CS, fit into 3. TRIGGERS

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

Who is your customer?

Farmers 4 8 1

CS 6. CUSTOMER

J&P

TR

EM

What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices.

> Reduce extravagant use of resources i.e water and electricity.

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

CC

RC

SL

Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons dothese solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking

Many applications can help to monitor the different parameters.

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.

> Monitor the temperature, humidity and soil moisture at any time.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.

Severe weather other than heat and cold can cause loss and devastation to a farm.

7. BEHAVIOUR

What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)

Collecting of data from the field and then analyse it. so the farmer can make accurate decision in order to grow high quality crop.

What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installingsolar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news

Posting the problems and related ideas in social medias.

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER

How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.

Security and privacy issues.

10. YOUR SOLUTION

If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality.

If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour

'Monitoring environmental condition towards the growth of high quality crops.

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR

What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7

!People can live in eco-friendly environments and at the same time take care of their crops health using technology.

What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7and use them for customer development.

Creating awareness to the people labout the technology.

AS

BE

CH

Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand

Extract online & offline CH of BE

Explore