

# Real-Time River Water Quality Monitoring and Control System

<b>Title</b>	<b>Real-Time River Water Quality Monitoring and Control System</b>
<b>Domain</b>	<b>Internet Of Things</b>
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## Introduction:

The environment around consists of five key elements e.g., soil, water, climate, natural vegetation, and landforms. Among these water is the utmost crucial element for human life. It is also vital for the persistence of other living habitats. Whether it is used for drinking, domestic use, and food production or recreational purposes, safe and readily available water is the need for public health. So it is highly imperative for us to maintain water quality balance. Otherwise, it would severely damage the health of the humans and at the same time affect the ecological balance among other species. Water pollution is a foremost global problem which needs ongoing evaluation and adaptation of water resource directorial principle at the levels of international down to individual wells. It has been studied that water pollution is the leading cause of mortalities and diseases worldwide. The records show that more than 14,000 people die daily worldwide due to water pollution. In many developing countries, dirty or contaminated water is being used for drinking without any proper prior treatment. One of the reasons for this happening is the ignorance of public and administration and the lack of water quality monitoring system which makes serious health issues.

Water quality monitoring has gained more interest among researchers in this twenty-first century. Numerous works are either done or ongoing in this topic focusing on various aspects of it. The key theme of all the projects was to develop an efficient, cost-effective, real-time water quality monitoring system which will integrate wireless sensor network and internet of things. In this research, we monitor the physical and chemical parameters of water bodies inside Chittagong city by using an IoT based sensor network.

## Abstract

Water is one of the major compounds that profoundly influence ecosystem. But, nowadays it is been exploited heavily due to rapid industrialization, human waste and

random use of pesticides and chemical fertilizers in agriculture, which leads to water contamination. Thus, a water monitoring system is necessary to observe the water quality in a large area such as lake, river, and aquaculture. As per the current world situation, Internet of Things (IoT) and remote sensing techniques are used in heterogeneous areas of research for supervising, congregate and analyzing data from the remote locations. In this paper, the suggested system is a minimal price real time water quality monitoring system in IoT environment. This system comprise of numerous sensors for assessing the physical and chemical parameter. The factors of water that can be assessed using these sensors are pH, turbidity, conductivity, dissolved oxygen. Using this system the real time quality of water bodies can be determined and the data uploaded over the Internet are analyzed

## **Literature Review:**

J.Navarajan et al.[1]: This research paper focuses on Detection on water pollution and water management using smart sensors iot To ensure the safe supply of drinking water the quality should be monitored in real time for that purpose new approach IOT (Internet of Things) based water quality monitoring has been proposed. This system consists some sensors. Which measure the water quality parameter such as pH, turbidity, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, temperature. The measured values from the sensors are processed by microcontroller and these processed values are transmitted remotely to the core controller that is raspberry pi using Zigbee protocol. Based on a study of existing water quality monitoring system and scenario of water we can say that proposed system is more suitable to monitor water quality

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Natasa Markovic et al. [2]: this research paper focuses on Sensor Web for River Water Pollution Monitoring and Alert System Sensor Web has provided infrastructure for collecting and processing data from distributed and heterogeneous sensors. This set of technologies has found various implementations, especially in the area of environmental monitoring. The Sensor Web architecture for crisis management, described in this paper, provides active monitoring of measuring parameters and timely responses in cases of environmental disasters. The River Water Management and Alert System built on this architecture enable access, control and management of river water pollution.

K. A. Unni krishna Menon et al,[3]: This research paper focuses on Wireless Sensor Network for River Water Quality Monitoring in India This paper introduces a river water quality monitoring system based on wireless sensor network which helps in continuous and remote monitoring of the water quality data in India. The wireless sensor node in the system is designed for monitoring the pH of water, which is one of the main parameters that affect the quality of water. Wireless sensor Network which aids in River Water Quality Monitoring. This paper also proposes a novel technique for

the design of a water quality sensor node which can be used for monitoring the pH of water.

Aswinkumar et al.[4]: This research paper focuses on Detection on water pollution and water management using smart sensors. To ensure the safe supply of drinking water the quality should be monitored in real time for that purpose new approach IOT (Internet of Things) based water quality monitoring has been proposed. This system consists some sensors. Which measure the water quality parameter such as pH, turbidity, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, temperature. The measured values from the sensors are processed by microcontroller and these processed values are transmitted remotely to the core controller that is raspberry pi using Zigbee protocol. Based on a study of existing water quality monitoring system and scenario of water we can say that proposed system is more suitable to monitor water quality parameters in real time. Based on a study of existing water quality monitoring system and scenario of water we can say that proposed system is more suitable to monitor water quality parameters in real time

Leonid Stoimenov et al. [5]: this research paper focuses on Sensor Web for River Water Pollution Monitoring and Alert System. Sensor Web has provided infrastructure for collecting and processing data from distributed and heterogeneous sensors. This set of technologies has found various implementations, especially in the area of environmental monitoring. The Sensor Web architecture for crisis management, described in this paper, provides active monitoring of measuring parameters and timely responses in cases of environmental disasters. The River Water Management and Alert System built on this architecture enable access, control and management of river water pollution.

Maneesha V. Ramehet et al.[6]: This research paper focuses on Wireless Sensor Network for River Water Quality Monitoring in India. This paper introduces a river water quality monitoring system based on wireless sensor network which helps in continuous and remote monitoring of the water quality data in India. The wireless sensor node in the system is designed for monitoring the pH of water, which is one of the main parameters that affect the quality of water. Wireless sensor Network which aids in River Water Quality Monitoring. This paper also proposes a novel technique for the design of a water quality sensor node which can be used for monitoring the pH of water.

## **Conclusion:**

In this work, the design and demonstration of a prototype remote, automatic, portable, real time, and low cost water quality monitoring system is described. In this system, low cost components i.e. microcontroller, LCD screen and other components are used to achieve the objectives of the proposed design with acceptable accuracy.

Compared to the previous related works, the cost of the system prototype is considerably low. To ensure the portability of the device, a self-made, small size Arduino microcontroller is used. The developed system was tested under different conditions, with solution of water with different impurities, and in different periods of time.

The results of the test for all times have been successful. We conclude that all the objectives of the proposed system have been achieved. To test more parameters of the water quality for some applications, other sensors can be included in the system. The system has wide application and it is usable and affordable by all categories of users.

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