

ASSIGNMENT-4

APPLIED DATA SCIENCE

Assignment date	22 October 2022
Student Name	Akash Mukherjee
Student Roll Number	7309730919104008
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook titled "assignment.4" running on a local host. The notebook contains two code cells. The first cell imports pandas and numpy. The second cell reads a CSV file named "Mall_Customers.csv" and displays the first five rows of the data as a table.

Download the dataset

```
In [5]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

Load the dataset

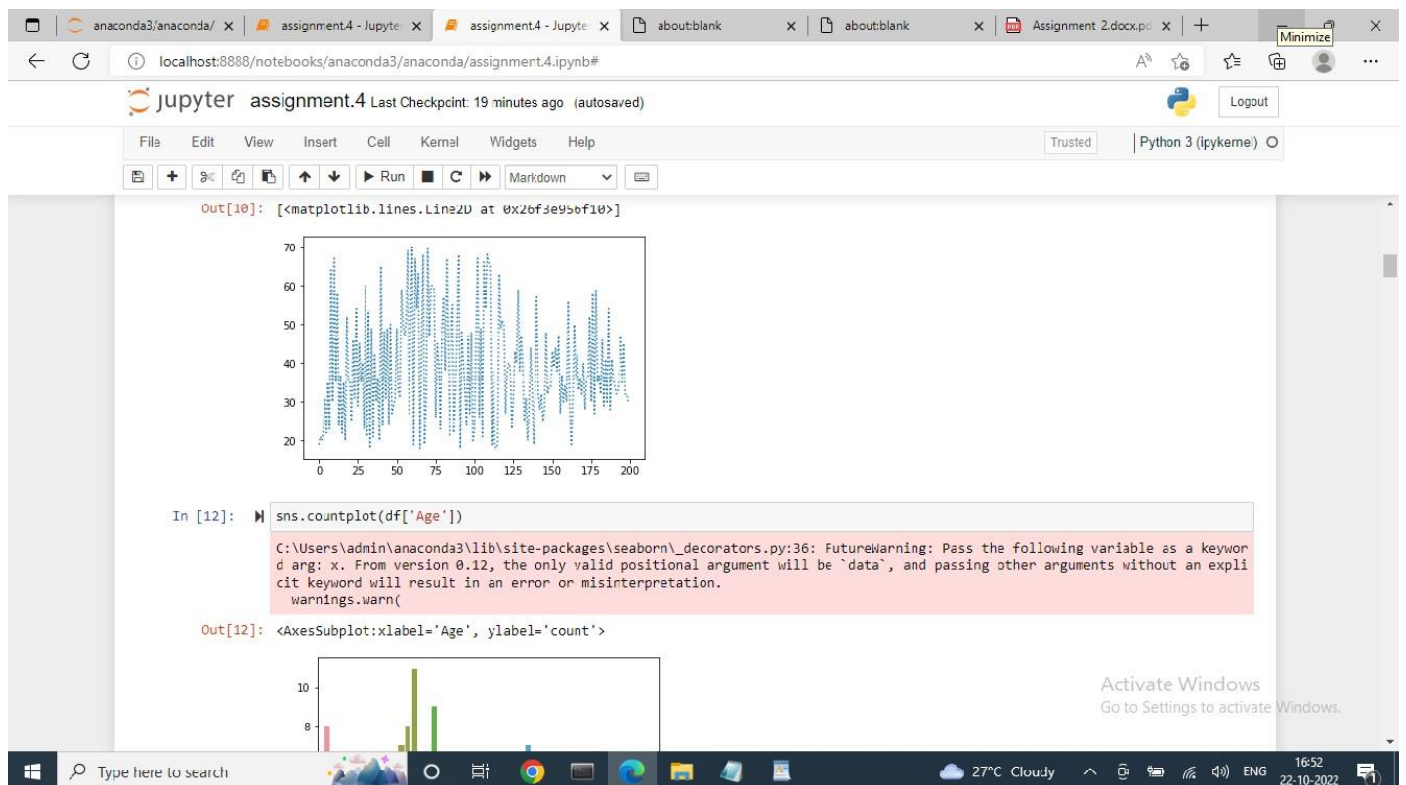
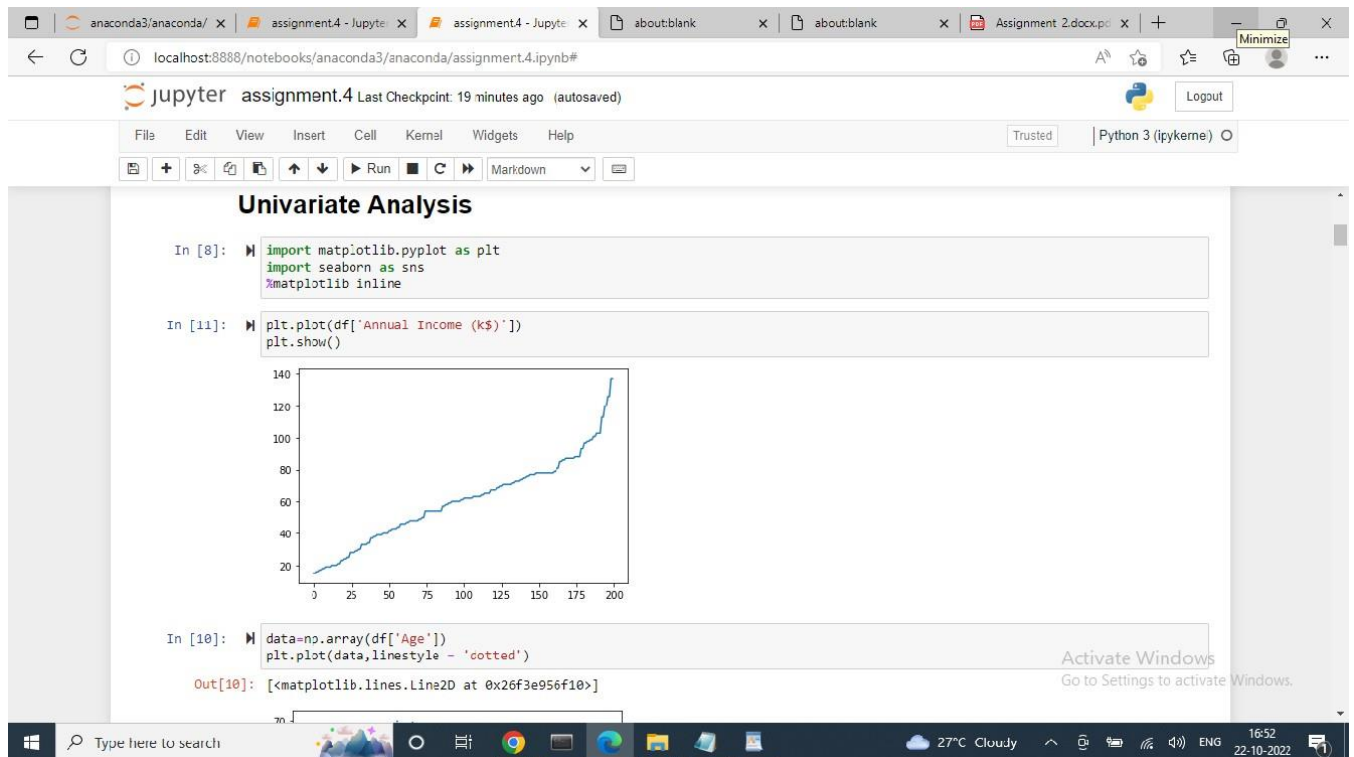
