

Date	18 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID03986
Project Name	University Admit Eligibility Predictor

Project Report

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

The aim of this project is to help students in shortlisting universities with their profiles. The predicted output gives them a fair idea about their admission chances in a particular university. This analysis should also help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea.

1.2 Purpose

The students or parents require a way to analyze and list the universities available for their cut-off mark so that the student or parent will be directly benefitted by preparing themselves in par with the university's requirement. This can be implemented using Machine learning, Data analyzing and etc.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing Solution and Problem

[1] **Authors:** S. Sridhar, S. Mootha and S. Kolagati, ..

Title: "A University Admission Prediction System using Stacked Ensemble Learning," 2020

Abstract: For an aspiring graduate student, shortlisting the universities to apply to is a difficult problem. Since an application is extremely dynamic, students often tend to wonder if their profile matches the requirement of a certain university. Moreover, the cost of applying to a university is extremely high making it critical that students shortlist universities based on their profile. A university admission prediction system is quite useful for students to determine their chances of acceptance to a specific university. The system could make use of data related to previous applicants to various universities and their admit or reject status. Earlier models of such prediction systems suffer from several drawbacks such as not considering important parameters like GRE (Graduate Record Exam) scores or research experience. Further, the accuracy reported by earlier models is also not sufficiently high. In this paper, a stacked ensemble model that predicts the chances of admit of a student to a particular university has been proposed. The proposed model takes into consideration various factors related to the student including their research experience, industry experience etc. Further, the system proposed has been evaluated against various other machine learning algorithms including other deep learning methods. It is observed that the proposed model easily outperforms all other models and provides a very high accuracy. **Observation:** An effective method has been proposed to predict the chances of a student being admitted to a specific university. In addition, we have compared the performance of various machine learning algorithms to the proposed method in predicting admits. It is observed that the proposed method provides the best performance with an accuracy of 91%.

[2] **Authors:** S. Fong, Y. -W. Si and R. P. Biuk-Aghai,

Title: "Applying a hybrid model of neural network and decision tree classifier for predicting university admission," .

Abstract: Predicting university admission is a complex decision making process that is more than merely relying on test scores. It is known by researchers that students' backgrounds and other factors correlate to the performance of their tertiary education. This paper proposes a hybrid model of neural network and decision tree classifier that predicts the likelihood of which university a student may enter, by analyzing his academic merits, background and the university admission criteria from that of historical records. Our prototype system was tested with live data from sources of Macau secondary school students. In addition to the high prediction accuracy rate, flexibility is an advantage as the system can predict suitable universities that match the students' profiles and the suitable channels through which the students are advised to enter. Our model can be generalized with other attributes and perform faster when compared to using a neural network alone.

Observation : A hybrid model upon which the Recommender System of Admission to University (RSAU) prototype is built. It analyses secondary school pupils' data from numerous sources to forecast their prospects of admission to institutions. It assists secondary school administrators, instructors, and senior secondary students in making recommendations to universities.

References

[1] S. Sridhar, S. Mootha and S. Kolagati, "A University Admission Prediction System using Stacked Ensemble Learning," 2020 Advanced Computing and Communication Technologies for High Performance Applications (ACCTHPA), 2020, pp. 162-167, doi: 10.1109/ACCTHPA49271.2020.9213205.

[2] S. Fong, Y. -W. Si and R. P. Biuk-Aghai, "Applying a hybrid model of neural network and decision tree classifier for predicting university admission," 2009 7th International Conference on Information, Communications and Signal Processing (ICICS), 2009, pp. 1-5, doi: 10.1109/ICICS.2009.5397665

[3] Ahammad, Khalil & Chakraborty, Partha & Akter, Evana & Fomey, Umme & Rahman, Saifur. (2021). A Comparative Study of Different Machine Learning Techniques to Predict the Result of an Individual Student Using Previous Performances. International Journal of Computer Science and Information Security,. 19. 5-10. 10.5281/zenodo.4533374.

