Assignment - 4

Python Programming

Assignment Date	15 Nov 2022
Project Title	Efficient Water Quality Analysis & Prediction using Machine Learning
Team ID	PNT2022TMID15978
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Problem Statement: Customer Segmentation Analysis

Importing Modules

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

- 1. Download the dataset
- 2. Look the dataset into the tool

```
In [2]: data=pd.read_csv("Mall_Customers.csv")
```

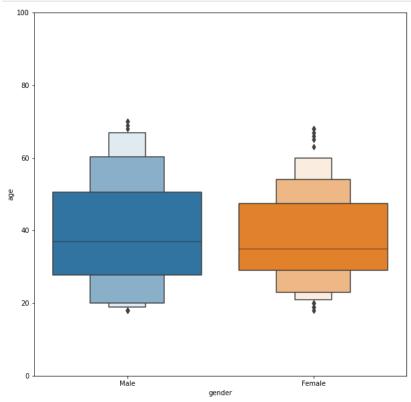
3. Perform Below Visualizations

- · Univariate Analysis
- · Bi-Variate Analysis
- · Multi-Variate Analysis

In [3]: data.head() Out[3]: CustomerID Genre Age Annual Income (k\$) Spending Score (1-100) 0 1 Male 19 15 Male 21 15 81 2 16 6 3 Female 20 3 4 Female 16 77 23 4 5 Female 31 17 40

```
In [9]: temp = pd.concat([data['age'], data['gender']], axis=1)

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10))
fig = sns.boxenplot(x='gender', y="age", data=data)
fig.axis(ymin=0, ymax=100);
```



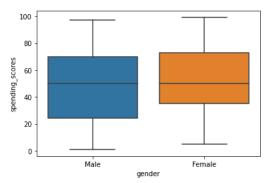
ANALYSIS

There is no difference in age of rings for male and female (18-70).

Count plot

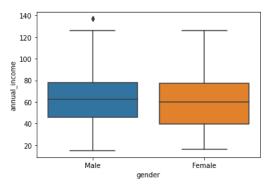
```
In [10]: sns.boxplot(x=data['gender'],y=data['spending_scores'])
```

Out[10]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f4677c22dd0>



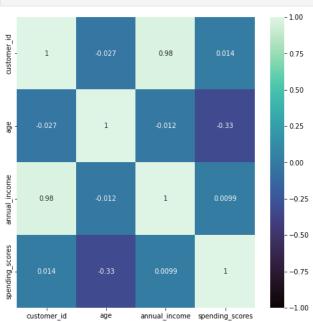
```
In [11]: sns.boxplot(x=data['gender'],y=data['annual_income'])
```

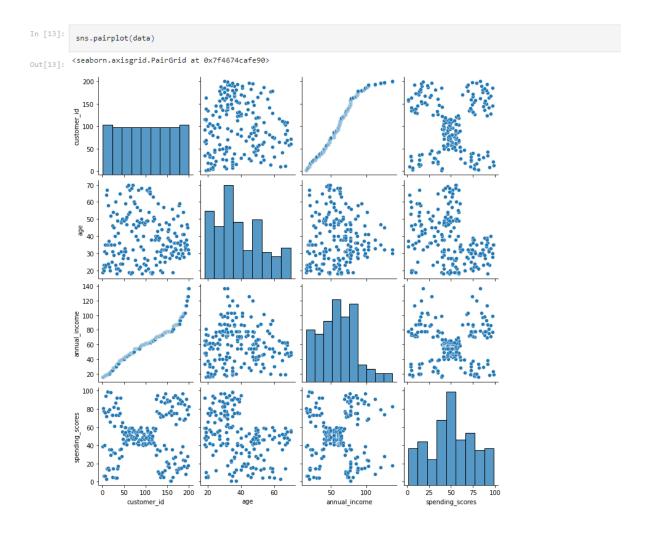
Out[11]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f4674ea2f50>



Coorelation Plot

In [12]:
 corr=data.corr()
 plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
 sn=sns.heatmap(corr,vmin=-1,center=0, annot = True, cmap = 'mako')





