ASSIGNMENT 3

Date	16-10-2022
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Project name	Al powered Nutrient analyser for fitness enthusiastics

QUESTION: Problem Statement :- Build CNN Model for Classification Of Flowers

Perform Below Tasks to complete the assignment:-

- Download the Dataset
- Image Augmentation
- Create Model
- Add Layers
- Compile The Model
- Fit The Model
- Save The Model
- Test The Model

Extract zip Folder

!unzip '/content/Flowers_Dataset.zip'

Data Augmentation

It is a technique used to increase the input images with slight changes. By doing this we can overcome overfitting problem.

Importing reg. lib

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

Initializing data augmentation to training variable

train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale= zoom_range=0.2, horizontal_flip=True)

Data augmentation on training data

xtrain = train_datagen.flow_from_directory('/content/dataset/Training',

target_size=(64,64), class_mode='categorical', batch_size=100)

Data augmentation on testing data

CNN MODEL TRAINING

Import req. lib

from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential from tensorflow.keras.layers import Convolution2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense

Building CNN Block

```
model = Sequential() # Initializing the model
model.add(Convolution2D(32,(3,3),activation='relu',input_shape=(64,64,3))) # Covolution layer
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2))) # Max pooling layer
model.add(Flatten()) # Flatten layer
model.add(Dense(300,activation='relu')) # Hidden layer 1
model.add(Dense(150,activation='relu')) # Hidden layer 2
model.add(Dense(4,activation='softmax')) # Output layer
```

Compiling the model

model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])

Training model

```
model.fit_generator(xtrain,
steps_per_epoch=len(xtrain),
epochs=10,
validation_data=xtest,
validation_steps=len(xtest))
```

Saving Model

model.save('Flowers.h5')

TESTING MODEL

import numpy as np

print(pred, model.predict(x))

print(op[pred]) # Matching the index

op = ['bears','crows','elephants','rats'] # Creating list of output categories

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image # Testing 1 img = image.load_img('/content/dataset/Testing/bears/k4 (88).jpeg',target_size=(64,64)) # Reading image x = image.img_to_array(img) # Converting image to array x = np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) # Expanding dimension pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x)) # Predicting higher prob. index print(pred, model.predict(x)) op = ['bears','crows','elephants','rats'] # Creating list of output categories print(op[pred]) # Matching the index # Testing 2 img = image.load_img('/content/dataset/Testing/elephants/photo_1485579163316_2b0b19c43b79.jp eg',target_size=(64,64)) # Reading image x = image.img_to_array(img) # Converting image to array x = np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) # Expanding dimension pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x)) # Predicting higher prob. index print(pred, model.predict(x)) op = ['bears','crows','elephants','rats'] # Creating list of output categories print(op[pred]) # Matching the index # Testing 3 img = image.load_img('/content/dataset/Testing/rats/images (93).jpeg',target_size=(64,64)) # Reading image x = image.img_to_array(img) # Converting image to array x = np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) # Expanding dimension pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x)) # Predicting higher prob. index

```
# Testing 4 (Google image)
img = image.load_img('/content/Corvus_corone_-near_Canford_Cliffs,_Poole,_England-
8.jpg',target_size=(64,64)) # Reading image
x = image.img_to_array(img) # Converting image to array
x = np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) # Expanding dimension
pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x)) # Predicting higher prob. index
print(pred, model.predict(x))
op = ['bears','crows','elephants','rats'] # Creating list of output categories
print(op[pred]) # Matching the index
# Testing 5 (Google image)
img = image.load_img('/content/dataset/Testing/bears/k4 (100).jpeg',target_size=(64,64)) #
Reading image
x = image.img_to_array(img) # Converting image to array
x = np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) # Expanding dimension
pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x)) # Predicting higher prob. index
print(pred, model.predict(x))
op = ['bears','crows','elephants','rats'] # Creating list of output categories
print(op[pred]) # Matching the index
xtrain.class_indices
```

TUNING MODEL

from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ReduceLROnPlateau early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_accuracy', patience=5)

Ir = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_accuracy', factor=0.5,

Importing required lib.

patience=5, min_lr=0.00001)

```
callbacks = [early_stop,lr]
# Training model
model.fit_generator(xtrain,
           steps_per_epoch=len(xtrain),
           epochs=100,
           callbacks=callbacks,
           validation_data=xtest,
           validation_steps=len(xtest),)
# Testing 5
img = image.load_img('/content/dataset/Testing/bears/k4 (74).jpeg',target_size=(64,64)) #
Reading image
x = image.img_to_array(img) # Converting image to array
x = np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) # Expanding dimension
pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x)) # Predicting higher prob. index
print(pred, model.predict(x))
op = ['bears','crows','elephants','rats'] # Creating list of output categories
print(op[pred]) # Matching the index
                                    ADDING ANN LAYERS
# Importing required libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
# Reading the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('/content/50_Startups.csv')
# Visualizing 1st 5 data
df.head()
# Checking for null values
df.isnull().sum()
# Checking for data types
df.info()
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

```
# Initializing encoder
le = LabelEncoder()
# Transforming string values to int
df['State'] = le.fit_transform(df['State'])
df.head()
# Split the data (independent and dependent variables)
x = df.iloc[:,0:4].values
y = df.iloc[:,4:].values
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
# Split training and testing data
xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=0)
# Checking shape of data
xtrain.shape,xtest.shape
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
# Creating ANN skleton
reg = Sequential()
reg.add(Dense(4,activation='relu'))
reg.add(Dense(12,activation='relu'))
reg.add(Dense(8,activation='relu'))
reg.add(Dense(9,activation='relu'))
reg.add(Dense(1,activation='linear'))
# Computation
reg.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='mse',metrics=['mse'])
# Training the machine with training data
reg.fit(xtrain,ytrain,batch_size=10,epochs=300)
# Predicting test data
ypred = reg.predict(xtest)
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
```

```
# Checking the accuracy of model
r2_score(ytest,ypred)*100
# Comparing actual value with predicted value
pd.DataFrame({'Actual values':ytest.flatten(),
        'Predicted values':ypred.flatten()}).head(10)
# Reading the dataset
data = pd.read_csv('/content/Breast Cancer Wisconsin (Diagnostic) Data Set.csv')
# Visualizing 1st 5 data
data.head()
# Checking for null values
data.isnull().sum()
# Drop unwanted columns
data.drop(['Unnamed: 32',id'],axis=1,inplace=True)
# Visualizing 1st 5 data
data.head()
# Checking for data types
data.info()
# Split the data (independent and dependent variables)
x = data.drop('diagnosis',axis=1)
y = data['diagnosis']
# Transforming string to int
le2 = LabelEncoder()
y=le2.fit_transform(y)
# Split training and testing data
xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
xtrain.shape
# Creating ANN skleton
```