EXCEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING(AUTONOMOUS)

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING.

WEB PHISHING DETECTION (ASSIGNMENT 2)

DATE : 26-09-2022

PROBLEM: PERFORM TASKS ACCORDINGLY

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OUTPUT:

SCREENSHOTS:

1.Download the Dataset

2.Load the dataset

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn

Matplotlib is building the font cache; this may take a moment.

In [2]: data = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\hariharan\Downloads\(IBM-Assignment-2)\Churn_Modelling.csv")
```

3.Perform below visualizations

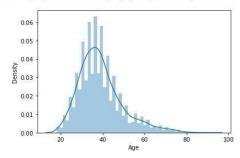
Univariate analysis

In [3]: sns.distplot(data['Age'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be re moved in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

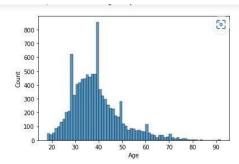
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[3]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Density'>



In [4]: sns.histplot(data['Age'])

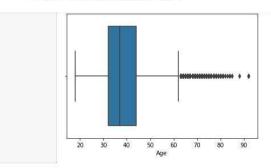
Out[4]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Count'>



In [5]: sns.boxplot(data['Age'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will r esult in an error or misinterpretation.
warnings.warn(

Out[5]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age'>



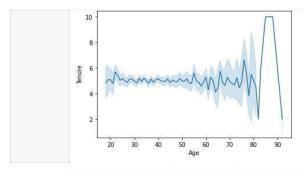
Bi-Variate Analysis

In [6]: sns.lineplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword wil 1 result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[6]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>

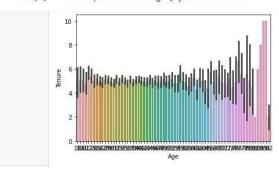


In [7]: sns.barplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword wil 1 result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[7]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>

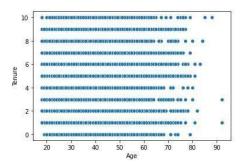


In [8]: sns.scatterplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword wil 1 result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>



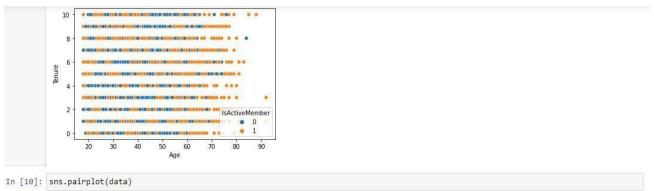
Multi-Variate Analysis

In [9]: sns.scatterplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'], hue=data['IsActiveMember'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

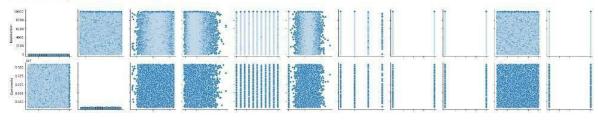
warnings.warn(

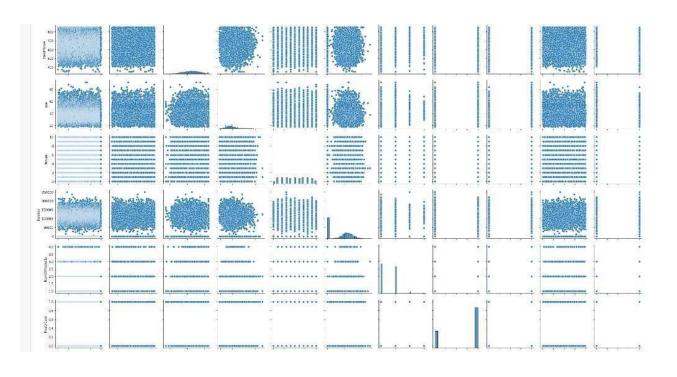
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>

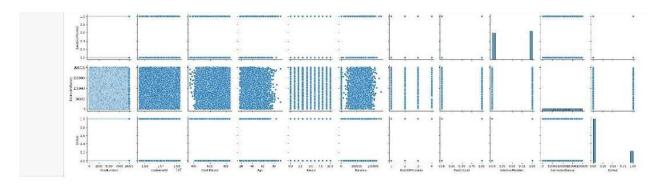












4.Perform the descriptive statistics on the dataset

In [11]: data.mean()

C:\Users\hariharan\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_4496\531903386.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame r eductions (with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns b efore calling the reduction.

Out[11]: RowNumber

5.000500e+03 CustomerId 1.569094e+07 CreditScore 6.505288e+02 3.892180e+01 Age 5.012800e+00 Balance 7.648589e+04 NumOfProducts 1.530200e+00 HasCrCard 7.055000e-01 IsActiveMember 5.151000e-01 EstimatedSalary 1.000902e+05 Exited 2.037000e-01 dtype: float64

In [12]: data.median()

C:\Users\hariharan\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_4496\4184645713.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction. data.median()

Out[12]: RowNumber

5.000500e+03 CustomerId 1.569074e+07 CreditScore 6.520000e+02 Age Tenure 3.7000000+01 5.000000e+00 Balance 9.719854e+04 NumOfProducts 1.000000e+00 HasCrCard 1.000000e+00 IsActiveMember 1.000000e+00 EstimatedSalary Exited 0.000000e+00 dtype: float64

| : | RowNumber | Customerld | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | Estimated Sala |
|------|-----------|------------|---------|-------------|-----------|--------|------|--------|---------|---------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| 0 | 1 | 15565701 | Smith | 850.0 | France | Male | 37.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1,0 | 24924.9 |
| 1 | 2 | 15565706 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 2 | 3 | 15565714 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 3 | 4 | 15565779 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 4 | 5 | 15565796 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 242 | 444 | | 440 | 200 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 100 | (222) | 24 | 34. | | | |
| 9995 | 9996 | 15815628 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 9996 | 9997 | 15815645 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 9997 | 9998 | 15815656 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 9998 | 9999 | 15815660 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |
| 9999 | 10000 | 15815690 | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | NaN | Na |

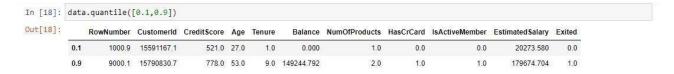
5. Handle the missing values