4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

]:	data.head(10)						
]:	(customer_id	ı	gender	age	annual_income	spending_scores
)	1		Male	19	15	39
	1	2		Male	21	15	81
	2	3		Female	20	16	6
	3	4	1	Female	23	16	77
	1	5	,	Female	31	17	40
:	5	6	j	Female	22	17	76
	5	7	,	Female	35	18	6
	7	8	3	Female	23	18	94
	3	9)	Male	64	19	3
9)	10)	Female	30	19	72

```
In [15]:
           data.shape
          (200, 5)
Out[15]:
           data.describe()
Out[16]:
                customer id
                                  age annual_income spending_scores
          count 200.000000 200.000000
                                          200.000000
                                                          200.000000
          mean
                 100.500000 38.850000
                                          60.560000
                                                           50.200000
            std
                 57.879185 13.969007
                                           26.264721
                                                           25.823522
                 1.000000 18.000000
           min
                                          15.000000
                                                           1.000000
           25%
                  50.750000 28.750000
                                           41.500000
                                                           34.750000
           50% 100.500000 36.000000
                                          61.500000
                                                           50.000000
           75% 150.250000 49.000000
                                           78.000000
                                                           73.000000
                 200.000000 70.000000
                                          137.000000
                                                           99.000000
```

```
In [17]:
         data.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199
        Data columns (total 5 columns):
         # Column
                            Non-Null Count Dtype
                            -----
         0 customer_id
                            200 non-null
                                           int64
                            200 non-null
                                           object
         1 gender
                            200 non-null
                                           int64
         2 age
         3 annual_income
                            200 non-null
                                          int64
         4 spending_scores 200 non-null
        dtypes: int64(4), object(1)
        memory usage: 7.9+ KB
```

5. Check for Missing values and deal with them

```
In [18]: data[data.duplicated()]
Out[18]: customer_id gender age annual_income spending_scores
```

there is no missing values and duplicates in dataframe

6. Find the outliers and replace them

```
for i in data:
    if data[i].dtype=='int64':
        q1=data[i].quantile(0.25)
        q3=data[i].quantile(0.75)
        iqr=q3-q1
        upper=q3+1.5*iqr
        lower=q1-1.5*iqr
        data[i]=np.where(data[i] >upper, upper, data[i])
        data[i]=np.where(data[i] <lower, lower, data[i])</pre>
```

After removing outliers, boxplot will be like

```
In [20]:
            plt.boxplot(data['age'])
Out[20]: {'whiskers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f467451fb10>,
              <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4674523090>],
             'caps': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f46745235d0>, 
<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4674523b10>],
             'boxes': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f467451f550>],
             'medians': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672ca50d0>],
             'fliers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672ca5610>],
             'means': []}
            70
            60
            50
            40
            30
            20
In [21]:
             plt.boxplot(data['annual_income'])
Out[21]: {'whiskers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672c7f650>, <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672c7fb90>],
             'caps': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672c86110>,
               <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672c86650>],
             'boxes': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672c7f090>], 'medians': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672c86bd0>],
             'fliers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672c8e150>],
              'means': []}
            120
             80
             60
             40
             20
 In [22]:
              plt.boxplot(data['spending_scores'])
 Out[22]: {'whiskers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672bed090>, <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672bed5d0>],
              'caps': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672bedb10>,
               <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672bf4090>],
              'boxes': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672beaa90>],
'medians': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672bf4610>],
              'fliers': [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f4672bf4b50>],
              'means': []}
             100
              80
              60
              40
              20
```

7. Check for categorical columns and perform encoding

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
           encoder=LabelEncoder()
           data['gender']=encoder.fit transform(data['gender'])
In [24]:
          data.head()
Out[24]:
            customer_id gender age annual_income spending_scores
                    1.0
                             1 19.0
                                              15.0
                                                              39.0
          1
                    2.0
                             1 21.0
                                              15.0
                                                             81.0
          2
                    3.0
                             0 20.0
                                              16.0
                                                               6.0
                         0 23.0
                    4.0
                                              16.0
                                                             77.0
                    5.0
                             0 31.0
                                              17.0
                                                             40.0
```

8. Scaling the data

