

Q1) Consider a list (list = []). You can perform the following commands:
insert i e: Insert integer *e* at position *i* .
print: Print the list.
remove e: Delete the first occurrence of integer *e* .
append e: Insert integer *e* at the end of the list.
sort: Sort the list.
pop: Pop the last element from the list.
reverse: Reverse the list.
Initialize your list and read in the value of *N* followed by *N* lines of commands where each command will be of the types listed above. Iterate through each command in order and perform the corresponding operation on your list.

SOLUTION:

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
  
    N = int(input())  
  
    L=[];  
  
    for i in range(0,N):  
  
        cmd=input().split();  
  
        if cmd[0] == "insert":  
  
            L.insert(int(cmd[1]),int(cmd[2]))  
  
        elif cmd[0] == "append":  
  
            L.append(int(cmd[1]))  
  
        elif cmd[0] == "pop":  
  
            L.pop();  
  
        elif cmd[0] == "print":  
  
            print(L)  
  
        elif cmd[0] == "remove":  
  
            L.remove(int(cmd[1]))  
  
        elif cmd[0] == "sort":  
  
            L.sort();  
  
        else:
```

```
L.reverse();
```

Q2) Write a Calculator program in Python?

SOLUTION:

```
def add(x, y):
```

```
    return x + y
```

```
def subtract(x, y):
```

```
    return x - y
```

```
def multiply(x, y):
```

```
    return x * y
```

```
def divide(x, y):
```

```
    return x / y
```

```
print("Select operation.")
```

```
print("1.Add")
```

```
print("2.Subtract")
```

```
print("3.Multiply")
```

```
print("4.Divide")
```

```
while True:
```

```
    choice = input("Enter choice(1/2/3/4): ")
```

```
    if choice in ('1', '2', '3', '4'):
```

```
        num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
```

```
        num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
```

```
        if choice == '1':
```

```
            print(num1, "+", num2, "=", add(num1, num2))
```

```
        elif choice == '2':
```

```
            print(num1, "-", num2, "=", subtract(num1, num2))
```

```
        elif choice == '3':
```

```

        print(num1, "*", num2, "=", multiply(num1, num2))

elif choice == '4':

    print(num1, "/", num2, "=", divide(num1, num2))

next_calculation = input("Let's do next calculation? (yes/no): ")

if next_calculation == "no":

    break

else:

    print("Invalid Input")

```

Q3) Write a program to concatenate, reverse and slice a string?

SOLUTION:

```

def concat(x, y):

    return x + y

def reverse(s):

    str = ""

    for i in s:

        str = i + str

    return str

def slicing(w, x, y):

    num = 0

    num = slice(x, y)

    return w[num]

print("Select operation.")

print("1.Concatenate")

print("2.Reverse")

print("3.Slice")

while True:

```

```

choice = input("Enter choice(1/2/3): ")

if choice in ('1', '2', '3'):

    if choice == '1':

        str1 = input("Enter string1: ")

        str2 = input("Enter string2: ")

        print("After concatenation", concat(str1, str2))

    elif choice == '2':

        str3 = input("Enter string1: ")

        print("After reversing", reverse(str3))

    elif choice == '3':

        str3 = input("Enter string1: ")

        # num1 = input("Enter starting index: ")

        # num2 = input("Enter stopping index: ")

        # num3 = input("Enter increment: ")

        print(str3[1:3])

    next_operation = input("Let's do next operation? (yes/no): ")

    if next_operation == "no":

        break

    else:

        print("Invalid Input")

```

Q4) Why is Python a popular programming language?

SOLUTION:

- Python offers versatile web-development solutions
- Python is well suited to data science and analytics.
- Python is efficient, fast, and reliable.
- Python empowers custom automation.

- Python is easy for writing.
- Python's numerous libraries and frameworks.

Q5) What are the other Frameworks that can be used with python?

SOLUTION:

- AIOHTTP
- Bottle
- Dash
- Falcon
- Giotto
- Django

Q6) Full form of WSGI?

SOLUTION:

The Web Server Gateway Interface (WSGI, pronounced whiskey or WIZ-ghee)