Assignment -2

| Assignment Date | 27 September 2022 |
|---------------------|---|
| | |
| Project Name | AI Based Discourse for Banking Industry |
| Student Name | Samson Silvestor R |
| Student Roll Number | 312419104117 |
| Maximum Marks | 2 Marks |

Question-1. Download dataset

Solution:

| wNumb | Customer | Surname | CreditSco | Geograph | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfPrc Ha | sCrCard IsA | ctiveM | Estimated Exit | ed |
|-------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|--------|-----|--------|----------|-------------|-------------|--------|----------------|----|
| 1 | 15634602 | Hargrave | 619 | France | Female | 42 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101348.9 | 1 |
| 2 | 15647311 | Hill | 608 | Spain | Female | 41 | . 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 112542.6 | 0 |
| 3 | 15619304 | Onio | 502 | France | Female | 42 | . 8 | 159660.8 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 113931.6 | 1 |
| 4 | 15701354 | Boni | 699 | France | Female | 39 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 93826.63 | 0 |
| 5 | 15737888 | Mitchell | 850 | Spain | Female | 43 | 2 | 125510.8 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 79084.1 | 0 |
| 6 | 15574012 | Chu | 645 | Spain | Male | 44 | 8 | 113755.8 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 149756.7 | 1 |
| 7 | 15592531 | Bartlett | 822 | France | Male | 50 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 10062.8 | 0 |
| 8 | 15656148 | Obinna | 376 | Germany | Female | 29 | 4 | 115046.7 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 119346.9 | 1 |
| 9 | 15792365 | He | 501 | France | Male | 44 | 4 | 142051.1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 74940.5 | 0 |
| 10 | 15592389 | H? | 684 | France | Male | 27 | 2 | 134603.9 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 71725.73 | 0 |
| 11 | 15767821 | Bearce | 528 | France | Male | 31 | . 6 | 102016.7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 80181.12 | 0 |
| 12 | 15737173 | Andrews | 497 | Spain | Male | 24 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 76390.01 | 0 |
| 13 | 15632264 | Kay | 476 | France | Female | 34 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 26260.98 | 0 |
| 14 | 15691483 | Chin | 549 | France | Female | 25 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 190857.8 | 0 |
| 15 | 15600882 | Scott | 635 | Spain | Female | 35 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 65951.65 | 0 |
| 16 | 15643966 | Goforth | 616 | Germany | Male | 45 | 3 | 143129.4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 64327.26 | 0 |
| 17 | 15737452 | Romeo | 653 | Germany | Male | 58 | 1 | 132602.9 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5097.67 | 1 |
| 18 | 15788218 | Henderso | 549 | Spain | Female | 24 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 14406.41 | 0 |
| 19 | 15661507 | Muldrow | 587 | Spain | Male | 45 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 158684.8 | 0 |
| 20 | 15568982 | Нао | 726 | France | Female | 24 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 54724.03 | 0 |
| 21 | 15577657 | McDonald | 732 | France | Male | 41 | . 8 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 170886.2 | 0 |
| 22 | 15597945 | Dellucci | 636 | Spain | Female | 32 | . 8 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 138555.5 | 0 |
| 23 | 15699309 | Gerasimo | 510 | Spain | Female | 38 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 118913.5 | 1 |
| 24 | 15725737 | Mosman | 669 | France | Male | 46 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 8487.75 | 0 |
| 25 | 15625047 | Yen | 846 | France | Female | 38 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 187616.2 | 0 |
| 26 | 15738191 | Maclean | 577 | France | Male | 25 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 124508.3 | 0 |
| 27 | 15736816 | Young | 756 | Germany | Male | 36 | 2 | 136815.6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 170042 | 0 |
| 28 | 15700772 | Nebechi | 571 | France | Male | 44 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 38433.35 | 0 |
| 29 | 15728693 | McWillian | 574 | Germany | Female | 43 | 3 | 141349.4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100187.4 | 0 |
| 30 | 15656300 | Lucciano | 411 | France | Male | 29 | 0 | 59697.17 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 53483.21 | 0 |
| 31 | 15589475 | Azikiwe | 591 | Spain | Female | 39 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 140469.4 | 1 |
| 32 | 15706552 | Odinakac | 533 | France | Male | 36 | 7 | 85311.7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 156731.9 | 0 |
| 33 | 15750181 | Sanderso | 553 | Germany | Male | 41 | . 9 | 110112.5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 81898.81 | 0 |
| 34 | 15659428 | Maggard | 520 | Spain | Female | 42 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 34410.55 | 0 |
| 35 | 15732963 | Clements | 722 | Spain | Female | 29 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 142033.1 | 0 |
| 36 | 15794171 | Lombardo | 475 | France | Female | 45 | 0 | 134264 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 27822.99 | 1 |
| 37 | 15788448 | Watson | 490 | Spain | Male | 31 | . 3 | 145260.2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 114066.8 | 0 |
| 38 | 15729599 | Lorenzo | 804 | Spain | Male | 33 | 7 | 76548.6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 98453.45 | 0 |
| 39 | 15717426 | Armstron | 850 | France | Male | 36 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 40812.9 | 0 |
| 40 | 15585768 | Cameron | 582 | Germany | Male | 41 | . 6 | 70349.48 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 178074 | 0 |

