

IDEATION PHASE – LITERATURE SURVEY

Date	4 September 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID12796
Project Name	Industry-specific intelligent fire management system
Maximum Marks	

Paper 1:

Developed Intelligent Fire alarm system

Published year: August 8, 2012

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Hussam Elbehery

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Abstract

The primary purpose of fire alarm system is to provide an early warning of fire so that people can be evacuated & immediate action can be taken to stop or eliminate of the fire effect as soon as possible. Alarm can be triggered by using detectors or by manual call point (Remotely). To alert/evacuate the occupants siren are used. With the Intelligent Building of the rapid development of technology applications, commercial fire alarm market demand growth, the key is to use the bus system intelligent distributed computer system fire alarm system, although installation in the system much easier than in the past, but still cannot meet the modern needs, the installation costs of equipment costs about 33% ~ 70. The suggested technique in Fire alarm system used the addressable detectors units besides using the wireless connection between the detector in zones as a slave units and the main control unit as the master unit. The system shall include a control panel, alarm initiating devices, notification appliances, and the accessory equipment necessary for a complete functioning fire alarm system. In the wireless fire alarm, individual units are powered by primary & secondary batteries for the communication.

Paper 2:

An Intelligent Fire Warning Application Using IoT and an Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference System

Published year: July 17,2019

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Abstract:

The research paper proposes the “Smart Fire Alarm System Using IOT” in smart building by integrating IOT devices, including fire alarm devices (smoke and temperature detectors), Arduino and other complementary equipment. The idea of the research paper is when a fire occurs, the sensors will send a message to the security of the building and the official, and this message includes location and time. The internet of things is predicted to provide businesses and people with better visibility and has the power to control 99% of environments and available objects that are at this time out of reach of the internet. So therefor, IOT make opportunity to people and businesses to be attached with the outside world even more than before that will achieve more meaningful work in higher levels. The traditional fire alarm system contains several types of devices each has a specific role in system operation to detect people and warn them through visual and audible devices if there is a fire, smoke, carbon monoxide or any other emergencies. This type of alarm can automatically have activated from heat and smoke detector and it could be activated by manual fire alarms such as manual focal point or intake station. Alarms can come as a motorized bell; horns or wall-mounted speaker they can also be luminous sound for speakers that actually sound an alarm, and add an audio evacuation message that for example will warn people against using elevator.

Paper 3:**CloudFAS: Cloud-based building fire alarm system using Building Information Modelling****Published year:** 2020**Author name:**

Xiaoping Zhou , HaoranLi , JiaWang , JichaoZhao , QingshengXie , LeiLi ,Jiayin Liu , Jun Yu

Abstract:

Building fires are a common urban disaster. The emergence of high-rise, large-scale and inner-complex buildings bring new challenges for fire safety and triggers new demand to upgrade traditional building fire alarm system (FAS). Different from current studies by deploying enormous smart fire sensors to replace FAS, this study addresses this issue from a novel perspective and proposes a cloud-based FAS using Building Information Modelling (BIM) on top of FAS, termed CloudFAS. Firstly, the system framework and the software architecture are designed. Secondly, two key technologies are presented to address two unresolved technical issues: private fire alarm data sharing and alignment of fire sensors with the BIM model. A cloud gateway for fire sensors is developed to address the first problem by capturing the fire alarm data from the fire alarm control unit through the IEEE 1824 standard. Noticing that the fire sensor locations are listed in a sensor installation spreadsheet using natural language, termed as sensor location table (SLT). A natural language processing (NLP)-based sensor-BIM alignment algorithm is proposed to automatically match fire sensors with the BIM model through SLT, which enables to display fire sensor statuses in proper places in the 3D BIM model. Finally, a concrete case study from the China Construction Library is presented, which verifies the effectiveness of our proposed CloudFAS. Our CloudFAS is built on top of traditional FAS. If the fire alarm control unit follows the IEEE 1824 standard and an SLT is available, then CloudFAS can upgrade the traditional FAS in existing buildings effortlessly with its BIM model. Moreover, the cloud gateway for fire sensors contributes to addressing the private data sharing problem using IEEE 1824 standard, and the NLP-based sensor-BIM alignment algorithm can promote the adoption of BMI in the building operation phase.

Paper4:**SMART FIRE ALARM & DETECTION SYSTEM****Publication year:** June 06,2022**Author name:****Abhishek Patil***SRMIST Chennai***Ashutosh Singh***SRMIST Chennai***Akash Kumar***SRMIST Chennai***Ms.Sathya.V***SRMIST Chennai***Abstract:**

This paper attempts to integrate microcontrollers into smoke detector circuitry and other components for safety purpose. This can be achieved by placing some sensors and devices in the building. In the proposed system, a smoke detector upon senses smoke activates its alarm, sends a low voltage signal to microcontrollers. The microcontroller will activate the relays which are connected to other components to alert residents that one of the smoke detectors has sensed smoke by means of voice and flashing lights. At the same time, it will send signals to valves, air suckers and the water pump. The solenoid valve will operate the water pump which delivers water to the room through pipes installed inside the building to attack the fire. Meanwhile, the air sucker will suck the smoke from the room to prevent suffocation. The proposed design is aiming to have cost efficient system, compact design, easily expandable, simple to install and replaceable components.