2.2 Problem Statement Definition

Students are often worried about their chances of admission to University. The aim of this project is to help students in short listing universities with their profiles. The predicted output gives them a fair idea about their admission chances in a particular university. This analysis should also help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea .The students or parents require a way to analyze and list the universities available for their cut-off mark so that the student or parent will be directly benefitted by preparing themselves in par with the university's requirement. This can be implemented using Machine learning, Data analyzing and etc.

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming

Brainstorming

Sathya Prakash

Get a high SAT/ACT score	Predicting the CGPA
In this case use a Random Forest to make predictions.Find optimum parameters and record metrics	voids data redundancy and inconsistency
The system will be users from any location as they have an internet connection	using classification algorithm

Sandeep V

Predicting using K-means Clustering	To ease of making better choices of college before allotment
Analysing the GRE score	Using Classification algorithm
very userfriendly	Using the SVM

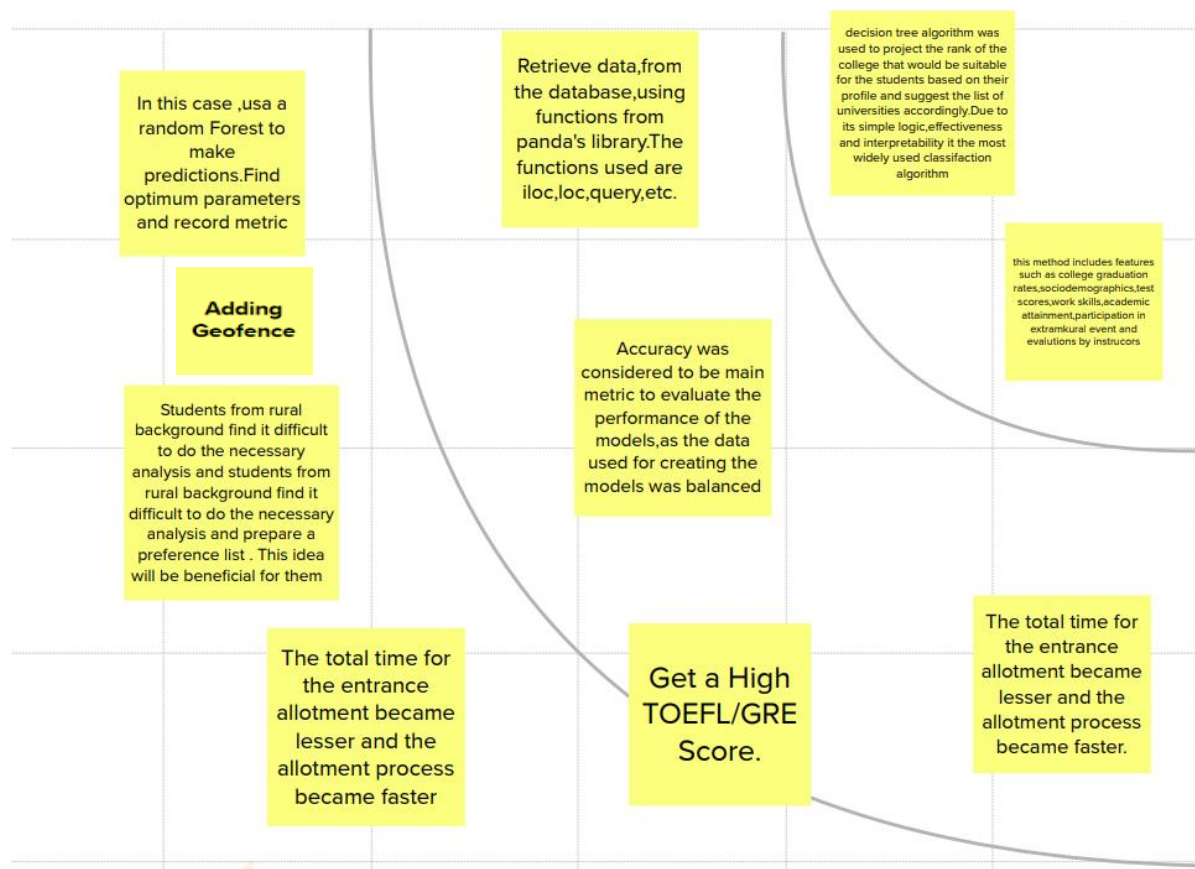
Sibi

The main idea of the project is to computerization of entrance	Using Classification Algorithm
It is fast,efficient and reliable	Predicting their CGPA
Technique to prepare a user data analysis performance list based on the user's input.The performance list varies depending on user input	Analysing the GRE score

Adithya Subramani

Using classification Algorithm	Using the TOEFL score analysis
voids data redundancy and inconsistency	Using the SVM
Analysing the GRE score	Predicting using K-means clustering

Ideation Prioritization



3.3 Proposed Solution

4.

S.No	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	The <u>students or parents</u> require a way to <u>analyse and list the universities</u> available for their cut-off mark so that <u>the student or parent will be directly benefitted by</u> preparing themselves in par with the university's requirement.
2.	Idea / Solution description	A website is created where the users can login and give their details as input. Based on the data collected, universities above the ranking, universities on their range and below the range are displayed. Apart from that, data such as scholarships, accommodations, and cost of living are also displayed.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	University and User Login. Universities can upload what are their requirement from students. Mock tests scores are uploaded and based on which the predicted university list is given. A checkbox to add a university to preference and a drop box to select the why they prefer.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	Better performance of students are expected based on the results due to mock tests. Anxiety and Stress levels are reduced amidst users.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Subscription based model. Revenue from marketing.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	The solution proposed can be used by parents as well as students to know their cadre. Apart from this, universities can also make use of this website to know how many students are preferring the universities based on what criteria. Hence the scalability of the solution is high and widespread.

4.1 Problem Solution fit

Problem-Solution fit canvas 2.0

University Admission Predictor