Question-2. Load the dataset

Solution:

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn
data = pd.read_csv(r'Churn_Modelling.csv')
df.head

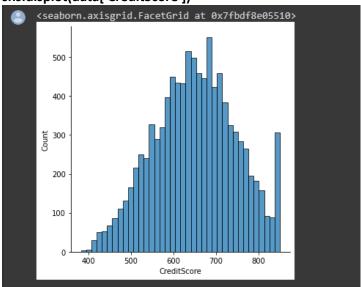
| <box< th=""><th>d method</th><th>NDFrame.he</th><th>ead of Ro</th><th>wNumber Cu</th><th>stomerId</th><th>Surname</th><th>CreditScore</th><th>Geography</th><th>Gender</th><th>A</th></box<> | d method | NDFrame.he | ead of Ro | wNumber Cu | stomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | A |
|--|----------|------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|---|
| 0 | | 1 15634 | 1602 Hargrave | 6 | 19 Franc | ce Female | 42 | | | |
| 1 | | 2 15647 | 7311 Hill | 6 | 08 Spa: | in Female | 41 | | | |
| 2 | | 3 15619 | 00 Onio | 5 | 02 Franc | ce Female | 42 | | | |
| 3 | | 4 15701 | L354 Boni | 6 | 99 Franc | ce Female | 39 | | | |
| 4 | | 5 15737 | 7888 Mitchell | 8 | 50 Spa: | in Female | 43 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9995 | 999 | 15606 | 5229 Obijiaku | 7 | 71 Franc | ce Male | 39 | | | |
| 9996 | 999 | 7 15569 | 9892 Johnstone | 5 | 16 Franc | ce Male | 35 | | | |
| 9997 | 999 | 98 15584 | 1532 Liu | 7 | 09 Franc | ce Female | 36 | | | |
| 9998 | 999 | 9 15682 | 355 Sabbatini | 7 | 72 German | ny Male | 42 | | | |
| 9999 | 1000 | 90 15628 | 3319 Walker | 7 | 92 Franc | ce Female | 28 | | | |
| | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActive | Member \ | | | | |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 1 | | | 1 | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | | 1 | | | | |
| 2 | | 159660.80 | | 1 | | 0 | | | | |
| 3 | 1 | | 2 | 9 | | 0 | | | | |
| 4 | | 125510.82 | 1 | | | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9995 | 5 | 0.00 | 2 | 1 | | 0 | | | | |
| 9996 | 10 | 57369.61 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | | |
| 9997 | 7 | 0.00 | 1 | 0 | | 1 | | | | |
| 9998 | 3 | 75075.31 | 2 | 1 | | 0 | | | | |
| 9999 | 4 | 130142.79 | 1 | 1 | | 0 | | | | |
| | Estimate | edSalary E | Exited | | | | | | | |
| 0 | | 91348.88 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 11 | 12542.58 | 0 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | 13931.57 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | 3826.63 | 0 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | 79084.10 | 0 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9995 | | 96270.64 | 0 | | | | | | | |
| 9996 | 16 | 1699.77 | 0 | | | | | | | |
| 9997 | 4 | 12085.58 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 9998 | | 2888.52 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 9999 | 3 | 38190.78 | 0 | | | | | | | |

