Title	Project Report
Team ID	PNT2022TMID19500
Project Name	Nutrition Assistant Application
Date	16/11/2022

## **Project Report**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Project Overview
- 1.2 Purpose

#### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

- 2.1 Existing problem
- 2.2 References
- 2.3 Problem Statement Definition

#### 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

- 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas
- 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming
- 3.3 Proposed Solution
- 3.4 Problem Solution fit

#### 4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

- 4.1 Functional requirement
- 4.2 Non-Functional requirements

#### 5. PROJECT DESIGN

- 5.1 Data Flow Diagrams
- 5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture
- 5.3 User Stories

#### 6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

- 6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation
- 6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule
- 6.3 Reports from JIRA

### 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING (Explain the features added in the project along with code)

- 7.1 Feature 1
- 7.2 Feature 2
- 7.3 Database Schema (if Applicable)

#### 8. TESTING

- 8.1 Test Cases
- 8.2 User Acceptance Testing

#### 9. RESULTS

9.1 Performance Metrics

#### 10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

- 11. CONCLUSION
- 12. FUTURE SCOPE

#### 13. APPENDIX

Source Code

GitHub & Project Demo Link

## NUTRITION ASSISTANT APPLICATION

## **1.INTRODUCTION:**

A primary goal of the project is to provide you with information backed by nutritional science, and a variety of resources that use scientific evidence to optimize health and prevent disease. This text was designed to support, enrich and expand the materials provided. The objective of this study is to identify dietry self-monitoring implementation strategies on a mobile application. Nutritional knowledge is essential for promoting good eating habits since it ensures that necessary nutrient requirements are metto avoid malnutrition.

#### 1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW:

This project aims at building a web App that automatically estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input image of food. Our method employs Clarifai's AI- Driven Food Detection Model for accurate food identification and Food API's to give the nutritional value of the identified food.

### 1.2 PURPOSE:

One of the most basic functions is to guide its users towards a healthy diet and assist them to achieve their health goals. So, once your user specifies the goal like desired weight goal, body type, food habits, and preferred food items, your app must suggest them with a proper diet accordingly. You can automatically calculate the nutritional information for any recipe, analyse recipe costs, visualize ingredient lists, find recipes for what's in your fridge, find recipes based on special diets, nutritional requirements, or favourite ingredients, classify recipes into types and cuisines, convert ingredient amounts, or even compute an entire meal plan.

# **2.LITERATURE SURVEY:**

## LITERATURE SURVEY

TITLE AND AUTHOR(S)	YEAR	TECHNIQUE (S)	FINDINGS	PROS AND CONS
Enhancing Cloud and healthy Food Nutrition Information Systems Practice- Paul, PK and Aithal, PS and Bhuimali, A	2017	Cloud Computing, Mobile Computing	Among the common mass food information systems are not yet popularized as a domain and thus there are huge potentialities to work on this.	P: Regarding manpower development there are a lot of things are pending and possible to work with. Hence cloud will do an attention on skill and manpower development for sophisticated development of food information systems.
Mobile cloud based system recognizing nutrition and freshness of food image- Kumbhar, Diptee and Patil, Sarita	2017	Cloud Computing, Image Segmentation	Mobile cloud computing (MCC) has been introduced to be a potential paradigm for mobile health services to overcome the interoperability issues over distinctive information formats. In this, we propose a mobile cloud-based food calorie measurement framework.	P: Multiple Platform Support Cost-Efficient  C: Connectivity and Performance Issues

Predicting calorific value for mixed food using image processing- Kohila, R and Meenakumari, R	2017	Cloud Computing, Image Segmentation	The objective of this paper is to predict and to fix diet control for various diseases by measuring the calorific value to help the patients and nutritionists. The image captured through a mobile phone/tablet camera will provide information concerning the calorie rate of the food.	P: Increased security Reduced cost C: Limited control Lacks Support
Use of artificial intelligence in precision nutrition and fitness- de Moraes Lopes, Maria Helena Baena and Ferreira, Danton Diego and Ferreira, Ana Claudia Barbosa Honorio and da Silva, Giuliano Roberto and Caetano, Aletha Silva and Braz	2020	Artificial Intelligence, Nutritional surveillance	Among the available computational tools, artificial intelligence (AI) has gained more and more attention recently, since it is able to learn and model linear and nonlinear relationships between variables by constructing an input-output mapping such that hidden and extremely useful information for decision-making is revealed and interprete.	P: A large amount of data is collected by these technologies C:AI is not yet widely used in the areas of nutrition and fitness