Define CS, fit into CC	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Student Community Universities Parents 	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS CC <p>Students:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cut-off mark criteria unknown University Requirements unknown <p>Parents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cost of living, tuition fee budget Details about the locality <p>University:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Why students do & do not prefer What are the factors that hold back students from applying What are required to enable students apply to universities 	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS <p>Websites:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unclassified data No proper tier/ ranking is given Inaccurate/ Misleading information on websites Limited number of searches <p>Counselling Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expensive Might not get into preferred universities 	Explore AS, differentiate
	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data acquisition Accuracy Maintenance Security and Privacy handling Verification of acquired details Query handling 	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE RC <p>The students or parents require a way to analyse and list the universities available for their cut-off mark so that the student or parent will be directly benefitted by preparing themselves in par with the university's requirement.</p>	7. BEHAVIOUR BE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Look out for websites with accurate and elaborate details Compare various details and cross verify Give several data as input and improve their search results Ask queries and look out for immediate response Privacy and Security of the website is ensured 	
Identify strong TR & EM	3. TRIGGERS TR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acceptance rate Feedback and reviews Preferred suggestions 	10. YOUR SOLUTION SL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A website is created where the users can login and give their details as input. Based on the data collected, universities above the ranking, universities on their range and below the range are displayed. Apart from that, data such as scholarships, accommodations, and cost of living are also displayed. University and User Login. Universities can upload what are their requirement from students. Mock tests scores are uploaded and based on which the predicted university list is given. A checkbox to add a university to preference and a drop box to select the why they prefer. 	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR CH <p>8.1 ONLINE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review and Feedback Choice of preference 	Extract online & offline CH of BE
	4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER EM <p>Before</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anxious & Nervous Fear of failure <p>After</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confident Clear about career prospect 		<p>8.2 OFFLINE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Peer discussions Real-time user experience 	

5. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

6.1.Functional Requirements

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail Registration through LinkedIn
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	User Details	GRE or/and TOEFL Score Sheet Curriculum Vitae (CV)
FR-4	User Requirements	Upload all the necessary documents in the appropriate location in the website . Based on the uploads, the system would see through all the necessary information . The list of all eligible universities for the candidate would be displayed based on the given information with criteria.

