## Sprint 1

Team ID	PNT2022TMID01194
Project Name	Hazardous Area Monitoring for Industrial Plant powered by IoT

## Creating A Code for Connecting Sensor and Arduino:

## Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
//LCD I2C library:
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
//DHT22 sensor library:
#include <DHT.h>;
//LCD I2C address 0x27, 20 column and 4 rows!
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 16, 2);
//Constants:
#define DHTPIN 2
                      //what pin we're connected to
#define DHTTYPE DHT22 //DHT 22 (AM2302)
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE); //Initialize DHT sensor for normal 16mhz Arduino
//Variables:
int chk;
float H; //Humidity value
float T; //Temperature value
int buzzer = 12;
void setup(){
//Initialize LCD, DHT22 sensor and buzzer:
```

```
lcd.init(); lcd.backlight();
//Serial Communication is starting with 9600 of baudrate speed
Serial.begin(115200);
dht.begin();
 pinMode(13, OUTPUT); pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
//Print some text in Serial Monitor
Serial.println("DHT22 sensor with Arduino Uno R3!");
pinMode(9, OUTPUT); pinMode(10, OUTPUT); pinMode(11, OUTPUT);
}
void loop(){
delay(2000);
//Read data and store it to variables hum and temp
H = dht.readHumidity();
T = dht.readTemperature();
//Print temp and humidity values to serial monitor
Serial.print("Humidity: ");
Serial.print(H);
Serial.println(" %; ");
Serial.print("Temperature: ");
Serial.print(T);
 Serial.println(" Celsius.\n");
/*If humidity is higher than 70% &
temperature is higher than 30 degrees Celsius
then it will show on LCD "Too warm! Cool down!"*/
if(H \ge 70.00 \&\& T \ge 30.00)
 digitalWrite(9, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(10, LOW);
 digitalWrite(11, LOW);
```

```
lcd.println(" Too warm! ");
lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
lcd.println(" Cool down! ");
lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 1); tone(buzzer, 900, 100);
delay(400);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 0); tone(buzzer, 900, 100);
delay(400);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 1); tone(buzzer, 900, 100);
delay(400);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 0); tone(buzzer, 900, 100);
delay(400);
}else{
/*If humidity is lower than 70% &
temperature is lower than 30 degrees Celsius
then it will show on LCD "Temp. & hum. are in normal limits"*/
digitalWrite(9, LOW);
digitalWrite(10, LOW);
digitalWrite(11, HIGH);
lcd.println("Temp. & hum. are");
lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
lcd.println("in normal limits");
lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 0);
}
/*If either humidity is lower than 70%, but
```

```
temperature is higher than 30 degrees Celsius,
then it will show on LCD "Be ware! Temp. too high" or
humidity is higher than 70%, but
temperature is lower than 30 degrees Celsius, then
it will show on LCD "Be ware! Hum. too high"*/
if(H < 70.00 \&\& T >= 30.00){
digitalWrite(9, LOW);
digitalWrite(10, HIGH);
digitalWrite(11, LOW);
lcd.println("Be ware!
                          ");
lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
lcd.println("Temp. too high! ");
lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 1); tone(buzzer, 400, 400);
delay(400);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 0); tone(buzzer, 400, 400);
delay(400);
}
if(H \ge 70.00 \&\& T < 30.00){
digitalWrite(9, LOW);
digitalWrite(10, HIGH);
digitalWrite(11, LOW);
lcd.println("Be ware!
                          ");
lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
lcd.println("Hum. too high! ");
lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 1); tone(buzzer, 400, 400);
```

```
delay(400);
digitalWrite(buzzer, 0); tone(buzzer, 400, 400);
delay(400);
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**