### 2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM:

#### 2.2 REFERENCE:

#### 2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION:

Software Required: Python, Flask, Docker System Required: 8GB RAM, Intel Core i3,OS-Windows/Linux/MAC, Laptop or Desktop

Due to the ignorance of healthy food habits, obesity rates are increasing at an alarming speed, and this is reflective of the risks to

people's health. People need to control their daily calorie intake by eating healthier foods, which is the most basic method to avoid

obesity. However, although food packaging comes with nutrition (and calorie) labels, it's still not very convenient for people to refer

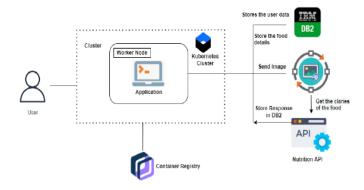
to App-based nutrient dashboard systems which can analyze real-time images of a meal and analyze it for nutritional content which

can be very handy and improves the dietary habits, and therefore, helps in maintaining a healthy lifestyle. This project aims at building

a web App that automatically estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input image of food.

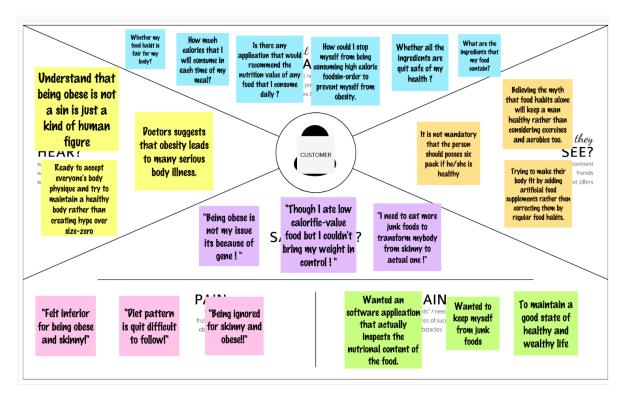
Our method employs Clarifai's AI-Driven Food Detection Model for accurate food identification and Food API's to give the nutritional value of the identified food. Work Flow of the Project:

- User interacts with the Web App to Load an image.
- The image is passed to the server application, which uses Clarifai's AI-Driven Food Detection Model Service to analyze the images and Nutrition API to provide nutritional information about the analyzed Image.
- Nutritional information of the analysed image is returned to the app for display.

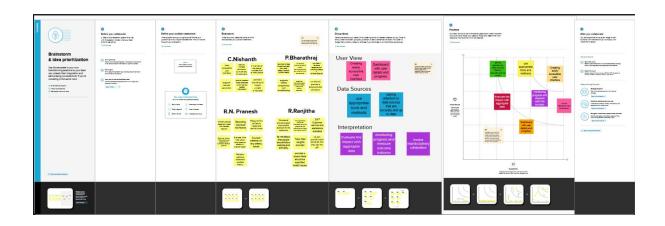


## **3.IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION:**

## 3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS:



## 3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTROMING:



# **3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION:**

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Due to the ignorance of healthy food habits, obesity rates are increasing at an alarming speed, and this is reflective of the risks to people's health. People need to control their daily calorie intake by eating healthier foods, which is the most basic method to avoid obesity. However, although food packaging comes with nutrition (and calorie) labels, it's still not very convenient for people to refer to Appbased nutrient dashboard systems which can analyze real-time images of a meal and analyze it for nutritional content which can be very handy and improves the dietary habits, and therefore, helps in maintaining a healthy lifestyle.
2.	Idea / Solution description	This project aims at building a web App that automatically estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input image of food. Our method employs Clarifai's Al-Driven Food Detection Model for accurate food identification and Food API's to give the nutritional value of the identified food.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	<ul> <li>High accuracy in collecting the nutrition of each ingredient of the food.</li> <li>Clear cut view of food's nutritional view.</li> <li>Complex food can also be analysed.</li> </ul>
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	<ul> <li>Will get an idea whether his/her food is right choice for them.</li> <li>Avoid conditions like Obese and Skinny body.</li> <li>Helps to maintain healthy body.</li> </ul>
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Displays the natritive value of lingredients present in the facet.  Prevents the user from becoming obses and skinny.  Displays the natritive valued food.  Prevents the user from becoming obses and skinny.  Gives the details inspection of each ingredients of the food so that the user can analyse whether it is suited to him or not.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Ability to know the nutritional value of each food we eat, Since it will be used by everyone who keep on considering their health in mind.

