Problem Statement:

IoT-Based Signs with Smart Connectivity for better Road Safety

Domain:

Internet of Things

Assignment 1:

Smart home with at least two sensors and led, buzzer in TinkerCad

Ву,

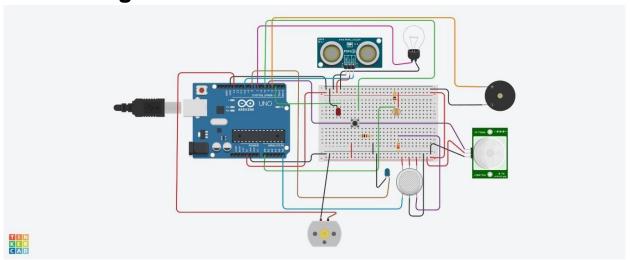
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Link:

https://www.tinkercad.com/things/3Z1BzRZ4jH3-magnificent-juttuli-jofo/editel?tenant=circuits

Circuit diagram:



Arduino Uno Code:

```
const int pingPin = 10;
const int ledUS = 2;
const int light = 7;
const int pir = 4;
#define photoSensor A0
#define buzzer 3 int const
PINO_SGAS = A5; int
const ledGas = 8; int const
button = 5; int const
motor = 13; void setup()
{
 pinMode(ledUS, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(light, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
pinMode(ledGas, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(motor, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(pir, INPUT);
```

```
pinMode(button, INPUT);
pinMode(photoSensor, INPUT);
Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
{
long duration, cm; int valLight = analogRead(photoSensor);
int valPIR=
digitalRead(pir);
int valGAS = analogRead(PINO_SGAS);
valGAS = map(valGAS, 300, 750, 0, 100); int
valBt = digitalRead(button);
pinMode(pingPin, OUTPUT);
digitalWrite(pingPin, LOW);
delayMicroseconds(2); digitalWrite(pingPin,
HIGH); delayMicroseconds(5);
digitalWrite(pingPin, LOW);
pinMode(pingPin, INPUT); duration =
pulseIn(pingPin, HIGH); cm =
microsecondsToCentimeters(duration); if(cm
< 336){ digitalWrite(ledUS, HIGH);
}else{ digitalWrite(ledUS,
 LOW);
}
if(valLight < 890){
 digitalWrite(light, HIGH);
}else{ digitalWrite(light,
 LOW);
```

```
}
if(valPIR == 1){ digitalWrite(buzzer,
  HIGH);
}else{ digitalWrite(buzzer,
  LOW);
}
if(valBt == 1){
  digitalWrite(motor, HIGH);
 }else{ digitalWrite(motor,
  LOW);
}
if(valGAS > 20){
  digitalWrite(ledGas, HIGH);
}else{ digitalWrite(ledGas,
  LOW);
}
Serial.print(valPIR);
Serial.println();
}
long microsecondsToCentimeters(long microseconds) {
 return microseconds / 29 / 2;
}
```