tap into

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Identify strong

Explore AS, differentiate

AS

BE

CH

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 v.o. kids

Elderly people

CS 6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices,

Only can used in emergency time

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

CC

RC

SL

Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking

Many applications can help to monitor the activities each and every time

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one: explore different sides.

Monitor the device at any difficult time

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

J&P

TR

EM

What is the real reason that this problem exists?
What is the back story behind the need to do this job?
i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.

Tracking our daily routine life monitoring for seniors

7. BEHAVIOUR

What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done?
i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)

- 1.Remainders of medical appoinments and medication
- 2.Remote monitoring of vital signs of patients

3. TRIGGERS

What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.

Hopeless and Treating people social impact

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER

How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards?
i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.

More fear in emergency situation

10. YOUR SOLUTION

If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality.

If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour.

Monitoring crops and form vehicles

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR

8.1 ONLINE

What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7

Who can live in age-friendly environments and at the same time take care of their health using technology

8.2 OFFLINE

What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.

Elderly living treatment that can track and record critical details for patients in emergencies



