# Assignment -2

# Data Visualization and Preprocessing

Assignment Date	19 September 2022
Student Name	Charala Hemanth
Student Roll Number	211419104045
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

# Question-1:

Download the dataset:

# Question-2:

Load the dataset.

### **Solution:**

import pandas as pd
df=pd.read\_csv('/content/Churn\_Modelling.csv')

In [1]:	<pre>import pandas as pd  df=pd.read_csv('/content/Churn_Modelling.csv')  df</pre>														
In [3]:															
In [4]:															
Out[4]:	Ro	wNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
	0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
	1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
	2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
	3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	C
	4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	C
				***						***	744				
	9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64	C
	9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77	0
	9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58	1
	9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52	1
	9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78	C

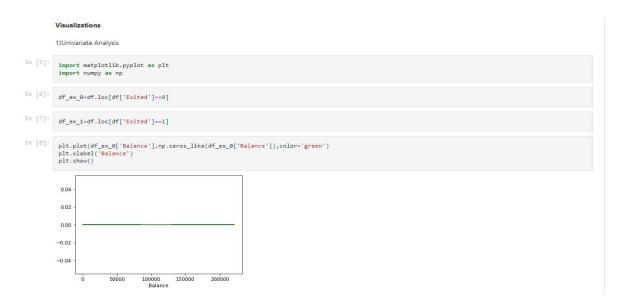
# Question-3:

Perform Below Visualizations.

1)Univariate Analysis

### **Solution:**

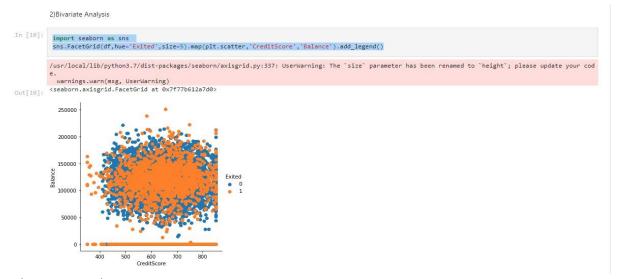
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import
numpy as np
df_ex_0=df.loc[df['Exited']==0]
df_ex_1=df.loc[df['Exited']==1]
plt.plot(df_ex_0['Balance'],np.zeros_like(df_ex_0['Balance']),color='green')
plt.xlabel('Balance') plt.show()
```



# 2)Bi - Variate Analysis

### **Solution:**

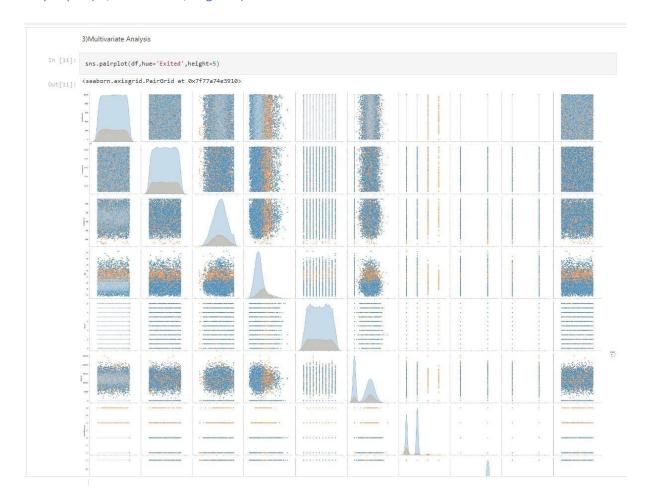
import seaborn as sns
sns.FacetGrid(df,hue='Exited',size=5).map(plt.scatter,'CreditScore','Balance').add\_legend()



# 1) Multivariate Analysis

### **Solution:**

sns.pairplot(df,hue='Exited',height=5)

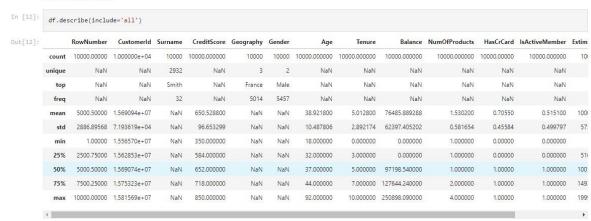


### Question-4:

Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

**Solution:** df.describe(include='all')

#### **Descriptive Statistics**

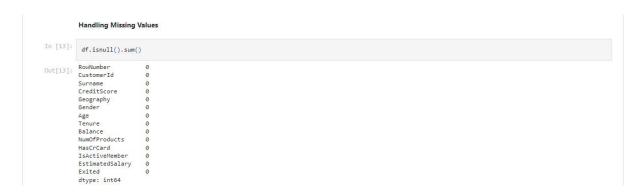


#### Question-5:

Handle the Missing values.

#### **Solution:**

### df.isnull().sum()



### Question-6:

Find the outliers and replace the outliers

### **Solution:**

import seaborn as sns
sns.boxplot(df['Balance'])

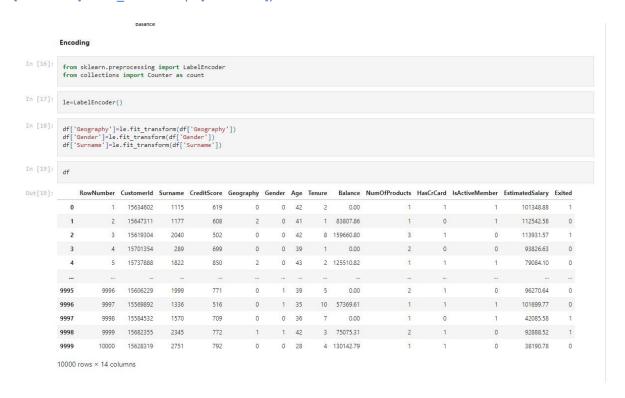


### Question-7:

Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

#### **Solution:**

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder from
collections import Counter as count le=LabelEncoder()
df['Geography']=le.fit\_transform(df['Geography'])
df['Gender']=le.fit\_transform(df['Gender'])
df['Surname']=le.fit\_transform(df['Surname'])



# Question-8:

Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

#### **Solution:**

x=df.iloc[:,0:13]
y=df['Exited']

```
Dependent and Independent variables

In [20]: x=df.iloc[:,0:13]

In [21]: y=df['Exited']
```

#### Question-9:

Scale the independent variables

**Solution:** from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler sc=StandardScaler() sc\_xtrain=sc.fit\_transform(xtrain) sc\_xtest=sc.transform(xtest)

### Question-10:

Testing and training data

**Solution:** from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

# xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest=train\_test\_split(x,y,test\_size=0.3,random\_state=10)