



## Project Development Phase Model Performance Test

Date	19 October 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID28015
Project Name	Project – Web Phishing Detection
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

Project team shall fill the following information in model performance testing template.

S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot
1.	Metrics	<b>Classification Model:</b> <b>Gradient Boosting Classification</b> Accuracy Score- 97.4%	
2.	Tune the Model	Hyperparameter Tuning - 97% Validation Method – KFOLD & Cross Validation Method	

### 1. METRICS:

#### CLASSIFICATION REPORT:

```
In [52]: #computing the classification report of the model

print(metrics.classification_report(y_test, y_test_gbc))
```

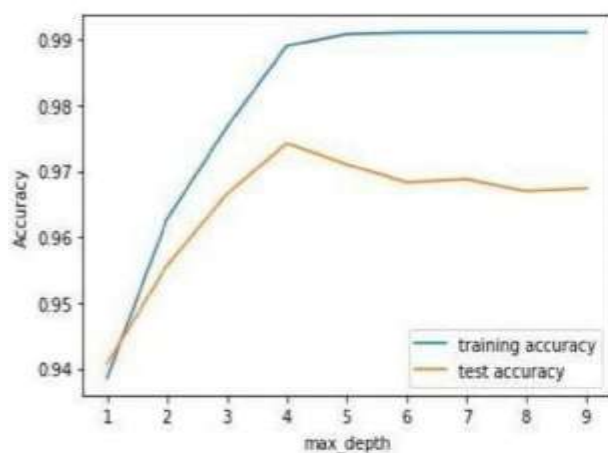
```

              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     -1         0.99      0.96      0.97         976
         1         0.97      0.99      0.98        1235

 accuracy          0.98
 macro avg          0.97
weighted avg          0.97
```

## PERFORMANCE :



Out[83]:

	ML Model	Accuracy	f1_score	Recall	Precision
0	Gradient Boosting Classifier	0.974	0.977	0.994	0.986
1	CatBoost Classifier	0.972	0.975	0.994	0.989
2	Random Forest	0.969	0.972	0.992	0.991
3	Support Vector Machine	0.964	0.968	0.980	0.965
4	Decision Tree	0.958	0.962	0.991	0.993
5	K-Nearest Neighbors	0.956	0.961	0.991	0.989
6	Logistic Regression	0.934	0.941	0.943	0.927
7	Naive Bayes Classifier	0.605	0.454	0.292	0.997
8	XGBoost Classifier	0.548	0.548	0.993	0.984
9	Multi-layer Perceptron	0.543	0.543	0.989	0.983

## 2. TUNE THE MODEL – HYPERPARAMETER TUNING

```
In [58]: #HYPERPARAMETER TUNING  
grid.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[58]: * GridSearchCV  
GridSearchCV(cv=5,  
             estimator=GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.7,  
                                                  max_depth=4),  
             param_grid={'max_features': array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]),  
                        'n_estimators': array([ 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130,  
140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200])})  
* estimator: GradientBoostingClassifier  
GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.7, max_depth=4)  
* GradientBoostingClassifier  
GradientBoostingClassifier(learning_rate=0.7, max_depth=4)
```

```
In [59]: print("The best parameters are %s with a score of %.2f"  
              % (grid.best_params_, grid.best_score_))  
  
The best parameters are {'max_features': 5, 'n_estimators': 200} with a score of 0.97
```

## VALIDATION METHODS: KFOLD & Cross Folding

### Wilcoxon signed-rank test

```
In [78]: #KFOLD and Cross Validation Model

from scipy.stats import wilcoxon
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score, KFold

# Load the dataset
X = load_iris().data
y = load_iris().target

# Prepare models and select your CV method
model1 = GradientBoostingClassifier(n_estimators=100)
model2 = XGBClassifier(n_estimators=100)
kf = KFold(n_splits=20, random_state=None)
# Extract results for each model on the same folds
results_model1 = cross_val_score(model1, X, y, cv=kf)
results_model2 = cross_val_score(model2, X, y, cv=kf)
stat, p = wilcoxon(results_model1, results_model2, zero_method='split');
stat
```

Out[78]: 95.0

### 5x2CV combined F test

```
In [89]: from mlxtend.evaluate import combined_ftest_5x2cv
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, ExtraTreeClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from mlxtend.data import iris_data

# Prepare data and clfs
X, y = iris_data()
clf1 = GradientBoostingClassifier()
clf2 = DecisionTreeClassifier()

# Calculate p-value
f, p = combined_ftest_5x2cv(estimator1=clf1,
                             estimator2=clf2,
                             X=X, y=y,
                             random_seed=1)

print('f-value:', f)
print('p-value:', p)

f-value: 1.727272727272733
p-value: 0.2840135734291782
```