```
In [14]: data.isnull().any()
Out[14]: RowNumber
                               False
          CustomerId
                               False
          Surname
                               False
          CreditScore
                               False
          Geography
                               False
          Gender
                               False
          Age
Tenure
                               False
                               False
          Balance
                               False
          NumOfProducts
HasCrCard
IsActiveMember
                               False
                               False
                               False
          EstimatedSalary
          Exited
                               False
          dtype: bool
In [15]: data.isnull().sum()
Out[15]: RowNumber
          CustomerId
          Surname
CreditScore
          Geography
Gender
          Age
Tenure
                               0
           Balance
                               0
          NumOfProducts
HasCrCard
IsActiveMember
           EstimatedSalary
           Exited
          dtype: int64
```

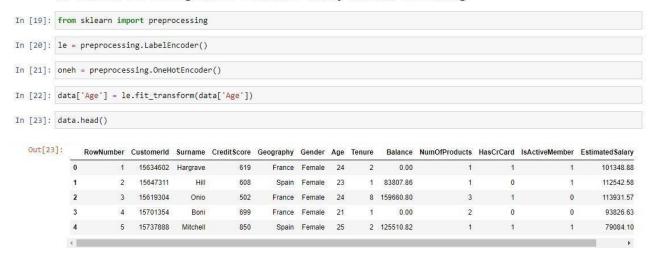
There are no missing values

6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

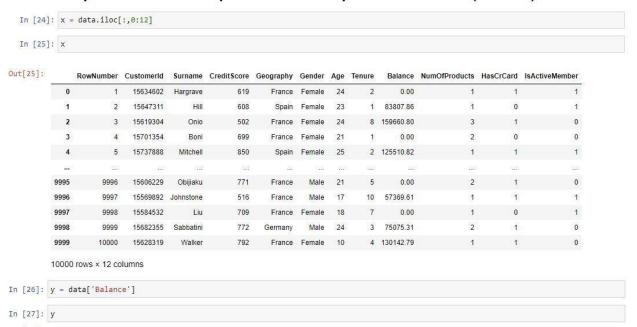
| | RowNumber | Customerid | CreditScore | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | Estimated Salary | Exited |
|-----|------------|------------|-------------|------|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|--------|
| 1 | 1000.9 | 15591167.1 | 521.0 | 27.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20273.58 | 0.0 |
| ata | .quantile(| [0.1,0.5]) | | | | | | | | | |
| | RowNumber | Customerld | CreditScore | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | Estimated Salary | Exited |
| 0.1 | 1000.9 | 15591167.1 | 521.0 | 27.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20273.580 | 0.0 |
| 0.5 | 5000.5 | 15690738.0 | 652.0 | 27.0 | F.0 | 97198.54 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 100193.915 | 0.0 |



7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding



8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables (X and Y)



```
Out[27]: 0
                     0.00
                 83807.86
         1
                159660.80
         2
         4
                125510.82
                  0.00
         9995
         9996
                 57369.61
         9997
                     0.00
                75075.31
         9999
                130142.79
         Name: Balance, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
```

9. Scale the independent variables

10. Split the data into train and test

```
In [10]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
In [11]: x_train
Out[11]: array([[ 0.92889885],
                 [ 1.39655257],
[-0.4532777 ],
                 [-0.60119484],
                  [ 1.67853045],
                  [-0.78548505]])
In [12]: x_train.shape
Out[12]: (7000, 1)
In [13]: y_train
Out[13]: 7681
                146193.60
         9031
                      0.00
                160979.68
         3691
         202
                      0.00
         5625
                 143262.04
                 120074.97
         9225
         4859
                 114440.24
         3264
                161274.05
         9845
                      9.99
                 108076.33
         2732
         Name: Balance, Length: 7000, dtype: float64
```