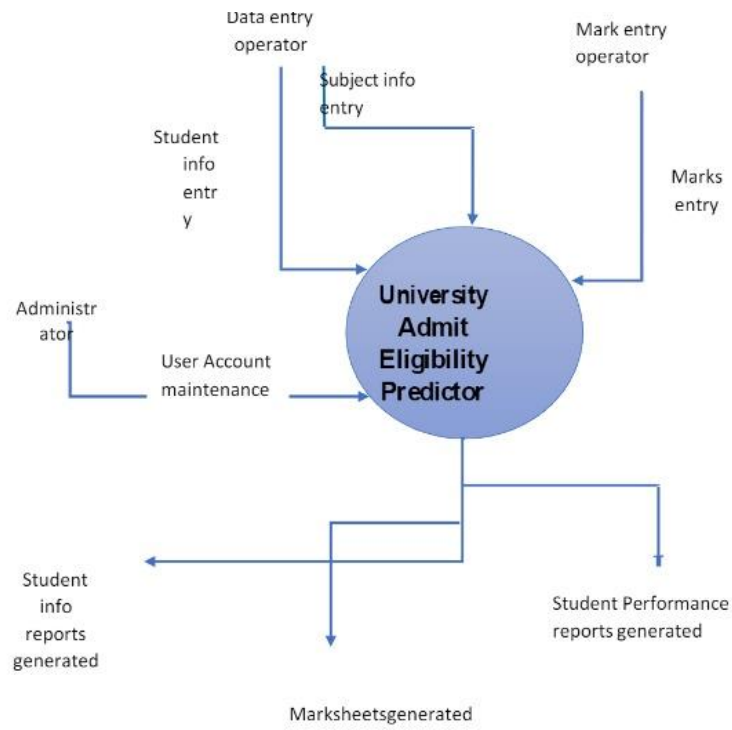
Non-Functional requirements

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	User friendly Easy to use without any prior knowledge More convenient to access and highly efficient in prediction with consuming less time.
NFR-2	Security	Since each user has their own credentials for login, it is more authenticated to access any individual's website. Database is stored and backed up for future use in a more authenticated way.
NFR-3	Reliability	Highly reliable in prediction based on the data provided.

NFR-4	Performance	<p>The website can efficiently handle the traffic by service the request as soon as possible.</p> <p>Viewing this webpage using a 56-kbps modem connection would not exceed 30 seconds (quantitatively, the mean time).</p>
NFR-5	Availability	Fast and efficient
NFR-6	Scalability	<p>Since an academic portal is crucial to the courses that use it, it is crucial that a sizable number of users be able to access the system at the same time.</p> <p>The admission season is probably when the system will be under the most strain.</p> <p>It must therefore be able to manage numerous concurrent users.</p>