### 3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT:

efine CS, fit int

#### 1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS

This Application is suitable for all age groups, who are not much aware about their health conditions due to intake of junk foods, high calorie food and busy schedule of their own work.

## 6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS:

The user should provide a clear image for knowing the nutrition content about the food. The app can't provide accurate result if the image is not clear. In some cases, the recipes may be allergic to their health.

#### 5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

Although the food packaging comes with nutrition and calorie labels, it's still not convenient for people to analyse themselves what

AS

plore AS, differentiate

#### 2.JOBS-TO-BE-DONE PROBLEMS

The main problem of user is obesity, fear of getting health related issues. The people got frustrated of not getting immediate results. They find difficult to find the nutritional value of the food.

#### 9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

It is easy to fall into a trap of eating unhealthy foods which is heavy in calories. Once the nutritional value is replaced by foods high in sugar, bad fats and salt it leads to various health issues so users need to control their daily calorie intake to lead a healthy lifestyle.

#### 7. BEHAVIOUR

The behavioral changes in users reflect in their day-to-day life such as they will maintain a proper diet and follow the daily routine in eating and intake of healthy food. So, that it helps them to improve their health.

4

## **REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS:**

## **4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT:**

## **Functional Requirements:**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form
		Registration through Gmail
		Registration through Facebook
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email
		Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	User Login	Login with Username
		Login with Password
FR-4	User Profile Update	Update User's Name
		Update Portrait Photograph
		Update Date of Birth
FR-5	Uploading Food image	Upload from Gallery
		Capture using Camera
FR-6	Enter Food name	> Type the name of the food
FR-7	Result	Download Result
		Share Result through Social media
FR-8	Ratings and Reviews	Share the experiences
		Provide Feedback

## **4.2 NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT:**

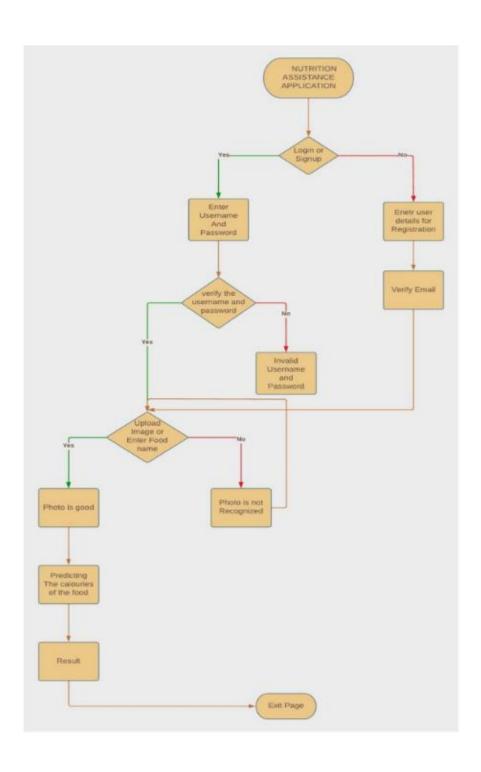
## **Non-functional Requirements:**

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	> Accessible through INTERNET
NFR-2	Security	Secure through unique Username and Password
NFR-3	Reliability	<ul><li>Accurate result</li><li>User friendly</li></ul>
NFR-4	Performance	<ul> <li>Using Standard algorithm to get faster and accurate results</li> <li>Clarifai's Al-Driven Food Detection Model is used.</li> </ul>
NFR-5	Availability	<ul> <li>Available for 24/7</li> <li>Deep Learning of the food image and predict the results with using the given dataset.</li> </ul>
NFR-6	Scalability	It can be accessed by a greater number of users at the same time without any compromise in the performance.