```
In [25]:
            from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
            df=StandardScaler()
            {\tt data1=df.fit\_transform(data)}
In [26]:
           data1
Out[26]: array([[-1.7234121 , 1.12815215, -1.42456879, -1.74542941, -0.43480148], [-1.70609137, 1.12815215, -1.28103541, -1.74542941, 1.19570407],
                  [-1.68877065, -0.88640526, -1.3528021 , -1.70708307, -1.71591298], [-1.67144992, -0.88640526, -1.13750203, -1.70708307, 1.04041783],
                  [-1.6541292 , -0.88640526, -0.56336851, -1.66873673, -0.3959992],
[-1.63680847, -0.88640526, -1.20926872, -1.66873673, 1.00159627],
                   [-1.61948775, -0.88640526, -0.27630176, -1.6303904 , -1.71591298],
                   [-1.60216702, -0.88640526, -1.13750203, -1.6303904 , 1.70038436],
                    -1.5848463 , 1.12815215, 1.80493225, -1.59204406, -1.83237767],
                   [-1.56752558, -0.88640526, -0.6351352 , -1.59204406, 0.84631002],
                   [-1.55020485, 1.12815215, 2.02023231, -1.59204406, -1.4053405],
                   [-1.53288413, -0.88640526, -0.27630176, -1.59204406, 1.89449216],
                   [-1.5155634 , -0.88640526, 1.37433211, -1.55369772, -1.36651894],
                   [-1.49824268, -0.88640526, -1.06573534, -1.55369772, 1.04041783],
                   [-1.48092195, 1.12815215, -0.13276838, -1.55369772, -1.44416206],
[-1.46360123, 1.12815215, -1.20926872, -1.55369772, 1.11806095],
                   [-1.4462805 , -0.88640526, -0.27630176, -1.51535138, -0.59008772],
                    -1.42895978, 1.12815215, -1.3528021 , -1.51535138, 0.61338066],
                   [-1.41163905, 1.12815215, 0.94373197, -1.43865871, -0.82301709],
                   [-1.39431833, -0.88640526, -0.27630176, -1.43865871, 1.8556706],
                   [-1.3769976 , 1.12815215, -0.27630176, -1.40031237, -0.59008772],
                   [-1.35967688, 1.12815215, -0.99396865, -1.40031237, 0.88513158],
                  [-1.34235616, -0.88640526, 0.51313183, -1.36196603, -1.75473454],
[-1.32503543, 1.12815215, -0.56336851, -1.36196603, 0.88513158],
                   [-1.30771471, -0.88640526, 1.08726535, -1.24692702, -1.4053405],
                   [-1.29039398, 1.12815215, -0.70690189, -1.24692702, 1.23452563],
                    -1.27307326, -0.88640526, 0.44136514, -1.24692702, -0.7065524 ],
                   [-1.25575253, 1.12815215, -0.27630176, -1.24692702, 0.41927286],
                    -1.23843181, -0.88640526, 0.08253169, -1.20858069, -0.74537397],
                    [-1.22111108, -0.88640526, -1.13750203, -1.20858069, 1.42863343],
                   [-1.20379036, 1.12815215, 1.51786549, -1.17023435, -1.7935561],
                   [-1.18646963, -0.88640526, -1.28103541, -1.17023435, 0.88513158],
