## Python code for Blinking Led using Raspberry pi

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import RPi.GPIO
import time
class Led(object):
   Represents a physical LED. It uses the RPi GPIO naming scheme and NOT
Broadcomm's
   def __init__(self, pin_number):
        Set up the hardware connection
        Params: pin number of type int - Follow RPi GPIO naming scheme
        self.pin number = pin number
        self.__setup_gpio__()
    def setup gpio (self):
        RPi.GPIO.setmode(RPi.GPIO.BOARD)
        RPi.GPIO.setup(self.pin number, RPi.GPIO.OUT)
    def clean up(self):
        Reset the GPIO header to its initial state.
        RPi.GPIO.cleanup(self.pin number)
    def on_light(self):
        1 1 1
        Switch on the LED
        RPi.GPIO.output(self.pin number, True)
    def off light(self):
        Switch off the LED
        RPi.GPIO.output(self.pin number, False)
    def blink(self, drift time=0.2):
        self.on light()
        time.sleep(float(drift time))
        self.off_light()
        time.sleep(float(drift time))
    def blinkn(self, number_times):
        Blink for any number of times
        Param: number_times of type int
        for i in range(0, int(number times)):
            self.blink()
```

```
def blink_non_stop(self):
    while True:
        self.blink()
```

## Python Code For Traffic LED using Raspberry pi

```
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
import signal
import sys
# Setup
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(9, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(10, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(11, GPIO.OUT)
# Turn off all lights when user ends demo
def allLightsOff(signal, frame):
  GPIO.output(9, False)
  GPIO.output(10, False)
  GPIO.output(11, False)
  GPIO.cleanup()
  sys.exit(0)
signal.signal(signal.SIGINT, allLightsOff)
while True:
  # Red
  GPIO.output(9, True)
  time.sleep(3)
  # Red and amber
  GPIO.output(10, True)
  time.sleep(1)
  # Green
  GPIO.output(9, False)
```

GPIO.output(10, False)

GPIO.output(11, True)

time.sleep(5)

# Amber

GPIO.output(11, False)

GPIO.output(10, True)

time.sleep(2)

# Amber off (red comes on at top of loop)

GPIO.output(10, False)