## **5. PROJECT DESIGN:**

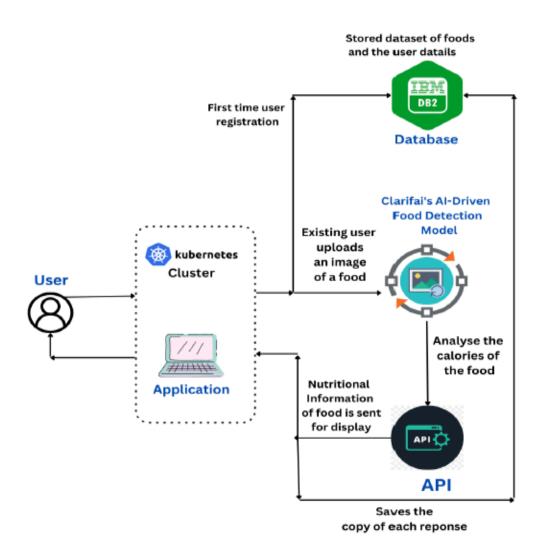
## **5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM:**



## 5.2 SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE:

Due to the ignorance of healthy food habits, obesity rates are increasing at an alarming speed, and this is reflective of the risks to people's health. People need to control their daily calorie intake by eating healthier foods, which is the most basic method to avoid obesity. However, although food packaging comes with nutrition (and calorie) labels, it's still not very convenient for people to refer to App-based nutrient dashboard systems which can analyse real-time images of a meal and analyse it for nutritional content which can be very handy and improves the dietary habits, and therefore, helps in maintaining a healthy lifestyle.

#### **SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM**



## **TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE:**

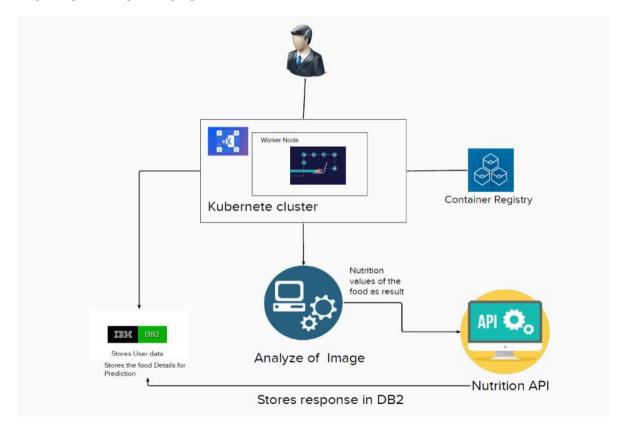


Table-1 : Components & Technologies:

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	The user can able to see the UI via mobile application.	HTML, CSS, JavaScript / Angular Js / React Js etc.
2.	Application Logic-1	The application will have the login/sign up page where the user can login into the home page of the application.	Python
3.	Application Logic-2	The user uploads an image from the gallery or takes a picture by using camera. It will be scanned by the model.	Clarifies Al-Driven Food Detection Model
4.	Application Logic-3	The output will be a list contains the nutritional value of the food.	API
5.	Database	Relational database containing the collection of nutrition of many foods.	MySQL.
6.	Cloud Database	Data about the users (Login credentials) are stored.	IBM DB2
7.	File Storage	File storage requirements	IBM Block Storage / Local Filesystem
8.	Artificial Intelligence Model	To analyse/examine the nutrients of the food.	Clarifies Al-Driven Food Detection Model
9.	Infrastructure (Server / Cloud)	Application Deployment on Local System / Cloud Local Server Configuration: Cloud Server Configuration.	Local, Cloud Foundry, Kubernetes, etc.

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	Flask ,a web framework in Python is used in the implementation of Nutrition Application System.	Python-Flask
2.	Security Implementations	This application uses Container Registry in IBM cloud so that the user details are kept as more secure and confidential. User have to confirm the login while logging in to avoid any misuse of the credentials	Container Registry, Kubernetes Cluster
3.	Scalable Architecture	The Nutrition Assistant Application is more useful for the people who wanted to maintain a good healthy diet pattern. Such that our application will examine the nutritional value of the food and exposes it.	Container Registry, Kubernetes Cluster
4.	Availability	Docker helps to improve the network management so that the application can be accessed at anytime	Docker , Kubernetes Cluster
5.	Performance	The performance of this application is high and efficient as the network traffic can be easily managed.	Docker , Kubernetes Cluster