                   [-1.16914891, 1.12815215, 1.01549866, -1.05519534, -1.7935561],
                    -1.15182818, 1.12815215, -1.49633548, -1.05519534, 1.62274124],
                   [-1.13450746, -0.88640526, 0.7284319 , -1.05519534, -1.4053405 ],
                   [-1.11718674, -0.88640526, -1.28103541, -1.05519534, 1.19570407],
                   [-1.09986601, -0.88640526, 0.22606507, -1.016849 , -1.28887582],
                    -1.08254529, -0.88640526, -0.6351352 , -1.016849
                    [-1.06522456, -0.88640526, -0.20453507, -0.90180999, -0.93948177],
                   [-1.04790384, -0.88640526, -1.3528021 , -0.90180999, 0.96277471],
                    [-1.03058311, -0.88640526, 1.87669894, -0.86346365, -0.59008772],
                   [-1.01326239, 1.12815215, -1.06573534, -0.86346365, 1.62274124],
[-0.99594166, 1.12815215, 0.65666521, -0.82511731, -0.55126616],
                   [-0.97862094, -0.88640526, -0.56336851, -0.82511731, 0.41927286],
                   [-0.96130021, -0.88640526, 0.7284319 , -0.82511731, -0.86183865],
```

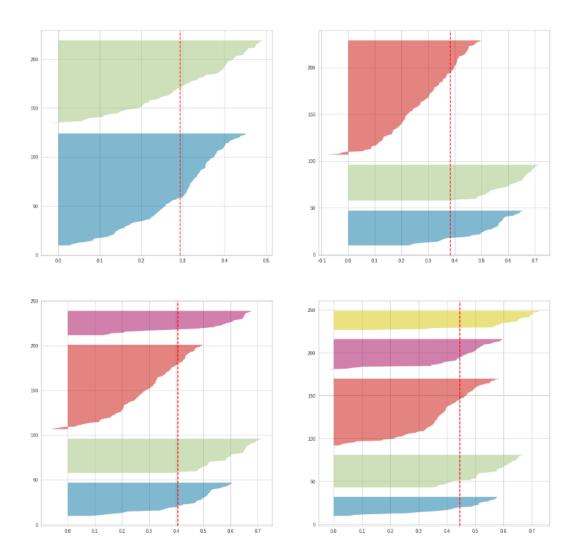
```
[ 1.5155634 , 1.12815215, -0.//866858, 1.5523556 , 0.691023/8],
[ 1.53288413, -0.88640526, 0.15429838, 1.62904827, -1.28887582],
[ 1.55020485, -0.88640526, -0.20453507, 1.62904827, 1.35099031],
[ 1.56752558, -0.88640526, -0.34806844, 1.62904827, -1.05594645],
[ 1.5848463 , -0.88640526, -0.49160182, 1.62904827, 0.72984534],
[ 1.60216702, 1.12815215, -0.41983513, 2.01251165, -1.63826986],
[ 1.61948775, -0.88640526, -0.06100169, 2.01251165, 1.58391968],
[ 1.63680847, -0.88640526, 0.58489852, 2.28093601, -1.32769738],
[ 1.6541292, -0.88640526, -0.27630176, 2.28093601, 1.11806095],
[ 1.67144992, -0.88640526, 0.44136514, 2.51101403, -0.8618365],
[ 1.68877065, 1.12815215, -0.49160182, 2.51101403, 0.92395314],
[ 1.70609137, 1.12815215, -0.49160182, 2.76985181, -1.25005425],
[ 1.7234121, 1.12815215, -0.6351352, 2.76985181, 1.27334719]])
```

9. Perform any of the clustering algorithms

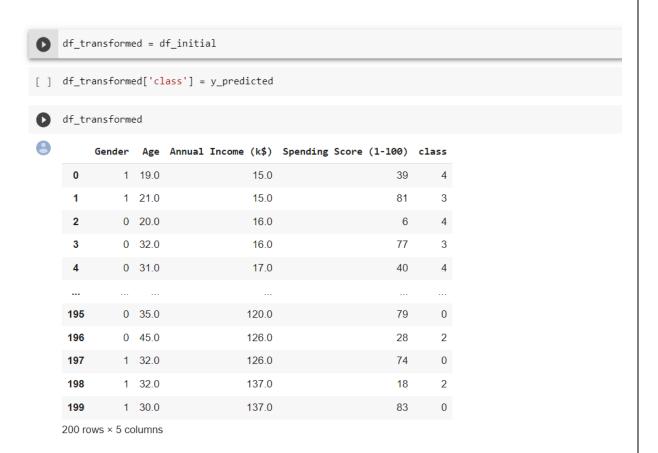
```
In [27]:
           from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
 In [28]:
          data.drop('customer_id',axis=1,inplace=True)
 In [29]:
           km = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0)
 In [30]:
          data['Group or Cluster'] = km.fit_predict(data)
 In [31]:
          data.head()
Out[31]:
            gender age annual_income spending_scores Group or Cluster
                 1 19.0
                                 15.0
              1 21.0
                                 15.0
                 0 20.0
              0 23.0
                                               77.0
In [32]: data['Group or Cluster'].value_counts()
Out[32]: 2
               39
         Name: Group or Cluster, dtype: int64
```