```
In [7]: df=pd.read_csv('Mall_Customers.csv')
df.head()
```

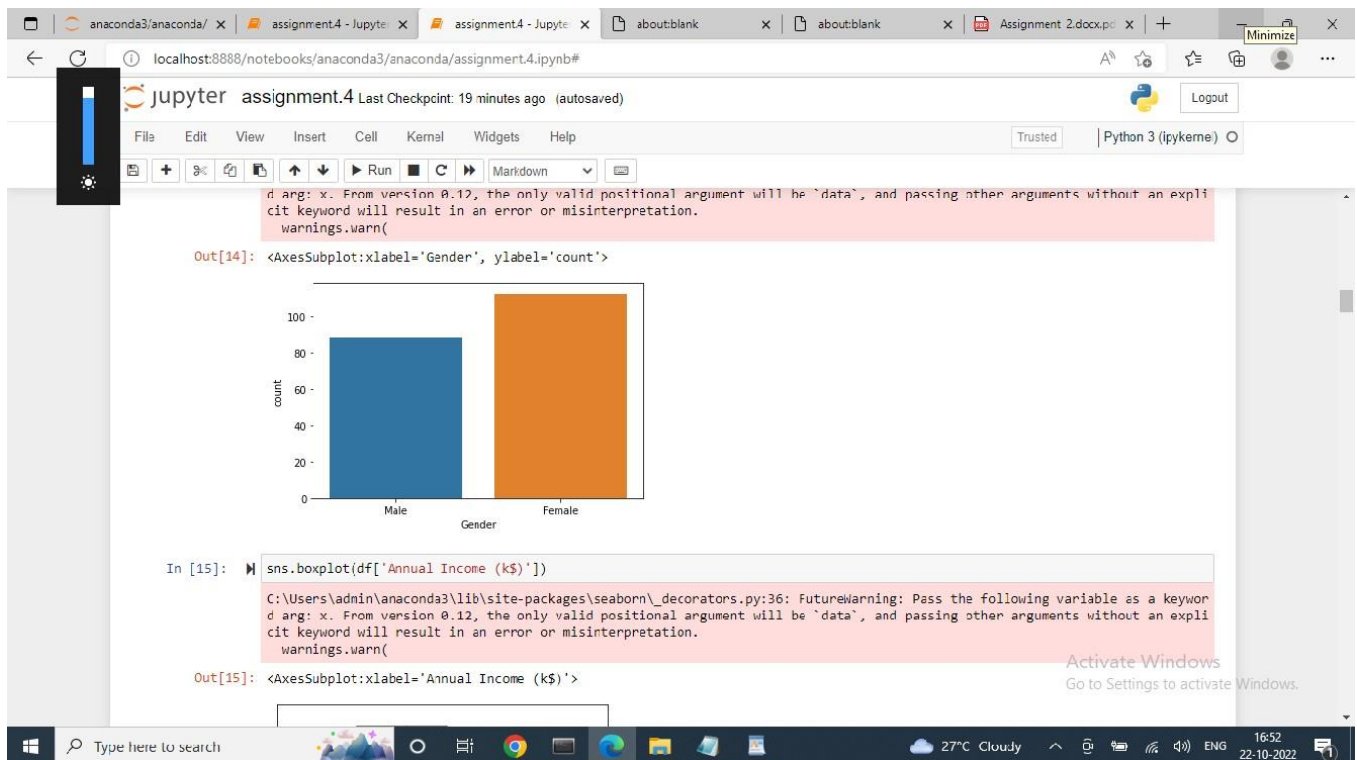
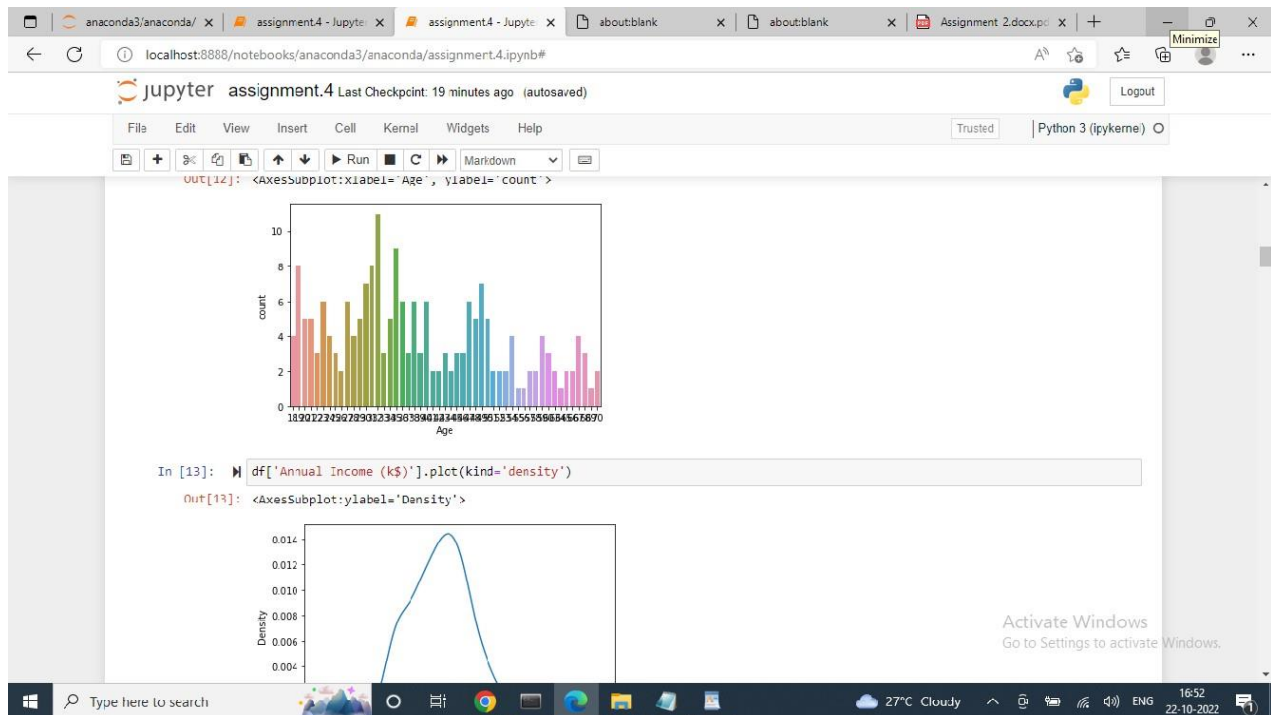
Out[7]:

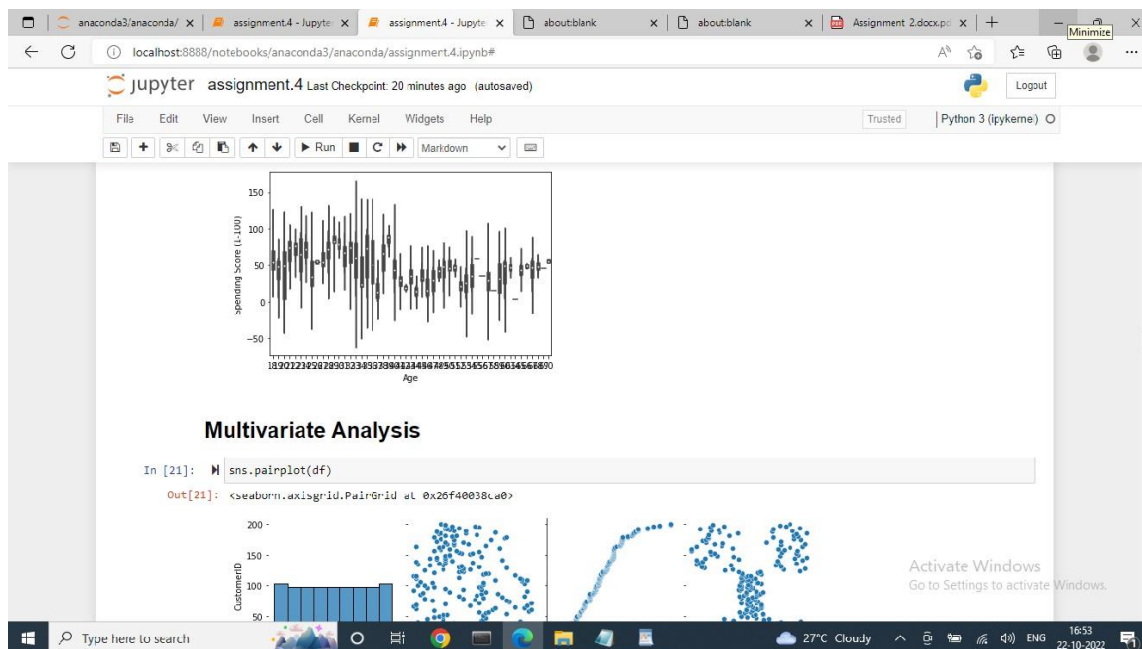
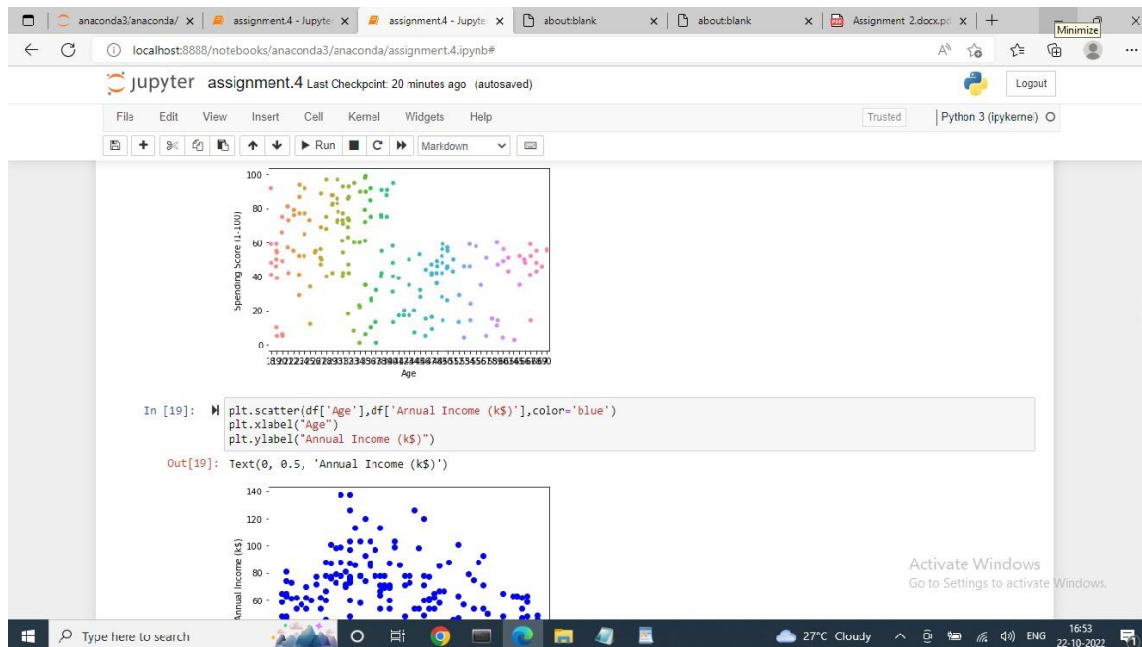
	CustomerID	Gender	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
0	1	Male	19	15	39
1	2	Male	21	15	81
2	3	Female	20	16	6
3	4	Female	23	16	77
4	5	Female	31	17	40

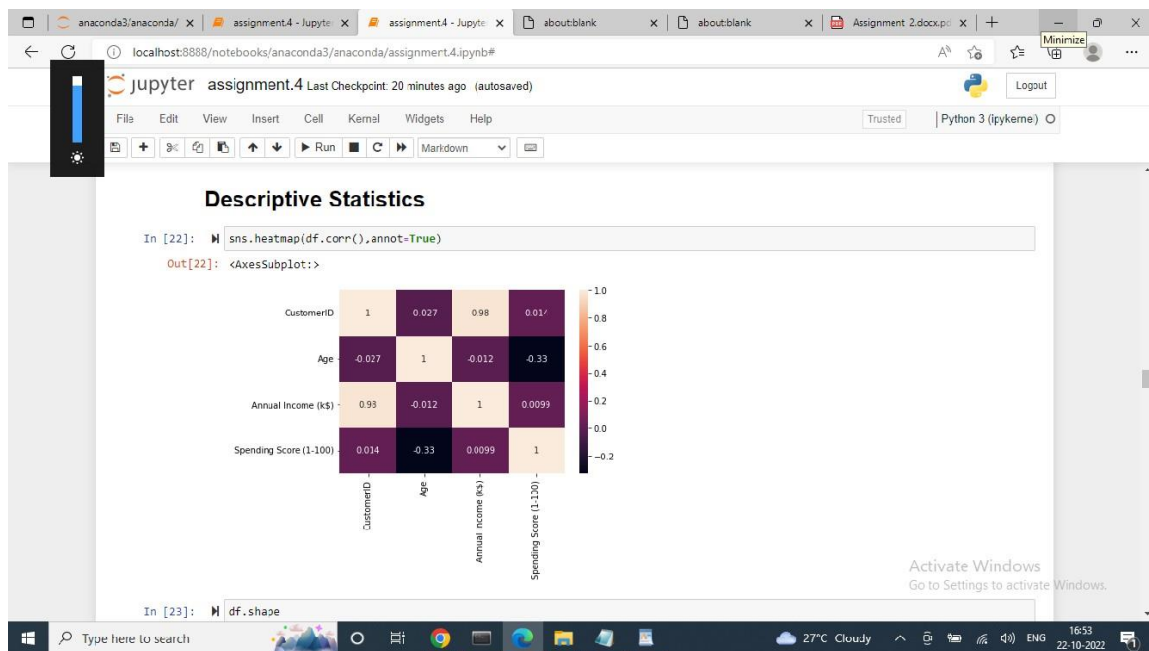
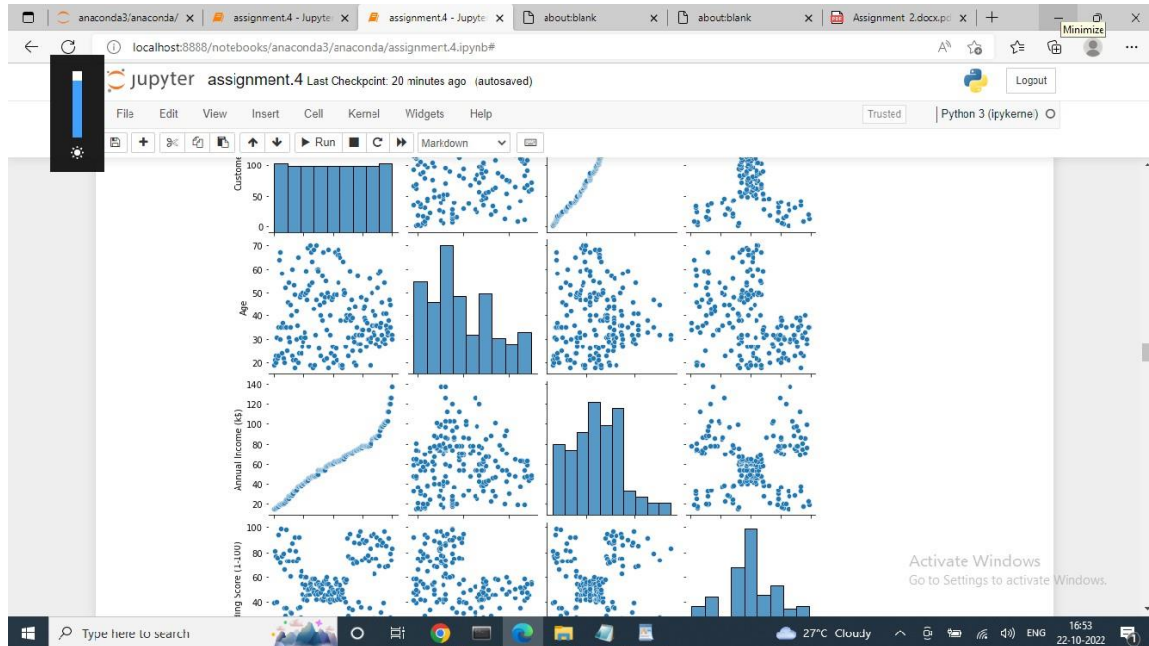
Perform Below Visualizations

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.









anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X about:blank X about:blank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 20 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)

In [23]: df.shape

Out[23]: (200, 5)

In [24]: df.isnull().sum()

Out[24]: CustomerID 0
Gender 0
Age 0
Annual Income (k\$) 0
Spending Score (1-100) 0
dtype: int64

In [25]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199
Data columns (total 5 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dtype

0 CustomerID 200 non-null int64
1 Gender 200 non-null object
2 Age 200 non-null int64
3 Annual Income (k\$) 200 non-null int64
4 Spending Score (1-100) 200 non-null int64
dtypes: int64(4), object(1)
memory usage: 7.9+ KB

In [27]: df.describe()

Out[27]:

	CustomerID	Age	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
count	200	200	200	200
mean	100.5	36.0	61.5	50.0
std	89.498	16.962	79.268	17.321
min	0	18	18	3
25%	50	26	39.344	37.338
50%	100	36	61.500	50.000
75%	150	47	91.722	62.662
max	199	59	160	99

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search 27°C Cloudy 16:53 22-10-2022

anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X about:blank X about:blank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 20 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)

In [29]: df.median()

C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_7908\530051474.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with 'numeric_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.
df.median()

Out[29]: CustomerID 100.5
Age 36.0
Annual Income (k\$) 61.5
Spending Score (1-100) 50.0
dtype: float64

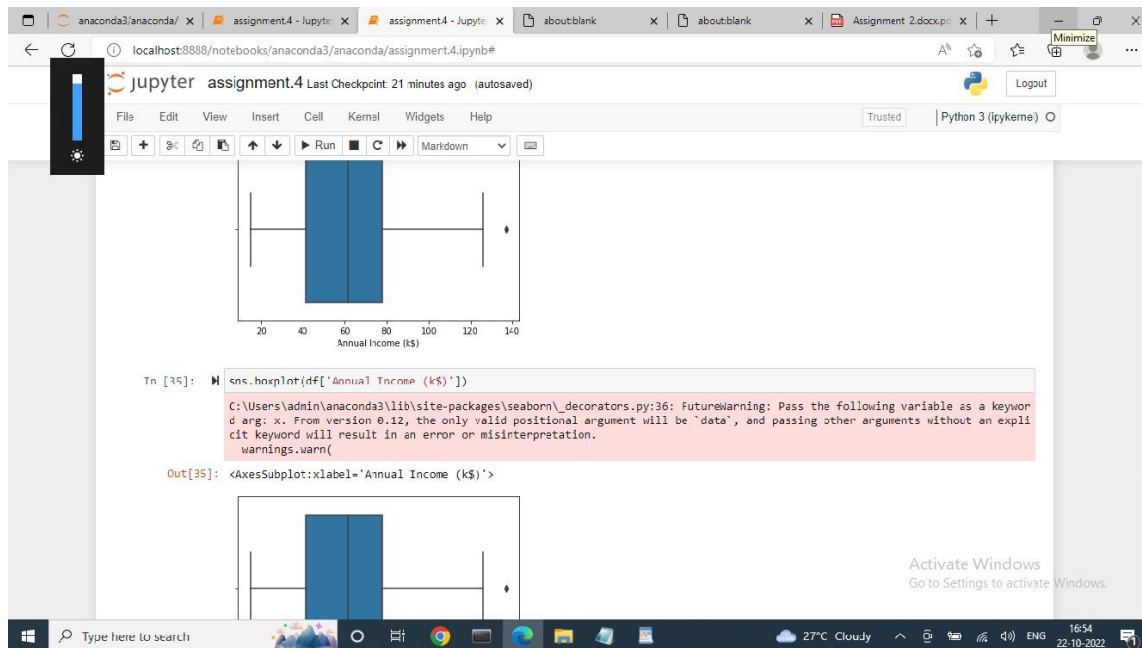
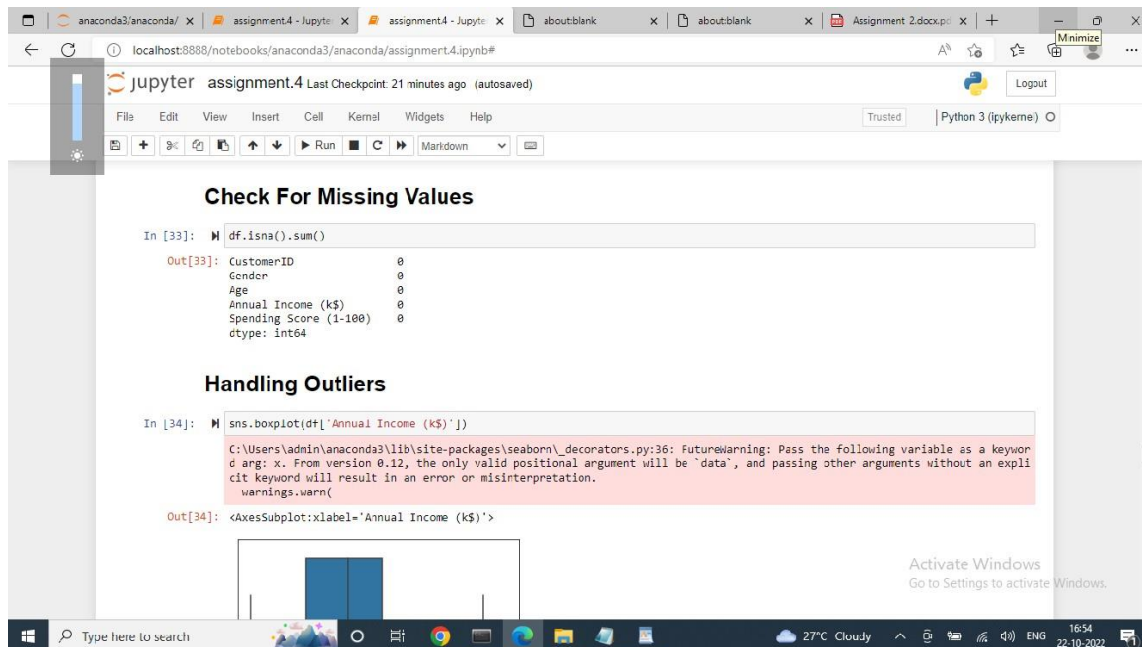
In [30]: df.mode()

Out[30]:

	CustomerID	Gender	Age	Annual income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
0	1	Female	32.0	54.0	42.0
1	2	NaN	NaN	78.0	NaN
2	3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	5	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
...
195	196	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
196	197	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
197	198	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
198	199	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search 27°C Cloudy 16:54 22-10-2022



anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X about:blank X about:blank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 21 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)

Encoding Categorical Values