## **5.3 USER STORIES:**

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook	I can register & access the dashboard with Facebook Login	Low	Sprint-2
		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	I can register & access the dashboard with Gmail Login	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can register & access the dashboard with entering email & password	High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard	USN-6	As a user, I can find the Nutritional value of the food	I can view the nutritional value of the food	High	Sprint-1
Customer Care Executive	Alerts and notifications	USN-7	At first the customer can ask their small queries in chatbot. If the customer is not satisfied with chatbot, customer can contact the Customer care Executive	To solve the queries and problems of the users	High	Sprint-1
Administrator	Manage the hardware and software requirements	USN-8	As a Administrator, I can change or update the application	I will analyse the progress of the application and do necessary update as per the customer reviews	High	Sprint-1

# **6. PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING:**

## **6.1 SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION:**

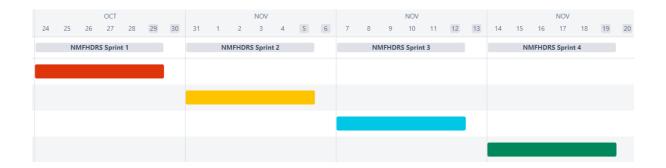
Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration (Mobile User)	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	Nishanth.C
Sprint-1		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	1	High	Bharathraj.P
Sprint-1		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Facebook	2	Medium	Pranesh RN
Sprint-1		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	2	Medium	Ranjitha R
Sprint-1	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	2	High	Nishanth C
Sprint-2	Registration (Web User)	USN-6	As a user, I can register for the web page by entering my email, password, and confirming my password	1	High	Pranesh RN
Sprint-2		USN-7	As a user, Once I have registered I will receive Confirmation in email.	3	High	Ranjitha R
Sprint-2		USN-8	As a user I can register for the Web page Through mail.	2	Medium	Nishanth C
Sprint-2	Login (Mobile User)	USN-9	As a user , I can log into the web page by Entering email/username & password.	1	High	Bharathraj.P
Sprint-2	Login (Web User)	USN-10	As a user , I can log into the web page by Entering email/username & password.	1	High	Pranesh RN

Sprint	Functional	User Story	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team
	Requirement (Epic)	Number				Members
Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-11	As a user, I can find the Nutritional value of the	2	High	Pranesh RN
	(Mobile User)		food by logging into the application.			
Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-12	As a user, I can find the Nutritional value of the	1		Ranjitha R
	(Web User)		food by logging into the Web Page.			
Sprint-3	Customer Care	USN-13	At first the customer can ask their small queries	2	High	Nishanth C
	Executive		in chatbot. If the customer is not satisfied with			
			chatbot, customer can contact the Customer			
			care Executive			
Sprint-4	Manage the hardware	USN-14	As a Administrator, I can change or update the	2	High	Bharathraj.P
•	and software		application			
	requirements					

## **6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE:**

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	9	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	9	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	8	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	8	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	5	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	5	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	2	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	2	19 Nov 2022

### **6.2 REPORTS FROM JIRA:**



## 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING:

### **CODING:**

import os, re, string, random, time, datetime, requests, sendgrid, random, flask

import ibm\_db

from sendgrid.helpers.mail import \*

from flask import Flask, request, render\_template, flash, redirect, url\_for, session

from werkzeug.utils import secure\_filename

from clarifai\_grpc.channel.clarifai\_channel import ClarifaiChannel

from clarifai\_grpc.grpc.api import service\_pb2, resources\_pb2, service\_pb2\_grpc

from clarifai\_grpc.grpc.api.status import status\_code\_pb2

UPLOAD\_FOLDER = 'static/uploads'

ALLOWED\_EXTENSIONS = set(['png', 'jpg', 'jpeg'])

 $SENDGRID\_API\_KEY = "SG.HwfSJ6D4Tba6O-h7fL1JlA.z2\_qdNI-iXOhrhdzsx05PiEPj3bbNKXF$ 