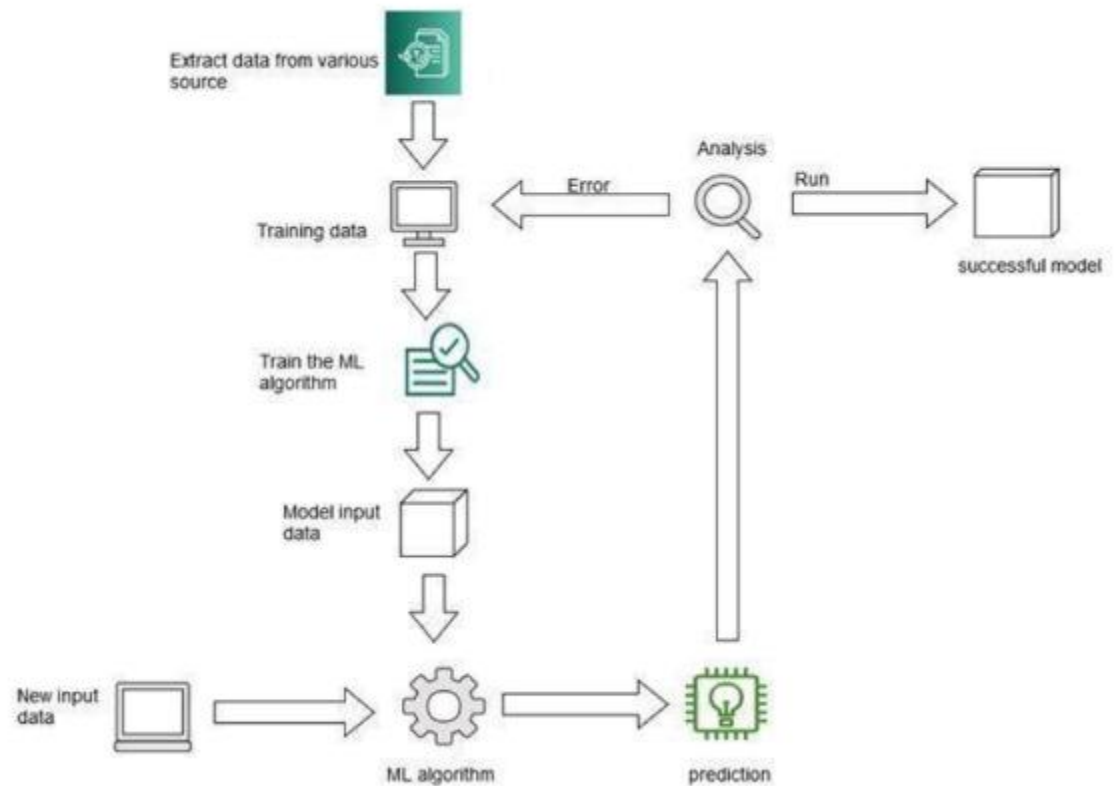
6. PROJECT DESIGN

6.1 Data Flow Diagrams



6.2 Solution & Technical Architecture

➔ Technical Architecture



7. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

7.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

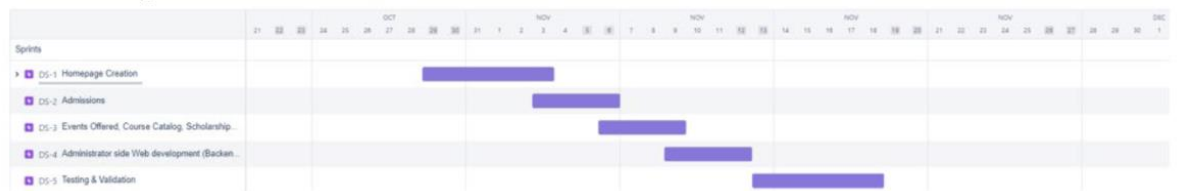
Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	User Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	2
Sprint-1		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	1	High	1
Sprint-2		USN-3	As a user, I can check the eligibility criteria for various universities by uploading the necessary documents	2	Low	2
Sprint-3		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the desired university through Gmail and can also upload further course completion documents if necessary.	2	Medium	2
Sprint-4	User Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	1	High	2
	Dashboard		Check dashboard for further updates and upload the details according to the desired and eligible universities based on the eligibility criteria.			4

7.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	30 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	06 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	15	13 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	25	20 Nov 2022

