```
In [52]:
          # 1
                 split this stri
In [2]: #1 split this string
         s="hi there sam!"
         h=s.split()
         print(h);
         ['hi', 'there', 'sam!']
In [ ]: # 2 use. format() to print the following string
In [40]:
               #the diameter of earth is 1274 2 kilometers
In [41]:
         planet="earth"
         diameter=12742
         print('the diameter of {} is {} killometers.'. format(planet, diameter));
         the diameter of earth is 12742 killometers.
In [11]: #3 in this nested dictionary grab the word "hello".
         d={'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
         d={'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
         print(d['k1'][3]["tricky"][3]['target'][3])
         hello
         #4a)array of 10 zeros
In [84]:
         import numpy as np
         array=np.zeros(10)*2
         print("an array of 10 zero")
         print(array)
         an array of 10 zero
         In [87]: | #4b) array(10)*5
         import numpy as np
         array=np.ones(10)*5
         print("an array of 10 five")
         print(array)
         an array of 10 five
         [5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.]
In [59]: #5)arrray of all the even integer from 20 to 35")
         import numpy as np
         array=np.arange(20,35)
         print("array of all the even integers from 20 to 35")
         print(array)
         array of all the even integers from 20 to 35
         [20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34]
In [70]: | #6)3x3 matrix
         import numpy as np
         array_2D=np.identity(3)
         print('3*3 matrix:')
         print(array_2D)
```

```
3*3 matrix:
            [[1. 0. 0.]
             [0. 1. 0.]
             [0. 0. 1.]]
  In [38]: #7)concatenation
            import numpy as np
             a=np.array([1,2,3])
             b=np.array ([4,5,6])
             c=a+b, a*b, a-b
            print(c)
            (array([5, 7, 9]), array([ 4, 10, 18]), array([-3, -3, -3]))
  In [28]: #8 Creating Dataframe from Lists
            # Import pandas library
             import pandas as pd
            # initialize list elements
            data = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60]
            # Create the pandas DataFrame with column name is provided explicitly
            df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=['Numbers'])
            # print dataframe.
             df
               Numbers
  Out[28]:
            0
                    10
            1
                    20
            2
                    30
            3
                    40
            4
                    50
            5
                    60
  In [74]:
            #9 generate the series of dates from 1st 2023,1,1. to 2023-10-2
             import timedelta, data
             def daterange(date1, date2);
             for n if in_rang(int((date2-date).days)+1):
                 yield date1+timedelta(n)
                start_dt=date(2023-1-1)
                 end_dt=date=date(2023-10-2)
                 for dt in daterange(start_dt,end_dt);
                 print9dt.strftime("yy-%m-%d")
              File <tokenize>:6
                 start_dt=date(2023-1-1)
            IndentationError: unindent does not match any outer indentation level
   In [ ]:
  In [19]: #10)create 2d list to data frame
             import pandas as pd
            lst=[[1, 'aaa', 22], [2, 'bbb', 25], [3, 'ccc', 24]]
Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js
```

```
# creating df object with columns specified
df=pd.DataFrame(lst, columns =['FName', 'LName', 'Age'], dtype =float )
print(df)

FName LName Age
0 1.0 aaa 22.0
1 2.0 bbb 25.0
2 3.0 ccc 24.0
```

C:\Users\GANESH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_6748\3116688088.py:8: FutureWarning: Could not cast to float64, falling back to object. This behavior is deprecated. In a future ve rsion, when a dtype is passed to 'DataFrame', either all columns will be cast to that dt ype, or a TypeError will be raised.

df=pd.DataFrame(lst, columns =['FName', 'LName', 'Age'], dtype =float )

In [ ]: