SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON

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Project Name	Personal Expense Tracker Application

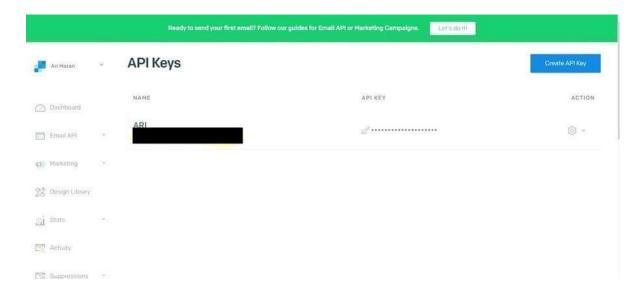
STEP 1:

REQUIREMENTS:

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

STEP 2:

Create an API key



STEP 3: INSTALL

PAKAGE: > pip installsendgrid

SETP 4:

SEND EMAIL

```
C) Users with a Desktop SendGrid & demopy

| Genopy | Gen
```

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
import os
2 from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
  from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
3
5
 message = Mail (
6
       from email='from email@example.com',
7
       to_emails='to@example.com',
8
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
       html content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
       sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID API KEY'))
11
12
       response = sg.send(message)
13
       print (response.status_code)
14
       print (response.body)
15
      print (response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17
     print(e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
      def __init__(self, response):
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                          on a urllib.build opener()
          :type response: urllib response object
          self. status code = response.getcode()
          self._body = response.read()
          self._headers = response.info()
      def status code(self):
          :return: integer, status code of API call
      def body(self):
          :return: response from the API
```

```
def headers (self):
          :return: dict of response headers
          :return: dict of response from the API
          if self.body:
              return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
65 class Client (object):
      methods = ('delete', 'get', 'patch', 'post', 'put')
                    request headers=None,
                   append slash=False,
                   timeout=None):
          :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
  https://api.sendgrid.com)
          :type host: string
           :param request headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
           :type request headers: dictionary
           :param version: The version number of the API.
                           Subclass build versioned url for custom
  behavior.
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
           :type version: integer
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
          self.host = host
          self.request headers = request headers or {}
          self. url path = url path or []
          self.append slash = append slash
          self.timeout = timeout
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
            :type url: string
            return '()/v()()'.format(self.host, str(self. version),
  url)
110
        def build url(self, query params):
111
112
113
114
            :param query_params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
            :type query_params: dictionary
117
118
            ur1 = ""
119
            while count < len(self. url path):
                url += '/()'.format(self._url_path[count])
124
            if self.append_slash:
126
127
            if query params:
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
131
132
133
134
                url = '()()'.format(self.host, url)
135
136
137
        def update headers (self, request headers):
138
139
140
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
            :type request headers: dictionary
143
            :return: dictionary
144
145
            self.request_headers.update(request_headers)
147
```

```
148
            :param name: Name of the url segment
            :type name: string
            url path = self. url path + [name] if name else
  self. url path
                           request_headers=self.request_headers,
                           url path=url path,
                           append_slash=self.append_slash,
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
            :type timeout: float
            :return: urllib response
174
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
            except HTTPError as err:
                exc. cause = None
```

```
method=request.get method(),
                    status=exc.status code,
                    body=exc.body))
                raise exc
               (e.g. /your/api/(variable value)/call)
188
               Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
190
              in your url, you must use this method.
            :param name: Name of the url segment
           :type name: string
195
196
       def getattr (self, name):
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
               You can also add a version number by using
  .version(<int>)
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
204
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
            if name == 'version':
                def get version (*args, **kwargs):
210
                   :param args: dict of settings
211
                    :param kwargs: unused
```

```
213
214
                    self. version = args[0]
215
216
                return get version
217
218
219
            if name in self.methods:
                method = name.upper()
221
                def http request (
                        request body=None,
224
                        query params=None,
                        request headers=None,
227
229
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
  propagated to
230
                        urllib client
231
                    :type timeout: float
232
                    :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
  merged into
233
                        current client object state
234
                    :type request headers: dict
235
                    :param query params: HTTP query parameters
236
                    :type query params: dict
237
                    :param request body: HTTP request body
238
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                    :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                    ! request_headers:
```

```
243
                         self. update headers (request headers)
244
245
                    If request body is None:
                        data = None
                         if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
                            data = request_body.encode('utf-8')
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
                             data =
   json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
258
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request(
                         self. build url (query params),
                         headers=self.request headers,
263
                        data=data,
264
                     request.get method = lambda: method
                    _logger.debug('[method] Request: (url)'.format(
                         method=method,
                         url=request.get full url()))
                    if request.data:
270
271
                         logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                             data=request.data))
                    _logger.debug('HEADERS: (headers)'.format(
273
274
                         headers=request.headers))
275
```

```
276
                    response = Response(
                        self. make request (opener, request,
  timeout=timeout)
278
279
                    logger.debug('[method] Response: (status)
                        method=method,
                        status=response.status_code,
                       body=response.body))
284
                 return response
               return http_request
       def __getstate__(self):
           return self. dict
294
```