```
In [37]: numeric_data = df.select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
categorical_data = df.select_dtypes(exclude=[np.number])
print("Number of numerical variables: ", numeric_data.shape[1])
print("Number of categorical variables: ", categorical_data.shape[1])

Number of numerical variables: 4
Number of categorical variables: 1

In [38]: print("Number of categorical variables: ", categorical_data.shape[1])
categorical_variables = list(categorical_data.columns)
categorical_variables

Number of categorical variables: 1

Out[38]: ['Gender']

In [39]: df['Gender'].value_counts()

Out[39]: Female    112
Male             88
Name: Gender, dtype: int64

In [40]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
label = le.fit_transform(df['Gender'])
df['Gender'] = label
```

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search 27°C Cloudy 16:54 22-10-2022

anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X about:blank X about:blank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 21 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)

Scaling The Data

```
In [42]: X = df.drop("Age",axis=1)
Y = df["Age"]

In [43]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
object= StandardScaler()
scale = object.fit_transform(X)
print(scale)
```

[1.41163905	-0.88640526	1.390894	1.38581187]
[1.42895978	1.12815215	1.42906343	-1.36651894]
[1.41628005	-0.88640526	1.42906343	1.46745499]
[1.45360123	-0.88640526	1.46723286	-0.43480148]
[1.48092195	1.12815215	1.46723286	1.81684904]
[1.49824268	-0.88640526	1.54357172	-1.01712489]
[1.5155634	1.12815215	1.54357172	0.69102378]
[1.53289413	-0.88640526	1.61991057	-1.28887582]
[1.55020485	-0.88640526	1.61991057	1.35090831]
[1.55752558	-0.88640526	1.61991057	-1.05594645]
[1.5848463	-0.88640526	1.61991057	0.72584534]
[1.60216702	1.12815215	2.00160487	-1.63826986]
[1.61948775	-0.88640526	2.00160487	1.58391068]
[1.63680847	-0.88640526	2.26879087	-1.32769738]
[1.6541292	-0.88640526	2.26879087	1.11806095]
[1.67144992	-0.88640526	2.49780745	-0.86183865]
[1.68877065	1.12815215	2.49780745	0.92395314]
[1.79600137	1.12815215	2.01767117	-1.25005425]
[1.7234121	1.12815215	2.01767117	1.27334719]

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search 27°C Cloudy 16:54 22-10-2022

anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X about:blank X about:blank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize X

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 21 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel) O

