```
In [26]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

# # importing the dataset into workspace

```
In [27]: data=pd.read_csv("ibm1.csv")
```

In [28]: data

Out[28]:

Date	Closing Value
02-01-1986	25.56
03-01-1986	26.00
06-01-1986	26.53
07-01-1986	25.85
08-01-1986	25.87
03-07-2018	74.19
04-07-2018	NaN
05-07-2018	73.05
06-07-2018	73.78
09-07-2018	73.93
	03-01-1986 06-01-1986 07-01-1986 08-01-1986  03-07-2018 04-07-2018 05-07-2018

8223 rows × 2 columns

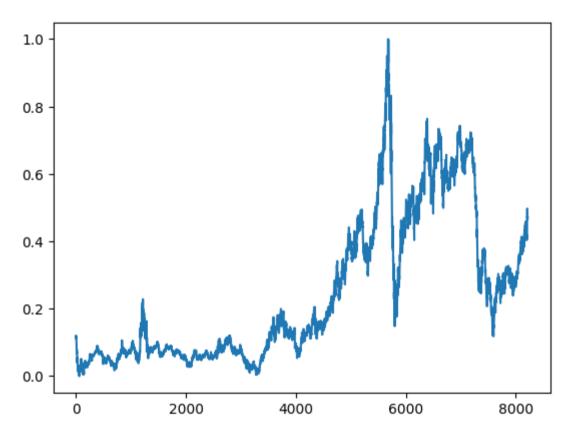
## # handling missing data

```
In [29]: data.isnull().any()
Out[29]: Date
                          False
         Closing Value
                           True
         dtype: bool
In [30]: data.isnull().sum()
Out[30]: Date
                          0
         Closing Value
                          7
         dtype: int64
In [31]: data.dropna(axis=0,inplace=True)
In [32]: data.isnull().sum()
Out[32]: Date
                          0
         Closing Value
                          0
         dtype: int64
         # Feature scaling
In [33]: data_oil=data.reset_index()['Closing Value']
         data_oil
Out[33]: 0
                 25.56
                 26.00
                 26.53
         3
                 25.85
                 25.87
                 . . .
                 73.89
         8211
         8212
                 74.19
         8213
                 73.05
                 73.78
         8214
         8215
                 73.93
         Name: Closing Value, Length: 8216, dtype: float64
```

#### # Data visualization

In [36]: plt.plot(data\_oil)

Out[36]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1f9741ee290>]



### # spliting the data into train and test

```
In [37]: training_size=int(len(data_oil)*0.65)
    test_size=len(data_oil)-training_size
    train_data,test_data=data_oil[0:training_size,:],data_oil[training_size:len(data_oil),:1]

In [38]: training_size,test_size

Out[38]: (5340, 2876)

In [39]: train_data.shape

Out[39]: (5340, 1)
```

### # creating a dataset with sliding windows

```
def create_dataset(dataset,time_step=1):
    dataX,dataY=[],[]
    for i in range(len(dataset)-time_step-1):
        a=dataset[i:(i+time_step),0]
        dataX.append(a)
        dataY.append(dataset[i+time_step,0])
    return np.array(dataX),np.array(dataY)
```

```
In [40]: time step=10
         x_train,y_train=create_dataset(train_data,time_step)
         x test,y test=create dataset(test data,time step)
In [41]: print(x train.shape),print(y train.shape)
         (5329, 10)
         (5329,)
Out[41]: (None, None)
In [42]: print(x test.shape),print(y test.shape)
         (2865, 10)
         (2865,)
Out[42]: (None, None)
In [43]: x train
Out[43]: array([[0.11335703, 0.11661484, 0.12053902, ..., 0.10980305, 0.1089886,
                 0.11054346],
                [0.11661484, 0.12053902, 0.11550422, ..., 0.1089886, 0.11054346,
                 0.10165852],
                [0.12053902, 0.11550422, 0.1156523, ..., 0.11054346, 0.10165852,
                 0.09906708],
                 . . . ,
                [0.36731823, 0.35176958, 0.36080261, ..., 0.36391234, 0.37042796,
                 0.37042796],
                [0.35176958, 0.36080261, 0.35354657, ..., 0.37042796, 0.37042796,
                 0.37879461],
                [0.36080261, 0.35354657, 0.35295424, ..., 0.37042796, 0.37879461,
                 0.37916482]])
In [45]: | x_train=x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0],x_train.shape[1],1)
         x test=x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0],x_test.shape[1],1)
```

In [ ]:	:	