# **EXCEL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING(AUTONOMOUS)**

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### DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING.

WEB PHISHING DETECTION (ASSIGNMENT 2)

**DATE** : 26-09-2022

**PROBLEM:** PERFORM TASKS ACCORDINGLY

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## **OUTPUT:**

## **SCREENSHOTS:**

#### 1.Download the Dataset

#### 2.Load the dataset

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn

Matplotlib is building the font cache; this may take a moment.

In [2]: data = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\hariharan\Downloads\(IBM-Assignment-2)\Churn_Modelling.csv")
```

#### 3.Perform below visualizations

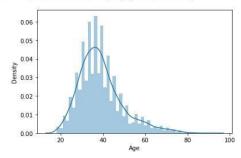
#### Univariate analysis

In [3]: sns.distplot(data['Age'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be re moved in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

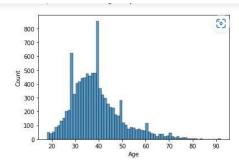
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[3]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Density'>



In [4]: sns.histplot(data['Age'])

Out[4]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Count'>

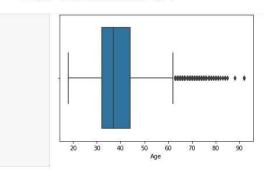


In [5]: sns.boxplot(data['Age'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will r esult in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[5]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age'>

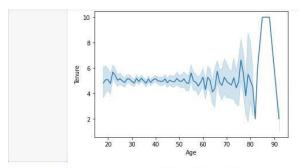


### **Bi-Variate Analysis**

In [6]: sns.lineplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword wil result in an error or misinterpretation. warnings.warn(

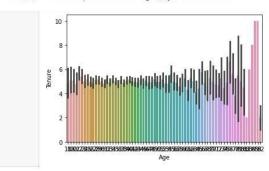
Out[6]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>



In [7]: sns.barplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword wil result in an error or misinterpretation. warnings.warn(

Out[7]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>

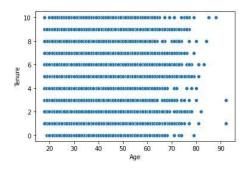


In [8]: sns.scatterplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'])

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>



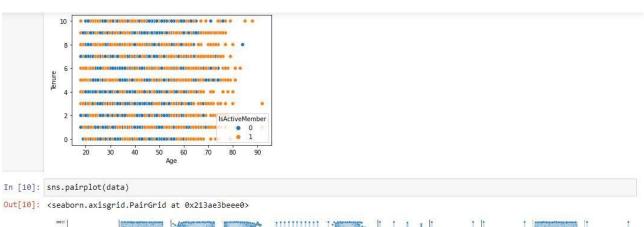
### **Multi-Variate Analysis**

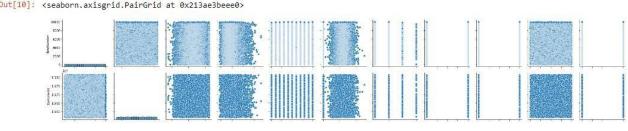
In [9]: sns.scatterplot(data['Age'],data['Tenure'], hue=data['IsActiveMember'])

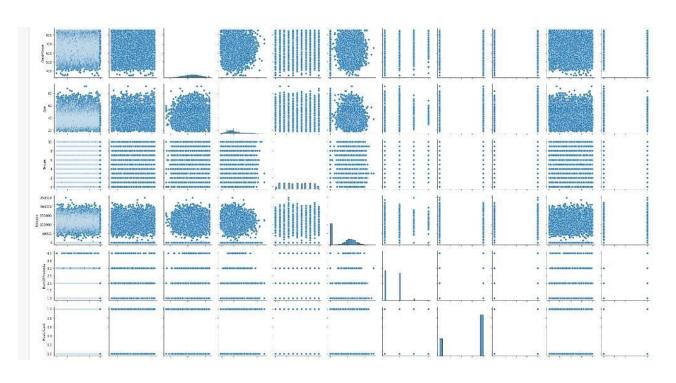
D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. Fr om version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword wil result in an error or misinterpretation.

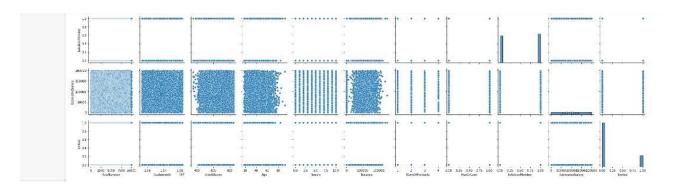
warnings.warn(

Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Tenure'>









### 4.Perform the descriptive statistics on the dataset

#### In [11]: data.mean()

C:\Users\hariharan\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_4496\531903386.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame r eductions (with 'numeric\_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns b efore calling the reduction. data.mean()

#### Out[11]: RowNumber

5.000500e+03 CustomerId 1.569094e+07 CreditScore 6.505288e+02 Age 3.892180e+01 Tenure 5.012800e+00 Balance 7.648589e+04 NumOfProducts 1.530200e+00 HasCrCard 7.055000e-01 IsActiveMember 5.151000e-01 EstimatedSalary 1.000902e+05 2.037000e-01 Exited dtype: float64

#### In [12]: data.median()

C:\Users\hariharan\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_4496\4184645713.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric\_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction. data.median()

#### Out[12]: RowNumber

5.0005000+03 CustomerId 1.569074e+07 CreditScore 6.520000e+02 Age 3.700000e+01 Tenure 5.000000e+00 Balance 9.719854e+04 NumOfProducts 1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00 HasCrCard IsActiveMember 1.000000e+00 EstimatedSalary 1.001939e+05 Exited 0.000000e+00 dtype: float64

]:	RowNumber	Customerid	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	Estimated Sala
C	) 1	15565701	Smith	850.0	France	Male	37.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	24924.
1	2	15565706	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
2	3	15565714	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
3	3 4	15565779	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Na
4	5	15565796	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Na
		***		222	520		1533	***	944	(44)	2504	7500	
9995	9996	15815628	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Na
9996	9997	15815645	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Na
9997	9998	15815656	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Na
9998	9999	15815660	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Na
9999	10000	15815690	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Na

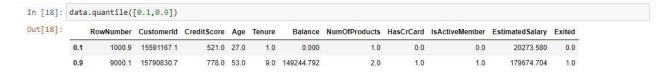
## 5. Handle the missing values