Rms0eRis4c"

```
app = Flask(__name__)
app.secret_key = "bimbilikibilapi"
app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'] = UPLOAD_FOLDER
app.config['MAX_CONTENT_LENGTH'] = 16 * 1024 * 1024
conn = ibm db.connect("DATABASE=bludb;HOSTNAME=b1bc1829-6f45-4cd4-bef4-
10cf081900bf.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud;PORT=32304;Security=SS
PROTOCOL=TCPIP;UID=pzt20234;PWD=r7CB0AmR1QtOHfR4;","","")
#;SSLServerCertificate=DigiCertGlobalRootCA.crt
YOUR_CLARIFAI_API_KEY = "af4bc9886c744e998ee0e20f104b1518"
YOUR_APPLICATION_ID = "test"
SAMPLE_URL = "https://res.cloudinary.com/swiggy/image/upload/f_auto,q_auto,fl_lossy/
nxmlubuz0b1qixa29gov"
metadata = (("authorization", f"Key {YOUR_CLARIFAI_API_KEY}"),)
channel = ClarifaiChannel.get_grpc_channel()
stub = service_pb2_grpc.V2Stub(channel)
RAPIDAPI_KEY = "74e62205b6msha6b4e69e0088de5p12c619jsn1ed9cc5e0727"
def allowed_file(filename):
return '.' in filename and \
filename.rsplit('.', 1)[1].lower() in ALLOWED_EXTENSIONS
def sendMail(to, title, text):
sg = sendgrid.SendGridAPIClient(api_key=SENDGRID_API_KEY)
from_email = Email("nsnandhaa1@gmail.com")
```

```
to_email = To(to)
subject = title
content = Content("text/plain", text)
mail = Mail(from_email, to_email, subject, content)
response = sg.client.mail.send.post(request_body=mail.get())
print(response.status_code)
print(response.body)
print(response.headers)
@app.route("/forgot-pw", methods=["GET", "POST"])
def forgotpw():
if flask.request.method == "POST":
data = flask.request.form
username=data['username']
code = ".join(random.choices(string.ascii_letters, k=6))
sql= "SELECT * FROM users WHERE username=?"
stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn,sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
account=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
print(account)
session['userid'] = account['USERID']
insert_sql = "INSERT INTO VERIFY VALUES(?,?)"
```

```
prep_stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn, insert_sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, account['USERID'])
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 2, code)
ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
sendMail(account['EMAIL'], "Verification Code", code)
flash("We have sent a code to your registered email. please check spam folder also.")
return redirect(url_for("confirmMail"))
flash("We will send you a confirmation code to your registered email")
return render_template("forgot-pw.html")
@app.route("/confirm-mail", methods=["GET", "POST"])
def confirmMail():
session['LoggedIn'] = False
if flask.request.method == "POST":
data = flask.request.form
usercode=data['code']
sql= "SELECT * FROM verify WHERE userid=?"
stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn,sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,session['userid'])
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
verify=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
print(verify)
```

```
dbcode = verify['CODE']
if usercode == dbcode:
session['LoggedIn'] = True
delete_sql = "DELETE FROM verify WHERE CODE=?"
prep_stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn, delete_sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, dbcode)
ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
flash("Email verified. Enter new password")
return redirect(url_for("changepw"))
else:
flash("Error")
return render_template("confirm-mail")
return render_template("confirm-mail.html")
@app.route("/change-pw", methods=["GET", "POST"])
def changepw():
if flask.request.method == "POST" and session['LoggedIn']:
data = flask.request.form
password=data['pw']
sql = "UPDATE users SET PASSWORD=? WHERE USERID=?"
prep_stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
print(password, session['userid'])
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, password)
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 2, session['userid'])
```

```
ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
flash("Password changed.")
return redirect(url_for("login"))
else:
flash("verification error")
redirect(url_for("confirmMail"))
return render_template("change-pw.html")
@app.route("/register", methods=["GET", "POST"])
def reg():
if flask.request.method == "POST":
data = flask.request.form
email=data['email']
username=data['username']
password=data['pw']
sql= "SELECT * FROM users WHERE username=?"
stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn,sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,username)
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
account=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
print(account)
if account:
flash("Account already exists!")
```

```
elif not re.match(r'[^@]+@[^@]+\.[^@]+', email):
flash("invalid email address")
elif not re.match(r'[A-Za-z0-9]+', username):
flash("name must contain only characters and numbers")