7.3 Reports from JIRA

➔ RoadMap



VII. CODING & SOLUTIONING:

7.1 Feature 1

HOME.HTML

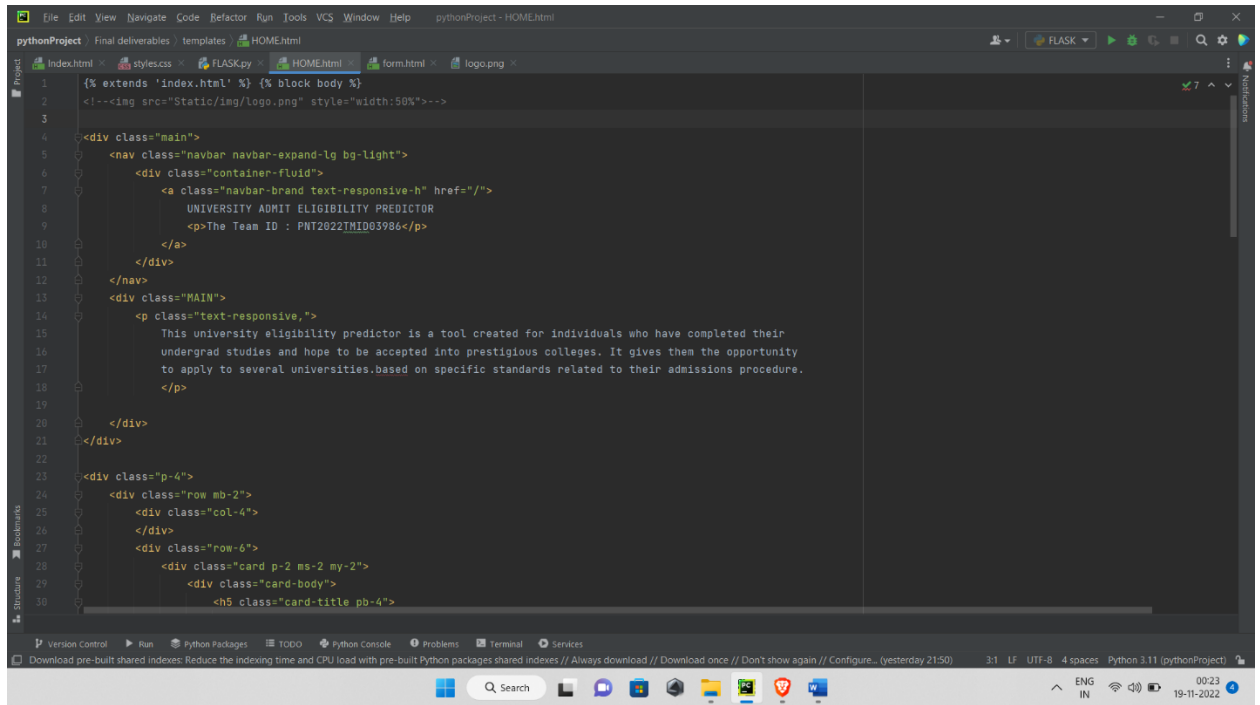
UNIVERSITY ADMIT ELIGIBILITY PREDICTOR
The Team ID : PNT2022TMID03986

This university eligibility predictor is a tool created for individuals who have completed their undergrad studies and hope to be accepted into prestigious colleges. It gives them the opportunity to apply to several universities based on specific standards related to their admissions procedure.

Enter the details

GRE Score:	<input type="text" value="250 to 340"/>
TOFEL Score:	<input type="text" value="50 to 120"/>
University Rating:	<input type="text" value="1 to 5"/>
SOP:	<input type="text" value="1 to 5"/>
LOR:	<input type="text" value="1 to 5"/>
CGPA:	<input type="text" value="5 to 10"/>
Research:	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No

[Predict](#)



CHANGE.HTML

```

{% extends 'index.html' %} {% block body %}

<div class="container text-center p-4">
  <div class="d-flex justify-content-center">
    <div class="card" style="width: 34rem;">
      <div class="card-body">
        <h5 class="card-title">Congratulations!</h5>
        <p class="card-text">Yay!The predicted that you, have a chance to</p>
        <p> Eligibility Score:<strong>{{content[0]}}%</strong> </p>
        <a href="/home" class="btn btn-primary">Go Back</a>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

{% endblock %}