Question-3. Perform Below Visualizations.

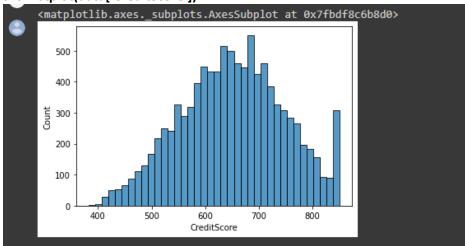
3.1 Univariate Analysis

Solution:

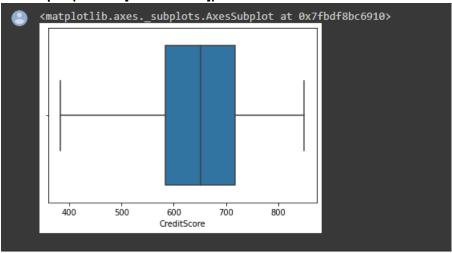
sns.displot(data['CreditScore'])



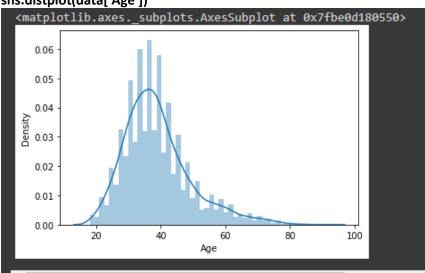
sns.histplot(data['CreditScore'])



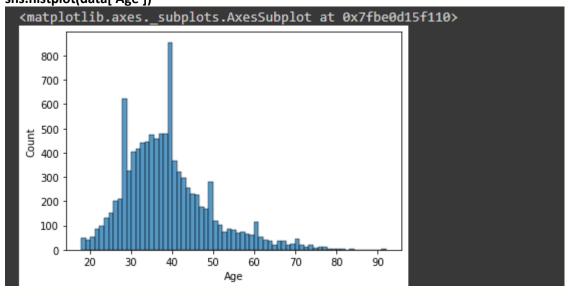
sns.boxplot(x = data['CreditScore'])



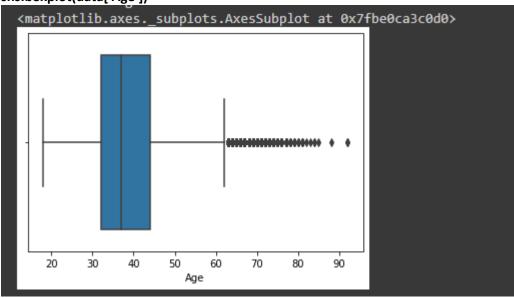
sns.distplot(data['Age'])



sns.histplot(data['Age'])



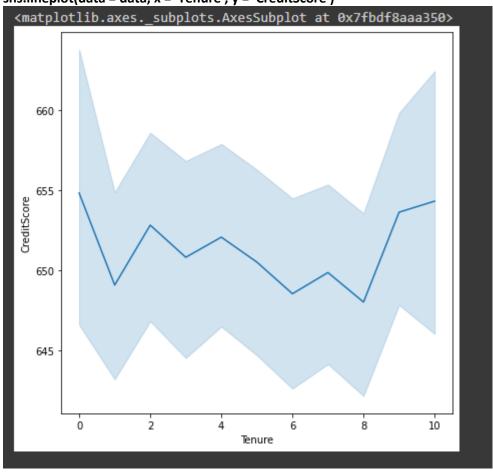
sns.boxplot(data['Age'])