```
In [33]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        plt.show()
                                                                                             Group or Cluster
          80
          40
          20
                                               60
                                                                           100
                                                                                         120
                                                     annual_income
  In [34]:
            score
 Out[34]: 0.3842057644019546
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from yellowbrick.cluster import SilhouetteVisualizer
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(20,20))
for i in [2, 3, 4, 5]:
...
          Create KMeans instance for different number of clusters
          Create SilhouetteVisualizer instance with KMeans instance Fit the visualizer
```

visualizer.fit(data)



10. Add the cluster to the primary dataset



11. Split Dataset into Predictors and Target



12. Splitting into Training and Test Datasets

```
[ \ ] \ \ X\_train, \ X\_test, \ y\_train, \ y\_test = train\_test\_split(feature, \ label, \ test\_size = \ \theta.2, \ random\_state = \ \theta)
    print('X_train : ')
    print(X_train)
print(X_train.shape)
    print(X_test)
print(X_test.shape)
    print('')
print('y_train : ')
print(y_train)
print(y_train.shape)
    print('')
print('y_test : ')
print(y_test)
    print(y_test.shape)
   X_train :
                   Age Annual Income (k$) Spending Score (1-100)
         Gender
   134
             1 20.0
                                             73.0
   66
                0 43.0
                                             48.0
                                                                               50
               0 45.0
                                             28.0
                                                                              32
   113
               1 19.0
                                             64.0
                                                                              46
               0 36.0
                                            87.0
                                                                              27
   168
   67
               0 68.0
                                             48.0
                                                                              48
   192
                1 33.0
                                            113.0
                                                                               8
   117
                0 49.0
                                            65.0
                                                                              59
   47
                0 27.0
                                             40.0
                                                                              47
   172
               1 36.0
                                             87.0
                                                                              10
   [160 rows x 4 columns]
   (160, 4)
   X_test :
                    Age Annual Income (k$) Spending Score (1-100)
         Gender
                                      60.641026
   18
               1 52.0
                                                                              29
                                       87.000000
   170
               1 40.0
                                                                              13
                                       63.000000
   107
                1 54.0
                                                                              46
                                       61.000000
   98
                1 48.0
                                                                              42
   177
                1 27.0
                                       88.000000
                                                                              69
```

76

36

15

20

55

77

32

16

51

94

92

9

73

47

88

182

146

12 152

61

125

180

154

80

33

130

37

74

183

1 46.0

0 22.0

1 48.0

0 58.0

0 44.0

1 19.0

0 31.0

0 37.0

0 47.0

1 57.0

0 23.0

1 18.0

0 30.0

1 59.0

0 29.0

47.0

98.000000

17.000000

77.000000

20.000000

78.000000

46.000000

70.000000

97.000000

78.000000

54.000000

18.000000

33.000000

71.000000

34.000000

54.000000

98.000000

```
y_train :
   class
134
66
26
113
168
..
67
     1 2
192
117
47
172
[160 rows x 1 columns]
(160, 1)
y_test :
   class
18
170
107
98
177
182
146
12
152
61
       1
125
180
       2
154
80
33
130
```

13. Build the Model

14. Train the Model

```
[ ] model = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=12, max_features=1).fit(X_train,y_train)
```

15. Test the Model

16. Evaluation Metrics