```

NO_CHANGE.HTML

```
{% extends 'index.html' %} {% block body %}

<div class="container text-center p-4">
  <div class="d-flex justify-content-center">
    <div class="card" style="...">
      <div class="card-body">
        <h5 class="card-title">Sorry</h5>
        <p class="card-text">Oops!The predicted that you don't have a chance</p>
        <p>Eligibility Score:<strong>{{content[0]}}%</strong> </p>
        <a href="/home" class="btn btn-primary">Go Back</a>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

{% endblock %}
```

7.2 Feature 2

FLASK.PY

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, redirect, url_for, request
import requests

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route("/", methods = ['POST', 'GET'])
def index():
    if request.method == 'POST':
        arr = []
        for i in request.form:
            val = request.form[i]
            if val == '':
                return redirect(url_for("demo2"))
            arr.append(float(val))

        # deepcode ignore HardcodedNonCryptoSecret: <please specify a reason of ignoring this>
        API_KEY = "p3XD14tjSty0xyGahaid6R-k4Xj80PyPNj8EZbvh-VEz"
        token_response = requests.post('https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token', data={
            "apikey": API_KEY,
            "grant_type": 'urn:ibm:params:oauth:grant-type:apikey'
        })
        mltoken = token_response.json()["access_token"]
        header = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken}
        payload_scoring = {
            "input_data": [{"fields": [
                'GRE Score',
                'TOEFL Score',
                'University Rating',
                'SOP',
                'LOR ',
                'CGPA',
                'Research'
            ],
                "values": [arr]
            }]
        }

        response_scoring = requests.post(
            'https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.com/ml/v4/deployments/0697fb8e-81ce-4654-b73b-1a54187edc97/predictions?version=2022-11-16',
            json=payload_scoring,
            headers=header
        ).json()

        result = response_scoring['predictions'][0]['values']

        if result[0][0] > 0.5:
            return redirect(url_for('chance', percent=result[0][0]*100))
        else:
            return redirect(url_for('no_chance', percent=result[0][0]*100))
    else:
        return redirect(url_for("demo2"))

@app.route("/home")
def demo2():
    return render_template("HOME.html")

@app.route("/chance/<percent>")
def chance(percent):
    return render_template("Chance.html", content=[percent])

@app.route("/nochance/<percent>")
def no_chance(percent):
    return render_template("No_Chance.html", content=[percent])