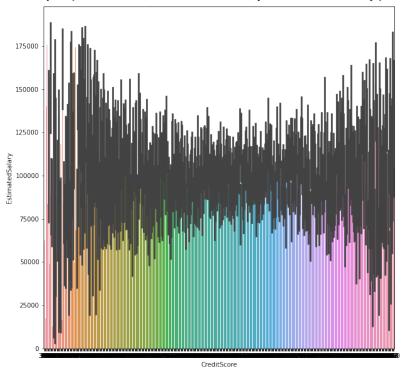
3.2 Bivariate Analysis

Solution:

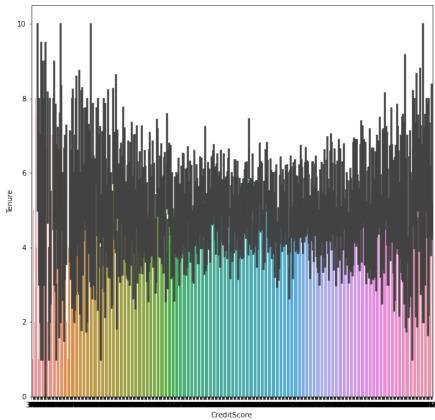
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.lineplot(data = data, x = 'Tenure', y = 'CreditScore')



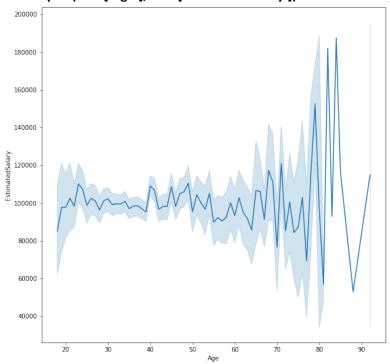
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'EstimatedSalary')



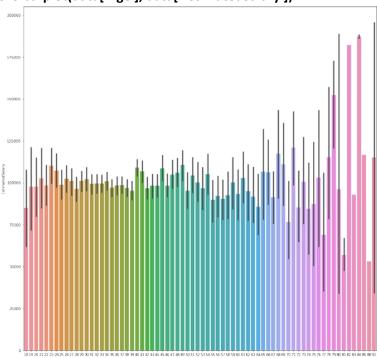
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Tenure')



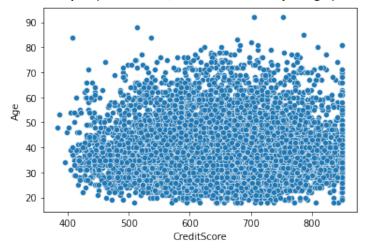
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) sns.lineplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])



plt.figure(figsize=(17,17))
sns.barplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])



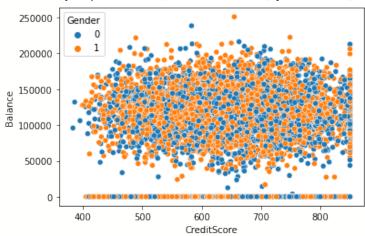
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Age')



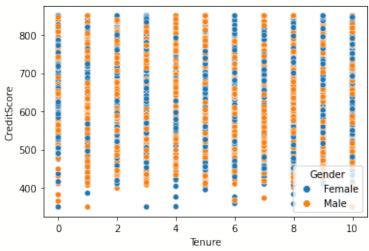
3.3 Multivariate Analysis

Solution:

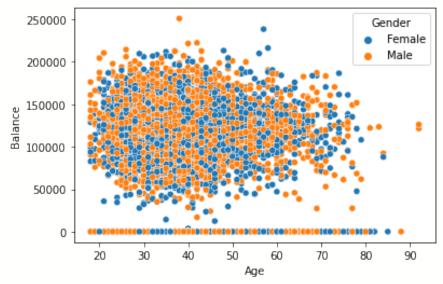
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Balance', hue = 'Gender')



sns.scatterplot(data['Tenure'], data['CreditScore'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns.scatterplot(data['Age'], data['Balance'], hue = data['Gender'])







Question-4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution:

data.mean(numeric_only = True)

 RowNumber
 5.000500e+03

 CustomerId
 1.569094e+07

 CreditScore
 6.505288e+02

 Age
 3.892180e+01

 Tenure
 5.01280e+00

 Balance
 7.648589e+04

 NumOfProducts
 1.530200e+00

 HasCrCard
 7.055000e-01

 IsActiveMember
 5.151000e-01

 EstimatedSalary
 1.000902e+05

 Exited
 2.037000e-01

 dtype: float64

data.median(numeric_only = True)

 RowNumber
 5.000500e+03

 CustomerId
 1.569074e+07

 CreditScore
 6.520000e+02

 Age
 3.700000e+01

 Tenure
 5.00000e+00

 Balance
 9.719854e+04

 NumOfProducts
 1.000000e+00

 HasCrCard
 1.000000e+00

 IsActiveMember
 1.000000e+00

 EstimatedSalary
 1.001939e+05

 Exited
 0.000000e+00

 dtype: float64

data['CreditScore'].mode()

0 850 dtype: int64

data['EstimatedSalary'].mode()

0 24924.92
dtype: float64

data['HasCrCard'].unique()

array([1, 0])

data['Tenure'].unique()

array([2, 1, 8, 7, 4, 6, 3, 10, 5, 9, 0])

data.std(numeric_only=True)

| RowNumber | 2886.895680 |
|-----------------|--------------|
| CustomerId | 71936.186123 |
| CreditScore | 96.653299 |
| Age | 10.487806 |
| Tenure | 2.892174 |
| Balance | 62397.405202 |
| NumOfProducts | 0.581654 |
| HasCrCard | 0.455840 |
| IsActiveMember | 0.499797 |
| EstimatedSalary | 57510.492818 |
| Exited | 0.402769 |

dtype: float64

data.describe()

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | CreditScore | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary | Exited |
|-------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| count | 10000.00000 | 1.000000e+04 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.00000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 |
| mean | 5000.50000 | 1.569094e+07 | 650.528800 | 38.921800 | 5.012800 | 76485.889288 | 1.530200 | 0.70550 | 0.515100 | 100090.239881 | 0.203700 |
| std | 2886.89568 | 7.193619e+04 | 96.653299 | 10.487806 | 2.892174 | 62397.405202 | 0.581654 | 0.45584 | 0.499797 | 57510.492818 | 0.402769 |
| min | 1.00000 | 1.556570e+07 | 350.000000 | 18.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 1.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.000000 | 11.580000 | 0.000000 |
| 25% | 2500.75000 | 1.562853e+07 | 584.000000 | 32.000000 | 3.000000 | 0.000000 | 1.000000 | 0.00000 | 0.000000 | 51002.110000 | 0.000000 |
| 50% | 5000.50000 | 1.569074e+07 | 652.000000 | 37.000000 | 5.000000 | 97198.540000 | 1.000000 | 1.00000 | 1.000000 | 100193.915000 | 0.000000 |
| 75% | 7500.25000 | 1.575323e+07 | 718.000000 | 44.000000 | 7.000000 | 127644.240000 | 2.000000 | 1.00000 | 1.000000 | 149388.247500 | 0.000000 |
| max | 10000.00000 | 1.581569e+07 | 850.000000 | 92.000000 | 10.000000 | 250898.090000 | 4.000000 | 1.00000 | 1.000000 | 199992.480000 | 1.000000 |

data['Tenure'].value_counts()

2 1048

1 1035

7 1028

8 1025

5 1012

3 1009

4 989

9 984

6 967

10 490

0 413

Name: Tenure, dtype: int64

Question-5. Handle the Missing values.

