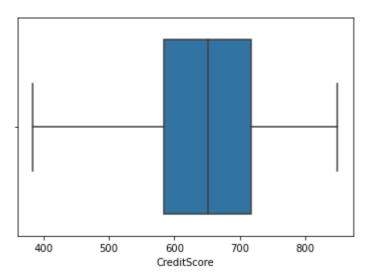
Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='CreditScore'>



```
In [14]: Q1 = df['CreditScore'].quantile(0.25)
   Q3 = df['CreditScore'].quantile(0.75)
   IQR = Q3 - Q1
   whisker_width = 1.5
   lower_whisker = Q1 - (whisker_width*IQR)
        upper_whisker = Q3 + (whisker_width*IQR)
   df['CreditScore']=np.where(df['CreditScore']>upper_whisker,upper_whisker,np.where(df
```

```
In [15]: sns.boxplot(x='CreditScore',data=df)
```

Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='CreditScore'>



7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

```
In [16]: df['Geography'].unique()
    ct= ColumnTransformer([('oh', OneHotEncoder(), [4])], remainder="passthrough")
```

8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

```
In [17]: x=df.iloc[:,0:12].values
    y=df.iloc[:,12:14].values
    x[0:5,:]
```

array([[1, 15634602, 'Hargrave', 619.0, 'France', 'Female', 42, 2, 0.0, Out[17]:

```
1, 1, 1],
                 [2, 15647311, 'Hill', 608.0, 'Spain', 'Female', 41, 1, 83807.86,
                  1, 0, 1],
                 [3, 15619304, 'Onio', 502.0, 'France', 'Female', 42, 8, 159660.8,
                  3, 1, 0],
                 [4, 15701354, 'Boni', 699.0, 'France', 'Female', 39, 1, 0.0, 2, 0,
                 0],
                 [5, 15737888, 'Mitchell', 850.0, 'Spain', 'Female', 43, 2,
                 125510.82, 1, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
In [18]:
          x=ct.fit_transform(x)
          #INDEPENDENT VARIABLES
          x[0:5,:]
         array([[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1, 15634602, 'Hargrave', 619.0, 'Female', 42, 2,
Out[18]:
                 0.0, 1, 1, 1],
                 [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2, 15647311, 'Hill', 608.0, 'Female', 41, 1,
                  83807.86, 1, 0, 1],
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 3, 15619304, 'Onio', 502.0, 'Female', 42, 8,
                  159660.8, 3, 1, 0],
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 4, 15701354, 'Boni', 699.0, 'Female', 39, 1, 0.0,
                  2, 0, 0],
                 [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 5, 15737888, 'Mitchell', 850.0, 'Female', 43, 2,
                 125510.82, 1, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
In [19]:
          #DEPENDENT VARIABLES
          y[0:5,:]
                                1.0000000e+00],
         array([[1.0134888e+05,
Out[19]:
                [1.1254258e+05, 0.0000000e+00],
                [1.1393157e+05, 1.0000000e+00],
                [9.3826630e+04,
                                  0.0000000e+00],
                [7.9084100e+04, 0.0000000e+00]])
        9. Scale the independent variables
```

```
In [20]: sc= StandardScaler()
    x[:,8:12]=sc.fit_transform(x[:,8:12])
    x[0:5,:]
In [21]:
```

Out[20]:

```
742289674765, -1.041759679225302, -1.2258476714090163,
array([[
1.0,
                 -0.911583494040172, 1, 1],
0.0,
               [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2, 15647311, 'Hill', 608.0, 'Female',
0.0, 1,
                0.19816383219544578, -1.387537586562431, 0.11735002143511637,
15634602
                 -0.911583494040172, 0, 1],
               [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 3, 15619304, 'Onio', 502.0, 'Female',
'Hargrav
                0.29351742289674765, 1.0329077647974714, 1.333053345722891,
e',
                 2.5270566192762067, 1, 0],
619.0,
               [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 4, 15701354, 'Boni', 699.0, 'Female',
'Female'
                 0.007456650792842043, -1.387537586562431, -1.2258476714090163,
                 0.8077365626180174, 0, 0],
                [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 5, 15737888, 'Mitchell', 850.0, 'Female',
        2
                 0.3888710135980495, -1.041759679225302, 0.7857278997960621,
        9
                 -0.911583494040172, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
        3
```

⁵₁10. Split the data into training and testing

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3, random_state=

```
In [22]: | x_train
          array([[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, ..., 0.8077365626180174, 1, 1],
Out[22]:
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, \ldots, 0.8077365626180174, 1, 0],
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, \ldots, -0.911583494040172, 0, 1],
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, \ldots, 0.8077365626180174, 1, 0],
                 [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, \ldots, 0.8077365626180174, 1, 1],
                 [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 0]], dtype=object)
In [23]:
          x_test
         array([[0.0, 1.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 1],
Out[23]:
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, \dots, -0.911583494040172, 1, 0],
                 [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, \ldots, -0.911583494040172, 1, 1],
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, \ldots, 0.8077365626180174, 1, 1],
                 [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, \ldots, -0.911583494040172, 1, 1],
                 [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, ..., -0.911583494040172, 1, 1]], dtype=object)
In [24]:
          y_train
Out[24]: array([[5.5796830e+04, 1.0000000e+00],
                 [1.9823020e+04, 0.0000000e+00],
                 [1.3848580e+04, 0.0000000e+00],
                 [1.8142987e+05, 0.0000000e+00],
                 [1.4875016e+05,
                                  0.0000000e+00],
                 [1.1885526e+05, 1.0000000e+00]])
In [25]:
          y_test
         array([[1.9285267e+05, 0.0000000e+00],
Out[25]:
                 [1.2870210e+05, 1.0000000e+00],
                 [7.5732250e+04, 0.0000000e+00],
                 ...,
                 [1.6740029e+05,
                                   0.0000000e+00],
                 [7.0849470e+04,
                                 0.0000000e+00],
                 [3.3759410e+04, 1.0000000e+00]])
```