## PROJECT DEVELOPMENT PHASE

## **DELIVERY OF SPRINT-2**

| Date         | 17 November 2022                      |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| Team Id      | PNT2022TMID21221                      |
| Project Name | Project – Car Resale Value Prediction |

The model for the prediction is built. In this sprint-2, the data is preprocessed.

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CODE:
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import pickle
df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\FATHIMASAFA\Downloads\resale_predict\Flask\autos.cs
v",encoding = "Windows-1252")
df.head()
df.tail()
#printing different sellers
print(df.seller.value_counts())
#removing the seller "gewerblich"
df[df.seller != 'gewerblich']
#dropping the coloumn seller as all the entries are same
df = df.drop('seller',1)
#printing different offerType
print(df.offerType.value_counts())
```

#dropping the offerType 'Gesuch'

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df[df.offerType != 'Gesuch']
#dropping the coloumn offerType since it has the same entries
df = df.drop('offerType',1)
print(df.shape)
#removing cars having power less that 50p and greater than 900p
df = df[(df.powerPS > 50) & (df.powerPS < 900)]
print(df.shape)
#Keeping all the cars which is registered between 1950 and 2017 and removing the
rest
df = df[(df.yearOfRegistration >= 1950) & (df.yearOfRegistration < 2017)]
print(df.shape)
#removing irrelevant coloumns
df.drop(['name', 'abtest', 'dateCrawled', 'nrOfPictures', 'lastSeen', 'postalCode',
'dateCreated'], axis = 'columns', inplace = True)
#dropping the duplicates in the dataframe and storing it in a new dataframe
newdf = df.copy()
newdf = newdf.drop_duplicates(['price', 'vehicleType', 'yearOfRegistration', 'gearbox',
'powerPS',
                'model',
                              'kilometer',
                                               'monthOfRegistration',
                                                                            'fuelType',
'notRepairedDamage'])
#replacing the german words with proper english words
newdf.gearbox.replace(('manuell', 'automatik'), ('manual', 'automatic'), inplace = True)
newdf.fuelType.replace(('benzin','andere','elektro'), ('petrol', 'others', 'electric'), inplace
= True)
newdf.vehicleType.replace(('kleinwagen','cabrio','kombi','andere'),('small
car', 'convertible', 'combination', 'others'), inplace = True)
newdf.notRepairedDamage.replace(('ja','nein'), ('yes', 'no'), inplace = True)
```

```
#Removing the outliers

newdf = newdf[(newdf.price >= 100) & (newdf.price < 15000)]

#filling NaN using fillna

newdf['notRepairedDamage'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)

newdf['fuelType'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)

newdf['gearbox'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)

newdf['vehicleType'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)

newdf['model'].fillna(value = 'not-declared', inplace = True)

#saving the cleaned dataset

newdf.to_csv("autos_preprocessed.csv")
```