```
object = StandardScaler()
scale = object.fit_transform(X)
print(scale)
```

```
[ 1.41163905 -0.88640526 1.390894 1.38581187]
[ 1.42805078 1.12815215 1.42906343 -1.36651804]
[ 1.4462805 -0.88640526 1.42906343 1.46745499]
[ 1.45360123 -0.88640526 1.46723286 -0.43480148]
[ 1.48992195 1.12815215 1.46723286 1.81084904]
[ 1.49824268 -0.88640526 1.54357172 -1.01712489]
[ 1.51555534 1.12815215 1.54357172 0.60103778]
[ 1.53288413 -0.88640526 1.61991057 -1.28887582]
[ 1.55020485 -0.88640526 1.61991057 1.35099031]
[ 1.56752558 -0.88640526 1.61991057 -1.05594645]
[ 1.5848463 -0.88640526 1.61991057 0.72584534]
[ 1.60216702 1.12815215 2.00160487 -1.63826986]
[ 1.61948775 -0.88640526 2.00160487 1.58391968]
[ 1.63680847 -0.88640526 2.26879087 -1.32769738]
[ 1.6541292 -0.88640526 2.26879087 1.11806095]
[ 1.67144992 -0.88640526 2.49780745 -0.86183865]
[ 1.68877065 1.12815215 2.49780745 0.92395314]
[ 1.70609137 1.12815215 2.91767117 -1.25005425]
[ 1.7234121 1.12815215 2.91767117 1.27334719]]
```

```
In [44]: X_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scale, columns = X.columns)
X_scaled
```

```
Out[44]:
```

	CustomerID	Gender	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
0	-1.723412	1128152	-1.738999	-0.434801
1	-1.706091	1128152	-1.738999	1.195704

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search

27°C Cloudy 16:54 22-10-2022

anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X about:blank X about:blank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize X

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 21 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel) O

```
In [44]: X_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scale, columns = X.columns)
X_scaled
```

```
Out[44]:
```

	CustomerID	Gender	Annual Income (k\$)	Spending Score (1-100)
0	-1.723412	1128152	-1.738999	-0.434801
1	-1.706091	1128152	-1.738999	1.195704
2	-1.688771	-0.886405	-1.700830	-1.715913
3	-1.671450	-0.886405	-1.700830	1.040418
4	-1.654129	-0.886405	-1.662660	-0.395980
...
195	1.654129	-0.886405	2.268791	1.118061
196	1.671450	-0.886405	2.497807	-0.861839
197	1.688771	1128152	2.497807	0.923953
198	1.706091	1128152	2.917671	-1.250054
199	1.723412	1128152	2.917671	1.273347

200 rows x 4 columns

```
In [45]: #train test split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
# split the dataset
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, Y, test_size=0.20, random_state=0)
```

```
In [48]: X_train.shape
```

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search

27°C Cloudy 16:54 22-10-2022

anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X aboutblank X aboutblank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 21 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel) O

```
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, Y, test_size=0.20, random_state=0)
```

In [40]: `X_train.shape`

Out[40]: (160, 4)

In [49]: `X_test.shape`

Out[49]: (40, 4)

In [50]: `Y_train.shape`

Out[50]: (160,)

In [51]: `Y_test.shape`

Out[51]: (40,)

#clustering algorithm

In [52]: `x = df.iloc[:, [3, 4]].values`

In [53]: `#finding optimal number of clusters using the elbow method`
`from sklearn.cluster import KMeans`
`wcss_list= [] #initializing the list for the values of WCSS`
`#Using for loop for iterations from 1 to 10.`
`for i in range(1, 11):`
 `kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state= 42)`

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search 27°C Cloudy 16:54 22-10-2022

anaconda3/anaconda/ X assignment4 - Jupyter X assignment4 - Jupyter X aboutblank X aboutblank X Assignment 2.docx: X + - Minimize

localhost:8888/notebooks/anaconda3/anaconda/assignment4.ipynb#

jupyter assignment.4 Last Checkpoint: 21 minutes ago (autosaved) Logout

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel) O

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss_list= [] #initializing the list for the values of WCSS

#Using for loop for iterations from 1 to 10.
for i in range(1, 11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state= 42)
    kmeans.fit(x)
    wcss_list.append(kmeans.inertia_)
plt.plot(range(1, 11), wcss_list)
plt.title('The Elbow Method Graph')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters(k)')
plt.ylabel('wcss_list')
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\admin\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluster_kmeans.py:1036: UserWarning: KMeans is known to have a memory leak on Windows with MKL, when there are less chunks than available threads. You can avoid it by setting the environment variable OMP_NUM_THREADS=1.
warnings.warn()

The Elbow Method Graph

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Type here to search 27°C Cloudy 16:54 22-10-2022

