DATE: 11 November 2022

TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID21221

PROJECT NAME: Car Resale Value Prediction

PRE-PROCESS THE DATA

Import Required Libraries

```
In [1]: | import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
    import pickle
```

Read the datasets

Out[2]:

	dateCrawled	name	seller	offerType	price	abtest	vehicleType
0	2016-03-24 11:52:17	Golf_3_1.6	privat	Angebot	480	test	NaN
1	2016-03-24 10:58:45	A5_Sportback_2.7_Tdi	privat	Angebot	18300	test	coupe
2	2016-03-14 12:52:21	Jeep_Grand_Cherokee_"Overland"	privat	Angebot	9800	test	suv
3	2016-03-17 16:54:04	GOLF_4_1_43T�RER	privat	Angebot	1500	test	kleinwagen
4	2016-03-31 17:25:20	Skoda_Fabia_1.4_TDI_PD_Classic	privat	Angebot	3600	test	kleinwagen
4							>

In [3]: ► df.tail()

Out[3]:

dateCrawled		name	seller	offerType	price
371523	2016-03-14 17:48:27	Suche_t4vito_ab_6_sitze	privat	Angebot	2200
371524	2016-03-05 19:56:21	Smart_smart_leistungssteigerung_100ps	privat	Angebot	1199
371525	2016-03-19 18:57:12	Volkswagen_Multivan_T4_TDI_7DC_UY2	privat	Angebot	9200
371526	2016-03-20 19:41:08	VW_Golf_Kombi_1_9I_TDI	privat	Angebot	3400
371527	2016-03-07 19:39:19	BMW_M135i_vollausgestattet_NP_52.720Euro	privat	Angebot	28990
4					

Cleaning the dataset

> privat 371525 gewerblich 3

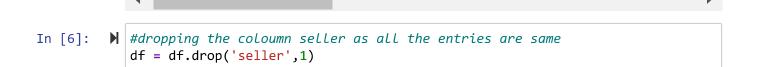
Name: seller, dtype: int64

In [5]: #removing the seller "gewerblich"
df[df.seller != 'gewerblich']

Out[5]:

·	dateCrawled	name	seller	offerType	price	ab
0	2016-03-24 11:52:17	Golf_3_1.6	privat	Angebot	480	
1	2016-03-24 10:58:45	A5_Sportback_2.7_Tdi	privat	Angebot	18300	
2	2016-03-14 12:52:21	Jeep_Grand_Cherokee_"Overland"	privat	Angebot	9800	
3	2016-03-17 16:54:04	GOLF_4_1_43T�RER	privat	Angebot	1500	
4	2016-03-31 17:25:20	Skoda_Fabia_1.4_TDI_PD_Classic	privat	Angebot	3600	
371523	2016-03-14 17:48:27	Suche_t4vito_ab_6_sitze	privat	Angebot	2200	
371524	2016-03-05 19:56:21	Smart_smart_leistungssteigerung_100ps	privat	Angebot	1199	
371525	2016-03-19 18:57:12	Volkswagen_Multivan_T4_TDI_7DC_UY2	privat	Angebot	9200	
371526	2016-03-20 19:41:08	VW_Golf_Kombi_1_9I_TDI	privat	Angebot	3400	
371527	2016-03-07 19:39:19	BMW_M135i_vollausgestattet_NP_52.720Euro	privat	Angebot	28990	cor

71525 rows × 20 columns



In [7]: #printing different offerType print(df.offerType.value_counts())

Angebot 371516 Gesuch 12

Name: offerType, dtype: int64

In [8]: #dropping the offerType 'Gesuch' df[df.offerType != 'Gesuch']

Out[8]:

	dateCrawled	name	offerType	price	abtest
0	2016-03-24 11:52:17 Golf_3_1.6		Angebot	480	test
1	2016-03-24 10:58:45	A5_Sportback_2.7_Tdi	Angebot	18300	test
2	2016-03-14 12:52:21	Jeep_Grand_Cherokee_"Overland"	Angebot	9800	test
3	2016-03-17 16:54:04	GOLF_4_1_43T�RER	Angebot	1500	test
4	2016-03-31 17:25:20	Skoda_Fabia_1.4_TDI_PD_Classic	Angebot	3600	test
371523	2016-03-14 17:48:27	Suche_t4vito_ab_6_sitze	Angebot	2200	test
371524	2016-03-05 19:56:21	Smart_smart_leistungssteigerung_100ps	Angebot	1199	test
371525	2016-03-19 18:57:12	Volkswagen_Multivan_T4_TDI_7DC_UY2	Angebot	9200	test
371526	2016-03-20 19:41:08	VW_Golf_Kombi_1_9I_TDI	Angebot	3400	test
371527	2016-03-07 19:39:19	BMW_M135i_vollausgestattet_NP_52.720Euro	Angebot	28990	control