Solution:

data.isnull().any()

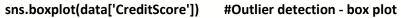
| RowNumber | False |
|-----------------|-------|
| CustomerId | False |
| Surname | False |
| CreditScore | False |
| Geography | False |
| Gender | False |
| Age | False |
| Tenure | False |
| Balance | False |
| NumOfProducts | False |
| HasCrCard | False |
| IsActiveMember | False |
| EstimatedSalary | False |
| Exited | False |
| dtype: bool | |

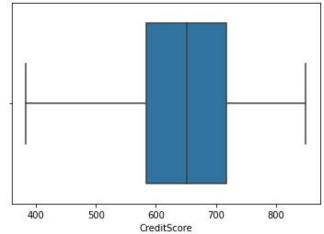
data.isnull().sum()

| RowNumber | 0 |
|-----------------|---|
| CustomerId | 0 |
| Surname | 0 |
| CreditScore | 0 |
| Geography | 0 |
| Gender | 0 |
| Age | 0 |
| Tenure | 0 |
| Balance | 0 |
| NumOfProducts | 0 |
| HasCrCard | 0 |
| IsActiveMember | 0 |
| EstimatedSalary | 0 |
| Exited | 0 |
| dtype: int64 | |
| | |

Question-6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution:



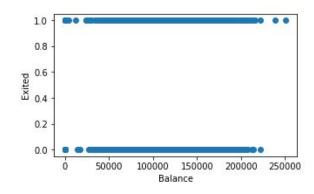


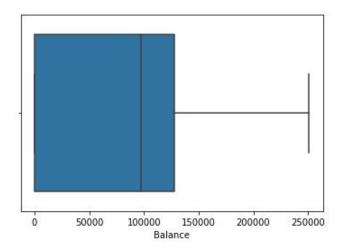
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (5,3)) #Outlier detection - Scatter plot ax.scatter(data['Balance'], data['Exited'])

x-axis label
ax.set_xlabel('Balance')

y-axis label
ax.set_ylabel('Exited')
plt.show()

sns.boxplot(x=data['Balance'])





from scipy import stats #Outlier detection - zscore
zscore = np.abs(stats.zscore(data['CreditScore']))
print(zscore)

print('No. of Outliers : ', np.shape(np.where(zscore>3)))

```
0
        0.332952
        0.447540
1
       1.551761
2
3
        0.500422
4
        2.073415
9995
        1.250458
       1.405920
9996
9997
       0.604594
9998
       1.260876
       1.469219
Name: CreditScore, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
No. of Outliers: (1, 0)
```

q = data.quantile([0.75,0.25]) q

RowNumber CustomerId Surname CreditScore Geography Gender Age Tenure Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMember EstimatedSalary Exited 0.75 2.0 0.0 7500.25 15753233.75 2238.25 718.0 1.0 44.0 7.0 127644.24 1.0 1.0 149388.2475 1.0 0.25 2500.75 15628528.25 773.75 584.0 0.0 0.0 32.0 3.0 0.00 1.0 0.0 0.0 51002.1100 0.0

iqr = q.iloc[0] - q.iloc[1]

iqr

| RowNumber | 4999.5000 |
|-----------------|-------------|
| CustomerId | 124705.5000 |
| Surname | 1464.5000 |
| CreditScore | 134.0000 |
| Geography | 1.0000 |
| Gender | 1.0000 |
| Age | 12.0000 |
| Tenure | 4.0000 |
| Balance | 127644.2400 |
| NumOfProducts | 1.0000 |
| HasCrCard | 1.0000 |
| IsActiveMember | 1.0000 |
| EstimatedSalary | 98386.1375 |
| Exited | 0.0000 |
| dtype: float64 | |