else:
insert_sql = "INSERT INTO users VALUES(?,?,?,?)"
prep_stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn, insert_sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, username)
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 2, email)
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 3, password)
ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 4, ".join(random.choices(string.ascii_letters, k=16)))
ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
flash("logged in")
return redirect(url_for("dashboard"))
return render_template("reg.html")
@app.route("/login", methods=["GET", "POST"])
def login():
if flask.request.method == "POST":
data = flask.request.form
username=data['username']
password=data['pw']
```

```
sql = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE username=? AND password=?"
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn,sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
print(account)
if account:
session['LoggedIn'] = True
session['userid'] = account['USERID']
session['username'] = account['USERNAME']
userid = account['USERID']
flash("logged in")
return redirect(url_for("dashboard"))
else:
flash("error")
return render_template("login.html")
@app.route("/dashboard", methods=["GET", "POST"])
def dashboard():
global request
if flask.request.method == "POST" and session['LoggedIn']:
if 'file' not in flask.request.files:
flash('No file part')
```

```
return redirect(flask.request.url)
file = flask.request.files['file']
if file.filename == ":
flash('No image selected')
return redirect(flask.request.url)
if file and allowed_file(file.filename):
filename = secure\_filename(file.filename)
file.save(os.path.join(app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'], filename))
flash('Image successfully uploaded')
with open(os.path.join(app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'], filename), "rb") as f:
file_bytes = f.read()
request = service_pb2.PostModelOutputsRequest(
model_id="food-item-v1-recognition",
user_app_id=resources_pb2.UserAppIDSet(app_id=YOUR_APPLICATION_ID),
inputs=[
resources_pb2.Input(
data=resources_pb2.Data(image=resources_pb2.Image(
base64=file_bytes
)
],
```

```
response = stub.PostModelOutputs(request, metadata=metadata)
if response.status.code != status_code_pb2.SUCCESS:
print(response)
raise Exception(f"Request failed, status code: {response.status}")
foodname = response.outputs[0].data.concepts[0].name
ingredients = "
for concept in response.outputs[0].data.concepts:
ingredients += f"{concept.name}: {round(concept.value, 2)}, "
nutritionValues = "
# nutritionApiUrl = "https://spoonacular-recipe-food-nutrition-
v1.p.rapidapi.com/recipes/guessNutrition"
# querystring = {"title":foodname}
# headers = {
# "X-RapidAPI-Key": RAPIDAPI_KEY,
# "X-RapidAPI-Host": "spoonacular-recipe-food-nutrition-v1.p.rapidapi.com"
# }
# response = requests.request("GET", nutritionApiUrl, headers=headers,
params=querystring)
# nutritions = response.text
nutritions = {
"recipesUsed": 10,
"calories": {
"value": 470,
```

```
"unit": "calories",
"confidenceRange95Percent": {
"min": 408.93,
"max": 582.22
},
"standardDeviation": 139.8
},
"fat": {
"value": 17,
"unit": "g",
"confidence Range 95 Percent" \colon \{
"min": 12.81,
"max": 21.36
},
"standardDeviation": 6.9
},
"protein": {
"value": 15,
"unit": "g",
"confidenceRange95Percent": {
"min": 9.06,
"max": 29.78
},
```

```
"standardDeviation": 16.71
},
"carbs": {
"value": 65,
"unit": "g",
"confidenceRange95Percent": {
"min": 57.05,
"max": 77.9
},
"standardDeviation": 16.81
}
nutritions.pop('recipesUsed')
for i in nutritions:
nutritionValues += f"{i}: {nutritions[i]['value']} {nutritions[i]['unit']}, "
sql = "INSERT INTO foods VALUES(?,?,?,?,?)"
stmt=ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, session['userid'])
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'))
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, foodname)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 4, ingredients)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 5, nutritionValues)
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
```

```
# os.remove(os.path.join(app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'], filename))
return render_template("dashboard.html",
filename = filename,
username = session['username'],
foodname = foodname,
ingredients = ingredients,
nutritionValues = nutritionValues,
)
else:
flash('Allowed image formats - png, jpg, jpeg')
return redirect(flask.request.url)
elif session['LoggedIn']:
return render_template("dashboard.html", username=session['username'])
else:
return redirect(url_for("login"))
@app.route('/logout', methods=["GET", "POST"])
def logout():
session.pop('LoggenIn', None)
session.pop('userid', None)
session.pop('username', None)
return render_template("index.html")
@app.route('/display/<filename>', methods=["GET", "POST"])
```