```
In [14]: data.isnull().any()
Out[14]: RowNumber
                            False
         CustomerId
                            False
         CreditScore
                            False
         Geography
Gender
                            False
                            False
         Age
         Tenure
                            False
         Balance
NumOfProducts
                            False
                            False
         HasCrCard
                            False
         IsActiveMember
         EstimatedSalary
                            False
         Exited
                            False
         dtype: bool
In [15]: data.isnull().sum()
Out[15]: RowNumber
         CustomerId
         Surname
         CreditScore
         Geography
Gender
         Age
         Tenure
         Balance
         NumOfProducts
          HasCrCard
         IsActiveMember
         EstimatedSalary
         Exited
         dtype: int64
```

## There are no missing values

## 6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

	RowNumber	Customerld	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	Estimated Salary	Exited
	1000.9	15591167.1	521.0	27.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	20273.58	0.0
ata	a.quantile(	[0.1,0.5])									
	RowNumber	Customerid	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	Estimated Salary	Exited
				210							
0.1	1000.9	15591167.1	521.0	27.0	1.0	0.00	1.0	0.0	0.0	20273.580	0.0



### 7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding



Out[23]:		RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	Estimated Salary
	0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	24	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88
	1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	23	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58
	2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	24	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57
	3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	21	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63
	4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	25	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10
	4													

## 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables (X and Y)

<pre>In [24]: x = data.iloc[:,0:12]</pre>		
In [25]: x		

Out[25]:		RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember
	0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	24	2	0.00	1	1	1
	1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	23	1	83807.86		0	1
	2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	24	8	159660.80	3	1	0
	3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	21	1	0.00	2	0	0
	4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	25	2	125510.82	1	1	1
		Taken 1		102	100	***	1.11		325		222	3.20	3.25
	9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	21	5	0.00	2	1	0
	9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	17	10	57369.61	1	1	1
	9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	18	7	0.00	1	0	1
	9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	24	3	75075.31	2	1	0
	9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	10	4	130142.79	1	1	0

10000 rows x 12 columns

```
In [26]: y = data['Balance']
In [27]: y
```

```
Out[27]: 0
                 83807.86
159660.80
         1
         2
                       0.00
                  125510.82
                   0.00
          9995
          9996
                  57369.61
          9997
                      0.00
                  75075.31
          9999
                 130142.79
          Name: Balance, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
```

### 9. Scale the independent variables

### 10. Split the data into train and test

```
In [10]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
In [11]: x_train
Out[11]: array([[ 0.92889885],
                     1.39655257],
                   [-0.4532777],
                   [-0.60119484],
                   [ 1.67853045],
[-0.78548505]])
In [12]: x_train.shape
Out[12]: (7000, 1)
In [13]: y_train
Out[13]: 7681
                  146193.60
          9031
                        0.00
                  160979.68
          3691
          202
                         0.00
          5625
                   143262.04
                   120074.97
          9225
          4859
                   114440.24
          3264
                  161274.05
          9845
                         9.99
          2732
                   108076.33
          Name: Balance, Length: 7000, dtype: float64
```