371516 rows × 19 columns

In [9]: ► #dropping the coloumn offerType since it has the same entries

```
In [10]:
          ▶ print(df.shape)
             (371528, 18)
          | #removing cars having power less that 50p and greater than 900p
In [11]:
             df = df[(df.powerPS > 50) & (df.powerPS < 900)]
             print(df.shape)
             (319709, 18)
In [12]:
          | #Keeping all the cars which is registered between 1950 and 2017 and removing
             df = df[(df.yearOfRegistration >= 1950) & (df.yearOfRegistration < 2017)]</pre>
             print(df.shape)
             (309171, 18)
In [13]:
          #removing irrelevant coloumns
             df.drop(['name', 'abtest', 'dateCrawled', 'nrOfPictures', 'lastSeen', 'postal
                    inplace = True)
             #dropping the duplicates in the dataframe and storing it in a new dataframe
In [14]:
             newdf = df.copy()
             newdf = newdf.drop_duplicates(['price', 'vehicleType', 'yearOfRegistration',
                                            'monthOfRegistration', 'fuelType', 'notRepaired
In [15]:
          #replacing the german words with proper english words
             newdf.gearbox.replace(('manuell', 'automatik'), ('manual', 'automatic'), inpla
             newdf.fuelType.replace(('benzin','andere','elektro'), ('petrol', 'others', 'e
             newdf.vehicleType.replace(('kleinwagen','cabrio','kombi','andere'), ('small c
                                          'others'), inplace = True)
             newdf.notRepairedDamage.replace(('ja','nein'), ('yes', 'no'), inplace = True)
In [16]:
          #Removing the outliers
             newdf = newdf[(newdf.price >= 100) & (newdf.price < 15000)]</pre>
In [17]:
          #filling NaN using fillna
             newdf['notRepairedDamage'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)
             newdf['fuelType'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)
             newdf['gearbox'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)
             newdf['vehicleType'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)
             newdf['model'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)
In [18]:
          #saving the cleaned dataset
             newdf.to csv("autos preprocessed.csv")
```

```
In [19]:
          ▶ #Label Encoding the categorical data
             labels = ['gearbox', 'notRepairedDamage', 'model', 'brand', 'fuelType', 'vehi
             mapping = \{\}
             for i in labels:
                 mapping[i] = LabelEncoder()
                 mapping[i].fit(newdf[i])
                 trans = mapping[i].transform(newdf[i])
                 np.save(str('classes'+i+'.npy'),mapping[i].classes_)
                 print(i,":",mapping[i])
                 newdf.loc[:,i+'_labels'] = pd.Series(trans, index = newdf.index)
             #final data is put inside a new dataframe called labeled
             labeled = newdf[["price",
                              "yearOfRegistration",
                             "powerPS",
                             "kilometer",
                             "monthOfRegistration"]
                            + [x+"_labels" for x in labels]]
             print(labeled.columns)
             gearbox : LabelEncoder()
             notRepairedDamage : LabelEncoder()
             model : LabelEncoder()
             brand : LabelEncoder()
             fuelType : LabelEncoder()
```

Splitting data into independent and dependent variables

Index(['price', 'yearOfRegistration', 'powerPS', 'kilometer',

'model_labels', 'brand_labels', 'fuelType_labels',

'monthOfRegistration', 'gearbox_labels', 'notRepairedDamage_labels',

MODEL BUILDING

vehicleType : LabelEncoder()

dtype='object')

'vehicleType_labels'],

```
In [22]:
          ▶ | from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
             from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
             regressor = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=1000, max_depth = 10, random_s
             #fitting the model
             regressor.fit(X_train, np.ravel(Y_train, order='C'))
   Out[22]: RandomForestRegressor(max_depth=10, n_estimators=1000, random_state=34)
In [23]: ▶ #predicting the values of test test
             y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
             #predicting the accuracy for test set
             print(r2_score(Y_test, y_pred))
             0.8118243572325188
In [24]:
         #saving the model for future use
             filename = 'resale_model.sav'
             pickle.dump(regressor, open(filename,'wb'))
```