u = q.iloc[0] + (1.5*iqr)

u

```
        RowNumber
        1.499950e+04

        CustomerId
        1.594029e+07

        Surname
        4.435000e+03

        CreditScore
        9.190000e+02

        Geography
        2.500000e+00

        Gender
        2.500000e+00

        Age
        6.200000e+01

        Tenure
        1.300000e+01

        Balance
        3.191106e+05

        NumOfProducts
        3.500000e+00

        HasCrCard
        2.500000e+00

        IsActiveMember
        2.500000e+00

        EstimatedSalary
        2.969675e+05

        Exited
        0.000000e+00

        dtype: float64
```

I = q.iloc[1] - (1.5*iqr)

I

```
        RowNumber
        -4.998500e+03

        CustomerId
        1.544147e+07

        Surname
        -1.423000e+03

        CreditScore
        3.830000e+02

        Geography
        -1.500000e+00

        Gender
        -1.500000e+00

        Age
        1.400000e+01

        Tenure
        -3.00000e+00

        Balance
        -1.914664e+05

        NumOfProducts
        -5.000000e-01

        HasCrCard
        -1.500000e+00

        IsActiveMember
        -1.500000e+00

        EstimatedSalary
        -9.657710e+04

        Exited
        0.000000e+00
```

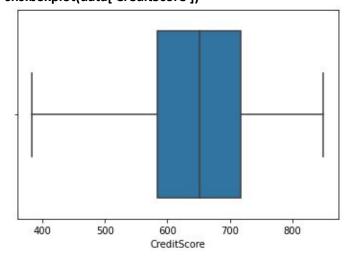
Q1 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.25) #Outlier detection - IQR Q3 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.75)

iqr = Q3 - Q1
print(iqr)
upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr
lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr

```
count = np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] >upper))
count = count + np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] <lower))
print('No. of outliers : ', count)

98386.1375
No. of outliers : 0</pre>
```

data['CreditScore'] = np.where(np.logical_or(data['CreditScore']>900, data['CreditScore']<383), 65
0, data['CreditScore'])
sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])</pre>



```
upper = data.Age.mean() + (3 * data.Age.std()) #Outlier detection - 3 sigma
lower = data.Age.mean() - (3 * data.Age.std())
columns = data[ ( data['Age'] > upper ) | ( data['Age'] < lower ) ]
print('Upper range : ', upper)
print('Lower range : ', lower)
print('No. of Outliers : ', len(columns))

Upper range : 70.38521935511383
Lower range : 7.458380644886169
No. of Outliers : 133</pre>
```

columns = ['EstimatedSalary', 'Age', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'Tenure', 'CreditScore'] #After outlier removal

```
for i in columns:

Q1 = data[i].quantile(0.25)

Q3 = data[i].quantile(0.75)

iqr = Q3 - Q1

upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr

lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr

count = np.size(np.where(data[i] > upper))

count = count + np.size(np.where(data[i] < lower))

print('No. of outliers in ', i, ' : ', count)
```

```
No. of outliers in EstimatedSalary : 0
No. of outliers in Age : 0
No. of outliers in Balance : 0
No. of outliers in NumOfProducts : 0
No. of outliers in Tenure : 0
No. of outliers in CreditScore : 0
```

Question-7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

Solution:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
oneh = OneHotEncoder()
data['Surname'] = le.fit_transform(data['Surname'])
data['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
data['Geography'] = le.fit_transform(data['Geography'])
data.head()
```

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary | Exited |
|---|-----------|------------|---------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|-------------------------|--------|
| 0 | 1 | 15634602 | 1115 | 619 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | 1 | 1 | 1 | <mark>1</mark> 01348.88 | 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 15647311 | 1177 | 608 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 112542.58 | 0 |
| 2 | 3 | 15619304 | 2040 | 502 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 113931.57 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 | 15701354 | 289 | 699 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 93826.63 | 0 |
| 4 | 5 | 15737888 | 1822 | 850 | 2 | 0 | 43 | 2 | 125 <mark>51</mark> 0.82 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 79084.10 | 0 |

Question-8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables split the data in X and Y

Solution:

```
x # independent values ( inputs)
x = data.iloc[:, 0:13]
```

| | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfProducts | HasCrCard | IsActiveMember | EstimatedSalary |
|------|-----------|------------|---------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|
| 0 | 1 | 15634602 | 1115 | 619 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101348.88 |
| 1 | 2 | 15647311 | 1177 | 608 | 2 | 0 | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 112542.58 |
| 2 | 3 | 15619304 | 2040 | 502 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 113931.57 |
| 3 | 4 | 15701354 | 289 | 699 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 93826.63 |
| 4 | 5 | 15737888 | 1822 | 850 | 2 | 0 | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 79084.10 |
| | *** | 1990 | OTE: | 1577 | | 1578 | 123 | 100 | 235 | 222 | 150 | 200 | (67) |
| 9995 | 9996 | 15606229 | 1999 | 771 | 0 | 1 | 39 | 5 | 0.00 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 96270.64 |
| 9996 | 9997 | 15569892 | 1336 | 516 | 0 | 1 | 35 | 10 | 57369.61 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 101699.77 |
| 9997 | 9998 | 15584532 | 1570 | 709 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 7 | 0.00 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 42085.58 |
| 9998 | 9999 | 15682355 | 2345 | 772 | 1 | 1 | 42 | 3 | 75075.31 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 92888.52 |
| 9999 | 10000 | 15628319 | 2751 | 792 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 4 | 130142.79 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 38190.78 |

10000 rows x 13 columns

y # dependent values (output)

Name: Exited, Length: 10000, dtype: int64

Question-9. Scale the independent variables

Solution:

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x_scaled = sc.fit_transform(x)
x_scaled

```
array([[-1.73187761, -0.78321342, -0.46418322, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.02188649],
[-1.7315312, -0.60653412, -0.3909112, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, 0.21653375],
[-1.73118479, -0.99588476, 0.62898807, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.2406869],
...,
[1.73118479, -1.47928179, 0.07353887, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.00864308],
[1.7315312, -0.11935577, 0.98943914, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -0.12523071],
[1.73187761, -0.87055909, 1.4692527, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.07636976]])
```

Question-10. Split x and y into Training and Testing

Solution:

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)

x_train

```
array([[ 0.92889885, -0.79703192, -1.47580983, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.77021814],
[ 1.39655257, 0.71431365, -1.58808148, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.39576675],
[ -0.4532777, 0.96344969, -0.24082173, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.49965629],
...,
[ -0.60119484, -1.62052514, -0.36136603, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 1.41441489],
[ 1.67853045, -0.37403866, 0.72589622, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.84614739],
[ -0.78548505, -1.36411841, 1.3829808, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.32630495]])
```

x_train.shape

(7000, 13)

```
x_test
```

```
array([[ 1.52229946, -1.04525042, 1.39834429, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.61304597],
[-1.42080128, -0.50381294, -0.78208925, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.49753166],
[-0.90118604, -0.7932923, 0.41271742, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.4235611 ],
...,
[ 1.49216178, -0.14646448, 0.6868966, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.17045451],
[ 1.1758893, -1.29228727, -1.38481071, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.50846777],
[ 0.08088677, -1.38538833, 1.11707427, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -1.15342685]])
```

x_test.shape

(3000, 13)

y_train

```
7681
       1
9031
       0
       0
3691
202
       1
5625
       0
       . .
9225
      0
4859
       0
3264
       0
9845
       0
2732
Name: Exited, Length: 7000, dtype: int64
```

y_test

```
9394
        0
898
        1
2398
5906
       0
2343
       . .
4004
       0
7375
      0
9307
       0
8394
      0
5233
       1
Name: Exited, Length: 3000, dtype: int64
```