



AVS ENGINEERING COLLEGE

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SMART WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR METROPOLITAN CITIES

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ABSTRACT

In this paper, a system is introduced to manage waste in big cities effectively without having to monitor the parts 24×7 manually. Here the problem of unorganized and non-systematic waste collection is solved by designing an embedded IoT system that will monitor each dumpster individually for the amount of waste deposited. Here an automated system is provided for segregating wet and dry waste. A mechanical setup can be used for separating the wet and dry waste into separate containers here sensors can be used for separating wet and dry. For detecting the presence of any waste wet or dry can be detected using an IR sensor in the next step for detecting wet waste a moisture sensor can be used. In this process, if only IR is detected motor will rotate in the direction of the dry waste container if both the sensor detects the waste then it will go to the wet container. Both these containers are embedded with ultrasonic sensors at the top, the ultrasonic sensor is used for measuring distance. This makes it possible to measure the amount of waste in the containers if one of the containers is full then an alert message will be sent to the corresponding person.

INTRODUCTION

Today big cities around the world are facing a common problem, managing the city waste effectively without making city unclean. Today's waste management systems involve a large number of employees being appointed to attend a certain number of dumpsters this is done every day periodically. This leads to a very inefficient and unclean system in which some dumpsters will be overflowing some dumpsters might not be even half full. This is caused by variation in population density in the city or some other random factor this makes it impossible to determine which part needs immediate attention. Here a waste management system is introduced in which

each dumpster is embedded in a monitoring system that will notify the corresponding personal if the dumpster is full. In this system, it is also possible to separate wet and dry waste into two separate containers. This system provides an effective solution to the waste management problem

EXISTING SYSTEM

Manual systems in which employees clear the dumpsters periodically

No systematic approach towards clearing the dumpsters

Unclear about the status of a particular location

Employees are unaware of the need for a particular location

Very less effective in cleaning city

PROPOSED SYSTEM

In this system, a 24×7 monitoring system is designed for monitoring dumpsters

Here a smart and organized system is designed for selective clearing

The ultrasonic sensor is used for measuring the level of waste in the dumpster

DC motor powered platform is used for segregating wet and dry waste

IR sensor and moisture sensor is used for separating wet and dry waste

If either of the containers is full then an alert message is sent from the dumpster

In turn, employees can clear the corresponding dumpster

All these sensors are connected to an Arduino Uno board

It can be used for controlling all mechanical setup based on current conditions.

BLOCK DIAGRAM:



LITRATURE SURVEY:

PAPER TITLE	AUTHOR	OUTCOME
IoT Based Smart Garbage System.	1) T.Sinha 2) R.M Sahuother	IoT Based Smart Garbage System which indicates directly that the dustbin is filled to a certain level by the garbage and cleaning or emptying them is a matter of immediate concern. This prevents lumping of garbage in the roadside dustbin which ends up giving foul smell and illness to people. The design of the smart dustbin includes a single by ultrasonic sensor which configured with Arduino Uno with this research ,it is sending SMS to the Municipal Council that particular dustbin is to overflow.

Raspberry pi-based smart waste management system using Internet of Things.	1)Shaik Vaseem Akram 2)Rajesh Singh	Nowadays it is becoming a difficult task to distinguish wet and dry waste. The new waste management system covers several levels of enormous workforce. Every time labourerS must visit the garbage bins in the city area to check whether they are filled or not. The data communicates to the cloud server for real-time monitoring of the system. With the real-time fill level information collected via the monitoring platform, the system reduces garbage overflow by informing about such instances before they arrive.
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Smart Waste Management System.	1) Sanjiban Charkraborty	This Waste management is one of the serious challenges of the cities, the system now used in cities, we continue to use an old and outmoded paradigm that no longer serves the entail of municipalities, Still find over spilled waste containers giving off irritating smells causing serious health issues and atmosphere impairment.
Smart Solid Waste Management.	1) Mohd Helmy Abd Wahab.	At the time of trash disposal, the material to be recycled could be identified using RFID technology.
Analysis of Load cell.	1) Ranjeet Kumar 2) Sandeep Chhabra	Load Cells 4.1 General Load Cell related information A load cell is meant to measure the size of a mass but actually is a force sensor which transforms force into an electrical signal. The load cell needs the earth gravity to work. Every mass is attracted by the earth gravimetric field, that force is named "load".

PROPOSED SOLUTION:

This project deals with the problem of waste management in smart cities, where the garbage collection system is not optimized. This project enables the organizations to meet their needs of smart garbage management systems. This system allows the authorised person to know the fill level of each garbage bin in a locality or city at all times, to give a cost-effective and time-saving route to the truck drivers.

PROBLEM SOLUTION :

The proposed system would be able to automate the solid waste monitoring process and management of the overall collection process using IOT (Internet of

Things). • The Proposed system consists of main subsystems namely Smart Trash System (STS) and Smart Monitoring and Controlling Hut(SMCH). • In the proposed system, whenever the waste bin gets filled this is acknowledged by placing the circuit at the waste bin, which transmits it to the receiver at the desired place in the area or spot. • In the proposed system, the received signal indicates the waste bin status at the monitoring and controlling system.

CONCLUSION:

This project is very effective in managing waste in any big city. Rather than using conventional periodic collection methods here priority system is used to the city is clean all the time without any overflowing dumpsters. It has been tested and verified properly to make sure all the different parts work together for a smooth function of the whole system.

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