@app.route('/<path:path>')
```

OUTPUT

Congratulations!

Yay!The model has predicted that you have a chance

Eligibility Score:**100%**

[Go Back](#)

Sorry

Oops!The predicted that you don't have a chance

Eligibility Score:**43%**

[Go Back](#)

8. TESTING: 8.1 Test Cases

Test case ID	Feature Type	Component	Test Scenario	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status
LoginPage-1	UI	Index	Verify the UI elements in home page	1.Enter URL and click go 2.Enter the Scores 3.Click the Submit button	http://127.0.0.1:5000/home	Working as expected	e Working as expected	pass
LoginPage-2	Functional	Change	Verifying whether the student is eligible for admission	1.As per the Entered Model Value. 2.Getting above 50%. 3.You have a Chance will get displayed	http://127.0.0.1:5000/chance/100	Working as expected	e Working as expected	pass
LoginPage-3	Functional	No_ Change	Verifying whether the student does not have a chance of admission	1.As per the Entered Model Value. 2.Getting below 50% 3.You have a Low/No_chance will get displayed	http://127.0.0.1:5000/nochance/43	Working as expected	e Working as expected	pass

8.2 User Acceptance Testing

The purpose of User Acceptance Testing is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the University Admit Eligibility Predictor project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).


8.2.1 Defect Analysis

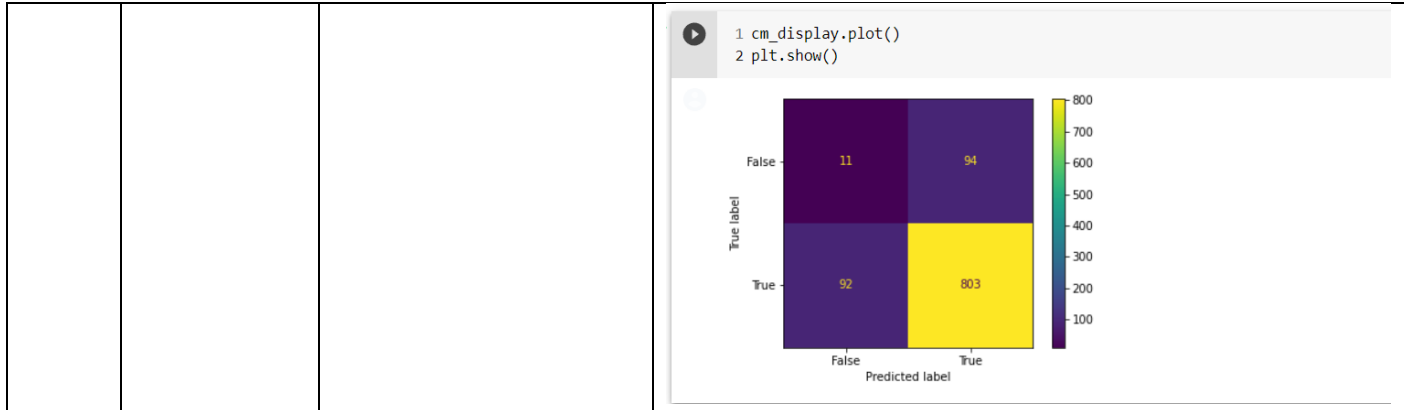
This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	10	4	2	3	20
Duplicate	1	0	3	0	4
External	2	3	0	1	6
Fixed	11	2	4	20	37
Not Reproduced	0	0	1	0	1
Skipped	0	0	1	1	2
Won't Fix	0	5	2	1	8
Totals	24	14	13	26	77

IX. RESULTS:

9.1 Performance Metrics

S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot
1	Metrics	Regression Model: MAE - , 0.043439 MSE - , 0.04553 RMSE – 0.208421 , R2 score -1.721914 Classification Model: Confusion Matrix -	 <pre> 1 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score 2 mse = mean_squared_error(pred_test,y_test) [46] 1 mse 0.04343948307037304 [47] 1 rmse = np.sqrt(mse) [48] 1 rmse 0.20842140741865514 [49] 1 r2_score(pred_test, y_test) -1.7219142877527633 [50] 1 from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error 2 mean_absolute_error(pred_test, y_test) 0.19366109649847524 </pre>



X. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

Advantages

- It helps student for making decision for choosing a right college.
- Here the chance of occurrence of error is less when compared with the existing system.
- It is fast, efficient and reliable.
- Avoids data redundancy and inconsistency.
- Very user-friendly.
- Easy accessibility of data.

DisAdvantages:

- Required active internet connection.
- System will provide inaccurate results if data entered incorrectly.

XI. CONCLUSION

Thus it is concluded that our model provides a robust prediction score with Multiple Linear Regression Algorithm & users are able to predict the scores what they expected. User experience of the website is a simple one to use & puts the user at ease to utilize the feature.

XII. FUTURE SCOPE

We intend to enhance the user experience by adding the details of every universities so that the user can get to know the culture of the place, alumni reviews, rating of the

universities etc.

XIII. APPENDIX

Github: <https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-27453-1660056745>

DEMO LINK: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1pzqJWPqrmJXCMO6FDmZVXbMc4-n5kJiT/view?usp=share_link