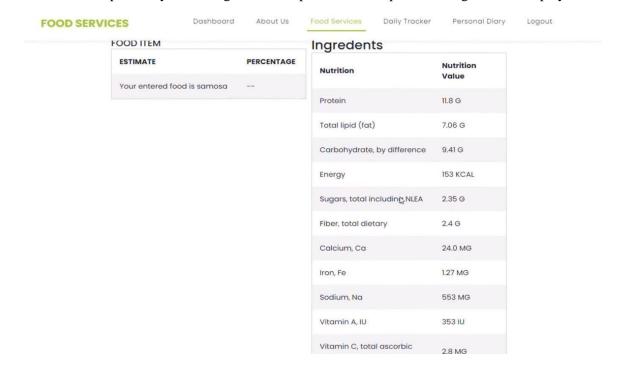
```
def display(filename):
    print(filename)
return redirect(url_for('static', filename='uploads/' + filename), code=301)
@app.route('/app', methods=["GET", "POST"])
def other():
return render_template("index.html")

@app.route('/', methods=["GET", "POST"])
def index():
return render_template("index.html")

if __name__ == "__main__":
app.run(host ='0.0.0.0', port = 5000)
```

## **7.1 FEATURE 1:**

The user can upload any food image Nutrients present in the uploaded image will be displayed



## **7.2 FEATURE 2:**

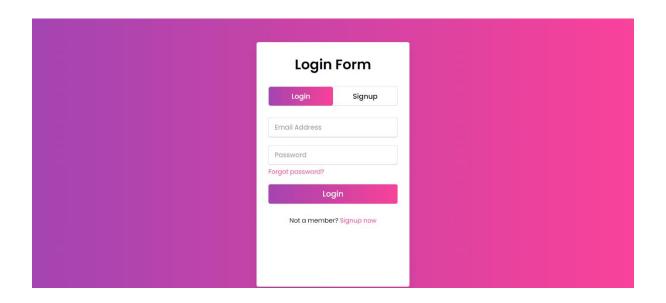
This Application will shows the history for users, that the users can see the history of the uploaded images.

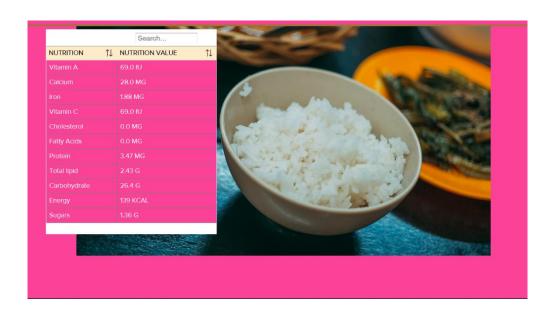
## **8.TESTING:**

## **8.1 TEST CASES:**

- 1. Our code was tested on various food to check whether it gives the correct output
- **2.** To satisfy the customer's expectations we tested it fully.

## **8.2 USER ACCEPTANCE TESTING:**





## 9. RESULTS:

## **9.1 PERFORMANCE METRICS:**

The proposed procedure was implemented and tested set of images. The training database consists of various images of food items. Once a food is recognized the equivalent Nutrition in shown on the screen.

## **10. ADVANTAGES:**

- It provides a maintained strategy of healthy eating habits.
- It delivers information on the nutritional value of foods and how balanced and healthy eating habits are important for us.
- It limits the amount of unnecessary food such as fat that people consume a lot.

## 11. CONCLUSION:

In conclusion, many people have become aware of their health. Moreover, they are also informed how to live a healthy lifestyle. Most of the research related to these themes aims to identify changes in healthy lifestyle behaviour with web applications that are considered effective in dietary selfmonitoring.

## 12. FUTURE SCOPE:

- We are planned to give Nutritional Content of complex food too.
- Specific Nutritional value of each ingredients will also be founded in advanced versions

## 14. APPENDIX:

Source code:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-31673-1660204021

GitHub & project Demo Link:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1PV6eGKAPdFSGv4wcanPVSYV6uvZ6CD-I/view?usp=drivesdk